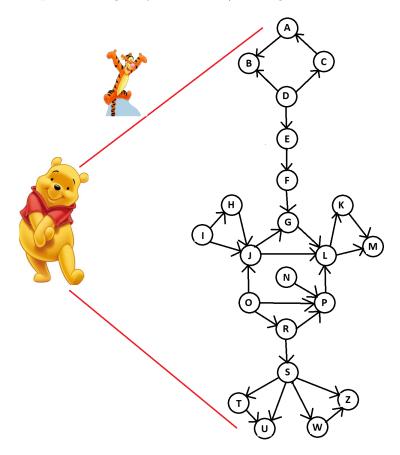
## Final exam

Introduction to Machine Learning Fall 2021 Instructor: Anna Choromanska

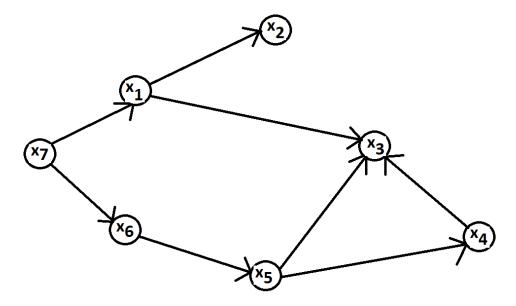
## Problem 1 (100 points)

Winnie the Pooh is looking for Tiger in the forest but he can't find his friend. Winie the Pooh decided to perform the junction-tree algorithm to obtain cyber representation of his friend and post his digital photo online. Help him out by designing a junction-tree from the graph below which Winnie the Pooh should use for Tiger. Show ALL steps of creating the junction tree (including the table for the Kruskal algorithm).



#### Problem 2 (60 points)

Consider the Bayesian network below with binary variables  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_7$ .



Write out the factorization of the probability distribution  $p(x_1, ..., x_7)$  implied by this directed graph. (10 points) Then, using the Bayes ball algorithm, indicate for each statement below if it is True or False and justify your answers (50 points)

- (a)  $x_2$  and  $x_6$  are independent.
- (b)  $x_2$  and  $x_6$  are conditionally independent given  $x_1, x_3,$  and  $x_5.$
- (c)  $x_1$  and  $x_4$  are conditionally independent given  $x_5$ .
- (d)  $x_5$  and  $x_2$  are conditionally independent given  $x_1$  and  $x_3$ .
- (e)  $x_5$  and  $x_1$  are conditionally independent given  $x_3, x_2$ , and  $x_4$ .
- (f)  $x_4$  and  $x_7$  are conditionally independent given  $x_6$ .
- (g)  $x_4$  and  $x_7$  are conditionally independent given  $x_5$ .
- (h)  $x_1$  and  $x_5$  are conditionally independent given  $x_6$  and  $x_7$ .
- (i)  $x_5$  and  $x_1$  are independent.
- (j)  $x_2$  and  $x_4$  are conditionally independent given  $x_1$ .

#### Problem 3 (100 points)

You are given the parameters of a 2-state HMM. You observed the input sequence AB (from a 2-symbol alphabet A or B). In other words, you observe two symbols from your finite state machine, A and then B. Using the junction tree algorithm, evaluate the likelihood of this data p(y) given your HMM and its parameters. Also compute (for decoding) the individual marginals of the states after the evidence from this sequence is observed:  $p(q_0|y)$  and  $p(q_1|y)$ . The parameters for the HMM are provided below. They are the initial state prior  $p(q_0)$ , the state transition matrix given by  $p(q_t|q_{t-1})$ , and the emission matrix  $p(y_t|q_t)$ , respectively.

$$\pi = p(q_0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1/8 & 7/8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a^{T} = p(q_t | q_{t-1}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 1/4 \\ 2 & 2/3 & 3/4 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \eta^{T} = p(y_t | q_t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 1/2 \\ 3/4 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Problem 4 (40 points)

Show the first two iterations (after the initialization) of the k-means clustering algorithm (show centers and assignments of data points to clusters) for the following 2D data set: (-5,3), (-3,2), (-4,5), (-3,4), (3,-4), (4,-2), (6,-6), (8,-3). Assume the number of centers is equal to 2 and the centers are initialized to (-4,2) and (4,-5).

# Problem 5 (50 points)

Prove (using Jensen's inequality) that KL-divergence defined below is non-negative:

$$KL(p||q) = \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p(x) \log \frac{p(x)}{q(x)}$$

where p(x) and q(x) are two probability distributions.

### Problem 6 (50 points)

Consider the fragment of the convolutional architecture given below:

- Input image:  $1 \times x \times y$
- $\underbrace{1 \to 5}_{\text{number of input and output channels}} \; , \; \underbrace{3 \times 3}_{\text{filter size}} \; , \underbrace{2 \times 3}_{\text{stride}}$ • Convolutional layer:
- ReLU
- $\bullet \ \, \text{MaxPooling:} \ \, \underbrace{2\times2}_{\text{region size}} \, , \underbrace{2\times2}_{\text{stride}} \, ,$
- Convolutional layer:  $5 \rightarrow 7, 3 \times 3, 2 \times 2$
- $\bullet$  ReLU
- MaxPooling:  $2 \times 2, 3 \times 3$
- Flattening (3D to 1D):

number of feature maps 
$$\times$$
 size of the feature map (14  $\times$  8)  $\rightarrow$  784

What is the size of the input (in other words what is x and y)?