

**LINEAR ALGEBRA. VASILY KRYLOV. RECITATION 11:  
EXERCISES.**

1. PROBLEM 1

Find  $CR$  decomposition for a matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

2. PROBLEM 2

$A$  and  $B$  are symmetric across the diagonal. Find their triple factorizations  $LDU$  and say how  $U$  is related to  $L$  for these symmetric matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 11 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 12 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

*Remark 2.1. Recall that  $LDU$  factorization is the factorization into lower triangular matrix  $L$  with 1's on the diagonal, diagonal matrix  $D$  and upper triangular matrix  $U$  with 1's on the diagonal.*

3. PROBLEM 3

Find the height  $C$  of the best *horizontal line* to fit  $\mathbf{b} = (0, 8, 8, 20)$ . An exact fit would solve the unsolvable equations  $C = 0, C = 8, C = 8, C = 20$ . Find the 4 by 1 matrix  $A$  in these equations and solve  $A^T A \hat{x} = A^T \mathbf{b}$ . Draw the horizontal line at height  $\hat{x} = C$  and the four errors in  $\mathbf{e}$ .

4. PROBLEM 4

(a) Find orthonormal vectors  $\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{q}_2, \mathbf{q}_3$  such that  $\mathbf{q}_1, \mathbf{q}_2$  span the column space of

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) Which of the four fundamental spaces contains  $\mathbf{q}_3$ ?

(c) Solve  $A\mathbf{x} = (1, 2, 7)$  by least squares.