

SSRMS

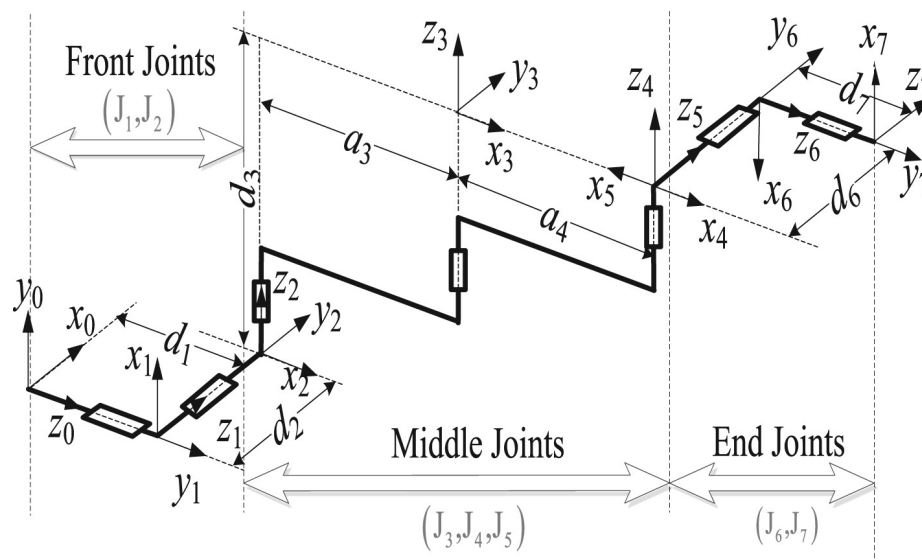
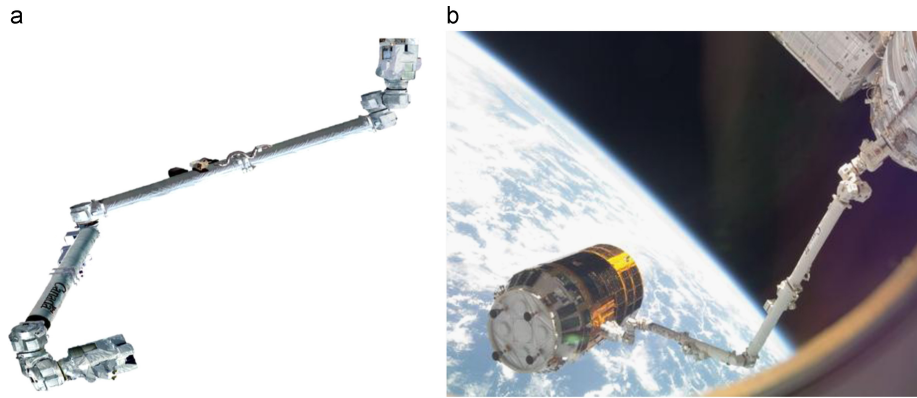
John Karasinski

March 9, 2018

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Finite Kinematic Analysis	3
2.1	Denavit-Hartenberg Parameters	3
2.2	Joint/Shape Matrices	4
2.3	Inverse Kinematics Solution	6
2.4	Numerical Example	9
3	Differential Kinematic Analysis	10
3.1	Method 1: Kinematic Jacobian	10
3.2	Method 2: Geometric Jacobian	12
3.3	Velocity Equation	15
4	Conclusions	16

1 Introduction



We're going to play with a shoulder roll locked SSRMS.

i	θ_i	α_i	a_i	d_i
1	90	90	0	d_1
2	90	90	0	d_2
3	0	0	a_3	d_3
4	0	0	a_4	0
5	180	90	0	0
6	-90	90	0	d_6
7	180	90	0	d_7

Table 1: The Denavit-Hartenberg parameters for the SSRMS. These parameters are the joint angle, θ , the link twist angle, α , the link length, a , and the joint offset, d . These θ_i s give the initial or “zero-displacement” configuration, but each θ_i is modeled as an individual variable below.

2 Finite Kinematic Analysis

2.1 Denavit-Hartenberg Parameters

The resulting matrices are therefore

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{01} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_1) & 0 & \sin(\theta_1) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_1) & 0 & -\cos(\theta_1) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & T_{12} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_2) & 0 & \sin(\theta_2) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_2) & 0 & -\cos(\theta_2) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
T_{23} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_3) & -\sin(\theta_3) & 0 & a_3 \cos(\theta_3) \\ \sin(\theta_3) & \cos(\theta_3) & 0 & a_3 \sin(\theta_3) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & T_{34} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_4) & -\sin(\theta_4) & 0 & a_4 \cos(\theta_4) \\ \sin(\theta_4) & \cos(\theta_4) & 0 & a_4 \sin(\theta_4) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
T_{45} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_5) & 0 & \sin(\theta_5) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_5) & 0 & -\cos(\theta_5) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & T_{56} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_6) & 0 & \sin(\theta_6) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_6) & 0 & -\cos(\theta_6) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
T_{67} &= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_7) & 0 & \sin(\theta_7) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_7) & 0 & -\cos(\theta_7) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

And multiplying all of these together yields

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{07} &= T_{01}T_{12}T_{23}T_{34}T_{45}T_{56}T_{67} \tag{1} \\
T_{07}[1, 1] &= (-s_1c_{345} + s_{345}c_1c_2) s_7 + (s_1s_{345}c_6 + s_2s_6c_1 + c_1c_2c_6c_{345}) c_7 \\
T_{07}[1, 2] &= s_1s_6s_{345} - s_2c_1c_6 + s_6c_1c_2c_{345} \\
T_{07}[1, 3] &= (s_1c_{345} - s_{345}c_1c_2) c_7 + (s_1s_{345}c_6 + s_2s_6c_1 + c_1c_2c_6c_{345}) s_7 \\
T_{07}[1, 4] &= a_3s_1s_3 + a_3c_1c_2c_3 + a_4s_1s_{34} + a_4c_1c_2c_{34} + d_2s_1 + d_3s_2c_1 - d_6s_1c_{345} + d_6s_{345}c_1c_2 \\
&\quad + d_7s_1s_6s_{345} - d_7s_2c_1c_6 + d_7s_6c_1c_2c_{345} \\
T_{07}[2, 1] &= (s_1s_{345}c_2 + c_1c_{345}) s_7 + (s_1s_2s_6 + s_1c_2c_6c_{345} - s_{345}c_1c_6) c_7 \\
T_{07}[2, 2] &= -s_1s_2c_6 + s_1s_6c_2c_{345} - s_6s_{345}c_1 \\
T_{07}[2, 3] &= -(s_1s_{345}c_2 + c_1c_{345}) c_7 + (s_1s_2s_6 + s_1c_2c_6c_{345} - s_{345}c_1c_6) s_7 \\
T_{07}[2, 4] &= a_3s_1c_2c_3 - a_3s_3c_1 + a_4s_1c_2c_{34} - a_4s_{34}c_1 - d_2c_1 + d_3s_1s_2 + d_6s_1s_{345}c_2 + d_6c_1c_{345} \\
&\quad - d_7s_1s_2c_6 + d_7s_1s_6c_2c_{345} - d_7s_6s_{345}c_1 \\
T_{07}[3, 1] &= (s_2c_6c_{345} - s_6c_2) c_7 + s_2s_7s_{345} \\
T_{07}[3, 2] &= s_2s_6c_{345} + c_2c_6 \\
T_{07}[3, 3] &= (s_2c_6c_{345} - s_6c_2) s_7 - s_2s_{345}c_7 \\
T_{07}[3, 4] &= a_3s_2c_3 + a_4s_2c_{34} + d_1 - d_3c_2 + d_6s_2s_{345} + d_7s_2s_6c_{345} + d_7c_2c_6 \\
T_{07}[4, 1] &= 0 \\
T_{07}[4, 2] &= 0 \\
T_{07}[4, 3] &= 0 \\
T_{07}[4, 4] &= 1
\end{aligned}$$

2.2 Joint/Shape Matrices

We can similarly use joint and shape matrices to arrive at these T matrices. All of the joints of the SSRMS are revolute, and can be modeled with the joint matrix of

$$\Phi_h(\phi_h) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi_h & -\sin \phi_h & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \phi_h & \cos \phi_h & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{i,i+1} &= S_{i,j} \Phi_j S_{i+1,j}^{-1} \\
T_{12} &= S_{1A} \Phi_A S_{2A}^{-1} \\
T_{23} &= S_{2B} \Phi_B S_{3B}^{-1} \\
T_{34} &= S_{3C} \Phi_C S_{4C}^{-1} \\
T_{45} &= S_{4D} \Phi_D S_{5D}^{-1} \\
T_{56} &= S_{5E} \Phi_E S_{6E}^{-1} \\
T_{67} &= S_{6F} \Phi_F S_{7F}^{-1} \\
T_{78} &= S_{7G} \Phi_G S_{8G}^{-1}
\end{aligned}$$

For joints $\Phi_A, \Phi_B, \Phi_C, \Phi_D, \Phi_E, \Phi_F$, and Φ_G , we also define two shape matrices.

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{01} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & x_0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & y_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & z_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{1A} = I, S_{2A} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{2B} = I, S_{3B} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{3C} = I, S_{4C} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{4D} = I, S_{5D} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -a_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{5E} = I, S_{6E} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{6F} = I, S_{7F} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_6 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \\
S_{7G} = I, S_{8G} &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_7 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

2.3 Inverse Kinematics Solution

In general we can define

$$\begin{aligned}
T_{07} &= \begin{bmatrix} n_x & o_x & a_x & p_x \\ n_y & o_y & a_y & p_y \\ n_z & o_z & a_z & p_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= T_{01}T_{12}T_{23}T_{34}T_{45}T_{56}T_{67}
\end{aligned}$$

Premultiplying both sides by T_{01}^{-1} yields,

$$T_{01}^{-1}T_{07} = T_{12}T_{23}T_{34}T_{45}T_{56}T_{67}$$

Equating each element (i, j) on both the left and right hand sides yields:

$$n_x c_1 + n_y s_1 = (s_2 s_6 + c_2 c_6 c_{345}) c_7 + s_7 s_{345} c_2 \quad (2)$$

$$o_x c_1 + o_y s_1 = -s_2 c_6 + s_6 c_2 c_{345} \quad (3)$$

$$a_x c_1 + a_y s_1 = (s_2 s_6 + c_2 c_6 c_{345}) s_7 - s_{345} c_2 c_7 \quad (4)$$

$$p_x c_1 + p_y s_1 = a_3 c_2 c_3 + a_4 c_2 c_{34} + d_3 s_2 + d_6 s_{345} c_2 - d_7 s_2 c_6 + d_7 s_6 c_2 c_{345} \quad (5)$$

$$n_z = (s_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_6 c_2) c_7 + s_2 s_7 s_{345} \quad (6)$$

$$o_z = s_2 s_6 c_{345} + c_2 c_6 \quad (7)$$

$$a_z = (s_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_6 c_2) s_7 - s_2 s_{345} c_7 \quad (8)$$

$$-d_1 + p_z = a_3 s_2 c_3 + a_4 s_2 c_{34} - d_3 c_2 + d_6 s_2 s_{345} + d_7 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_7 c_2 c_6 \quad (9)$$

$$n_x s_1 - n_y c_1 = -s_7 c_{345} + s_{345} c_6 c_7 \quad (10)$$

$$o_x s_1 - o_y c_1 = s_6 s_{345} \quad (11)$$

$$a_x s_1 - a_y c_1 = s_7 s_{345} c_6 + c_7 c_{345} \quad (12)$$

$$p_x s_1 - p_y c_1 = a_3 s_3 + a_4 s_{34} + d_2 - d_6 c_{345} + d_7 s_6 s_{345} \quad (13)$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (14)$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (15)$$

$$0 = 0 \quad (16)$$

$$1 = 1 \quad (17)$$

where we have defined $s_i = \sin i$, $c_i = \cos i$, $s_{ij} = \sin(i + j)$, $c_{ij} = \cos(i + j)$, $s_{ijk} = \sin(i + j + k)$ and $c_{ijk} = \cos(i + j + k)$. Manipulating the equations, we take (Eq. 2) $s_2 -$ (Eq. 6) c_2 and simplify, producing

$$(n_x c_1 + n_y s_1) s_2 - n_z c_2 = s_6 c_7 \quad (18)$$

Similarly, we can do (Eq. 5) $s_2 -$ (Eq. 9) c_2 and simplify, which results in

$$(p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) s_2 - (-d_1 + p_z) c_2 = d_3 - c_6 d_7 \quad (19)$$

We can also subtract (Eq. 7) $c_2 -$ (Eq. 3) s_2

$$o_z c_2 - (o_x c_1 + o_y s_1) s_2 = c_6 \quad (20)$$

Finally, we can also subtract (Eq. 4) $s_2 -$ (Eq. 8) c_2

$$(a_x c_1 + a_y s_1) s_2 - a_z c_2 = s_6 s_7 \quad (21)$$

Rearranging Equations 19 and 20 to be equal to c_6 and equating the two yields

$$-d_3 = \left((o_x d_7 - p_x) c_1 + (o_y d_7 - p_y) s_1 \right) s_2 + (-o_z d_7 - d_1 + p_z) c_2 \quad (22)$$

Locking the shoulder roll angle to a known angle, $\theta_1 = \beta$, we can solve for θ_2 ,

$$\theta_2 = \text{SHOULDER} \cdot \text{acos} \left(\frac{d_3}{\sqrt{h_1^2 + q_1^2}} \right) + \text{atan2}(q_1, h_1) \quad (23)$$

where

$$h_1 = (-o_z d_7 - d_1 + p_z) \quad (24)$$

$$q_1 = ((o_x d_7 - p_x) c_\beta + (o_y d_7 - p_y) s_\beta) \quad (25)$$

With θ_1 and θ_2 now known, θ_6 can be solved using Equation 20,

$$\theta_6 = \text{WRIST} \cdot \text{acos} \left(o_z c_2 - (o_x c_1 + o_y s_1) s_2 \right) \quad (26)$$

And we can then combine Equations 18 and 21, yielding

$$\theta_7 = \text{atan2} \left(\frac{(n_x c_1 + n_y s_1) s_2 - n_z c_2}{s_6}, \frac{(a_x c_1 + a_y s_1) s_2 - a_z c_2}{s_6} \right) \quad (27)$$

With the shoulder and wrist joints resolved, we can now solve for the middle joints. We now take

$$(T_{12}^{-1}) (T_{17}) (T_{67}^{-1}) (T_{56}^{-1}) = (T_{23}) (T_{34}) (T_{45})$$

Taking the left and right hand side (1, 4) and (2, 4) elements from the resulting matrix yields

$$\begin{aligned} a_3 c_3 + a_4 c_{34} &= d_6 \left(a_z s_2 + c_2 (a_x c_1 + a_y s_1) \right) c_7 \\ &\quad - d_6 \left(n_z s_2 + c_2 (n_x c_1 - n_y s_1) \right) s_7 \\ &\quad - d_7 \left(o_z s_2 + c_2 (o_x c_1 + o_y s_1) \right) \\ &\quad + (-d_1 + p_z) s_2 + c_2 (p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_3 s_3 + a_4 s_{34} &= -d_2 + d_6 (a_x s_1 - a_y c_1) c_7 - d_6 (n_x s_1 - n_y c_1) s_7 \\ &\quad - d_7 (o_x s_1 - o_y c_1) + p_x s_1 - p_y c_1 \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

θ_4 is then solved by combining the above two equations, resulting in

$$\theta_4 = \text{ELBOW} \cdot \text{acos} \left(\frac{X^2 + Y^2 - a_3^2 - a_4^2}{2a_3 a_4} \right) \quad (30)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} X &= -d_7 \left(o_z s_2 + c_2 (o_x c_1 + o_y s_1) \right) + (-d_1 + p_z) s_2 + c_2 (p_x c_1 + p_y s_1) \\ Y &= -d_2 + d_6 (a_x s_1 - a_y c_1) c_7 - d_6 (n_x s_1 - n_y c_1) s_7 - d_7 (o_x s_1 - o_y c_1) + p_x s_1 - p_y c_1 \end{aligned}$$

Substituting the solution into θ_4 and Equations 28 and 29 and combining yields

$$\boxed{\theta_3 = \text{atan2} \left(Y (a_3 + a_4 c_4) - X a_4 s_4, X (a_3 + a_4 c_4) + Y a_4 s_4 \right)}$$

Subtracting (Eq.12) c_7 and (Eq.10) s_7 yields

$$c_{345} = (a_x s_1 - a_y c_1) c_7 - (n_x s_1 - n_y c_1) s_7$$

And from Equation 11 we have

$$s_{345} = \frac{o_x s_1 - o_y c_1}{s_6}$$

which we can combine to solve for the last joint

$$\theta_5 = (\theta_3 + \theta_4 + \theta_5) - (\theta_3 + \theta_4)$$

$$\boxed{\theta_5 = \text{atan2} (s_{345}, c_{345}) - (\theta_3 + \theta_4)}$$

2.4 Numerical Example

For practical purposes, the link length and offset values can be set to

$$\begin{aligned} a_3 &= 2.30, a_4 = 2.30, d_1 = 0.65, d_2 = 0.30 \\ d_3 &= 0.90, d_6 = 0.30, d_7 = 0.65 \end{aligned}$$

As an example, plugging in these values and the initial angles given in Table 1 into Equation 1 yields

$$T_{07} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0.6 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.9 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 5.9 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3 Differential Kinematic Analysis

3.1 Method 1: Kinematic Jacobian

Where \hat{z}_i is taken from the last column of T_{1i} , and can be defined

$$T_{1i} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{\underline{\Theta}}_i & \vdots & a_i \\ \dots & & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \vdots & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\Theta}}_i = \begin{bmatrix} x_i & y_i & z_i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{z}_i = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n \underline{\underline{\Theta}}_i \right) z_i$$

and \vec{r}_i is defined

$$\vec{r}_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \vec{a}_i$$

With these definitions, we can find the Jacobian via

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{\vec{P}} &= \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{z}_i \times \vec{r}_i) \dot{\theta}_i \\ \vec{w} &= \sum_{i=1}^n \dot{\theta}_i \hat{z}_i \\ \underline{\underline{J}}\dot{q} &= \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\vec{P}} \\ \vec{w} \end{bmatrix} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \hat{z}_1 \times \vec{r}_1 & \hat{z}_2 \times \vec{r}_2 & \dots & \hat{z}_7 \times \vec{r}_7 \\ \hat{z}_1 & \hat{z}_2 & \dots & \hat{z}_7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{\theta}_7 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\vec{P}}_{EE} \\ \vec{w}_{EE} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 1] &= -a_3 s_1 c_2 c_3 + a_3 s_3 c_1 - a_4 s_1 c_2 c_{34} + a_4 s_{34} c_1 + d_2 c_1 - d_3 s_1 s_2 \\
&\quad - d_6 s_1 s_{345} c_2 - d_6 c_1 c_{345} + d_7 s_1 s_2 c_6 - d_7 s_1 s_6 c_2 c_{345} + d_7 s_6 s_{345} c_1 \\
J[2, 1] &= a_3 s_1 s_3 + a_3 c_1 c_2 c_3 + a_4 s_1 s_{34} + a_4 c_1 c_2 c_{34} + d_2 s_1 + d_3 s_2 c_1 \\
&\quad - d_6 s_1 c_{345} + d_6 s_{345} c_1 c_2 + d_7 s_1 s_6 s_{345} - d_7 s_2 c_1 c_6 + d_7 s_6 c_1 c_2 c_{345} \\
J[3, 1] &= 0 \\
J[4, 1] &= 0 \\
J[5, 1] &= 0 \\
J[6, 1] &= 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 2] &= -(a_3 s_2 c_3 + a_4 s_2 c_{34} - d_3 c_2 + d_6 s_2 s_{345} + d_7 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_7 c_2 c_6) c_1 \\
J[2, 2] &= -(a_3 s_2 c_3 + a_4 s_2 c_{34} - d_3 c_2 + d_6 s_2 s_{345} + d_7 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_7 c_2 c_6) s_1 \\
J[3, 2] &= a_3 c_2 c_3 + a_4 c_2 c_{34} + d_3 s_2 + d_6 s_{345} c_2 - d_7 s_2 c_6 + d_7 s_6 c_2 c_{345} \\
J[4, 2] &= s_1 \\
J[5, 2] &= -c_1 \\
J[6, 2] &= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 3] &= a_3 s_1 c_3 - a_3 s_3 c_1 c_2 + a_4 s_1 c_{34} - a_4 s_{34} c_1 c_2 + d_6 s_1 s_{345} \\
&\quad + d_6 c_1 c_2 c_{345} + d_7 s_1 s_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345} c_1 c_2 \\
J[2, 3] &= -a_3 s_1 s_3 c_2 - a_3 c_1 c_3 - a_4 s_1 s_{34} c_2 - a_4 c_1 c_{34} + d_6 s_1 c_2 c_{345} \\
&\quad - d_6 s_{345} c_1 - d_7 s_1 s_6 s_{345} c_2 - d_7 s_6 c_1 c_{345} \\
J[3, 3] &= (-a_3 s_3 - a_4 s_{34} + d_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345}) s_2 \\
J[4, 3] &= s_2 c_1 \\
J[5, 3] &= s_1 s_2 \\
J[6, 3] &= -c_2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 4] &= a_4 s_1 c_{34} - a_4 s_{34} c_1 c_2 + d_6 s_1 s_{345} + d_6 c_1 c_2 c_{345} + d_7 s_1 s_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345} c_1 c_2 \\
J[2, 4] &= -a_4 s_1 s_{34} c_2 - a_4 c_1 c_{34} + d_6 s_1 c_2 c_{345} - d_6 s_{345} c_1 - d_7 s_1 s_6 s_{345} c_2 - d_7 s_6 c_1 c_{345} \\
J[3, 4] &= (-a_4 s_{34} + d_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345}) s_2 \\
J[4, 4] &= s_2 c_1 \\
J[5, 4] &= s_1 s_2 \\
J[6, 4] &= -c_2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 5] &= d_6 s_1 s_{345} + d_6 c_1 c_2 c_{345} + d_7 s_1 s_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345} c_1 c_2 \\
J[2, 5] &= d_6 s_1 c_2 c_{345} - d_6 s_{345} c_1 - d_7 s_1 s_6 s_{345} c_2 - d_7 s_6 c_1 c_{345} \\
J[3, 5] &= (d_6 c_{345} - d_7 s_6 s_{345}) s_2 \\
J[4, 5] &= s_2 c_1 \\
J[5, 5] &= s_1 s_2 \\
J[6, 5] &= -c_2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 6] &= d_7 (s_1 s_{345} c_6 + s_2 s_6 c_1 + c_1 c_2 c_6 c_{345}) \\
J[2, 6] &= d_7 (s_1 s_2 s_6 + s_1 c_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1 c_6) \\
J[3, 6] &= d_7 (s_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_6 c_2) \\
J[4, 6] &= -s_1 c_{345} + s_{345} c_1 c_2 \\
J[5, 6] &= s_1 s_{345} c_2 + c_1 c_{345} \\
J[6, 6] &= s_2 s_{345}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 7] &= 0 \\
J[2, 7] &= 0 \\
J[3, 7] &= 0 \\
J[4, 7] &= (s_1 s_{345} + c_1 c_2 c_{345}) s_6 - s_2 c_1 c_6 \\
J[5, 7] &= (s_1 c_2 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1) s_6 - s_1 s_2 c_6 \\
J[6, 7] &= s_2 s_6 c_{345} + c_2 c_6
\end{aligned}$$

3.2 Method 2: Geometric Jacobian

We first form our D_i matrices from

$$D_i = T_{0i} Q_i T_{0i}^{-1}$$

where, as all our joints are revolute,

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Selecting elements from these D_i matrices, we form the Jacobian via

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} {}^0D_{14} & {}^1D_{14} & {}^2D_{14} & {}^3D_{14} & {}^4D_{14} & {}^5D_{14} & {}^6D_{14} \\ {}^0D_{24} & {}^1D_{24} & {}^2D_{24} & {}^3D_{24} & {}^4D_{24} & {}^5D_{24} & {}^6D_{24} \\ {}^0D_{34} & {}^1D_{34} & {}^2D_{34} & {}^3D_{34} & {}^4D_{34} & {}^5D_{34} & {}^6D_{34} \\ {}^0D_{32} & {}^1D_{32} & {}^2D_{32} & {}^3D_{32} & {}^4D_{32} & {}^5D_{32} & {}^6D_{32} \\ {}^0D_{13} & {}^1D_{13} & {}^2D_{13} & {}^3D_{13} & {}^4D_{13} & {}^5D_{13} & {}^6D_{13} \\ {}^0D_{21} & {}^1D_{21} & {}^2D_{21} & {}^3D_{21} & {}^4D_{21} & {}^5D_{21} & {}^6D_{21} \end{bmatrix}$$

Resulting in

$$J[1, 1] = d_1 c_1$$

$$J[2, 1] = d_1 s_1$$

$$J[3, 1] = 0$$

$$J[4, 1] = s_1$$

$$J[5, 1] = -c_1$$

$$J[6, 1] = 0$$

$$J[1, 2] = -d_1 s_1 s_2 + d_2 c_1 c_2$$

$$J[2, 2] = d_1 s_2 c_1 + d_2 s_1 c_2$$

$$J[3, 2] = d_2 s_2$$

$$J[4, 2] = s_2 c_1$$

$$J[5, 2] = s_1 s_2$$

$$J[6, 2] = -c_2$$

$$J[1, 3] = -a_3 s_1 c_3 + a_3 s_3 c_1 c_2 - d_1 s_1 s_2 + d_2 c_1 c_2$$

$$J[2, 3] = a_3 s_1 s_3 c_2 + a_3 c_1 c_3 + d_1 s_2 c_1 + d_2 s_1 c_2$$

$$J[3, 3] = (a_3 s_3 + d_2) s_2$$

$$J[4, 3] = s_2 c_1$$

$$J[5, 3] = s_1 s_2$$

$$J[6, 3] = -c_2$$

$$J[1, 4] = -a_3 s_1 c_3 + a_3 s_3 c_1 c_2 - a_4 s_1 c_{34} + a_4 s_{34} c_1 c_2 - d_1 s_1 s_2 + d_2 c_1 c_2$$

$$J[2, 4] = a_3 s_1 s_3 c_2 + a_3 c_1 c_3 + a_4 s_1 s_{34} c_2 + a_4 c_1 c_{34} + d_1 s_2 c_1 + d_2 s_1 c_2$$

$$J[3, 4] = (a_3 s_3 + a_4 s_{34} + d_2) s_2$$

$$J[4, 4] = s_2 c_1$$

$$J[5, 4] = s_1 s_2$$

$$J[6, 4] = -c_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 5] &= -(d_1 c_2 - d_3)(s_1 s_{345} + c_1 c_2 c_{345}) - (a_3 c_{45} + a_4 c_5 + d_1 s_2 c_{345} + d_2 s_{345}) s_2 c_1 \\
J[2, 5] &= -(d_1 c_2 - d_3)(s_1 c_2 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1) - (a_3 c_{45} + a_4 c_5 + d_1 s_2 c_{345} + d_2 s_{345}) s_1 s_2 \\
J[3, 5] &= a_3 c_2 c_{45} + a_4 c_2 c_5 + d_2 s_{345} c_2 + d_3 s_2 c_{345} \\
J[4, 5] &= -s_1 c_{345} + s_{345} c_1 c_2 \\
J[5, 5] &= s_1 s_{345} c_2 + c_1 c_{345} \\
J[6, 5] &= s_2 s_{345}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 6] &= ((s_1 s_{345} + c_1 c_2 c_{345}) c_6 + s_2 s_6 c_1)(a_3 s_{45} + a_4 s_5 + d_1 s_2 s_{345} - d_2 c_{345} + d_6) \\
&\quad + (s_1 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1 c_2)(a_3 c_6 c_{45} + a_4 c_5 c_6 + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 + d_2 s_{345} c_6 + d_3 s_6) \\
J[2, 6] &= ((s_1 c_2 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1) c_6 + s_1 s_2 s_6)(a_3 s_{45} + a_4 s_5 + d_1 s_2 s_{345} - d_2 c_{345} + d_6) \\
&\quad - (s_1 s_{345} c_2 + c_1 c_{345})(a_3 c_6 c_{45} + a_4 c_5 c_6 + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 + d_2 s_{345} c_6 + d_3 s_6) \\
J[3, 6] &= (s_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_6 c_2)(a_3 s_{45} + a_4 s_5 + d_1 s_2 s_{345} - d_2 c_{345} + d_6) \\
&\quad - (a_3 c_6 c_{45} + a_4 c_5 c_6 + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 + d_2 s_{345} c_6 + d_3 s_6) s_2 s_{345} \\
J[4, 6] &= s_1 s_6 s_{345} - s_2 c_1 c_6 + s_6 c_1 c_2 c_{345} \\
J[5, 6] &= -s_1 s_2 c_6 + s_1 s_6 c_2 c_{345} - s_6 s_{345} c_1 \\
J[6, 6] &= s_2 s_6 c_{345} + c_2 c_6
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
J[1, 7] &= (((s_1 s_{345} + c_1 c_2 c_{345}) c_6 + s_2 s_6 c_1) c_7 - (s_1 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1 c_2) s_7) \\
&\quad (a_3 s_6 c_{45} + a_4 s_6 c_5 + d_1 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_1 c_2 c_6 + d_2 s_6 s_{345} - d_3 c_6 + d_7) \\
&\quad - ((s_1 s_{345} + c_1 c_2 c_{345}) s_6 - s_2 c_1 c_6)(a_3 s_7 s_{45} + a_3 c_6 c_7 c_{45} + a_4 s_5 s_7 + a_4 c_5 c_6 c_7 \\
&\quad + d_1 s_2 s_7 s_{345} + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_7 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 c_7 - d_2 s_7 c_{345} + d_2 s_{345} c_6 c_7 + d_3 s_6 c_7 + d_6 s_7) \\
J[2, 7] &= (((s_1 c_2 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1) c_6 + s_1 s_2 s_6) c_7 + (s_1 s_{345} c_2 + c_1 c_{345}) s_7) \\
&\quad (a_3 s_6 c_{45} + a_4 s_6 c_5 + d_1 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_1 c_2 c_6 + d_2 s_6 s_{345} - d_3 c_6 + d_7) \\
&\quad - ((s_1 c_2 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1) s_6 - s_1 s_2 c_6)(a_3 s_7 s_{45} + a_3 c_6 c_7 c_{45} + a_4 s_5 s_7 + a_4 c_5 c_6 c_7 \\
&\quad + d_1 s_2 s_7 s_{345} + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_7 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 c_7 - d_2 s_7 c_{345} + d_2 s_{345} c_6 c_7 + d_3 s_6 c_7 + d_6 s_7) \\
J[3, 7] &= ((s_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_6 c_2) c_7 + s_2 s_7 s_{345}) \\
&\quad (a_3 s_6 c_{45} + a_4 s_6 c_5 + d_1 s_2 s_6 c_{345} + d_1 c_2 c_6 + d_2 s_6 s_{345} - d_3 c_6 + d_7) \\
&\quad - (s_2 s_6 c_{345} + c_2 c_6)(a_3 s_7 s_{45} + a_3 c_6 c_7 c_{45} + a_4 s_5 s_7 + a_4 c_5 c_6 c_7 \\
&\quad + d_1 s_2 s_7 s_{345} + d_1 s_2 c_6 c_7 c_{345} - d_1 s_6 c_2 c_7 - d_2 s_7 c_{345} + d_2 s_{345} c_6 c_7 + d_3 s_6 c_7 + d_6 s_7) \\
J[4, 7] &= s_1 s_7 s_{345} c_6 + s_1 c_7 c_{345} + s_2 s_6 s_7 c_1 + s_7 c_1 c_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_{345} c_1 c_2 c_7 \\
J[5, 7] &= s_1 s_2 s_6 s_7 + s_1 s_7 c_2 c_6 c_{345} - s_1 s_{345} c_2 c_7 - s_7 s_{345} c_1 c_6 - c_1 c_7 c_{345} \\
J[6, 7] &= s_2 s_7 c_6 c_{345} - s_2 s_{345} c_7 - s_6 s_7 c_2
\end{aligned}$$

3.3 Velocity Equation

I should write this?

4 Conclusions

References

- [LZ84] CSG Lee and M Ziegler. Geometric approach in solving inverse kinematics of puma robots. *IEEE Transactions on Aerospace and Electronic Systems*, (6):695–706, 1984.
- [XSX14] Wenfu Xu, Yu She, and Yangsheng Xu. Analytical and semi-analytical inverse kinematics of ssrms-type manipulators with single joint locked failure. *Acta Astronautica*, 105(1):201–217, 2014.