## MAE 275 - Homework 5

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## 1 Defining the System

The lateral linearized aircraft equations of motion can be expressed in state space form, with state variables  $\Delta v$ ,  $\Delta p$ ,  $\Delta r$ ,  $\Delta \varphi$ ,  $\Delta \psi$ , as

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} Y_v & Y_p & [Y_r - u_0] & g\cos\theta_0 & 0\\ L'_v & L'_p & L'_r & 0 & 0\\ N'_v & N'_p & N'_r & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & \tan\theta_0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \sec\theta_0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Relevant B, C, and D matrices can also be formed

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{\delta_r} & Y_{\delta_a} \\ L'_{\delta_r} & L'_{\delta_a} \\ N'_{\delta_r} & N'_{\delta_a} \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1/u_0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

with  $x = [\Delta v, \Delta p, \Delta r, \Delta \varphi, \Delta \psi]$  and  $u = [\Delta \delta_r, \Delta \delta_a]$ .

Plugging in the data for the DC-8 aircraft in Flight Condition 8002 from Appendix A of Aircraft Dynamics and Automatic Control yields

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1.0080e - 1 & 0 & -4.6820e + 2 & +3.2200e + 1 & 0 \\ -5.7881e - 3 & -1.2320e + 0 & +3.9700e - 1 & 0 & 0 \\ +2.7787e - 3 & -3.4600e - 2 & -2.5700e - 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} +1.3480e + 1 & 0 \\ +3.9200e - 1 & -1.6200e + 0 \\ -8.6400e - 1 & -1.8750e - 2 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} +2.1358e - 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

## 2 Designing the Controller

Two controllers were designed. The first controller,  $Gc_{\phi}$  was designed as

This controller was determined using loop-shaping principles such that it had a roll-attitude bandwidth of  $\sim 3$  rad/sec (-3dB criterion) and a minimum overshoot in step response.

The second controller,  $Gc_r$  was designed as

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1 21.969 (s-1.86)
2 (s+10) (s+8.199)
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This controller was determined using loop-shaping principles such that it had a bandwidth of  $\sim 1$  rad/sec (-3dB criterion), giving a factor of approximately three between r-loop and  $\phi$ -loop bandwidths.

Additionally, both controllers have:
more poles than zeros (are strictly proper compensators)
gain margins of at least 12dB
phase margins of at least 40 deg

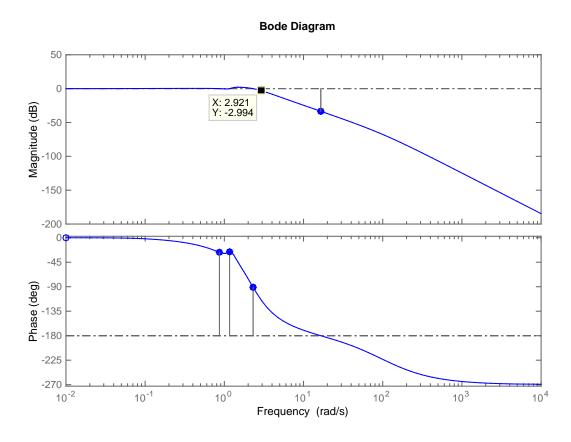


Figure 1:  $\phi$ -loop bandwidth of 3 rad/s (3dB criterion)

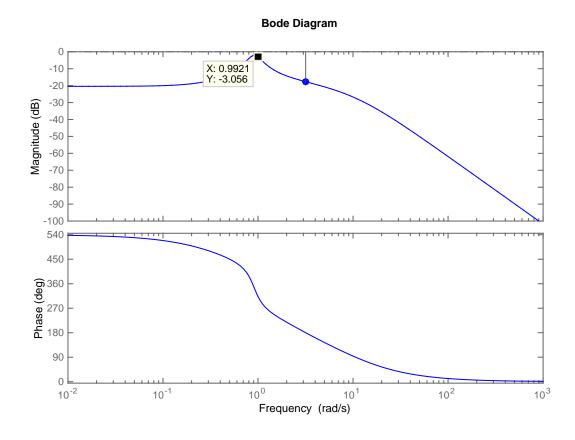


Figure 2: r-loop bandwidth of 1 rad/s (3dB criterion)

## 3 Results

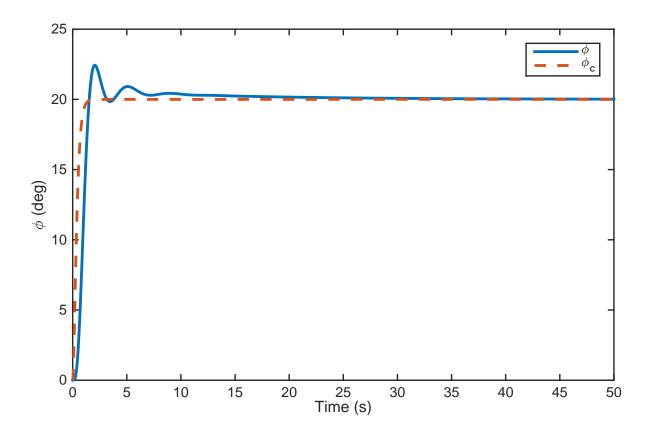


Figure 3:  $\phi$  response to  $\phi_c$ , showing  $\sim 10\%$  overshoot

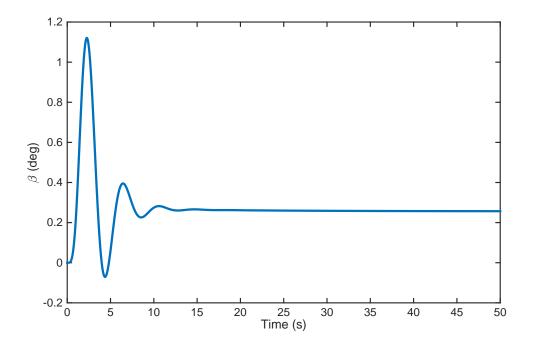


Figure 4:  $\beta$  Response

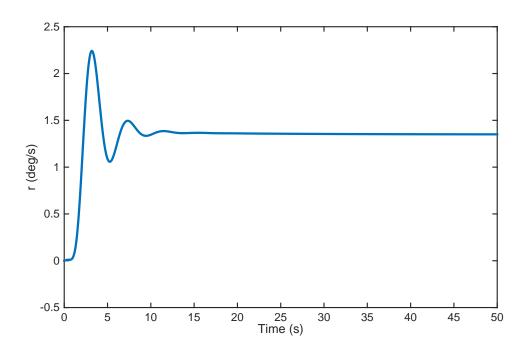


Figure 5: r Response

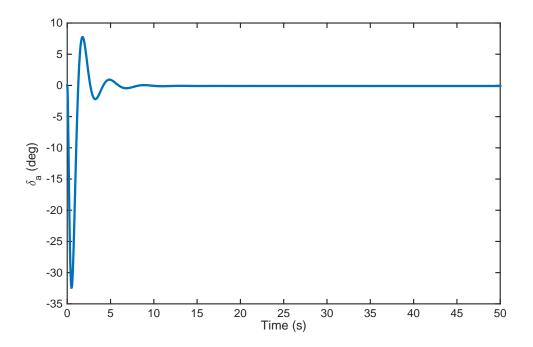


Figure 6:  $\delta_a$  Response

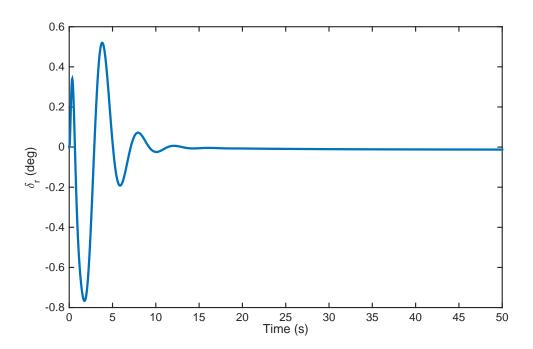


Figure 7:  $\delta_r$  Response