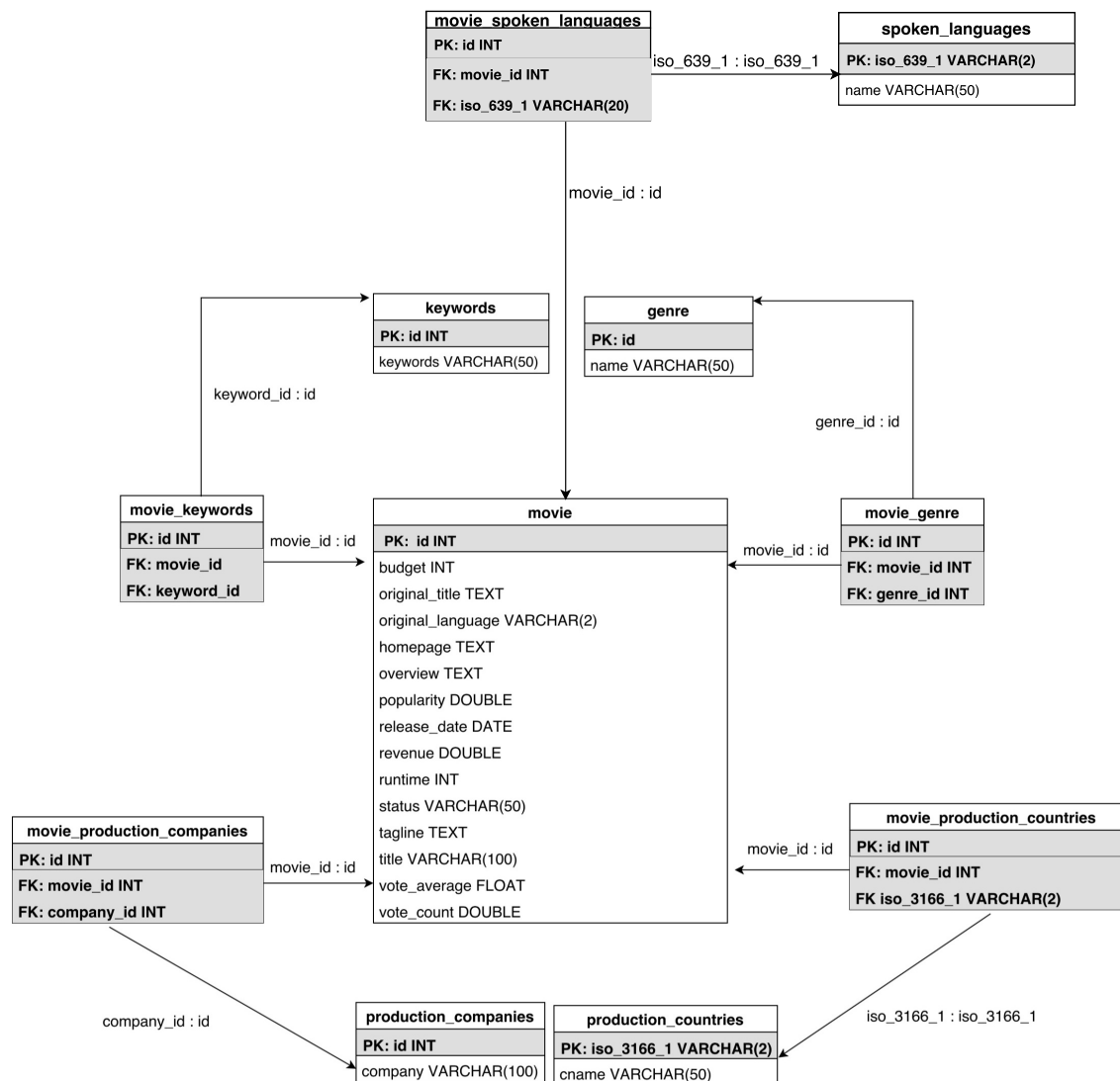


# 1 Data



Above are all the schemas and their relationships with other schemas. PK stands for primary key and FK stands for foreign key. All the entries in the movie csv that were not atomic were broken down into two separate tables. Since atomic columns like **genre** and **production\_companies** had a many-to-many relationship with the movie table, the first table was the relationship table and the second table contained specific information like genre id and genre name. All tables are in BCNF because (1) all attributes are atomic, (2) all non-key attributes depend only on the candidate key, (3) and in all  $X \rightarrow Y$  FD's,  $X$  is a candidate key. For example, all attributes in the **movie** table only depend on the candidate key id and all attributes in **movie\_genre** table only depend on the candidate key id. This satisfies BCNF condition because the attribute on the right side is a candidate key.

HELLO

## 2 Queries

1. **SELECT** avg(budget) **FROM** movie;

29045039.8753
---------------

2. **SELECT** title, company  
**FROM**  
(  
    **SELECT** title, company, iso\_3166\_1  
    **FROM** movie  
    **INNER JOIN** movie\_production\_countries  
    **ON** movie.id=movie\_production\_countries.movie\_id  
    **INNER JOIN** movie\_production\_companies  
    **ON** movie\_production\_companies.movie\_id=movie\_production\_countries.  
        movie\_id  
    **INNER JOIN** production\_companies company  
    **ON** movie\_production\_companies.company\_id = company.id  
)  
**AS full**  
**WHERE full.iso\_3166\_1='US';**

Four Rooms	Miramax Films
Four Rooms	A Band Apart
Star Wars	Lucasfilm
Star Wars	Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation
Finding Nemo	Pixar Animation Studios

3. **SELECT** title, revenue  
**FROM** movie  
**ORDER BY** revenue **DESC LIMIT** 5;

Avatar	2787965087
Titanic	1845034188
The Avengers	1519557910
Jurassic World	1513528810
Furious 7	1506249360

```

4. SELECT mys.title, genre.name
FROM
  (
    SELECT title, g2.name, g.movie_id
    FROM movie
      INNER JOIN movie_genre g ON movie.id = g.movie_id
      INNER JOIN genre g2 ON g.genre_id = g2.id
    WHERE g2.name="Science_Fiction"
  ) AS sci
INNER JOIN
  (
    SELECT title, g2.name, g.movie_id
    FROM movie
      INNER JOIN movie_genre g ON movie.id = g.movie_id
      INNER JOIN genre g2 ON g.genre_id = g2.id
    WHERE g2.name = "Mystery"
  ) AS mys
ON sci.movie_id=mys.movie_id
INNER JOIN movie_genre ON movie_genre.movie_id=mys.movie_id
INNER JOIN genre ON genre.id=movie_genre.genre_id;

```

Tomorrowland	Adventure
Tomorrowland	Family
Tomorrowland	Mystery
Tomorrowland	Science Fiction
Inception	Action

```

5. SELECT title, popularity
FROM movie
WHERE popularity > (SELECT avg(popularity) FROM movie);

```

Four Rooms	22.87623
Star Wars	126.393695
Finding Nemo	85.688789
Forrest Gump	138.133331
American Beauty	80.878605