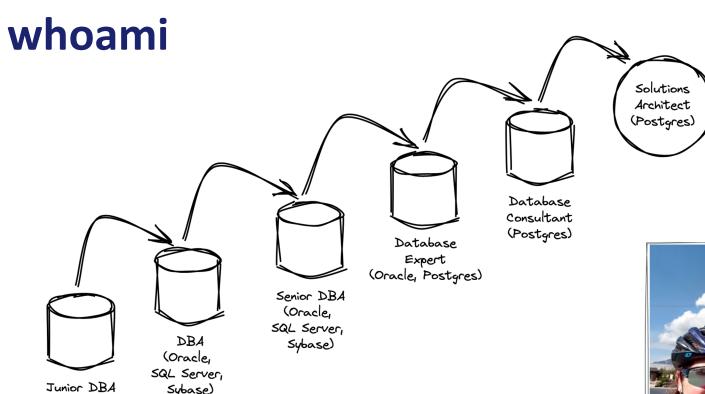


Tuning PostgreSQL to work even better

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DjangoCon Europe | Edinburgh | May 2023

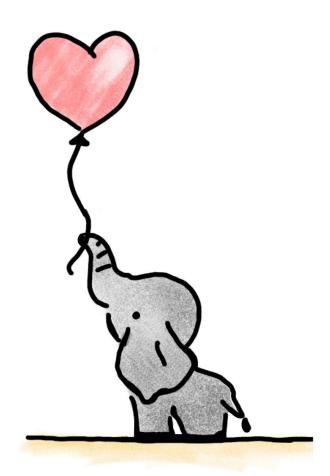


Sybase)

(Oracle)



Introduction



Introduction

- Minimal footprint by default
- Need to tune for production

- 345 in V14
- 380 in V15

- ~350 parameters +
- Don't need to know all of the parameters!

Agenda

Setting and Viewing Parameters

5

- Most Important Parameters
 - Connections/Sessions
 - Memory
 - Logging
 - WAL
 - Query Tuning
- Summary

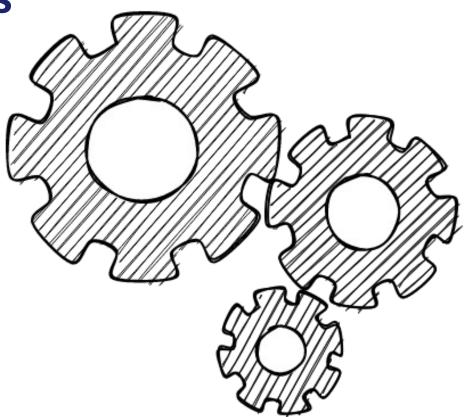
Agenda

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
- Most Important Parameters
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Karen Jex 2023

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Setting Parameters

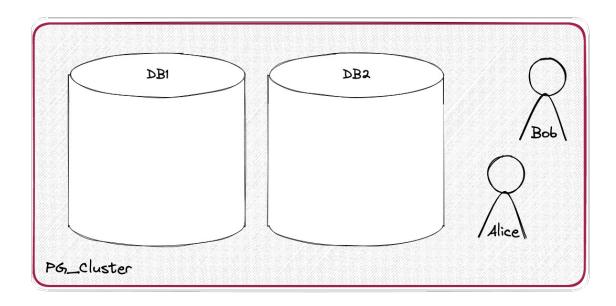


Setting Parameters: Cluster level

postgresql.conf

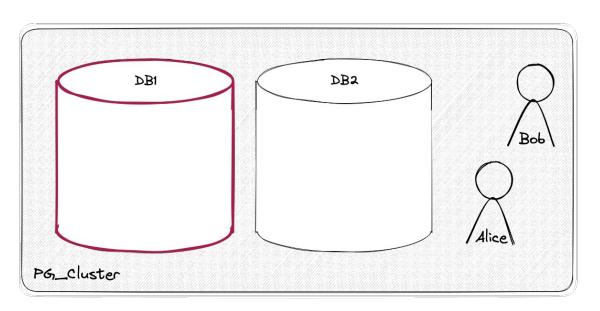
or

ALTER SYSTEM
SET parameter=value;



Setting Parameters: Database level

ALTER DATABASE db1
SET parameter=value;

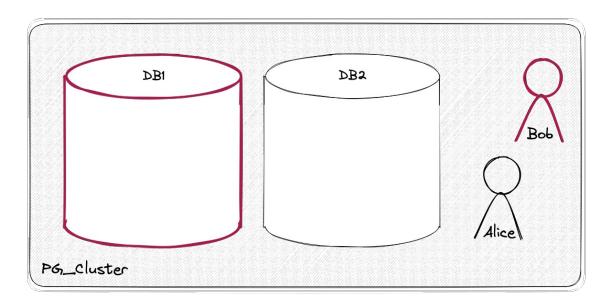


Setting Parameters: User/Role level

ALTER ROLE bob

SET parameter=value;

ALTER ROLE bob
IN DATABASE db1
SET parameter=value;



Setting Parameters: Session level

```
current session
• SET parameter = value; -

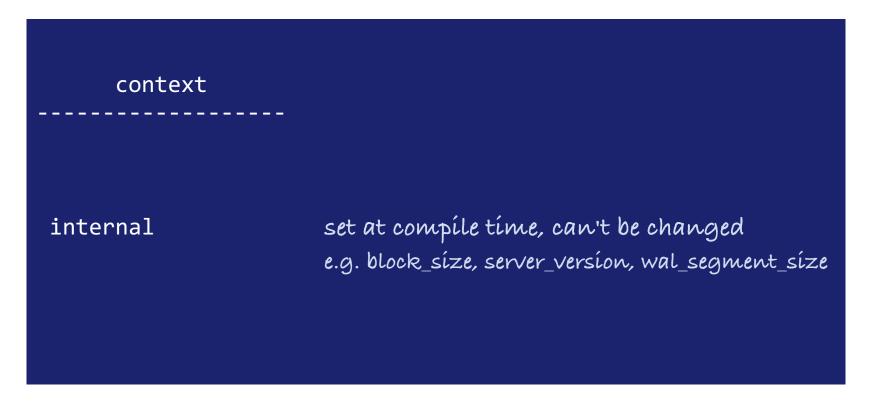
    SET LOCAL parameter = value;

                current transaction
```

Setting Parameters: Context

```
postgres=# SELECT DISTINCT context FROM pg_settings;
      context
 postmaster
 superuser-backend
 user
 internal
 backend
 sighup
 superuser
```

Setting Parameters - context: internal



Setting Parameters - context: postmaster

```
context
                        requires restart of server
postmaster
                        e.g. archive_mode, max_connections
```

Setting Parameters - context: **Sighup**



Setting Parameters - context: Superuser-backend



Setting Parameters - context: backend



Setting Parameters - context: Superuser



Setting Parameters - context: **USE**



Information about Parameters

- Postgres documentation
- Default postgresql.conf
- pg_settings view



Info about Parameters: Postgres Documentation

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config.html

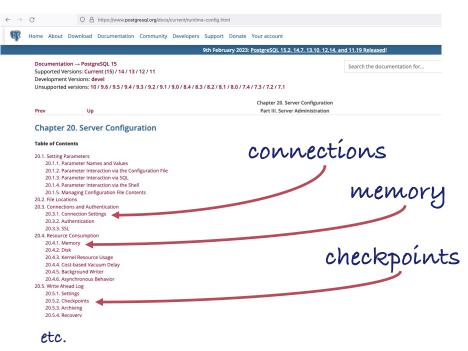
20.3.1. Connection Settings

...

max_connections (integer)

Determines the maximum number of concurrent connections to the database server. The default is typically 100 connections, but might be less if your kernel settings will not support it (as determined during initdb). This parameter can only be set at server start.

When running a standby server, you must set this parameter to the same or higher value than on the primary server. Otherwise, queries will not be allowed in the standby server.



Info about Parameters: postgresql.conf

```
# PostgreSQL configuration file
# This file consists of lines of the form:
   name = value
# (The "=" is optional.) Whitespace may be used. Comments are introduced with
# "#" anywhere on a line. The complete list of parameter names and allowed
# values can be found in the PostgreSQL documentation.
# The commented-out settings shown in this file represent the default values.
# Re-commenting a setting is NOT sufficient to revert it to the default value;
# you need to reload the server.
# This file is read on server startup and when the server receives a SIGHUP
```

Info about Parameters: postgresql.conf

```
# CONNECTIONS AND AUTHENTICATION
                                       # - Connection Settings -
                                       #listen_addresses = 'localhost'
                                                                               # what IP address(es) to listen on;
                                                                               # comma-separated list of addresses;
default values
                                                                               # defaults to 'localhost'; use '*' for all
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
                                        #port = 5432
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
                                       max_connections = 100
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
                                        #superuser_reserved_connections = 3
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
                                       #unix_socket_directories = '/tmp'
                                                                               # comma-separated list of directories
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
                                       #unix_socket_group = ''
                                                                               # (change requires restart)
```

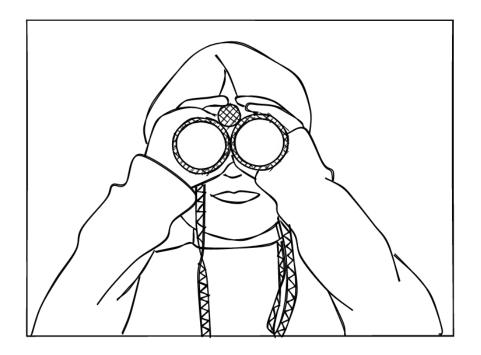
Info about Parameters: pg_settings

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/view-pg-settings.html

```
postgres=# SELECT name, context, unit, min val, max val
postgres-# FROM pg settings
postgres-# WHERE name IN ('max connections','shared buffers','work mem');
                 context | unit | min val | max val
     name
              postmaster 1
max connections
                                         262143
shared buffers | postmaster | 8kB | 16
                                         1073741823
                          kB
work mem
                                64
                                         2147483647
               user
```

Viewing Parameter Values

- SHOW parameter
- pg_settings view



Viewing Parameter Values: SHOW parameter

```
postgres=# SHOW max connections;
max_connections
 200
(1 row)
```

```
postgres=# SHOW work_mem;
work_mem
2MB
(1 row)
```

Viewing Parameter Values: pg_settings

```
postgres=# select * from pg settings where name='max connections';
-[ RECORD 1 ]---+-----
             max connections
name
setting
              100
context
             postmaster
vartype
             | integer
                                      postgresql.auto.conf
                                       if changed via ALTER SYSTEM
             | configuration file
source
boot val
             100
reset val
             100
             /Users/karen/homebrew/var/postgres/postgresql.conf
sourcefile
sourceline
             65
pending restart | f
```

Viewing Parameter Values: pg_settings

```
postgres=# select * from pg settings where name='work mem';
-[ RECORD 1 ]---+----
             | work mem
name
setting
             4096
                        "session" if changed via SET work_mem
             l kB
unit
context
             luser
             | default ◀
source
boot val
             4096
             4096
reset val
sourcefile
sourceline
pending_restart | f
```

Agenda

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
- Most Important Parameters
 - Connections/Sessions
 - Memory
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Connection parameters: listen_addresses

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-connection.html#GUC-LISTEN-ADDRESSES

```
description | Sets the host name or IP address(es) to listen to.

suggested_value | '*'

context | postmaster

default_value | localhost | fyou want to accept connection requests

from all available IP interfaces
```

- "Is the server running on that host and accepting TCP/IP connections?"
- 0.0.0.0 listen for all IPv4 addresses
- :: listen for all IPv6 addresses
- Control who can connect via pg_hba.conf

Connection parameters: max_connections

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-connection.html#GUC-MAX-CONNECTIONS

```
description | Sets the maximum number of concurrent connections.

suggested_value | no more than 500

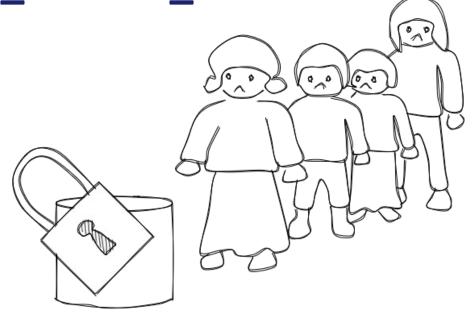
context | postmaster | May need to be much lower default_value | 100 | (<100) on a small system
```

- If max_connections is exceeded: failed: FATAL: sorry, too many clients already
- Think about connection pooling above a few hundred connections

Session parameters:

idle_in_transaction_session_timeout





Session parameters:

idle_in_transaction_session_timeout

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-client.html#GUC-IDLE-IN-TRANSACTION-SESSION-TIMEOUT

```
description | Maximum allowed idle time between queries, when in a transaction.

suggested_value | 30 minutes

unit | ms

context | user

default_value | 0
```

 Sessions that are in a transaction, but waiting for a query hold on to locks and block vacuum

Agenda

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Memory parameters: **shared_buffers**

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-resource.html#GUC-SHARED-BUFFERS

```
description | number of shared memory buffers used by the server.

suggested_value | 25% - 40% available memory

unit | 8kB

context | postmaster | i.e. 128MB | Maybe lower on systems | default_value | 16384 | with < 1GB RAM
```

- Hard allocation at startup
- Benchmark to get right setting

Memory parameters: work_mem

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-resource.html#GUC-WORK-MEM

```
description | maximum memory to be used for query workspaces.

suggested_value | 10MB | Increase per session

context | user | i.e. 4MB | if more is needed

default_value | 4096 |
```

- Increase work_mem for sessions that perform large sort or hash operations
- Set log_temp_files=0 to check if operations are spilling to disk
- TAKE CARE! e.g. 50 users x 4 sorts x 10MB work_mem ≅ 2GB

Memory parameters: maintenance_work_mem

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-resource.html#GUC-MAINTENANCE-WORK-MEM

- Higher value can improve performance of maintenance tasks
- Note: autovacuum will use up to 3 x maintenance_work_mem
 (with default values for autovacuum_work_mem & autovaccum_max_workers)

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
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Logging parameters: log_min_duration_statement

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-logging.html#GUC-LOG-MIN-DURATION-STATEMENT

```
description | min execution time above which all statements will be logged.

suggested_value | 1s

unit | ms

context | superuser  i.e. disabled  "too long" in your system

default_value | -1
```

- Helps track down unoptimized queries
- Consider setting just for debugging

Logging parameters: log_line_prefix

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-logging.html#GUC-LOG-LINE-PREFIX

```
description | Controls information prefixed to each log line.

suggested_value | '%t\%r:\%u\%d: [\%p]: '

context | sighup

default_value | \%m [\%p]

db user name

database connecting to

Add who, what, where, when etc.
```

more information per log line = easier debugging

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
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WAL/Checkpoint parameters: wal_buffers

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-wal.html#GUC-WAL-BUFFERS

```
description | Sets the number of disk-page buffers in shared memory for WAL.

suggested_value | 32MB

unit | 8kB

context | postmaster

default_value | -1
```

- Amount of memory available for WAL before it's synced to disk
- Increase value if you have many concurrent connections

WAL/Checkpoint parameters: **checkpoint_timeout**

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-wal.html#GUC-CHECKPOINT-TIMEOUT

- Checkpoints triggered by timeout = predictability
- Checkpoints are expensive and IO intensive
- Longer timeout = slower crash recovery & more space needed for WAL files

WAL/Checkpoint parameters: max_wal_size

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-wal.html#GUC-MAX-WAL-SIZE

- Prevents WAL directory from filling
- Monitor your logs for checkpoints triggered by max_wal_size

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
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Query tuning parameters: effective_cache_size

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-query.html#GUC-EFFECTIVE-CACHE-SIZE

```
description | Sets planner's assumption about total size of data caches.

suggested_value | 50% to 70% total memory
unit | 8kB

context | user | i.e. 4GB

default_value | 524288 | leave at least enough RAM for shared_buffers + 5% for OS
```

- NOT a memory allocation
- Guideline for the query planner
- Higher value = planner more likely to use indexes to speed up query

Query tuning parameters: random_page_cost

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-query.html#GUC-RANDOM-PAGE-COST

```
description | estimate of the cost of a nonsequentially fetched disk page.
suggested_value | 1.1 for SSD, 2.0 for fast spinning disks
context | user
default_value | 4
```

- Indicates cost to seek random disk page (as multiple of sequential read)
- Lower value makes planner prefer index scans
- Set lower for fast disks, especially SSD

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
- Most Important Parameters
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 - Query Tuning
 - Don't Touch!
- Summary

DON'T TOUCH!

- fsync
- autovacuum



DANGER OF DEATH

DON'T TOUCH: **fsync**

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/runtime-config-wal.html#GUC-FSYNC

```
| Forces synchronization of updates to disk.
short desc
              The server will use the fsync() system call in several
extra desc
  places to make sure that updates are physically written to disk.
  This insures that a database cluster will recover to a consistent
  state after an operating system or hardware crash.
#fsync = on
                           # flush data to disk for crash safety
                           # (turning this off can cause
                           # unrecoverable data corruption)
synchronous commit •
                          switching this off is slightly less scary!
```

DON'T TOUCH: autovacuum

https://www.postgresql.org/docs/15/runtime-config-autovacuum.html#AUTOVACUUM

```
description | Starts the autovacuum subprocess.

suggested_value | on

context | sighup

default_value | on
```

- "optional but highly recommended"
- Executes VACUUM and/or ANALYZE as needed
- Set log_autovacuum_min_duration=0 to monitor autovacuum

- Setting and Viewing Parameters
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Summary

Connections/Sessions

- listen_addresses
- max_connections
- Idle_in_transaction_session_timeout

Memory

- shared buffers
- work mem
- maintenance_work_mem

Logging

- log_min_duration_statement
- log_line_prefix

WAL

- wal buffers
- checkpoint_timeout
- max wal size

Query Tuning

- effective_cache_size
- random_page_cost

Don't Touch!

- fsync
- autovacuum

Summary – the lazy version

- shared_buffers
- work_mem
- maintenance_work_mem
- wal_buffers
- effective cache size

Conclusions

- PostgreSQL really does Just WorkTM
- Tune 13 parameters (and leave 2 alone)
- Suggested values are starting points, not directives
- Leave your database to look after itself



Thank You!

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Image acknowledgements

- Elephant with balloon: <u>Jan-Mikael Stjernberg</u> at <u>Pixabay</u>
- Binoculars: Based on image by <u>nightowl</u> at <u>Pixabay</u>
- Reading: Based on image by <u>Лариса Мозговая</u> at <u>Pixabay</u>
- Danger: Based on image by <u>8ocho8</u> at <u>Pixabay</u>