

VA - 3 : Verbal Logic - 1

Workshop

Number of Questions : 35

WSP-0010/18

Content:

**Para Jumble – MCQ, Para Jumble - Non-MCQ
and Para Jumble - Odd one out**

Para Jumble - MCQ

Directions for questions 1 to 10: Each of the following questions contains a set of sentences which need to be rearranged in a logical order to make a coherent paragraph. In some questions the first, last, or both sentences might be given. Arrange the other sentences. Mark the correct option as your answer.

1. A. adding – an hourly assimilation goes forward, and there is no danger that local peculiarities and hostilities should be preserved.
B. To us Americans, it seems to have fallen as a political aid. We could not else have held the vast North America together, which we now engage to do.
C. Essayist Ralph Waldo Emerson saw the locomotive as an agent of domestic harmony.
D. He observed that – the locomotive and the steamboat, like enormous shuttles, shoot every day across the thousand various threads of national descent and employment and bind them fast in one web,

- (1) CBAD (2) DBAC
(3) CDAB (4) BDCA

2. A. They – having grown large and powerful – provoke the same public scepticism that other large institutions in the society do.
B. Until recently, it looked as if the media had convinced the public that journalists were more reliable than the government.
C. A series of media scandals has contributed to this. Many Americans have concluded that the media is no more credible than the government, and public opinion surveys reflect much ambivalence about the press.
D. With the passage of time, the media houses have lost lustre.
E. However, this may be changing.

- (1) CDABE (2) BECAD
(3) DEBAC (4) BEDAC

3. S1. While leaks are generally defended by media officials on the grounds of the public's – right to know, in reality they are part of the policy process.
A. In either instance, it closes the circle: the leak begins with a political motive, is advanced by a politicized media, and continues because of politics.
B. In the first case, he is helping himself by enhancing the prestige of a journalist; in the second, he is using the media as a stage for his preferred policies.
C. Although some of the journalists think *they* are doing the work, they are more often than not instruments of the process, not prime movers.
D. The "leaker" may be currying favor with the media, or may be planting information to influence policy.

S6. The media must be held accountable for their activities, just like every other significant institution in our society, and the media must be forced to earn the public's trust.

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| (1) DBAC | (2) BCAD |
| (3) DACB | (4) ABDC |

4. A. Strongly influenced by such psychological theory, our culture has been taken in by the –superiority of mother theory.
 B. Sigmund Freud considered the mother, but not the father, to have a prominent role in infant development. Gadpaille argues that maternalism is instinctual to females, not only in the species but in mammals generally.
 C. Psychology has reflected and contributed to the cultural bias of exalting motherhood at the expense of fatherhood.
 D. He warns that anyone advocating–male mothering may bring harm to everyone concerned.

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| (1) CBAD | (2) CBDA |
| (3) CDBA | (4) CABD |

5. S1. Australia's rainforests—those unimportant appendages—are now widely acknowledged as being the most ancient of humanity's land-based ecosystems, which gave rise to most others.
 A. Australian botanists have recently completed a catalogue of Australian plants; in which they list 18,000 species.
 B. Botanical discoveries of worldwide importance are being made in them every year.
 C. Yet they estimate that about 7,000 undiscovered plant species still exist in Australia.
 D. Many surely inhabit Australian rainforests and are members of ancient and bizarre families, like the southern pine (*Podocarpus* species) recently found growing in a steep valley in Arnhem Land, thousands of kilometers distant from its nearest relatives.

E. Their taxonomic work over recent years has resulted in a 50 percent increase in the number of species in the groups examined.

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| (1) BAECD | (2) AEBCD |
| (3) CDAEB | (4) BDECA |

6. A. Environmentalists argue that evidence for harm is too strong to permit delay.
 B. But in the absence of conclusive evidence, what are policymakers to do?
 C. Predictably, attempts to whipsaw public opinion have already begun.
 D. Corporate lobbyists urge that action be put on hold until science resolves the unanswered questions.
 E. What measure can they take to handle a problem whose magnitude is unknown?

S6. This issue is especially tough because the chemicals under scrutiny are found almost everywhere.

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| (1) EBCAD | (2) BECAD |
| (3) EBCDA | (4) BECDA |

7. A. Like her choice of clothes, this male identity gave her more freedom of expression, both literally and figuratively.
 B. Using a male name set her apart and added to her persona as an unusual and fascinating woman.
 C. Writing under a false name allowed her to distance parts of her character – her roles as wife, mother, and caregiver – from the creative and literary parts that formed the basis for her role as an author.
 D. Given that George Sand began writing under this masculine name at around the same time as she began to roam around Paris in pants and a jacket – typically male clothing – it is not hard to understand why she chose a masculine pseudonym.
 E. And in the end, the reason why she chose this particular pen-name is not nearly as important as the vast quantity of writing – articles, letters, novels, plays – that forms her legacy to the field of French literature.

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| (1) DACBE | (2) CEABD |
| (3) DEACB | (4) CDABE |

8. A. Consequences of the boomtown also harm the project developer.
 B. Newcomers may blame old-timers for a lack of support just as old-timers may blame them for a deterioration of community life.
 C. While the boomtown promotes “us vs. them” or “the old timers versus persons brought to the community by the boom”, the fact remains that all parties suffer.
 D. Problems of rapid growth in some boomtowns are compounded by the fact that most of the population disappears with the completion of project construction.
 E. The undesirable community results in poor worker productivity and frequent worker turnover, factors that delay construction and push projects over budget.

- (1) CABDE (2) DBACE
 (3) CBAED (4) CDBAE

9. S1. An attempt upon a crowned head or a president is sensational enough in a way, but not so much as it used to be.
 A. Horrible enough at first sight no doubt, and yet not so effective as a person of ordinary mind might think.
 B. It has entered into the general conception of the existence of all chiefs of state.
 C. No matter how revolutionary and anarchist in inception, there would be fools enough to give such an outrage the character of a religious manifestation.
 D. Now let us take an outrage upon – say – a church.
 S6. And that would detract from the especial alarming significance we wish to give to the act.

- (1) DABC (2) BDAC
 (3) BADC (4) ADCB

10. A. India is also concerned about China’s expanding naval presence in the Indian Ocean region.
 B. It is significant for India that 60% of India’s seaborne trade passes through Malacca Strait which opens into the South China Sea.
 C. This was the first time that India referred to the South China Sea as “West Phillipine Sea” in any official document.
 D. Additionally, Beijing is looking to acquire a base for its navy in Djibouti, located strategically on the horn of Africa.

- (1) ADBC (2) ACBD
 (3) CBAD (4) CDBA

Para Jumble – Non-MCQ

Directions for questions 11 to 24: Each of the following questions contains a set of sentences which need to be rearranged in a logical order to make a coherent paragraph. Write the correct sequence as your answer.

11. (1) The Wolverine we have come to know is vigorous and invincible.
 (2) His claws are malfunctioning, his healing powers are fading, and the toxicity of his metal-laced skeleton is slowly killing him.
 (3) It is a shambolic shadow of his former self, the slashing super-hero Jackman has played in seven films over seventeen years.
 (4) When we first see Hugh Jackman in the new film *Logan*, his character is hungover and hobbling.
 (5) Now he is worn out and wracked with chronic pain, which he self-medicates with booze.

12.
 - (1) These are rules that are written into union contracts hashed out in a political process, and management doesn't have the authority to overturn them.
 - (2) The most obvious area for savings is in actual wages and benefits, but many mainstream conservative and libertarian publications have written a lot about this issue, so I want to focus on inefficient work rules.
 - (3) The list is by no means comprehensive – either about all the cities that have these problems or about the different types of problems – and I encourage people to share any knowledge they have on the subject in the comments.
 - (4) Here's a round-up of the major issues that I found with various American transit unions.
 - (5) I found surprisingly little on the issue in the academic literature, but there's plenty on it in newspapers.
13.
 - (1) But I seriously submit to you if you had dropped this restaurant on any spot on the planet before about 1940, to say nothing of 1200 AD or 1000 BC, you would be surprised.
 - (2) It's another reason we are all fortunate to live in our times, right now.
 - (3) Go ahead and dismiss that statement as hyperbole if you want to.
 - (4) There weren't enough travelers and traders alive to make it possible much less affordable.
 - (5) All the people would have been in profound awe and regarded it as a sector of heaven that had somehow dropped from the sky.
14.
 - (1) An analysis by Advocates for Children of New Jersey noted "a substantial and persistent achievement gap" between students at charter and traditional public schools.
 - (2) The reasons are obvious.
 - (3) For example, while 71 percent of charter school students in Newark passed third-grade language arts tests in 2013-14, higher than the state average of 66 percent; only 41 percent of students in Newark traditional public schools passed those tests.
15.
 - (1) A study shows that Milwaukee's landmark voucher program will save taxpayers hundreds of millions of dollars.
 - (2) This increase in education translates into higher incomes, more tax revenue and a lower likelihood of reliance on government welfare or other payments.
 - (3) And, what do you know, it found that students participating in Milwaukee's voucher program will provide the city, state and students nearly \$500 million in economic benefits through 2035 thanks to higher graduation and lower crime rates.
 - (4) The Wisconsin Institute for Law and Liberty, a nonprofit that advocates for limited government and education reform, decided to look at the relative cost and benefits of choice schools.
 - (5) Meanwhile, greater economic opportunity also prevents young adults of the area from turning to crime.
16.
 - (1) It could be both. He feels elsewhere, detached.
 - (2) They don't notice him break away from them, or if they do, they don't comment.
 - (3) He moves away from the others, their constant chat blending into a tedious monotonous sound in his head.
 - (4) And if he yawns one more time, his companions will have no hesitation in calling him out on it.
 - (5) He's not sure if it's the jet lag or if he's simply not interested in what's going on.

17. (1) Instead these administrators described the hardest challenge as identifying how much tax a citizen has already paid.
 (2) As researchers working in South Asia – a region that remains home to the highest number of people living in extreme poverty – we have witnessed the pervasive effects of data deprivation on the ground.
 (3) Usable data systems being absent, they can't verify sums collected and so require tax payers to document taxes paid.
 (4) Since most taxpayers fail to provide such evidence, the tax administration is unable to undertake basic tasks.
 (5) When tax administrators were asked in Pakistan about work challenges, it was assumed that underreporting would be the crux of their woes. (CAT 2015, Memory based)
18. (1) A look at a 1970 article by Jan Sinott in *Off Our Backs* shows that an earlier generation of feminists was considering—and rating—the chauvinism of pop culture.
 (2) Sinott explores the phenomenon of Saturday morning cartoons, which was still less than a decade old in 1970.
 (3) Designed to occupy kids while parents slept, did chores, or enjoyed their weekends, Saturday morning was a broadcast haven for children. But, found Sinott, it was also a refuge for chauvinism.
 (4) How representative—or chauvinist—is popular media? It's a question that still intrigues modern-day feminists, some of whom rely on "The Bechdel Test" (does a movie have at least two women in it who talk to each other about something besides a man?) to figure out if films and TV shows foster gender inequality.
 (5) Though Alison Bechdel famously came up with the test in her *Dykes to Watch Out For* comic strip in 1985, she wasn't the first to ponder how to assess media inclusiveness. (CAT 2015, memory based)
19. (1) Perhaps because the other American cities she knew well had all smelled distinctly.
 (2) Although Ifemelu liked the tranquil greenness of the many trees, the clean streets and stately homes, the delicately overpriced shops and the quiet, abiding air of earned grace, it was this, the lack of a smell, that most appealed to her.
 (3) But Baltimore had no smell.
 (4) Philadelphia had the musty scent of history. New Haven smelled of neglect.
 (5) Princeton, in the summer, smelled of nothing.
20. (1) He realized that if he had to fight for freedom, he first needed to understand the people.
 (2) The Dandi march was an iconic event watched and discussed globally.
 (3) One of the first things that barrister Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi, another Gujarati, did after he returned to India from South Africa in 1914 was to travel all across the country.
 (4) Gandhi understood the power of symbolism like few other leaders did in India.
 (5) In one of the most symbolic political acts across the world, he led a historic march in 1930 from the Sarbarmati Ashram to the coastal village of Dandi over a distance of 390 km to break the salt tax laws of the British.
21. (1) You have not become master, but neither are you where you were before.
 (2) But theory makes mastery impossible, not only because there is always more to know, but, more specifically and more painfully, because theory is itself the questioning of presumed results and the assumptions on which they are based.
 (3) You have different questions to ask and a better sense of the implication of the questions you put to works you read.

- (4) Theory makes you desire mastery too; you hope that theoretical reading will give you the concepts to organize and understand the phenomena that concern you.
- (5) The nature of theory is to undo, through a contesting of premises and postulates, what you thought you knew, so the effect of theory are not predictable.
22. (1) He orders great criminal to have noses or ears cut off, or a hand, but he never takes a life.
- (2) He is extremely brave, and though he has been successful in his military campaigns, it has been by treaties and cunning negotiations that he has made himself the absolute king of Punjab and Kashmir.
- (3) But this model king is no saint: far from it.
- (4) He cares nothing for law or good faith; but he is not cruel.
- (5) He is also a shameless rogue who flaunts his vices as Henry III did in our country.
23. (1) But of all these ways, to be about to act knowing the persons, and then not to act, is the worst.
- (2) The action may be done consciously and with knowledge of the persons, in the manner of the older poets.
- (3) Here, indeed, the incident is outside the drama proper; but cases occur where it falls within the action of the play.
- (4) Or, again, the deed of horror may be done, but done in ignorance, and the tie of kinship or friendship be discovered afterwards. The Oedipus of Sophocles is an example.
- (5) It is thus too that Euripides makes Medea slay her children.
24. (1) By the time they encountered extremism, they'd already developed a lot of negative, emotional characteristics such as depression, anger and frustration.
- (2) Problems such as child abuse, sexual abuse, parental neglect or family substance abuse were common.
- (3) That's when hate groups can step in, giving these young people not only an outlet for channeling those feelings but also a social and safe haven to practice them.
- (4) Many of them grew up in unstable families, though they were not necessarily economically deprived.
- (5) There are several common denominators in the backgrounds of white supremacists.

Para Jumble – Odd one out

Directions for questions 25 to 35: Each of the following questions contains a set of five sentences out of which four can be rearranged to make a meaningful paragraph. One of the sentences doesn't fit. Mark that sentence as your answer.

25. (1) I was struggling to contain my toddler, who was a hydra-like mess of limbs fighting to race freely up and down the corridor.
- (2) Vianney's English is quintessential California: lots of "likes" and drawn out "yeahs" and "killed its," with big vowels and sentences that curl at their ends into question-like realizations.
- (3) "She's beautiful," Vianney said, and we started chatting.
- (4) They are the features of a violinist, which she has been since she was eight years old.
- (5) I met Vianney Bernabé in the buffet line at the Fiesta Inn during the Fulbright orientation in Mexico City.

26. (1) He had never heard of Baiersdorf until he looked at one of his family trees.
 (2) The Bavarian village 12 miles north of Nuremberg as the crow flies made a pleasant, pastoral impression.
 (3) In the first half of the 19th century, the era in which the two men were born, almost one third of Baiersdorf's 1,400 residents was Jewish.
 (4) In 2000, Birnbaum, a corporate business development manager, had come all the way from Rechovot, Israel.
 (5) His great-great-grandfather, the renowned numismatist Abraham Merzbacher, was born there in 1812, as was another famous relative, the mountaineer and explorer Gottfried Merzbacher.
27. (1) My father's father wasn't a warm man.
 (2) My protestant paternal family has lived in Baiersdorf for generations.
 (3) We have always been here.
 (4) I grew up there until I was 12 and my parents divorced.
 (5) When I asked my grandmother where our ancestors came from, the answer was always the same.
28. (1) Embarked upon his second glass of a "corky but rather impressive claret," Nick remarks that the conversation has grown a bit too *recherché* for his taste.
 (2) "You make me feel uncivilized, Daisy."
 (3) Our narrator, Nick Carraway, is chatting away aimlessly with his sophisticated cousin Daisy Buchanan and her equally sophisticated friend, Jordan Baker.
 (4) It comes in Chapter One of *The Great Gatsby*, where Fitzgerald introduces his *dramatis personae*.
 (5) He discovered, and described, an emerging social type: the reactionary pedant.
29. (1) Himalayan rivers, fed by glacial melt water and monsoon rain, offer an immense resource.
 (2) The recent earthquake in Nepal destroyed a lot of factories and home.
- (3) They could spin turbines to light up swathes of energy-starved South Asia.
 (4) Exports of electricity and power for Nepal's own homes and factories could invigorate the dirt-poor economy.
 (5) National income per person in Nepal was just \$692 last year, below half the level for South Asia as a whole.
- (CAT, 2015 – Memory based)**
30. (1) No one, other than the suspect and victim, actually sees when circumstantial evidence is left at the crime scene.
 (2) For example, finding a suspect's gun at the site of a shooting is circumstantial evidence of the suspect's presence there.
 (3) Though admissible, circumstantial evidence is more often than not sufficient for conviction.
 (4) Circumstantial evidence is indirect evidence that can be used to imply a fact but that does not directly prove it.
 (5) But circumstantial evidence found at a crime scene may provide a link between a crime scene and a suspect.
- (CAT, 2015 – Memory based)**
31. (1) In mouse studies, blocking the hormone solves the problems of obesity, increasing the calories burned, reducing abdominal fat, slowing bone loss and even encouraging physical activity.
 (2) "It's a super interesting idea," said Dr. Daniel Bessesen, an obesity expert and professor of medicine at the University of Colorado School of Medicine. With obesity rising, "we definitely need some new ideas."
 (3) The work began when Dr. Mone Zaidi, a professor of medicine at the Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai in New York City, became curious about whether a reproductive hormone — F.S.H., or follicle-stimulating hormone — affects bone density.
 (4) The notion that such a simple intervention could solve two big problems of obesity while ageing has received the attention of researchers and has prompted commentaries in prestigious journals.

- (5) Obesity is mostly preventable through a combination of social changes and personal choices.
32. (1) The Taliban's foreign affairs spokesman, Faiz Ahmad Faiz, insisted that the diamond was the 'legitimate property' of Afghanistan, adding that 'many other things' stolen from Afghanistan during the colonial period must be returned so that the Taliban could reconstruct their war-torn country.
- (2) In November 2000, the Taliban demanded that Queen Elizabeth hand the Koh-i-Noor to them 'as soon as possible'.
- (3) Unsurprisingly, nothing came of the Taliban request, and no further approach has been made by the Afghan government.
- (4) Faiz went on: "The history of the diamond shows it was taken from us to India, and from there to Britain. We have a much better claim than the Indians."
- (5) Presumably, they wished to display it in the bombed-out museum in Kabul.
33. (1) An AU is 150,000,000 kilometers, which means that the planet could orbit as far from the Sun as 240,000,000,000 kilometers.
- (2) The astronomers who published their discovery have calculated that there is "only a 0.007 percent chance, or about one in 15,000, that the clustering could be a coincidence."
- (3) Before the discovery of Pluto in the 20th century, it had been theorized that a ninth planet, Planet X, existed beyond Neptune due to the gravitational clustering that could only be caused by a massive object.
- (4) Presently, Planet Nine remains hypothetical, but astronomers have calculated its orbit to be quite massive.
- (5) It was then believed that this planet was found in Pluto, but that never fully quantified the gravitational distortion until scientists at the California Institute of Technology presented evidence that a ninth planet truly does exist with an orbital period of 15,000 years.
34. (1) A new study, published Tuesday in Proceedings of the Royal Society B, suggests that the way sleep patterns change with age may be an evolutionary adaptation that helped our ancestors survive the night by ensuring one person in a community was awake at all times.
- (2) The researchers called this phenomenon the "poorly sleeping grandparent hypothesis," suggesting that an older member of a community who woke before dawn might have been crucial to spotting the threat of a hungry predator while younger people were still asleep.
- (3) To see how generalizable these results are in other populations, Dr. Samson is planning to perform similar studies in hunter-gatherer societies farther from the Equator, where there is greater variation in light and temperature.
- (4) Researchers analyzed the sleep patterns of a society of hunter-gatherers in Tanzania called the Hadza.
- (5) It may explain why people slept in mixed-age groups through much of human history.
35. (1) But he did put his finger on quite a puzzle: Why is there beauty?
- (2) Why is there any beauty at all?
- (3) Beauty was not what I was thinking the world was full of when he brought it up.
- (4) Dr. Prakash wants to push evolutionary biologists to re-examine their assumptions about utility and beauty, objectivity and subjectivity.
- (5) The physicist, Manu Prakash, was captivated by the beautiful patterns in seawater made as starfish larvae swam about.

1	3	2	4	3	1	4	2	5	1	6	4	7	1	8	3	9	2	10	3
11	43152	12	21543	13	23154	14	42513	15	14325	16	35142	17	25134	18	45123	19	52143	20	31452
21	42513	22	34125	23	25431	24	54213	25	4	26	2	27	1	28	5	29	2	30	3
31	5	32	3	33	1	34	3	35	4										

1. 3 Paragraph starts with C, followed by D as it adds his observation. Then A as it adds additional information and finally B, the conclusion.
2. 4 B introduces the argument. Since the remaining passage gives the opposite view, E connects changes the tone and hence follows B. D gives the lead for the upcoming argument. A gives the argument and C explains the reasons behind that argument.
3. 1 Opening sentence introduces the concepts of leaks. D adds information about the leaker. B adds information about the leaker. A adds information for the points mentioned in B. C speaks about journalists, which is the concluding statement (about media), hence C should be the last sentence
4. 2 C introduces the topic. B develops on the point mentioned in C. D follows C and A follows D.
5. 1 B follows the opening sentence. A follows B. E speaks about botanists, mentioned in A. C and D make a pair and follow E.
6. 4 BE is a mandatory pair (both are questions). C shows a possible answer to the questions. A comes at the end as it makes a mandatory pair with the last sentence given. Hence, option 4 is the best choice.
7. 1 E has to be the last sentence. D is the opening sentence. Only option 1 has this.
8. 3 C is clearly the opening sentence. CB make a mandatory pair as B explains the problems that arise because of C. A comes after B ("also"). Option 3 is the best answer.
9. 2 B follows S1 giving a reason why terror attempts on a chief of state are no longer as sensational as they used to be. BD is a mandatory pair since 'now' in D

serves to contrast an attempt on the life of a chief of state with an 'outrage upon a church'. A follows D since the 'horrible enough' in A refers to the outrage mentioned in D. Option 3 is incorrect as A cannot come after B. It is not clear what 'horrible enough at first sight' refers to. It can refer to 'an attempt on a crowned head' or the fact that 'it has entered into the general conception of all chiefs'. Moreover, C gives a reason why such an outrage might fail (someone giving it a religious manifestation) which fits in perfectly before S6.

10. 3 The opening sentence is c because it talks about a first time occurrence. The presence of the word 'ALSO' in A makes BA a pair. Likewise AD is a pair.

11. 43152

43 is a clear mandatory pair. 52 too is a mandatory pair. The "now" in 5 requires 1 to be placed before to show the contrast. 4 is the opening sentence too.

12. 21543

2 is the opening sentence. 1 follows with "these laws". 5 follows with "the issue". 4 introduces other issues too. Hence it will come after. 43 makes a mandatory pair.

13. 23154

2 is the opening sentence as it introduces the topic. Hyperbole in 3 refers to 2. 1 follows with "But I...". 15 make a mandatory pair thematically. 4 comes at the end.

14. 42513

4 opens the paragraph. 2 follows with "the reasons" which talk about why the Newark experience matters. 5 gives the list of "reasons". 13 follow with the analysis.

15. 14325
14 make a mandatory pair (a study-the institute). 3 follows with "and". 25 talk about the same issue. 2 will come after 143 as "this increase" refers to the finding of the study.
16. 35142
This is a story. The chronological sequence make it an extremely easy to attempt question.
17. 25134
CAT question. General-Specific theme.
18. 45123
CAT question. Look at the years of the chronological sequence.
19. 52143
It's a narrative passage. It must be easy to answer. The mandatory pairs can be found by following the theme of the narration.
20. 31452
Sentence 3 gives the full name of the main character. Hence, it is the first sentence. 31 make a link (travel all across – understand the people). 4 introduces the first act of Gandhi as a leader. 452 make a mandatory sequence.
21. 42513
4 introduces the concept of what theory does to one's desire to master something. 2 contradicts it by stating the basic nature of theory. 5 takes this idea further (questioning of results- undo..what you thought you knew). 1 is a result of this training via theory. 13 create a thematic mandatory pair.
22. 34125
3 introduces with the word king. 41 follow because they show the imperfections of the king. Furthermore, 4 and 1 have the concept of cruelty in common. Between 2 and 5, 2 should come before. As it continues to talk about the imperfection of the king. If 5 comes first, 2 can't follow it. But 5 can come at the end. The next paragraph will take the idea forward.
23. 25431
2 opens with the description of how the action can be done. 5 is an example of "conscious and knowledge" behind one's action. 4 gives another way the action can be done. 3 is an example of the theme mentioned in 4. 1 comes at the end as it gives a conclusion.
24. 54213
5 is the topic sentence. 4 gives one reason and 2 further explains it. 13 is a pair as "that's when" in 3 refers to the "by the time they encountered extremism".
25. 4
5132 is the correct sequence as the author describes a particular meeting. 4 talks about some violinist who has not been introduced in the paragraph.
26. 2
4153 is the correct sequence. This paragraph talks about the discovery made by one person regarding his family tree. 4 introduces the person. 1 talks about the family tree. 5 and 3 take the idea further. 2 talks about some other theme and doesn't fit the paragraph.
27. 1
2453 is the correct sequence. 2 introduces the topic. 5 is a question whose answer is 3. 1 doesn't belong to this discussion.
28. 5
4312 is the correct sequence. 5 is the odd one out because there is no clarity as to whom this "he" refers to.
29. 2
1345 is the right order. It's a CAT question.
30. 3
4512 is the right order. It's a CAT question. The entire paragraph talks about circumstantial evidence and its utility. Whether it is admissible or sufficient for conviction is a new idea.
31. 5
1423 is the correct sequence. 1 introduces the topic of how to find a cure or a particular research regarding curing obesity. This is the central theme of this paragraph. It doesn't talk about the cause(s) of obesity. Hence, 5 is the odd one out.
32. 3
2514 is the correct sequence. The passage has a strong "action sequence". 25 make a mandatory pair and so do 1 and 4. 3, despite being a part of the narrative, has to come in the next paragraph or at the end. It has to be the odd one out.
33. 1
3524 is the correct sequence. Sentence 1, in order to be a part of this paragraph, needs another sentence before it. Hence, it is the odd one out.
34. 3
1254 is the correct sequence. The phrase "similar studies" in 3 makes this the odd one out. The paragraph talks about a particular research but it doesn't talk anything about how the research was conducted. The study has just been introduced in sentence 4. Hence, 3 is the odd one out.
35. 4
3512 is the correct sequence. 4 is a conclusion. It will come after the discussion is over. This paragraph seems to be the opening paragraph of a particular essay.