

JavaTM Education & Technology Services

Java Server Faces (JSF)



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Chapter 3

Page Navigation



Chapter 3 Outline

- **□What is Navigation?**
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What is Navigation?

- Navigation: is a set of rules for choosing the next page to be displayed after a button or hyperlink is clicked.
- The selection of the next page is determined by:
 - The page that is currently displayed.
 - The action method invoked by the action property of the component that generated the event.
 - The outcomes of decisions in the business logic.
- The navigation handler is responsible for selecting the next JSF page.



Types of Navigation

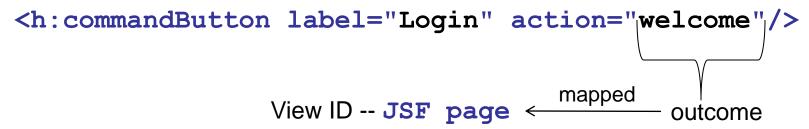
- Types of Navigation:
 - Static Navigation
 - Dynamic Navigation



Types of Navigation (Cont'd)

Static Navigation

In /index.xhtml



- The outcome is transformed into a view ID through:
 - If it doesn't have a file extension, then append the extension of the current view.
 - If it doesn't start with a /, then goes as the path of the current view.

Outcome: welcome > View ID: /welcome.xhtml



Types of Navigation (Cont'd)

Dynamic Navigation

```
In /index.xhtml
```

Method in loginBean:

```
public String verify() { // It can have any return type
    if (...)
      return "success";
    else
      return "failure";
    }
```



Types of Navigation (Cont'd)

- Dynamic Navigation (Cont'd)
 - Steps of Dynamic Navigation:
 - 1. The specified bean is retrieved.
 - The referenced method is called.
 - 3. The outcome string is transformed into a view ID.
 - 4. The navigation handler looks up the page corresponding to the view ID.



Mapping Outcomes to View IDs

- The method that computes the outcome should not have to know the exact names of the web pages.
- JSF2.0 provides a mechanism for mapping logical outcomes to actual web pages.
- Add navigation-rule entries into faces-config.xml.



Mapping Outcomes to View IDs (Cont'd)

```
<navigation-rule>
  <from-view-id> /index.xhtml </from-view-id>
  <navigation-case>
    <from-outcome> success </from-outcome>
    <to-view-id> /welcome.xhtml </to-view-id>
  </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```



Mapping Outcomes to View IDs (Cont'd)

```
<navigation-rule>
```

// no from-view-id : This rule applies to all pages

<navigation-case>

<from-outcome> success </from-outcome>

<to-view-id> /welcome.xhtml </to-view-id>

</navigation-case>

</navigation-rule>



Mapping Outcomes to View IDs (Cont'd)

```
<navigation-rule>
   <from-view-id> /index.xhtml </from-view-id>
   <navigation-case>
      <from-outcome> success </from-outcome>
      <to-view-id> /welcome.xhtml </to-view-id>
   </navigation-case>
   <navigation-case>
      <from-outcome> failure </from-outcome>
      <to-view-id> /newuser.xhtml </to-view-id>
   </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```



Wildcards

```
<navigation-rule>
   <from-view-id> /secure/*</from-view-id>
   <navigation-case>
   </navigation-case>
                            <navigation-rule>
</navigation-rule>
                                <from-view-id> /*</from-view-id>
                            </navigation-rule>
                            <navigation-rule>
                                <from-view-id> *</from-view-id>
                            </navigation-rule>
```



from-action

```
<navigation-rule>
   <from-view-id> /login.xhtml</from-view-id>
   <navigation-case>
       <from-action>#{quizBean.answerAction}</from-action>
         <from-outcome>again</from-outcome>
         <to-view-id>/again.xhtml</to-view-id>
   </navigation-case>
   <navigation-case>
       <from-action>#{quizBean.startAction}</from-action>
         <from-outcome>again</from-outcome>
         <to-view-id>/Home.xhtml</to-view-id>
   </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```



Conditional Navigation Cases

```
<navigation-case>
```

```
<from-outcome>previous</from-outcome>
```

```
<if> #{quizBean.currentQuestion != 0} </if>
```

<to-view-id>/main.xhtml </to-view-id>

</navigation-case>



Dynamic Target View IDs

```
<navigation-case>
```

.

<to-view-id> #{quizBean.nextViewID} </to-view-id>

</navigation-case>



Redirection

- JSF can send an HTTP redirect to the client.
- The redirect response tells the client which URL to use for the next page.
- The client then makes a GET request to that URL.
- Redirecting is slow because another round trip to the browser is involved.



More...

Redirection and the Flash.

RESTful Navigation and Bookmarkable URLs