# Package 'Lahman'

May 2, 2019

```
Type Package
Title Sean 'Lahman' Baseball Database
Version 7.0-1
Date 2019-05-01
Author Michael Friendly [aut],
     Chris Dalzell [cre, aut],
     Martin Monkman [aut],
     Dennis Murphy [aut],
     Vanessa Foot [ctb],
     Justeena Zaki-Azat [ctb]
Maintainer Chris Dalzell <cdalzell@gmail.com>
Description Provides the tables from the 'Sean Lahman Baseball Database' as
     a set of R data.frames. It uses the data on pitching, hitting and fielding
     performance and other tables from 1871 through 2018, as recorded in the 2019
     version of the database. Documentation examples show how many baseball
     questions can be investigated.
Depends R (>= 2.10)
Suggests lattice, ggplot2, googleVis, data.table, vcd, reshape2,
     tidyr, zipcode, knitr, rmarkdown, car
Imports dplyr
License GPL
URL http://lahman.r-forge.r-project.org/
LazyLoad yes
LazyData yes
BugReports https://github.com/cdalzell/Lahman/issues
Repository CRAN
Repository/R-Forge/Project lahman
Repository/R-Forge/Revision 39
Repository/R-Forge/DateTimeStamp 2013-06-01 03:33:30
Date/Publication 2019-05-02 09:30:03 UTC
```

**64** 

Index

NeedsCompilation no

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

VignetteBuilder knitr

# R topics documented:

ahman-package	3
ıllstarFull	5
ppearances	6
wardsManagers	8
wardsPlayers	10
wardsShareManagers	11
wardsSharePlayers	12
atting	14
attingLabels	18
attingPost	19
attingStats	21
'ollegePlaying	22
ielding	23
ieldingOF	25
ieldingPost	27
[allOfFame	28
abel	32
ahmanData	33
Sanagers	34
ManagersHalf	38
laster	39
arks	41
eople	42
itching	44
itchingPost	47
layerInfo	49
alaries	50
chools	53
eriesPost	
eams	56
eamsFranchises	61
eamsHalf	62

Lahman-package 3

Lahman-package

Sean Lahman's Baseball Database

#### **Description**

This database contains pitching, hitting, and fielding statistics for Major League Baseball from 1871 through 2018. It includes data from the two current leagues (American and National), the four other "major" leagues (American Association, Union Association, Players League, and Federal League), and the National Association of 1871-1875.

This database was created by Sean Lahman, who pioneered the effort to make baseball statistics freely available to the general public. What started as a one man effort in 1994 has grown tremendously, and now a team of researchers have collected their efforts to make this the largest and most accurate source for baseball statistics available anywhere.

This database, in the form of an R package offers a variety of interesting challenges and opportunities for data processing and visualization in R.

In the current version, the examples make extensive use of the dplyr package for data manipulation (tabulation, queries, summaries, merging, etc.), reflecting the original relational database design and ggplot2 for graphics.

#### **Details**

Package: Lahman
Type: Package
Version: 7.0-1
Date: 2019-05-01

License: GPL version 2 or newer

LazyLoad: yes LazyData: yes

The main form of this database is a relational database in Microsoft Access format. The design follows these general principles: Each player is assigned a unique code (playerID). All of the information in different tables relating to that player is tagged with his playerID. The playerIDs are linked to names and birthdates in the People table. Similar links exist among other tables via analogous \*ID variables.

The database is composed of the following main tables:

People Player names, dates of birth, death and other biographical info

Batting batting statistics
Pitching pitching statistics

Fielding fielding statistics

A collection of other tables is also provided:

Teams:

4 Lahman-package

Teams yearly stats and standings split season data for teams
TeamsFranchises franchise information

# Post-season play:

BattingPost post-season batting statistics
PitchingPost post-season pitching statistics
FieldingPost post-season fielding data
SeriesPost post-season series information

#### Awards:

AwardsManagers awards won by managers awards won by players
AwardsShareManagers award voting for manager awards
AwardsSharePlayers award voting for player awards

Hall of Fame: links to People via hof ID

Hall of Fame voting data

# Other tables:

AllstarFull - All-Star games appearances; Managers - managerial statistics; FieldingOF - out-field position data; ManagersHalf - split season data for managers; Salaries - player salary data; Appearances - data on player appearances; Schools - Information on schools players attended; CollegePlaying - Information on schools players attended, by player and year;

Variable label tables are provided for some of the tables:

battingLabels, pitchingLabels, fieldingLabels

# Author(s)

Michael Friendly, Dennis Murphy, Chris Dalzell, Martin Monkman

Maintainer: Chris Dalzell <cdalzell@gmail.com>

# Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, Main page, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

AllstarFull 5

AllstarFull

AllstarFull table

# **Description**

All Star appearances by players

# Usage

```
data(AllstarFull)
```

#### **Format**

```
A data frame with 5291 observations on the following 8 variables.

playerID Player ID code
yearID Year
gameNum Game number (for years in which more than one game was played)
gameID Game ID code
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AL NL
GP Game played (zero if player did not appear in game)
startingPos If the player started, what position he played
```

# Source

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

```
data(AllstarFull)
# find number of appearances by players in the All Star games
player_appearances <- with(AllstarFull, rev(sort(table(playerID))))
# How many All-Star players, in total?
length(player_appearances)
# density plot of the whole distribution
plot(density(player_appearances), main="Player appearances in All Star Games")
rug(jitter(player_appearances))
# who has played in more than 10 ASGs?
player_appearances[player_appearances > 10]
hist(player_appearances[player_appearances > 10])
```

6 Appearances

```
# Hank Aaron's All-Star record:
subset(AllstarFull, playerID == "aaronha01")

# Years that Stan Musial played in the ASG:
with(AllstarFull, yearID[playerID == "musiast01"])

# Starting positions he played (NA means did not start)
with(AllstarFull, startingPos[playerID == "musiast01"])

# All-Star rosters from the 1966 ASG
subset(AllstarFull, gameID == "NLS196607120")

# All-Stars from the Washington Nationals
subset(AllstarFull, teamID == "WAS")

# Teams with the fewest All-Stars
rare <- names(which(table(AllstarFull$teamID) < 10))

# Records associated with the 'rare' teams:
# (There are a few teamID typos: can you spot them?)
subset(AllstarFull, teamID %in% rare)</pre>
```

Appearances

Appearances table

# **Description**

Data on player appearances

# Usage

data(Appearances)

# Format

A data frame with 105789 observations on the following 21 variables.

```
yearID Year
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA
playerID Player ID code
G_all Total games played
GS Games started
G_batting Games in which player batted
G_defense Games in which player appeared on defense
G_p Games as pitcher
```

Appearances 7

- G\_c Games as catcher
- G\_1b Games as firstbaseman
- G\_2b Games as secondbaseman
- G\_3b Games as thirdbaseman
- G\_ss Games as shortstop
- G\_lf Games as leftfielder
- G\_cf Games as centerfielder
- G\_rf Games as right fielder
- G\_of Games as outfielder
- G\_dh Games as designated hitter
- G\_ph Games as pinch hitter
- G\_pr Games as pinch runner

#### **Details**

The Appearances table in the original version has some incorrect variable names. In particular, the 5th column is career\_year.

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
data(Appearances)
library("dplyr")
library("tidyr")
# Henry Aaron's last two years as a DH in Milwaukee
Appearances %>%
   filter(playerID == "aaronha01" & teamID == "ML4") %>%
  select(yearID:G_batting, G_of:G_ph) # subset variables
# Herb Washington, strictly a pinch runner for Oakland in 1974-5
Appearances %>%
   filter(playerID == "washihe01")
# A true utility player - Jerry Hairston, Jr.
Appearances %>%
 filter(playerID == "hairsje02")
# Appearances for the 1984 Cleveland Indians
Appearances %>%
 filter(teamID == "CLE" & yearID == 1984)
# Pete Rose's primary position each year of his career
Appearances %>%
```

8 AwardsManagers

```
filter(playerID == "rosepe01") %>%
  group_by(yearID, teamID) %>%
  gather(pos, G, G_1b:G_rf) %>%
   filter(G == max(G)) %>%
  select(yearID:G_all, pos, G) %>%
  mutate(pos = substring(as.character(pos), 3, 4)) %>%
  arrange(yearID, teamID)
# Most pitcher appearances each year since 1950
Appearances %>%
   filter(yearID >= 1950) %>%
  group_by(yearID) %>%
   summarise(maxPitcher = playerID[which.max(G_p)],
             maxAppear = max(G_p)
# Individuals who have played all 162 games since 1961
all162 <- Appearances %>%
              filter(yearID > 1960 & G_all == 162) %>%
              arrange(yearID, playerID) %>%
              select(yearID:G_all)
# Number of all-gamers by year (returns a vector)
table(all162$yearID)
# Players with most pinch hitting appearances in a year
Appearances %>%
 arrange(desc(G_ph)) %>%
 select(playerID, yearID, teamID, lgID, G_all, G_ph) %>%
 head(., 10)
# Players with most pinch hitting appearances, career
Appearances %>%
 group_by(playerID) %>%
 select(playerID, G_all, G_ph) %>%
 summarise(G = sum(G_all), PH = sum(G_ph)) %>%
 arrange(desc(PH)) %>%
 head(., 10)
# Players with most career appearances at each position
Appearances %>%
 select(playerID, G_c:G_rf) %>%
 rename(C = G_c, 1B' = G_1b, 2B' = G_2b, SS = G_ss,
         `3B` = G_3b, LF = G_1f, CF = G_cf, RF = G_rf) %>%
 gather(pos, G, C:RF) %>%
 group_by(pos, playerID) %>%
 summarise(G = sum(G)) %>%
 arrange(desc(G)) %>%
 do(head(., 1))
```

AwardsManagers 9

# **Description**

Award information for managers awards

# Usage

```
data(AwardsManagers)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 179 observations on the following 6 variables.

```
playerID Manager (player) ID code
awardID Name of award won
yearID Year
lgID League; a factor with levels AL NL
tie Award was a tie (Y or N)
notes Notes about the award
```

# **Source**

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, <a href="http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/">http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/</a>
```

10 AwardsPlayers

AwardsPlayers

AwardsPlayers table

# **Description**

Award information for players awards

# Usage

```
data(AwardsPlayers)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 6236 observations on the following 6 variables.

```
playerID Player ID code
awardID Name of award won
yearID Year
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL ML NL
tie Award was a tie (Y or N)
notes Notes about the award
```

# **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, <a href="http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/">http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/</a>

```
data(AwardsPlayers)
# Which awards have been given and how many?
with(AwardsPlayers, table(awardID))
awardtab <- with(AwardsPlayers, table(awardID))

# Plot the awardtab table as a Cleveland dot plot
library("lattice")
dotplot(awardtab)

# Restrict to MVP awards
mvp <- subset(AwardsPlayers, awardID == "Most Valuable Player")
# Who won in 1994?
mvp[mvp$yearID == 1994L, ]
goldglove <- subset(AwardsPlayers, awardID == "Gold Glove")
# which players won most often?
GGcount <- table(goldglove$playerID)
GGcount[GGcount>10]
```

AwardsShareManagers 11

```
# Triple Crown winners
subset(AwardsPlayers, awardID == "Triple Crown")

# Simultaneous Triple Crown and MVP winners
# (compare merged file to TC)
TC <- subset(AwardsPlayers, awardID == "Triple Crown")
MVP <- subset(AwardsPlayers, awardID == "Most Valuable Player")
keepvars <- c("playerID", "yearID", "lgID.x")
merge(TC, MVP, by = c("playerID", "yearID"))[ ,keepvars]</pre>
```

AwardsShareManagers

AwardsShareManagers table

# **Description**

Award voting for managers awards

# Usage

```
data(AwardsShareManagers)
```

#### **Format**

```
awardID name of award votes were received for yearID Year

lgID League; a factor with levels AL NL playerID Manager (player) ID code pointsWon Number of points received pointsMax Maximum number of points possible
```

votesFirst Number of first place votes

A data frame with 425 observations on the following 7 variables.

### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

12 AwardsSharePlayers

# **Examples**

```
# Voting for the BBWAA Manager of the Year award by year and league
require("dplyr")
# Sort in decreasing order of points by year and league
AwardsShareManagers %>%
   group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
   arrange(desc(pointsWon))
# Any unanimous winners?
AwardsShareManagers %>%
  filter(pointsWon == pointsMax)
# Manager with highest proportion of possible points
AwardsShareManagers %>%
   mutate(propWon = pointsWon/pointsMax) %>%
   arrange(desc(propWon)) %>%
   head(., 1)
# Bobby Cox's MOY vote tallies
AwardsShareManagers %>%
  filter(playerID == "coxbo01")
```

AwardsSharePlayers

AwardsSharePlayers table

# **Description**

Award voting for managers awards

# Usage

```
data(AwardsSharePlayers)
```

#### **Format**

```
A data frame with 6879 observations on the following 7 variables.

awardID name of award votes were received for
yearID Year
lgID League; a factor with levels AL ML NL
playerID Player ID code
pointsWon Number of points received
pointsMax Maximum number of points possible
votesFirst Number of first place votes
```

AwardsSharePlayers 13

# **Source**

Lahman, S. (2017) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2016, 2016 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
# Vote tallies for post-season player awards
require("dplyr")
# Which awards are represented in this data frame?
unique(AwardsSharePlayers$awardID)
# Sort the votes for the Cy Young award in decreasing order.
# Until 1967, the award went to the best pitcher
# in both leagues.
cyvotes <- AwardsSharePlayers %>%
              filter(awardID == "Cy Young") %>%
              group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
              arrange(desc(pointsWon))
# 2012 votes
subset(cyvotes, yearID == 2012)
# top three votegetters each year by league
cya_top3 <- cyvotes %>%
              group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
              do(head(., 3))
head(cya_top3, 12)
# unanimous Cy Young winners
subset(cyvotes, pointsWon == pointsMax)
## CYA was a major league award until 1967
# Find top five pitchers with most top 3 vote tallies in CYA
# head(with(cya_top3, rev(sort(table(playerID)))), 5)
# Pre-1967
cya_top3 %>%
  filter(yearID <= 1966) %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(yrs_top3 = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(yrs_top3)) %>%
  head(., 2)
# 1967+ (both leagues)
cya_top3 %>%
  filter(yearID > 1966) %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(yrs_top3 = n()) %>%
```

```
arrange(desc(yrs_top3)) %>%
  head(., 5)
# 1967+ (by league)
cya_top3 %>%
  filter(yearID > 1966) %>%
  group_by(playerID, lgID) %>%
  summarise(yrs_top3 = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(yrs_top3)) %>%
  head(., 5)
# Ditto for MVP awards
# Top 3 votegetters for MVP award by year and league
MVP_top3 <- AwardsSharePlayers %>%
              filter(awardID == "MVP") %>%
              group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
              arrange(desc(pointsWon)) %>%
              do(head(., 3))
tail(MVP_top3)
## Select players with >= 7 top 3 finishes
MVP_top3 %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(n_top3 = n()) \%\%
  arrange(desc(n_top3)) %>%
  filter(n_top3 > 6)
```

Batting

Batting table

# Description

Batting table - batting statistics

# Usage

```
data(Batting)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 105861 observations on the following 22 variables.

```
playerID Player ID code
yearID Year
stint player's stint (order of appearances within a season)
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA
```

```
G Games: number of games in which a player played
AB At Bats
R Runs
H Hits: times reached base because of a batted, fair ball without error by the defense
X2B Doubles: hits on which the batter reached second base safely
X3B Triples: hits on which the batter reached third base safely
HR Homeruns
RBI Runs Batted In
SB Stolen Bases
CS Caught Stealing
BB Base on Balls
SO Strikeouts
IBB Intentional walks
HBP Hit by pitch
SH Sacrifice hits
SF Sacrifice flies
GIDP Grounded into double plays
```

#### **Details**

Variables X2B and X3B are named 2B and 3B in the original database

# **Source**

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

#### See Also

```
battingStats for calculating batting average (BA) and other derived statistics baseball for a similar dataset, but a subset of players who played 15 or more seasons. Baseball for data on batting in the 1987 season.
```

```
# Subset of People table (player metadata)
peopleInfo <- People %>%
              select(playerID, birthYear, birthMonth, nameLast,
                     nameFirst, bats)
# Left join salaries and peopleInfo to batting data,
# create an age variable and sort by playerID, yearID and stint
# Returns an ignorable warning.
batting <- battingStats() %>%
             left_join(salaries,
                       by =c("playerID", "yearID", "teamID")) %>%
             left_join(peopleInfo, by = "playerID") %>%
             mutate(age = yearID - birthYear -
                            1L *(birthMonth >= 10)) %>%
             arrange(playerID, yearID, stint)
## Generate a ggplot similar to the NYT graph in the story about Ted
## Williams and the last .400 MLB season
# http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2011/09/18/sports/baseball/WILLIAMS-GRAPHIC.html
# Restrict the pool of eligible players to the years after 1899 and
# players with a minimum of 450 plate appearances (this covers the
# strike year of 1994 when Tony Gwynn hit .394 before play was suspended
# for the season - in a normal year, the minimum number of plate appearances is 502)
eligibleHitters <- batting %>%
                     filter(yearID >= 1900 & PA > 450)
# Find the hitters with the highest BA in MLB each year (there are a
# few ties). Include all players with BA > .400, whether they
# won a batting title or not, and add an indicator variable for
# .400 average in a season.
topHitters <- eligibleHitters %>%
                 group_by(yearID) %>%
                 filter(BA == max(BA) | BA >= .400) \%\%
                 mutate(ba400 = BA >= 0.400) %>%
                 select(playerID, yearID, nameLast,
                        nameFirst, BA, ba400)
# Sub-data frame for the .400 hitters plus the outliers after 1950
# (averages above .380) - used to produce labels in the plot below
bignames <- topHitters %>%
              filter(ba400 | (yearID > 1950 & BA > 0.380)) %>%
              arrange(desc(BA))
# Variable to provide a vertical offset to certain
# labels in the ggplot below
bignames$yoffset <- c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0.002, 0, 0, 0,
                       0.001, -0.001, 0, -0.002, 0, 0,
                       0.002, 0, 0)
```

```
# Produce the plot
require("ggplot2")
ggplot(topHitters, aes(x = yearID, y = BA)) +
 geom_point(aes(colour = ba400), size = 2.5) +
 geom_hline(yintercept = 0.400, size = 1, colour = "gray70") +
 geom_text(data = bignames, aes(y = BA + yoffset,
                                label = nameLast),
                            size = 3, hjust = 1.2) +
 scale_colour_manual(values = c("FALSE" = "black", "TRUE" = "red")) +
 xlim(1899, 2015) +
 xlab("Year") +
 scale_y_continuous("Batting average",
                    limits = c(0.330, 0.430),
                    breaks = seq(0.34, 0.42, by = 0.02),
                    labels = c(".340", ".360", ".380", ".400", ".420")) +
 geom_smooth() +
 theme(legend.position = "none")
# after Chris Green,
# http://sabr.org/research/baseball-s-first-power-surge-home-runs-late-19th-century-major-leagues
# Total home runs by year
totalHR <- Batting %>%
            group_by(yearID) %>%
            summarise(HomeRuns = sum(as.numeric(HR), na.rm=TRUE),
                      Games = sum(as.numeric(G), na.rm=TRUE))
# Plot HR by year, pre-1919 (dead ball era)
totalHR %>% filter(yearID <= 1918) %>%
           ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = HomeRuns)) +
              geom_line() +
              geom_point() +
              labs(x = "Year", y = "Home runs hit")
# Take games into account
totalHR %>% filter(yearID <= 1918) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = HomeRuns/Games)) +
    geom_line() +
    geom_point() +
    labs(x = "Year", y = "Home runs per game played")
# Widen perspective to all years from 1871
ggplot(totalHR, aes(x = yearID, y = HomeRuns)) +
 geom_point() +
 geom_path() +
 geom_smooth() +
 labs(x = "Year", y = "Home runs hit")
# Similar plot for HR per game played by year -
# shows several eras with spikes in HR hit
ggplot(totalHR, aes(x = yearID, y = HomeRuns/Games)) +
```

18 battingLabels

```
geom_point() +
geom_path() +
geom_smooth(se = FALSE) +
labs(x = "Year", y = "Home runs per game played")
```

battingLabels

Variable Labels

# **Description**

These data frames provide descriptive labels for the variables in the Batting, Pitching and Fielding files (and related \*Post files). They are useful for plots and other output using Label.

# Usage

```
data(battingLabels)
data(fieldingLabels)
data(pitchingLabels)
```

# **Format**

Each is data frame with observations on the following 2 variables.

```
variable variable name
label variable label
```

# See Also

Label

BattingPost 19

```
xlab=Label("yearID"), ylab=paste("Maximum", Label("HR")),
    cex=0.8)
lines(lowess(yearID, max), col="blue", lwd=2)
abline(lm(max ~ yearID), col="red", lwd=2)
})
```

BattingPost

BattingPost table

# Description

Post season batting statistics

# Usage

```
data(BattingPost)
```

#### **Format**

```
A data frame with 14354 observations on the following 22 variables.
```

yearID Year

round Level of playoffs

playerID PlayerID code

teamID Team

1gID League; a factor with levels AA AL NL

G Games

AB At Bats

R Runs

H Hits

X2B Doubles

X3B Triples

HR Homeruns

RBI Runs Batted In

SB Stolen Bases

CS Caught stealing

BB Base on Balls

SO Strikeouts

IBB Intentional walks

HBP Hit by pitch

SH Sacrifices

SF Sacrifice flies

GIDP Grounded into double plays

20 BattingPost

#### **Details**

Variables X2B and X3B are named 2B and 3B in the original database

#### Source

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, <a href="http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/">http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/</a>
```

```
# Post-season batting data
# Requires care since intra-league playoffs have evolved since 1969
# Simplest case: World Series
require("dplyr")
# Create a sub-data frame for modern World Series play
ws <- BattingPost %>%
        filter(round == "WS" & yearID >= 1903) %>%
        mutate(BA = 0 + (AB > 0) * round(H/AB, 3),
               TB = H + X2B + 2 * X3B + 3 * HR,
               SA = 0 + (AB > 0) * round(TB/AB, 3),
               PA = AB + BB + IBB + HBP + SH + SF,
               OB = H + BB + IBB + HBP,
               OBP = 0 + (AB > 0) * round(OB/PA, 3))
# Players with most appearances in the WS:
ws %>% group_by(playerID) %>%
       summarise(appearances = n()) %>%
       arrange(desc(appearances)) %>%
       head(., 10)
# Non-Yankees with most WS appearances
ws %>% filter(teamID != "NYA") %>%
       group_by(playerID) %>%
       summarise(appearances = n()) %>%
       arrange(desc(appearances)) %>%
       head(., 10)
# Top ten single WS batting averages ( >= 10 AB )
ws %>% filter(AB > 10) %>%
       arrange(desc(BA)) %>%
       head(., 10)
# Top ten slugging averages in a single WS
ws %>% filter(AB > 10) %>%
  arrange(desc(SA)) %>%
  head(., 10)
# Hitting stats for the 1946 St. Louis Cardinals, ordered by BA
```

battingStats 21

```
ws %>%
  filter(teamID == "SLN" & yearID == 1946) %>%
  arrange(desc(BA))

# Babe Ruth's WS profile
ws %>%
  filter(playerID == "ruthba01") %>%
  arrange(yearID)
```

battingStats

Calculate additional batting statistics

# Description

The Batting does not contain batting statistics derived from those present in the data.frame. This function calculates batting average (BA), plate appearances (PA), total bases (TB), slugging percentage (SlugPct), on-base percentage (OBP), on-base percentage + slugging (OPS), and batting average on balls in play (BABIP) for each record in a Batting-like data.frame.

# Usage

#### **Arguments**

data input data, typically Batting

idvars ID variables to include in the output data.frame

cbind If TRUE, the calculated statistics are appended to the input data as additional

columns

# **Details**

Standard calculations, e.g., BA <- H/AB are problematic because of the presence of NAs and zeros. This function tries to deal with those problems.

# Value

A data.frame with all the observations in data. If cbind==FALSE, only the idvars and the calculated variables are returned.

# Author(s)

Michael Friendly, Dennis Murphy

22 CollegePlaying

# See Also

```
Batting, BattingPost
```

#### **Examples**

```
bstats <- battingStats()
str(bstats)
bstats <- battingStats(cbind=FALSE)
str(bstats)</pre>
```

CollegePlaying

CollegePlaying table

# **Description**

Information on schools players attended, by player

# Usage

```
data(CollegePlaying)
```

# Format

A data frame with 17350 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
playerID PlayerID code
schoolID schoolID code
yearID Year player attended school
```

# **Details**

This data set reflects a change in the Lahman schema for the 2015 version. The old SchoolsPlayers table was replaced with this new table called CollegePlaying.

According to the documentation, this change reflects advances in the compilation of this data, largely led by Ted Turocy. The old table reported college attendance for major league players by listing a start date and end date. The new version has a separate record for each year that a player attended. This allows us to better account for players who attended multiple colleges or skipped a season, as well as to identify teammates.

# **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

Fielding 23

# **Examples**

Fielding

Fielding table

# Description

Fielding table

# Usage

data(Fielding)

P0 Putouts

#### **Format**

A data frame with 140921 observations on the following 18 variables.

```
playerID Player ID code
yearID Year
stint player's stint (order of appearances within a season)
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA
POS Position
G Games
GS Games Started
InnOuts Time played in the field expressed as outs
```

24 Fielding

```
A Assists
E Errors
DP Double Plays
PB Passed Balls (by catchers)
WP Wild Pitches (by catchers)
SB Opponent Stolen Bases (by catchers)
CS Opponents Caught Stealing (by catchers)
ZR Zone Rating
```

#### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
data(Fielding)
# Basic fielding data
require("dplyr")
# Roberto Clemente's fielding profile
# pitching and catching related data removed
# subset(Fielding, playerID == "clemero01")[, 1:13]
Fielding %>%
   filter(playerID == "clemero01") %>%
   select(1:13)
# Yadier Molina's fielding profile
# PB, WP, SP and CS apply to catchers
Fielding %>%
  subset(playerID == "molinya01") %>%
  select(-WP, -ZR)
# Pedro Martinez's fielding profile
Fielding %>% subset(playerID == "martipe02")
# Table of games played by Pete Rose at different positions
with(subset(Fielding, playerID == "rosepe01"), xtabs(G ~ POS))
# Career total G/PO/A/E/DP for Luis Aparicio
Fielding %>%
    filter(playerID == "aparilu01") %>%
    select(G, PO, A, E, DP) %>%
    summarise_each(funs(sum))
# Top ten 2B/SS in turning DPs
Fielding %>%
```

FieldingOF 25

FieldingOF

FieldingOF table

# Description

Outfield position data: information about positions played in the outfield

#### Usage

```
data(FieldingOF)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 12028 observations on the following 6 variables.

```
playerID Player ID code
yearID Year
stint player's stint (order of appearances within a season)
Glf Games played in left field
Gcf Games played in center field
Grf Games played in right field
```

# Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

26 FieldingOF

```
require("dplyr")
require("tidyr")
## Data set only goes through 1955
## Can get a more complete record from the Fielding data frame
## or from the Appearances data (see below)
## Output directly from the FieldingOF data
## Barry Bonds (no records: post-1955 player)
FieldingOF %>%
   filter(playerID == "bondsba01")
## Willie Mays (first few years)
FieldingOF %>%
  filter(playerID == "mayswi01")
## Ty Cobb (complete)
FieldingOF %>%
  filter(playerID == "cobbty01")
## One way to get OF game information from the Fielding data
## Note: OF games != sum(LF, CF, RF) because players can switch
## OF positions within a game. Players can also switch from
## other positions to outfield during a game. OF represents
## the number of games a player started in the outfield.
Fielding %>%
   select(playerID, yearID, stint, POS, G) %>%
   filter(POS %in% c("LF", "CF", "RF", "OF")) %>%
   tidyr::spread(POS, G, fill = 0) %>%
   filter(playerID == "trumbma01")
## Another way is through the Appearances data (no stint).
## Provides a somewhat nicer table than the above.
## Mark Trumbo (active player)
Appearances %>%
   select(playerID, yearID, G_lf, G_cf, G_rf, G_of) %>%
   filter(playerID == "trumbma01")
## A slightly better format, perhaps
Appearances %>%
  select(playerID, yearID, G_lf, G_cf, G_rf, G_of) %>%
  rename(LF = G_lf, CF = G_cf, RF = G_rf, OF = G_of) %>%
  filter(playerID == "trumbma01")
## Willie Mays (1951-1973)
Appearances %>%
  select(playerID, yearID, G_lf, G_cf, G_rf, G_of) %>%
  filter(playerID == "mayswi01")
```

FieldingPost 27

```
## Joe DiMaggio (1936-1951)
Appearances %>%
  select(playerID, yearID, G_lf, G_cf, G_rf, G_of) %>%
  filter(playerID == "dimagjo01")
```

 ${\tt FieldingPost}$ 

FieldingPost data

# **Description**

Post season fielding data

# Usage

```
data(FieldingPost)
```

# **Format**

A data frame with 13534 observations on the following 17 variables.

playerID PlayerID code

yearID Year

teamID Team; a factor

1gID League; a factor with levels AL NL

round Level of playoffs

POS Position

G Games

GS Games Started

InnOuts Time played in the field expressed as outs

P0 Putouts

A Assists

E Errors

DP Double Plays

TP Triple Plays

PB Passed Balls

SB Stolen Bases allowed (by catcher)

CS Caught Stealing (by catcher)

### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

# **Examples**

```
require("dplyr")
## World Series fielding record for Yogi Berra
FieldingPost %>%
  filter(playerID == "berrayo01" & round == "WS")
## Yogi's career efficiency in throwing out base stealers
## in his WS appearances and CS as a percentage of his
## overall assists
FieldingPost %>%
  filter(playerID == "berrayo01" & round == "WS" & POS == "C") %>%
  summarise(cs_pct = round(100 * sum(CS)/sum(SB + CS), 2),
            cs_assists = round(100 * sum(CS)/sum(A), 2))
## Innings per error for several selected shortstops in the WS
FieldingPost %>%
  filter(playerID %in% c("belanma01", "jeterde01", "campabe01",
                         "conceda01", "bowala01"), round == "WS") %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(G = sum(G),
            InnOuts = sum(InnOuts),
            Eper9 = round(27 * sum(E)/sum(InnOuts), 3))
## Top 10 center fielders in innings played in the WS
FieldingPost %>%
  filter(POS == "CF" & round == "WS") %>%
  group_by(playerID) %>%
  summarise(inn_total = sum(InnOuts)) %>%
  arrange(desc(inn_total)) %>%
  head(., 10)
## Most total chances by position
FieldingPost %>%
  filter(round == "WS" & !(POS %in% c("DH", "OF", "P"))) %>%
  group_by(POS, playerID) %>%
  summarise(TC = sum(PO + A + E)) \%>\%
  arrange(desc(TC)) %>%
  do(head(., 1)) # provides top player by position
```

HallOfFame

Hall of Fame Voting Data

# **Description**

Hall of Fame table. This is composed of the voting results for all candidates nominated for the Baseball Hall of Fame.

# Usage

```
data(HallOfFame)
```

#### **Format**

```
A data frame with 4191 observations on the following 9 variables.

playerID Player ID code
yearID Year of ballot
votedBy Method by which player was voted upon. See Details
ballots Total ballots cast in that year
needed Number of votes needed for selection in that year
votes Total votes received
inducted Whether player was inducted by that vote or not (Y or N)
category Category of candidate; a factor with levels Manager Pioneer/Executive Player Umpire
needed_note Explanation of qualifiers for special elections
```

#### **Details**

This table links to the People table via the playerID.

votedBy: Most Hall of Fame inductees have been elected by the Baseball Writers Association of America (BBWAA). Rules for election are described in http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/National\_Baseball\_Hall\_of\_Fame\_and\_Museum#Selection\_process.

#### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
# Restrict to players voted by BBWAA:
HOFplayers <- subset(HallOfFame,</pre>
                votedBy == "BBWAA" & category == "Player")
# Number of years as HOF candidate, last pct vote, etc.
# for a given player
playerOutcomes <- HallOfFame %>%
   filter(votedBy == "BBWAA" & category == "Player") %>%
   group_by(playerID) %>%
   mutate(nyears = length(ballots)) %>%
   arrange(yearID) %>%
   do(tail(., 1)) %>%
   mutate(lastPct = 100 * round(votes/ballots, 3)) %>%
   select(playerID, nyears, inducted, lastPct, yearID) %>%
   rename(lastYear = yearID)
# How many voting years until election?
inducted <- subset(playerOutcomes, inducted == "Y")</pre>
table(inducted$nyears)
# Bar chart of years to induction for inductees
barplot(table(inducted$nyears),
       main="Number of voting years until election",
    ylab="Number of players", xlab="Years")
box()
# What is the form of this distribution?
require("vcd")
goodfit(inducted$nyears)
plot(goodfit(inducted$nyears), xlab="Number of years",
main="Poissonness plot of number of years voting until election")
Ord_plot(table(inducted$nyears), xlab="Number of years")
# First ballot inductees sorted by vote percentage:
playerOutcomes %>%
  filter(nyears == 1L & inducted == "Y") %>%
 arrange(desc(lastPct))
# Who took at least ten years on the ballot before induction?
playerOutcomes %>%
 filter(nyears >= 10L & inducted == "Y")
## Plots of voting percentages over time for the borderline
## HOF candidates, according to the BBWAA:
# Identify players on the BBWAA ballot for at least 10 years
# Returns a character vector of playerIDs
```

```
longTimers <- as.character(unlist(subset(playerOutcomes,</pre>
                                         nyears >= 10, select = "playerID")))
# Extract their information from the HallOfFame data
HOFlt <- HallOfFame %>%
   filter(playerID %in% longTimers & votedBy == "BBWAA") %>%
   group_by(playerID) %>%
   mutate(elected = ifelse(any(inducted == "Y"),
                              "Elected", "Not elected"),
           pct = 100 * round(votes/ballots, 3))
# Plot the voting profiles:
ggplot(HOFlt, aes(x = yearID, y = pct,
                  group = playerID)) +
    ggtitle("Profiles of BBWAA voting percentage, long-time HOF candidates") +
    geom_line() +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 75, colour = 'red') +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "Percentage of votes") +
    facet_wrap(~ elected, ncol = 1)
## Eventual inductees tend to have increasing support over time.
## Fit simple linear regression models to each player's voting
## percentage profile and extract the slopes. Then compare the
## distributions of the slopes in each group.
# data frame for playerID and induction status among
# long term candidates
HOFstatus <- HOFlt %>%
              group_by(playerID) %>%
               select(playerID, elected, inducted) %>%
               do(tail(., 1))
# data frame of regression slopes, which represent average
# increase in percentage support by BBWAA members over a
# player's candidacy.
HOFslope <- HOFlt %>%
              group_by(playerID) %>%
              do(mod = lm(pct ~ yearID, data = .)) %>%
              do(data.frame(slope = coef(.$mod)[2]))
## Boxplots of regression slopes by induction group
ggplot(data.frame(HOFstatus, HOFslope),
      aes(x = elected, y = slope)) +
    geom_boxplot(width = 0.5) +
    geom_point(position = position_jitter(width = 0.2))
# Note 1: Only two players whose maximum voting percentage
# was over 60% were not eventually inducted
# into the HOF: Gil Hodges and Jack Morris.
# Red Ruffing was elected in a 1967 runoff election while
# the others have been voted in by the Veterans Committee.
# Note 2: Of the players whose slope was >= 2.5 among
```

32 Label

```
# non-inductees, only Jack Morris has not (yet) been
# subsequently inducted into the HOF; however, his last year of
# eligibility was 2014 so he could be inducted by a future
# Veterans Committee.
```

Label

Extract the Label for a Variable

# Description

Extracts the label for a variable from one or more of the \*Labels files. This is useful for plots and other displays because the variable names are often cryptically short.

# Usage

# **Arguments**

var name of a variable

labels label table(s) to search, a 2-column dataframe containing variable names and

labels.

# Value

Returns the variable label, or var if no label is found

# Author(s)

Michael Friendly

# See Also

```
battingLabels, pitchingLabels, fieldingLabels
```

LahmanData 33

LahmanData

Lahman Datasets

# **Description**

This dataset gives a concise description of the data files in the Lahman package. It may be useful for computing on the various files.

#### Usage

```
data(LahmanData)
```

# **Format**

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 5 variables.

```
file name of dataset
class class of dataset
nobs number of observations
nvar number of variables
title dataset title
```

# **Details**

This dataset is generated using vcdExtra::datasets(package="Lahman") with some post-processing.

34 Managers

```
# Visualize relations among datasets via an MDS
# jaccard distance between two sets; assure positivity
jaccard <- function(A, B) {</pre>
max(1 - length(intersect(A,B)) / length(union(A,B)), .00001)
distmat <- function(vars, FUN=jaccard) {</pre>
nv <- length(vars)</pre>
d <- matrix(0, nv, nv, dimnames=list(names(vars), names(vars)))</pre>
for(i in 1:nv) {
for (j in 1:nv) {
if (i != j) d[i,j] <- FUN(vars[[i]], vars[[j]])</pre>
}
d
}
# do an MDS on distances
distID <- distmat(IDvars)</pre>
config <- cmdscale(distID)</pre>
pos=rep(1:4, length=nrow(config))
plot(config[,1], config[,2], xlab = "", ylab = "", asp = 1, axes=FALSE,
main="MDS of ID variable distances of Lahman tables")
abline(h=0, v=0, col="gray80")
text(config[,1], config[,2], rownames(config), cex = 0.75, pos=pos, xpd=NA)
```

Managers

Managers table

# **Description**

Managers table: information about individual team managers, teams they managed and some basic statistics for those teams in each year.

### Usage

```
data(Managers)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 3504 observations on the following 10 variables.

```
playerID Manager (player) ID code
yearID Year
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA
```

Managers 35

```
inseason Managerial order. Zero if the individual managed the team the entire year. Otherwise denotes where the manager appeared in the managerial order (1 for first manager, 2 for second, etc.)
G Games managed
W Wins
L Losses
rank Team's final position in standings that year
plyrMgr Player Manager (denoted by 'Y'); a factor with levels N Y
```

#### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
# Basic career summaries by manager
library("dplyr")
mgrSumm <- Managers %>%
           group_by(playerID) %>%
           summarise(nyear = length(unique(yearID)),
                    yearBegin = min(yearID),
                    yearEnd = max(yearID),
                    nTeams = length(unique(teamID)),
                    nfirst = sum(rank == 1L),
                    W = sum(W),
                    L = sum(L),
                    WinPct = round(W/(W + L), 3))
MgrInfo <- People %>%
           filter(!is.na(playerID)) %>%
           select(playerID, nameLast, nameFirst)
# Merge names into the table
mgrTotals <- right_join(MgrInfo, mgrSumm, by = "playerID")
# add total games managed
mgrTotals <- mgrTotals %>%
            mutate(games = W + L)
##############################
# Some basic queries
#############################
# Top 20 managers in terms of years of service:
mgrTotals %>%
  arrange(desc(nyear)) %>%
```

36 Managers

```
head(., 20)
# Top 20 winningest managers (500 games minimum)
mgrTotals %>%
  filter((W + L) >= 500) %>%
  arrange(desc(WinPct)) %>%
  head(., 20)
# Most of these are 19th century managers.
# How about the modern era?
mgrTotals %>%
  filter(yearBegin >= 1901 & (W + L) >= 500) %>%
  arrange(desc(WinPct)) %>%
  head(., 20)
# Top 10 managers in terms of percentage of titles
# (league or divisional) - should bias toward managers
# post-1970 since more first place finishes are available
mgrTotals %>%
  filter(yearBegin >= 1901 & (W + L) >= 500) %>%
  arrange(desc(round(nfirst/nyear, 3))) %>%
  head(., 10)
# How about pre-1969?
mgrTotals %>%
 filter(yearBegin >= 1901 & yearEnd <= 1969 &
         (W + L) >= 500) \% > \%
 arrange(desc(round(nfirst/nyear, 3))) %>%
 head(., 10)
## Tony LaRussa's managerial record by team
Managers %>%
 filter(playerID == "larusto01") %>%
 group_by(teamID) %>%
 summarise(nyear = length(unique(yearID)),
           yearBegin = min(yearID),
           yearEnd = max(yearID),
           games = sum(G),
           nfirst = sum(rank == 1L),
           W = sum(W),
           L = sum(L),
           WinPct = round(W/(W + L), 3))
# Density plot of the number of games managed:
library("ggplot2")
ggplot(mgrTotals, aes(x = games)) +
   geom_density(fill = "red", alpha = 0.3) +
   labs(x = "Number of games managed")
```

Managers 37

```
# Who managed more than 4000 games?
mgrTotals %>%
 filter(W + L >= 4000) %>%
 arrange(desc(W + L))
# Connie Mack's advantage: he owned the Philadelphia A's :)
# Table of Tony LaRussa's team finishes (rank order):
Managers %>%
  filter(playerID == "larusto01") %>%
  count(rank)
# Scatterplot of winning percentage vs. number
# of games managed (min 100)
ggplot(subset(mgrTotals, yearBegin >= 1900 & games >= 100),
      aes(x = games, y = WinPct)) +
 geom_point() + geom_smooth() +
 labs(x = "Number of games managed")
# Division titles
# Plot of number of first place finishes by managers who
# started in the divisional era (>= 1969) with
# at least 8 years of experience
mgrTotals %>%
 filter(yearBegin >= 1969 & nyear >= 8) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = nyear, y = nfirst)) +
    geom_point(position = position_jitter(width = 0.2)) +
    labs(x = "Number of years",
        y = "Number of divisional titles") +
    geom_smooth()
# Change response to proportion of titles relative
# to years managed
mgrTotals %>%
 filter(yearBegin >= 1969 & nyear >= 8) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = nyear, y = round(nfirst/nyear, 3))) +
    geom_point(position = position_jitter(width = 0.2)) +
    labs(x = "Number of years",
        y = "Proportion of divisional titles") +
    geom_smooth()
```

38 ManagersHalf

ManagersHalf

ManagersHalf table

## **Description**

Split season data for managers

## Usage

```
data(ManagersHalf)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 93 observations on the following 10 variables.

```
playerID Manager (player) ID code
```

yearID Year

teamID Team; a factor

1gID League; a factor with levels AL NL

inseason Managerial order. One if the individual managed the team the entire year. Otherwise denotes where the manager appeared in the managerial order (1 for first manager, 2 for second, etc.). A factor with levels 1 2 3 4 5

half First or second half of season

G Games managed

W Wins

L Losses

rank Team's position in standings for the half

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
library("dplyr")
library("reshape2")

# Only have data for 1892 and 1981

# League rank by half for 1981 teams with the same
# manager in both halves who were hired in-season
ManagersHalf %>%
  filter(yearID >= 1901) %>%
  group_by(teamID, yearID) %>%
  filter(all(playerID == playerID[1])) %>% # same manager in both halves
```

Master 39

Master

Master table

## **Description**

**Deprecation Notice**: The Master table is now the People table in the Lahman dataset. Master is now a copy of People and is being retained for backward compatibility. Please change your code to use the People table.

Master table - Player names, DOB, and biographical info. This file is to be used to get details about players listed in the Batting, Pitching, and other files where players are identified only by playerID.

## Usage

data(Master)

#### **Format**

A data frame with 19617 observations on the following 26 variables.

playerID A unique code assigned to each player. The playerID links the data in this file with records on players in the other files.

birthYear Year player was born

birthMonth Month player was born

birthDay Day player was born

birthCountry Country where player was born

birthState State where player was born

birthCity City where player was born

deathYear Year player died

deathMonth Month player died

deathDay Day player died

deathCountry Country where player died

deathState State where player died

deathCity City where player died

nameFirst Player's first name

nameLast Player's last name

nameGiven Player's given name (typically first and middle)

weight Player's weight in pounds

40 Master

```
height Player's height in inches
bats a factor: Player's batting hand (left (L), right (R), or both (B))
throws a factor: Player's throwing hand (left(L) or right(R))
debut Date that player made first major league appearance
finalGame Date that player made first major league appearance (blank if still active)
retroID ID used by retrosheet, http://www.retrosheet.org/
bbrefID ID used by Baseball Reference website, http://www.baseball-reference.com/
birthDate Player's birthdate, in as.Date format
deathDate Player's deathdate, in as.Date format
```

#### **Details**

debut, finalGame were converted from character strings with as.Date.

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
data(Master); data(Batting)
## add player's name to Batting data
Master$name <- paste(Master$nameFirst, Master$nameLast, sep=" ")</pre>
batting <- merge(Batting,</pre>
                 Master[,c("playerID","name")],
                 by="playerID", all.x=TRUE)
## batting and throwing
# right-handed batters are much less ambidexterous in throwing than left-handed batters
# (should only include batters)
BT <- with(Master, table(bats, throws))
require(vcd)
structable(BT)
mosaic(BT, shade=TRUE)
## Who is Shoeless Joe Jackson?
subset(Master, nameLast=="Jackson" & nameFirst=="Joe")
subset(Master, nameLast=="Jackson" & nameFirst=="Shoeless Joe")
joeID <-c(subset(Master, nameLast=="Jackson" & nameFirst=="Shoeless Joe")["playerID"])</pre>
subset(Batting, playerID==joeID)
subset(Fielding, playerID==joeID)
```

Parks 41

# Description

Name and location data for baseball stadiums.

## Usage

```
data(Parks)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 252 observations on the following 6 variables.

```
park.key unique identifier for each ballpark
park.name the name of the ballpark
park.alias a semicolon delimited list of other names for the ballpark if they exist
city city where the ballpark is located
state state where the ballpark is located
country country where the ballpark is located
```

#### **Details**

This dataset apparently includes all ballparks that were ever used in baseball. There is no indication of the years they were used, nor the teams that played there.

The ballparks can be associated with teams through the park variable in the Teams table.

#### **Source**

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

# See Also

Teams

```
data(Parks)
library(dplyr)
# how many parks in each country?
table(Parks$country)

# how many parks in each US state?
Parks %>%
  filter(country=="US") %>%
```

People People

```
count(state, sort=TRUE)

# ballparks in NYC
Parks %>%
    filter(state=="NY") %>%
    filter(city %in% c("New York", "Brooklyn", "Queens"))

# ballparks in Canada
Parks %>%
    filter(country=="CA") %>%
    count(state, sort=TRUE)

# what are the Canadian parks?
Parks %>%
    dplyr::filter(country=="CA")
```

People

People table

# **Description**

People table - Player names, DOB, and biographical info. This file is to be used to get details about players listed in the Batting, Pitching, and other files where players are identified only by playerID.

## Usage

```
data(People)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 19617 observations on the following 26 variables.

playerID A unique code assigned to each player. The playerID links the data in this file with records on players in the other files.

birthYear Year player was born

birthMonth Month player was born

birthDay Day player was born

birthCountry Country where player was born

birthState State where player was born

birthCity City where player was born

deathYear Year player died

deathMonth Month player died

deathDay Day player died

deathCountry Country where player died

People 43

```
deathState State where player died

deathCity City where player died

nameFirst Player's first name

nameLast Player's last name

nameGiven Player's given name (typically first and middle)

weight Player's weight in pounds

height Player's height in inches

bats a factor: Player's batting hand (left (L), right (R), or both (B))

throws a factor: Player's throwing hand (left(L) or right(R))

debut Date that player made first major league appearance

finalGame Date that player made first major league appearance (blank if still active)

retroID ID used by retrosheet, http://www.retrosheet.org/

bbrefID ID used by Baseball Reference website, http://www.baseball-reference.com/

birthDate Player's birthdate, in as.Date format

deathDate Player's deathdate, in as.Date format
```

## **Details**

debut, finalGame were converted from character strings with as.Date.

#### Source

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

Pitching

```
subset(People, nameLast=="Jackson" & nameFirst=="Shoeless Joe")
joeID <-c(subset(People, nameLast=="Jackson" & nameFirst=="Shoeless Joe")["playerID"])
subset(Batting, playerID==joeID)
subset(Fielding, playerID==joeID)</pre>
```

Pitching

Pitching table

# Description

Pitching table

# Usage

data(Pitching)

#### **Format**

```
A data frame with 46699 observations on the following 30 variables.
```

```
playerID PlayerID code
```

yearID Year

stint player's stint (order of appearances within a season)

teamID Team; a factor

1gID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA

- W Wins
- L Losses
- G Games
- **GS** Games Started
- **CG** Complete Games
- SHO Shutouts
- SV Saves

IPouts Outs Pitched (innings pitched x 3)

- H Hits
- **ER Earned Runs**
- HR Homeruns
- BB Walks
- SO Strikeouts

BAOpp Opponent's Batting Average

ERA Earned Run Average

Pitching 45

```
IBB Intentional Walks

WP Wild Pitches

HBP Batters Hit By Pitch

BK Balks

BFP Batters faced by Pitcher

GF Games Finished

R Runs Allowed

SH Sacrifices by opposing batters

SF Sacrifice flies by opposing batters

GIDP Grounded into double plays by opposing batter
```

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
# Pitching data
require("dplyr")
######################################
# cleanup, and add some other stats
# Restrict to AL and NL data, 1901+
# All data re SH, SF and GIDP are missing, so remove
# Intentional walks (IBB) not recorded until 1955
pitching <- Pitching %>%
              filter(yearID >= 1901 & lgID %in% c("AL", "NL")) %>%
              select(-(28:30)) %>% # remove SH, SF, GIDP
             mutate(BAOpp = round(H/(H + IPouts), 3), # loose def'n
                    WHIP = round((H + BB) * 3/IPouts, 2),
                    KperBB = round(ifelse(yearID >= 1955,
                                         SO/(BB - IBB), SO/BB), 2))
######################
# some simple queries
# Team pitching statistics, Toronto Blue Jays, 1993
tor93 <- pitching %>%
          filter(yearID == 1993 & teamID == "TOR") %>%
          arrange(ERA)
# Career pitching statistics, Greg Maddux
subset(pitching, playerID == "maddugr01")
```

46 Pitching

```
# Best ERAs for starting pitchers post WWII
pitching %>%
   filter(yearID >= 1946 & IPouts >= 600) %>%
   group_by(lgID) %>%
   arrange(ERA) %>%
   do(head(., 5))
# Best K/BB ratios post-1955 among starters (excludes intentional walks)
pitching %>%
   filter(yearID >= 1955 & IPouts >= 600) %>%
   mutate(KperBB = SO/(BB - IBB)) %>%
   arrange(desc(KperBB)) %>%
   head(., 10)
# Best K/BB ratios among relievers post-1950 (min. 20 saves)
pitching %>%
   filter(yearID >= 1950 & SV >= 20) %>%
   arrange(desc(KperBB)) %>%
   head(., 10)
# Winningest pitchers in each league each year:
# Add name & throws information:
peopleInfo <- People %>%
               select(playerID, nameLast, nameFirst, throws)
# Merge peopleInfo into the pitching data
pitching1 <- right_join(peopleInfo, pitching, by = "playerID")</pre>
# Extract the pitcher with the maximum number of wins
# each year, by league
winp <- pitching1 %>%
        group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
        filter(W == max(W)) %>%
        select(nameLast, nameFirst, teamID, W, throws)
# A simple ANCOVA model of wins vs. year, league and hand (L/R)
anova(lm(formula = W ~ yearID + I(yearID^2) + lgID + throws, data = winp))
# Nature of managing pitching staffs has altered importance of
# wins over time
## Not run:
require("ggplot2")
# compare loess smooth with quadratic fit
ggplot(winp, aes(x = yearID, y = W)) +
   geom_point(aes(colour = throws, shape=lgID), size = 2) +
   geom_smooth(method="loess", size=1.5, color="blue") +
   geom_smooth(method = "lm", se=FALSE, color="black",
```

PitchingPost 47

```
formula = y \sim poly(x,2)) +
    ylab("League maximum Wins") + xlab("Year") +
    ggtitle("Maximum pitcher wins by year")
## To reinforce this, plot the mean IPouts by year and league,
## which gives some idea of pitcher usage. Restrict pitcher
## pool to those who pitched at least 100 innings in a year.
pitching %>% filter(IPouts >= 300) %>% # >= 100 IP
ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = IPouts, color = lgID)) +
  {\tt geom\_smooth(method="loess")} \ +
  labs(x = "Year", y = "IPouts")
## Another indicator: total number of complete games pitched
## (Mirrors the trend from the preceding plot.)
pitching %>%
   group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
   summarise(totalCG = sum(CG, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
   ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = totalCG, color = lgID)) +
      geom_point() +
      geom_path() +
      labs(x = "Year", y = "Number of complete games")
## End(Not run)
```

PitchingPost

PitchingPost table

# Description

Post season pitching statistics

## Usage

```
data(PitchingPost)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 5624 observations on the following 30 variables.

```
playerID Player ID code
yearID Year
round Level of playoffs
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor with levels AA AL NL
W Wins
```

48 PitchingPost

```
L Losses
G Games
GS Games Started
CG Complete Games
SHO Shutouts
SV Saves
IPouts Outs Pitched (innings pitched x 3)
H Hits
ER Earned Runs
HR Homeruns
BB Walks
SO Strikeouts
BAOpp Opponents' batting average
ERA Earned Run Average
IBB Intentional Walks
WP Wild Pitches
HBP Batters Hit By Pitch
BK Balks
BFP Batters faced by Pitcher
GF Games Finished
R Runs Allowed
SH Sacrifice Hits allowed
SF Sacrifice Flies allowed
GIDP Grounded into Double Plays
```

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

playerInfo 49

```
CG, SHO, H, R, SO, BFP)
# Pitchers with the most IP in a series
# 1903 Series went eight games - for details, see
# https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1903_World_Series
ws %>%
 arrange(desc(IPouts)) %>%
 select(playerID, yearID, teamID, lgID, IPouts, W, L, G,
         CG, SHO, H, SO, BFP, ERA) %>%
 head(., 10)
# Pitchers with highest strikeout rate in WS
# (minimum 20 IP)
ws %>%
 filter(IPouts >= 60) %>%
 mutate(K_rate = 27 * SO/IPouts) %>%
 arrange(desc(K_rate)) %>%
 select(playerID, yearID, teamID, lgID, IPouts,
        H, SO, K_rate) %>%
 head(., 10)
# Pitchers with the most IP in WS history
ws %>%
 group_by(playerID) %>%
 summarise_at(vars(IPouts, H, ER, CG, BB, SO, W, L),
              sum, na.rm = TRUE) %>%
 mutate(ERA = round(27 * ER/IPouts, 2),
        Kper9 = round(27 * SO/IPouts, 3),
        WHIP = round(3 * (H + BB)/IPouts, 3)) \%
 arrange(desc(IPouts)) %>%
 select(-H, -ER) %>%
 head(., 10)
# Plot of K/9 by year
 group_by(yearID) %>%
 summarise(Kper9 = 27 * sum(S0)/sum(IPouts)) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = Kper9)) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_smooth() +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "K per 9 innings")
```

playerInfo

Lookup Information for Players and Teams

## **Description**

These functions use grep to lookup information about players (from the People file) and teams (from the Teams file).

Salaries Salaries

## Usage

```
playerInfo(playerID, nameFirst, nameLast, data = Lahman::People, extra = NULL, ...)
teamInfo(teamID, name, data = Lahman::Teams, extra = NULL, ...)
```

# **Arguments**

playerID pattern for playerID nameFirst pattern for first name nameLast pattern for last name

data The name of the dataset to search

extra A character vector of other fields to include in the result

... other arguments passed to grep

teamID pattern for teamID name pattern for team name

# Value

Returns a data frame for unique matching rows from data

# Author(s)

Michael Friendly

# See Also

```
grep, ~~~
```

# **Examples**

```
playerInfo("aaron")
  teamInfo("CH", extra="park")
```

Salaries

Salaries table

# Description

Player salary data.

## Usage

```
data(Salaries)
```

Salaries 51

#### **Format**

A data frame with 26428 observations on the following 5 variables.

```
yearID Year
teamID Team; a factor
lgID League; a factor
playerID Player ID code
salary Salary
```

# what years are included?

## **Details**

There is no real coverage of player's salaries until 1985.

#### Source

```
Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

```
summary(Salaries$yearID)
# how many players included each year?
table(Salaries$yearID)
# Team salary data
require("dplyr")
require("ggplot2")
# Total team salaries by league, team and year
teamSalaries <- Salaries %>%
                 group_by(lgID, teamID, yearID) %>%
                 summarise(Salary = sum(as.numeric(salary))) %>%
                 group_by(yearID, lgID) %>%
                 arrange(desc(Salary))
# Highest paid players each year:
maxSal <- Salaries %>%
           group_by(yearID) %>%
           filter(salary == max(salary))
maxPlayers <- bind_rows(lapply(maxSal$playerID, playerInfo)) %>%
                 select(-playerID)
maxSal <- bind_cols(maxPlayers, maxSal)</pre>
# Plot maximum MLB salary by year (1985-present)
ggplot(maxSal, aes(x = yearID, y = salary/1e6)) +
  geom_point() +
```

52 Salaries

```
geom_smooth(se = FALSE) +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "Salary (millions)")
# Plot salary distributions by year for all players
ggplot(Salaries, aes(x = factor(yearID), y = salary/1e5)) +
   geom_boxplot(fill = "lightblue", outlier.size = 1) +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "Salary ($100,000)") +
   coord_flip()
# Plot median MLB salary per year
Salaries %>%
   group_by(yearID) %>%
   summarise(medsal = median(salary)) %>%
   ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = medsal/1e6)) +
   geom_point() +
   geom_smooth() +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "Median MLB salary (millions)")
# add salary to Batting data
batting <- Batting %>%
               filter(yearID >= 1985) %>%
               left_join(select(Salaries, playerID, yearID, teamID, salary),
                          by=c("playerID", "yearID", "teamID"))
str(batting)
# Average salaries by teams, over years
# Some franchises are multiply named, so add a new variable
# 'franchise' to the Salaries data as a lookup table
franchise <- c('ANA' = "LAA", 'ARI' = "ARI", 'ATL' = "ATL",
                `BAL` = "BAL", `BOS` = "BOS", `CAL` = "LAA",
                `CHA` = "CHA", `CHN` = "CHN", `CIN` = "CIN",
                `CLE` = "CLE", `COL` = "COL", `DET` = "DET",
                `FLO` = "MIA", `HOU` = "HOU", `KCA` = "KCA",
                `LAA` = "LAA", `LAN` = "LAN", `MIA` = "MIA"
                `MIL` = "MIL", `MIN` = "MIN", `ML4` = "MIL"
               MON' = "WAS", 'NYA' = "NYA", 'NYM' = "NYN", 'NYN' = "NYN", 'OAK' = "OAK", 'PHI' = "PHI", 'PIT' = "PIT", 'SDN' = "SDN", 'SEA' = "SEA", 'SFG' = "SFN", 'SFN' = "SFN", 'SLN' = "SLN', 'TBA' = "TBA", 'TEX' = "TEX", 'TOR' = "TOR",
                `WAS' = "WAS")
Salaries$franchise <- unname(franchise[Salaries$teamID])</pre>
# Average salaries annual salaries by team, in millions USD
avg_team_salaries <- Salaries %>%
    group_by(yearID, franchise, lgID) %>%
    summarise(salary= mean(salary)/1e6) %>%
    filter(!(franchise == "CLE" & lgID == "NL"))
```

Schools 53

Schools

Schools table

# Description

Information on schools players attended, by school

# Usage

```
data(Schools)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 1207 observations on the following 5 variables.

```
schoolID school ID code
name_full school name
city city where school is located
state state where school's city is located
country country where school is located
```

#### **Source**

```
Lahman, S.~(2019) Lahman's~Baseball~Database,~1871-2018,~2018~version,~http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

```
require("dplyr")

# How many different schools are listed in each state?
table(Schools$state)

# How many different schools are listed in each country?
table(Schools$country)

# Top 20 schools
schoolInfo <- Schools %>% select(-country)
```

54 SeriesPost

```
schoolCount <- CollegePlaying %>%
                 group_by(schoolID) %>%
                 summarise(players = length(schoolID)) %>%
                 left_join(schoolInfo, by = "schoolID") %>%
                 arrange(desc(players))
head(schoolCount, 20)
# sum counts by state
schoolStates <- schoolCount %>%
                  group_by(state) %>%
                  summarise(players = sum(players),
                            schools = length(state))
str(schoolStates)
summary(schoolStates)
## Not run:
if(require(zipcode)) {
  # in lieu of more precise geocoding via schoolName,
  # find lat/long of Schools from zipcode file
  zips <- zipcode %>%
            group_by(city, state) %>%
            summarise(latitude=mean(latitude),
                      longitude=mean(longitude))
  names(zips)[1:2] \leftarrow c("city", "state")
  str(zips)
  # merge lat/long from zips
  schoolsXY <- merge(Schools, zips, by=c("city", "state"), all.x=TRUE)</pre>
  str(schoolsXY)
  # plot school locations
  with(subset(schoolsXY, schoolState != 'HI'),
    plot(jitter(longitude), jitter(latitude))
  )
}
## End(Not run)
```

SeriesPost

SeriesPost table

## **Description**

Post season series information

# Usage

```
data(SeriesPost)
```

SeriesPost 55

#### **Format**

```
yearID Year
round Level of playoffs
teamIDwinner Team ID of the team that won the series; a factor
lgIDwinner League ID of the team that won the series; a factor with levels AL NL
teamIDloser Team ID of the team that lost the series; a factor
lgIDloser League ID of the team that lost the series; a factor with levels AL NL
wins Wins by team that won the series
losses Losses by team that won the series
ties Tie games
```

A data frame with 334 observations on the following 9 variables.

#### Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
data(SeriesPost)
# How many times has each team won the World Series?
# - the SeriesPost table includes an identifier for the
# team (teamID), but not the franchise (e.g. the Brooklyn Dodgers
# [BRO] and Los Angeles Dodgers [LAN] are counted separately)
# - the World Series was first played in 1903, but the
# Lahman data tables have the final round of the earlier
# playoffs labelled "WS", so it is necessary to
# filter the SeriesPost table to exclude years prior to 1903.
# using the dplyr data manipulation package
library("dplyr")
library("tidyr")
library("ggplot2")
## WS winners, arranged in descending order of titles won
ws_winner_table <- SeriesPost %>%
  filter(yearID > "1902", round == "WS") %>%
  group_by(teamIDwinner) %>%
  summarise(wincount = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(wincount))
ws_winner_table
## Expanded form of World Series team data in modern era
```

```
ws <- SeriesPost %>%
        filter(yearID >= 1903 & round == "WS") %>%
        select(-ties, -round) %>%
       mutate(lgIDloser = droplevels(lgIDloser),
               lgIDwinner = droplevels(lgIDwinner))
# Bar chart of length of series (# games played)
# 1903, 1919 and 1921 had eight games
ggplot(ws, aes(x = wins + losses)) +
 geom_bar(fill = "dodgerblue") +
 labs(x = "Number of games", y = "Frequency")
# Last year the Cubs appeared in the WS
 filter(teamIDwinner == "CHN" | teamIDloser == "CHN") %>%
 summarise(max(yearID))
# Dot chart of number of WS appearances by teamID
ws %>%
 gather(wl, team, teamIDwinner, teamIDloser) %>%
 count(team) %>%
 arrange(desc(n)) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = reorder(team, n), y = n)) +
    theme_bw() +
   geom_point(size = 3, color = "dodgerblue") +
   geom_segment(aes(xend = reorder(team, n), yend = 0),
                 linetype = "dotted", color = "dodgerblue",
                 size = 1) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Number of WS appearances") +
    scale_y_continuous(expand = c(0, 0), limits = c(0, 42)) +
    coord_flip() +
    theme(axis.text.y = element_text(size = rel(0.8)),
          axis.ticks.y = element_blank())
# Initial year of each round of championship series in modern era
SeriesPost %>%
    filter(yearID >= 1903) %>% # modern WS started in 1903
   group_by(round) %>%
   summarise(first_year = min(yearID)) %>%
   arrange(first_year)
# Ditto, but with more information about each series played
SeriesPost %>%
 filter(yearID >= 1903) %>%
 group_by(round) %>%
 arrange(yearID) %>%
 do(head(., 1)) %>%
 select(-lgIDwinner, -lgIDloser) %>%
 arrange(yearID, round)
```

Teams

## **Description**

Yearly statistics and standings for teams

## Usage

```
data(Teams)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 2895 observations on the following 48 variables.

yearID Year

1gID League; a factor with levels AA AL FL NL PL UA

teamID Team; a factor

franchID Franchise (links to TeamsFranchises table)

divID Team's division; a factor with levels CEW

Rank Position in final standings

G Games played

Ghome Games played at home

W Wins

L Losses

DivWin Division Winner (Y or N)

WCWin Wild Card Winner (Y or N)

LgWin League Champion(Y or N)

WSWin World Series Winner (Y or N)

R Runs scored

AB At bats

H Hits by batters

X2B Doubles

X3B Triples

HR Homeruns by batters

BB Walks by batters

SO Strikeouts by batters

SB Stolen bases

CS Caught stealing

HBP Batters hit by pitch

SF Sacrifice flies

RA Opponents runs scored

ER Earned runs allowed

ERA Earned run average

```
CG Complete games
SHO Shutouts
SV Saves
IPouts Outs Pitched (innings pitched x 3)
HA Hits allowed
HRA Homeruns allowed
BBA Walks allowed
SOA Strikeouts by pitchers
E Errors
DP Double Plays
FP Fielding percentage
name Team's full name
park Name of team's home ballpark
attendance Home attendance total
BPF Three-year park factor for batters
PPF Three-year park factor for pitchers
teamIDBR Team ID used by Baseball Reference website
teamIDlahman45 Team ID used in Lahman database version 4.5
teamIDretro Team ID used by Retrosheet
```

#### **Details**

Variables X2B and X3B are named 2B and 3B in the original database

## Source

```
Lahman, S.~(2019)~Lahman's~Baseball~Database,~1871-2018,~2018~version,~http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/
```

```
kpg = SO/G,
         k2bb = SO/BB,
         whip = 3 * (H + BB)/IPouts)
# Function to create a ggplot by year for selected team stats
# Both arguments are character strings
yrPlot <- function(yvar, label)</pre>
    require("ggplot2")
    ggplot(teams, aes_string(x = "yearID", y = yvar)) +
       geom_point(size = 0.5) +
       geom_smooth(method="loess") +
       labs(x = "Year", y = paste(label, "per game"))
}
## Run scoring in the modern era by year
yrPlot("rpg", "Runs")
## Home runs per game by year
yrPlot("hrpg", "Home runs")
## Total bases per game by year
yrPlot("tbpg", "Total bases")
## Strikeouts per game by year
yrPlot("kpg", "Strikeouts")
## Plot win percentage vs. run differential (R - RA)
ggplot(teams, aes(x = R - RA, y = WinPct)) +
   geom_point(size = 0.5) +
   geom_smooth(method="loess") +
   geom_hline(yintercept = 0.5, color = "orange") +
   geom_vline(xintercept = 0, color = "orange") +
   labs(x = "Run differential", y = "Win percentage")
## Plot attendance vs. win percentage by league, post-1980
teams %>% filter(yearID >= 1980) %>%
ggplot(., aes(x = WinPct, y = attendance/1000)) +
   geom_point(size = 0.5) +
   geom_smooth(method="loess", se = FALSE) +
   facet_wrap(~lgID) +
   labs(x = "Win percentage", y = "Attendance (1000s)")
## Teams with over 4 million attendance in a season
teams %>%
  filter(attendance >= 4e6) %>%
  select(yearID, lgID, teamID, Rank, attendance) %>%
  arrange(desc(attendance))
## Average season HRs by park, post-1980
teams %>%
   filter(yearID >= 1980) %>%
   group_by(park) %>%
```

```
summarise(meanHRpg = mean((HR + HRA)/Ghome), nyears = n()) %>%
     filter(nyears >= 10) %>%
     arrange(desc(meanHRpg)) %>%
     head(., 10)
## Home runs per game at Fenway Park and Wrigley Field,
## the two oldest MLB parks, by year. Fenway opened in 1912.
 filter(yearID >= 1912 & teamID %in% c("BOS", "CHN")) %>%
 mutate(hrpg = (HR + HRA)/Ghome) \%
 ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = hrpg, color = teamID)) +
   geom\_line(size = 1) +
   geom_point() +
   labs(x = "Year", y = "Home runs per game", color = "Team") +
    scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "blue"))
## Ditto for total strikeouts per game
teams %>%
 filter(yearID >= 1912 & teamID %in% c("BOS", "CHN")) %>%
 mutate(kpg = (SO + SOA)/Ghome) %>%
 ggplot(., aes(x = yearID, y = kpg, color = teamID)) +
 geom\_line(size = 1) +
 geom_point() +
 labs(x = "Year", y = "Strikeouts per game", color = "Team") +
 scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "blue"))
## Not run:
if(require(googleVis)) {
motion1 <- gvisMotionChart(as.data.frame(teams),</pre>
             idvar="teamID", timevar="yearID", chartid="gvisTeams",
           options=list(width=700, height=600))
plot(motion1)
#print(motion1, file="gvisTeams.html")
# Merge with avg salary for years where salary is available
teamsal <- Salaries %>%
                group_by(yearID, teamID) %>%
                summarise(Salary = sum(salary, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
                select(yearID, teamID, Salary)
teamsSal <- teams %>%
                filter(yearID >= 1985) %>%
                left_join(teamsal, by = c("yearID", "teamID")) %>%
                select(yearID, teamID, attendance, Salary, WinPct) %>%
                as.data.frame(.)
motion2 <- gvisMotionChart(teamsSal, idvar="teamID", timevar="yearID",</pre>
 xvar="attendance", yvar="salary", sizevar="WinPct",
chartid="gvisTeamsSal", options=list(width=700, height=600))
plot(motion2)
#print(motion2, file="gvisTeamsSal.html")
```

TeamsFranchises 61

```
}
## End(Not run)
```

TeamsFranchises

TeamFranchises table

## **Description**

Information about team franchises

## Usage

```
data(TeamsFranchises)
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 120 observations on the following 4 variables.

franchID Franchise ID; a factor

franchName Franchise name

active Whether team is currently active (Y or N)

NAassoc ID of National Association team franchise played as

## Source

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

```
data(TeamsFranchises)

# Which of the active Major League Baseball teams had a National Association predecessor?

# Notes:
# - the National Association was founded in 1871, and continued through the
# 1875 season. In 1876, six clubs from the National Association and two other
# independent clubs formed the National League, which exists to this day.
# - the `active` field has "NA" for the National Association franchises
# - where appropriate, the `NAassoc` field has the `franchID` of the successor National League team
# using the dplyr data manipulation package
library("dplyr")

NatAssoc_active_table <- TeamsFranchises %>%
    filter(active == "Y") %>%
    filter(!is.na(NAassoc))
```

62 TeamsHalf

TeamsHalf

TeamsHalf table

# **Description**

Split season data for teams

# Usage

```
data(TeamsHalf)
```

# **Format**

A data frame with 52 observations on the following 10 variables.

```
yearID Year
```

1gID League; a factor with levels AL NL

teamID Team; a factor

Half First or second half of season

divID Division

DivWin Won Division (Y or N)

Rank Team's position in standings for the half

G Games played

W Wins

L Losses

#### **Source**

Lahman, S. (2019) Lahman's Baseball Database, 1871-2018, 2018 version, http://www.seanlahman.com/baseball-archive/statistics/

TeamsHalf 63

```
# 1981 season team data split into half seasons
data(TeamsHalf)
library("dplyr")

# List standings with winning percentages by
# season half, league and division
TeamsHalf %>%
    group_by(Half, lgID, divID) %>%
    mutate(WinPct = round(W/G, 3)) %>%
    arrange(Half, lgID, divID, Rank) %>%
    select(Half, lgID, divID, Rank, teamID, WinPct)
```

# **Index**

*Topic datasets	Baseball, <i>15</i>
AllstarFull, 5	baseball, 15
Appearances, 6	Batting, 3, 14, 18, 21, 22, 39, 42
AwardsManagers, 8	batting, 3, 14, 78, 21, 22, 39, 42 battingLabels, 4, 18, 32
_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del>-</del>
AwardsPlayers, 10	BattingPost, 4, 19, 22
AwardsShareManagers, 11	battingStats, <i>15</i> , 21
AwardsSharePlayers, 12	CollegePlaying, 4, 22
Batting, 14	Collegeriaying, 4, 22
battingLabels, 18	Fielding, <i>3</i> , <i>18</i> , 23
BattingPost, 19	fieldingLabels, 4, 32
CollegePlaying, 22	fieldingLabels (battingLabels), 18
Fielding, 23	FieldingOF, 4, 25
FieldingOF, 25	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FieldingPost, 27	FieldingPost, 4, 27
HallOfFame, 28	grep, 50
LahmanData, 33	gi ep, 30
Managers, 34	HallOfFame, 4, 28
ManagersHalf,38	11a11011 alile, 7, 20
Master, 39	Label, 18, 32
Parks, 41	Lahman (Lahman-package), 3
People, 42	Lahman-package, 3
Pitching, 44	LahmanData, 33
PitchingPost, 47	Edillian Batta, 55
Salaries, 50	Managers, <i>4</i> , 34
Schools, 53	ManagersHalf, 4, 38
SeriesPost, 54	Master, 39
Teams, 57	
TeamsFranchises, 61	Parks, 41
TeamsHalf, 62	People, 3, 29, 42, 49
*Topic <b>manip</b>	Pitching, 3, 18, 39, 42, 44
battingStats, 21	pitchingLabels, 4, 32
Label, 32	pitchingLabels (battingLabels), 18
playerInfo, 49	PitchingPost, 4, 47
,	playerInfo, 49
AllstarFull, 4, 5	p1a, 0. 1 0, 15
Appearances, 4, 6	Salaries, 4, 50
AwardsManagers, 4, 8	Schools, 4, 53
AwardsPlayers, 4, 10	SeriesPost, 4, 54
AwardsShareManagers, 4, 11	
AwardsSharePlayers, 4, 12	teamInfo(playerInfo), 49
•	7.

INDEX 65

Teams, 4, 41, 49, 56 TeamsFranchises, 4, 57, 61 TeamsHalf, 4, 62