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MAATALOUS-METSÄTIETEELLINEN TIEDEKUNTA AGRIKULTUR-FORSTVETENSKAPLIGA FAKULTETEN **FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY**

Mobility potential of latent antibiotic resistance genes: novel mobile colistin resistance genes

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BACKGROUND

After their recent discovery, several different mobile colistin resistance (mcr) genes have been identified. These genes are closely related to bacterial chromosomal eptA genes. So the question, are all mobile and/or plasmid-borne eptA/mcrgenes mobile colistin resistance genes? And do these genes pose a potential risk Our aim was to characterize the genetic diversity of eptA/mcr-genes in influent sewage and determine their genetic context to inder their mobility potential.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Influent sewage was sampled on three consecutive days and sequenced with PacBio Sequel II. Metagenomic assemblies were done with hifiasm-meta. HMM-models were build from known mcr-gene variants and queried against the assembled metagenomes. Plasmid contigs were predicted with PlasX and mobile genetic elements within 5 kb up- or downstream region from the identified gene with MobileElementFinder. Phylogenetic trees were built with FastTree.

RESULTS

2.5kb

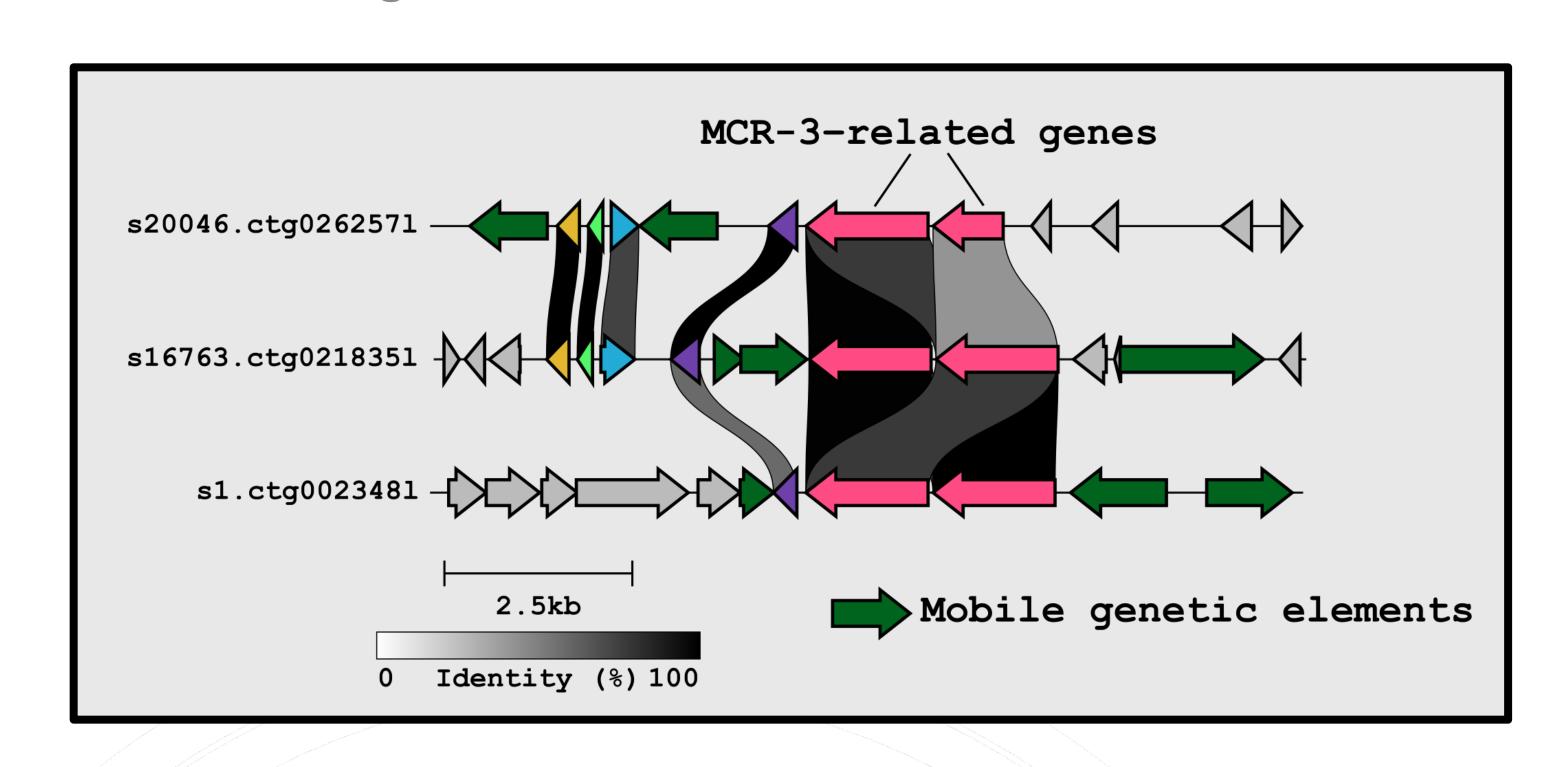
0 Identity (%) 100

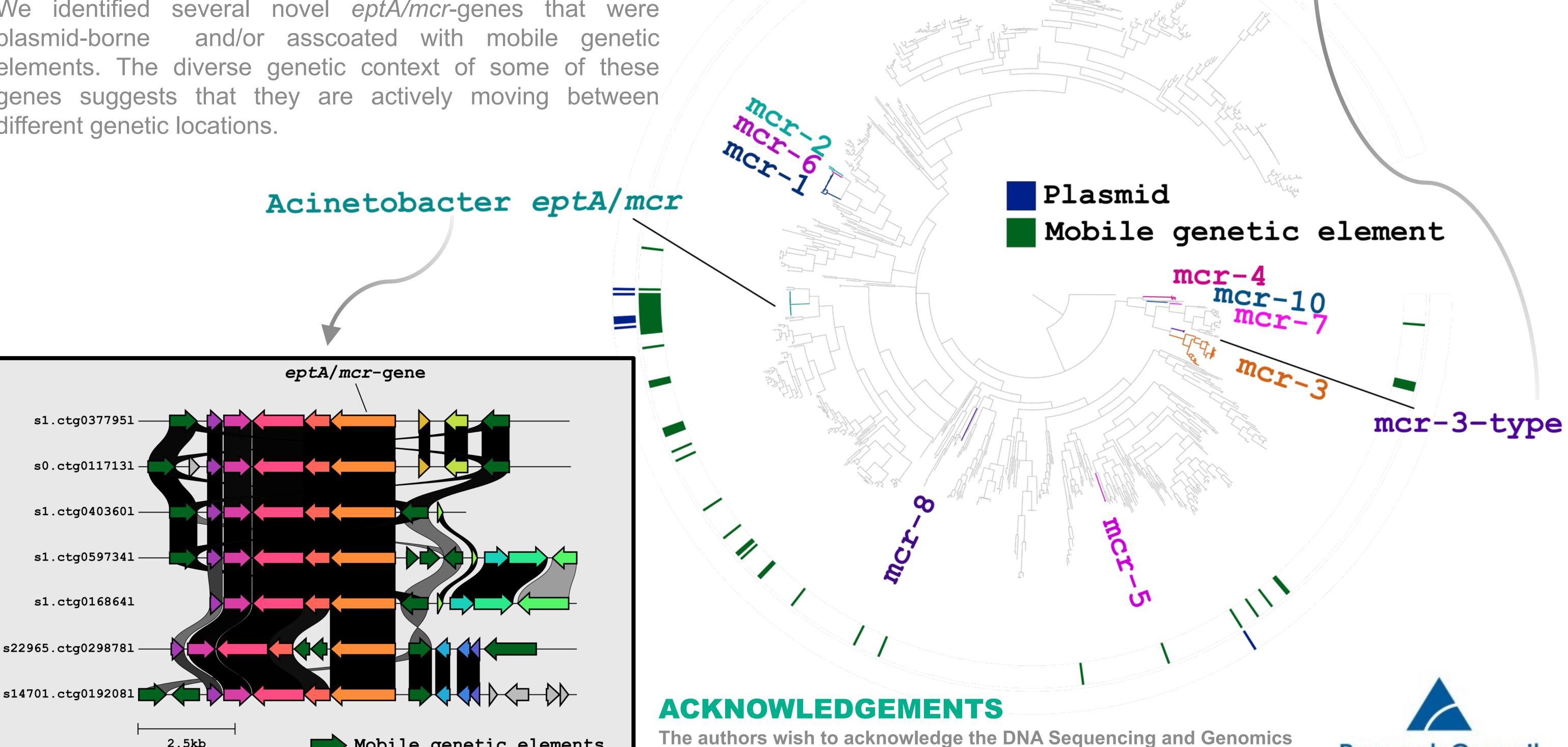
We identified several novel eptA/mcr-genes that were plasmid-borne and/or asscoated with mobile genetic elements. The diverse genetic context of some of these genes suggests that they are actively moving between different genetic locations.

Mobile genetic elements

CONCLUSION

Sewage hosts a diverse pool of eptA/mcr-genes. Some of these genes could be considered novel mobile colistin resistance genes based on their mobiity potential. Further work is needed to link these geens to their hosts, determine their phenotypic resistance patterns and get better insights of the possible horizontal transfer routes of these genes.





computational resources

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