



Good starting points for Bisection would be $x_c = 1$ $x_r = 2$ as the root exists between these x values. Xi = 1 is good starting point for Newton - Raphson as the derivative at this point intersects the x axis at a point closer to the root trying to be found I = 4 would be a bad starting point for Newton-Raphson as this is close to a turning point so the derivative will be close to zero causing the next iteration of the algorithm to be very far from the initial x; tikley causing the algorithm to converge to a different noot.