Slime

Materials:

- 1. 3 tbsp glue
- 2. 2 tsp detergent
- 3. 1 popsicle stick (as a stir rod)
- 4. 1 cup with cap
- 5. 2 drops of dye
- 6. Add-ons (i.e. foam)
- 7. Measurement spoons (tbsp and tsp)

Procedure:

- 1. Put 3 tablespoons of glue in a cup
- 2. Put 1 teaspoon of detergent in the cup
- 3. Stir the mixture (with a popsicle stick) for a couple of seconds until clumpy
- 4. Add 1 more teaspoon of detergent. Add dye and any add-ons they want (i.e. sparkles, glitter, foam)
- 5. Stir the mixture until evenly mixed (couple of seconds)
- 6. Knead out the slime but make sure to add a little bit of water

The Science behind it:

Glue is a polymer, which means it is made of identical molecules and has characteristics of a liquid when you pour it (i.e. it takes the shape of the container).

Glue contains a chemical called polyvinyl acetate, a polymer that is runny when you mix it with water or vinegar. However, if you add detergent (which has borax), a crosslinker, it makes all of the glue molecules stick (or link) together in a big glob.

The sodium tetraborate in Borax laundry detergent is a cross-linking substance that makes glue molecules stick together.

Questions:

- 1. How can you make the polymer stretch the farthest?
- 2. Does the amount of Borax added change the slime?
- 3. What method of storage will make the polymer last the longest?
- 4. What brand of glue makes the stretchiest polymer?
- 5. Does the amount of water added to the glue affect the gooeyness of the slime?



More info:

- https://temeculablogs.com/laundry-detergent-slime/
- https://www.wikihow.com/Make-Laundry-Detergent-Slime
- https://www.wrdw.com/content/news/The-Science-Behind-Slime-415314613.html
- https://www.acs.org/content/acs/en/education/whatischemistry/adventures-in-chemistry/experiments/slime.html
- http://kitchenpantryscientist.com/tag/slime/
- https://www.stevespanglerscience.com/lab/experiments/glue-borax-gak/
- https://sciencebob.com/make-slime-with-borax/