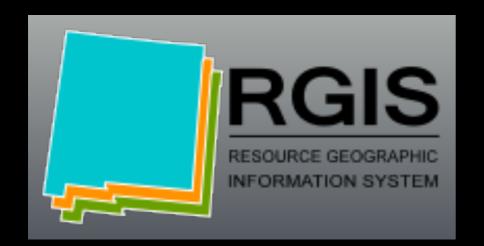
#### Open Data Resources and Strategies - Efficient Discovery and Use of Global to Local Open Data

Karl Benedict
Director of Research Data Services, College of University Libraries and Learning Sciences
University of New Mexico
kbene@unm.edu



### Presentation Outline

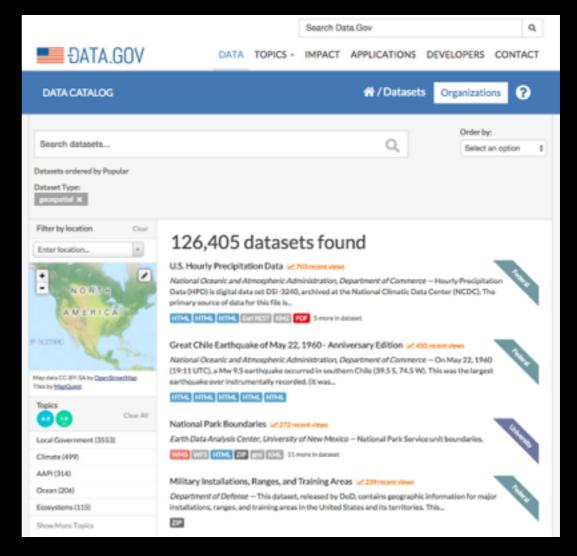
- Introduction
- Current Context
- Where & How You Can Get Stuff
- Interlude Where Your Stuff Can Go
- Demonstrations of Search Interfaces and Automated Interactions via Web Services







The geospatial data community has a long tradition of Open Data and Data Sharing



... and Open
Standards to support
data discovery,
visualization and
access



FGDC - Content Standard for Digital Geospatial Metadata

ISO - 19115, 19115-2 , 19115-1 and related standards





Open Geospatial Consortium

- Web Map Services (visualization)
- Web Feature Services (WFS data access, vector)
- Web Coverage Services (WCS data access, raster)
   ... and many others



### The rest of the Open Data community is

OMB Memorandum M-13-13 (pg. 1-2)

Specifically, this Memorandum requires agencies to collect or create information in a way that supports downstream information processing and dissemination activities. This includes using machine readable and open formats, data standards, and common core and extensible metadata for all new information creation and collection efforts. It also includes agencies ensuring information stewardship through the use of open licenses and review of information for privacy, confidentiality, security, or other restrictions to release. Additionally, it involves agencies building or modernizing information systems in a way that maximizes interoperability and information accessibility, maintains internal and external data asset inventories, enhances information safeguards, and clarifies information management responsibilities.

 Executive Order 13642 - Making Open and Machine Readable the New Default for Government Information (May 9, 2013) □

 statements - examples

- PLOS | ONE ♣
- General increased recognition of value and benefits of adopting Open Data Principles

ts lata

and

cess

# Where and How You Can Get Stuff

## Full-service Geospatial Data Repositories (examples)

 New Mexico Resource Geographic Information System ➡



- Texas Natural Resources
   Information System ➡
- The National Map Small Scale Data Collection ⇒ (web services ⇒)







Global Land Cover Facility
www.landcover.org

## General and Domain-Specific Data Repositories (examples)











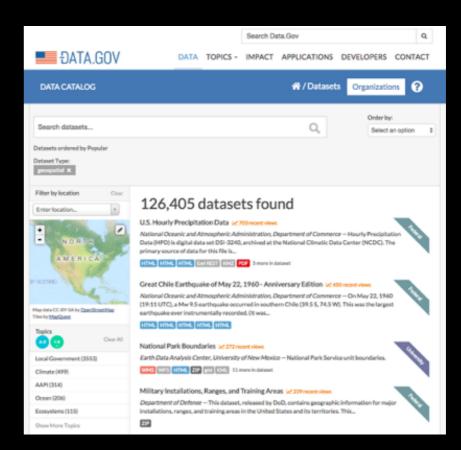


- Find one for yourself: re3data.org
- Figshare ⇒
- Dryad ➡
- Zenodo ➡
- American FactFinder ➡, FTP server ➡, CSV Files ➡
- DataZoa (commercial) ⇒

dataZoa™

## Metadata Focused Data Discovery/Access

- data.gov ⇒ (data catalog ⇒)
- GEOPLATFORM.gov □
- DataONE ➡
- Global Earth Observation
   System of Systems (GEOSS)
   ➡



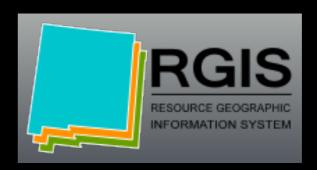






# (interlude) Where Your Stuff Can Go

### Many of the Same Players



- NM RGIS
- A wide variety of the increasingly popular data sharing platforms
- Metadata publication/ registration through <u>data.gov</u> or GEOSS

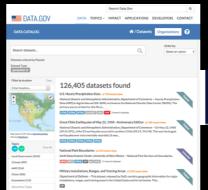














# Interacting with Remote Data Sources

### Some Concepts

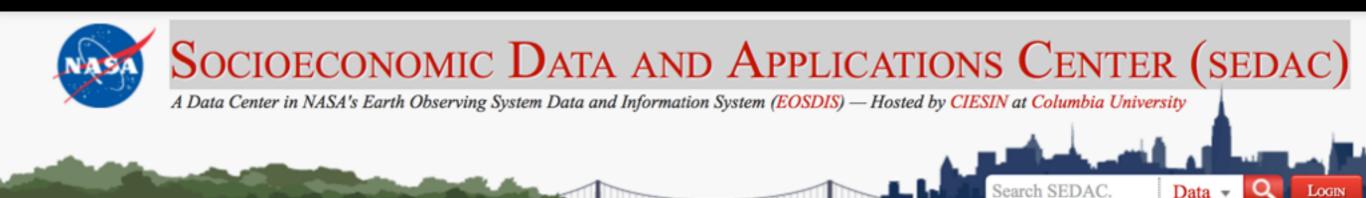
- Open Standards
- Web Services
- Application Programming Interface (API)

# Searching and Using data.gov

### Open Geospatial Consortium Web Services

http://sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/maps/services#U.S.%20Census%20Grids

in Quantum GIS



### US Census API

http://www.census.gov/developers/

in iPython Notebook



**Developers** 

