# **Business Activity Model**



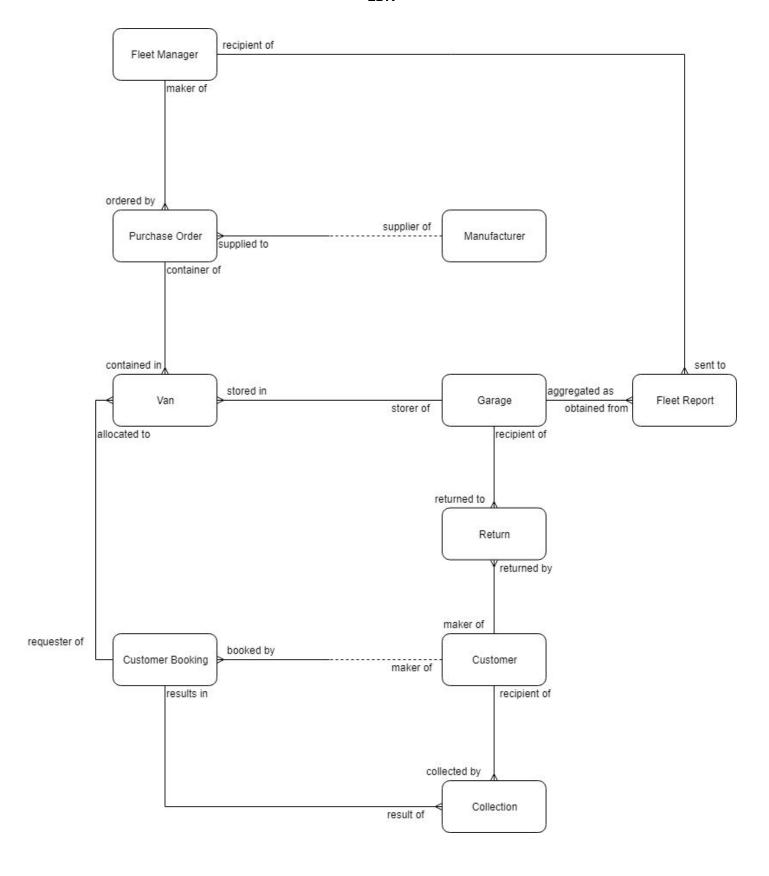
As in the BAM above, I assumed that the deposit is separate from the actual payment, and that the customer would receive their deposit back, providing they followed the terms of the contract, i.e. they show up to collect van and return van on time. The deposit acts as an incentive for the customer to respect the conditions of the hire.

## **Logical Data Model**

#### LDR Entity Relationship Matrix

	Manufacturer	Purchase Order	Van	Garage	Customer Booking	Customer	Collection	Return	Fleet Manager	Fleet Report
Fleet Report				X					X	
Fleet Manager		X								
Return				X		X				
Collection					X	X				
Customer					X					
Customer Booking			X							
Garage			Х							
Van		X								
Purchase Order	Х									
Manufacturer										

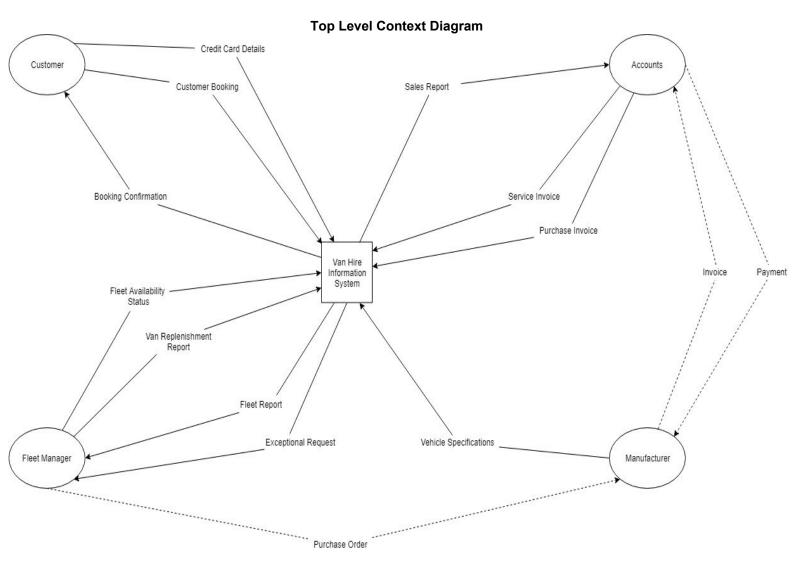
#### **LDR**



## **Top Level Context Diagram**

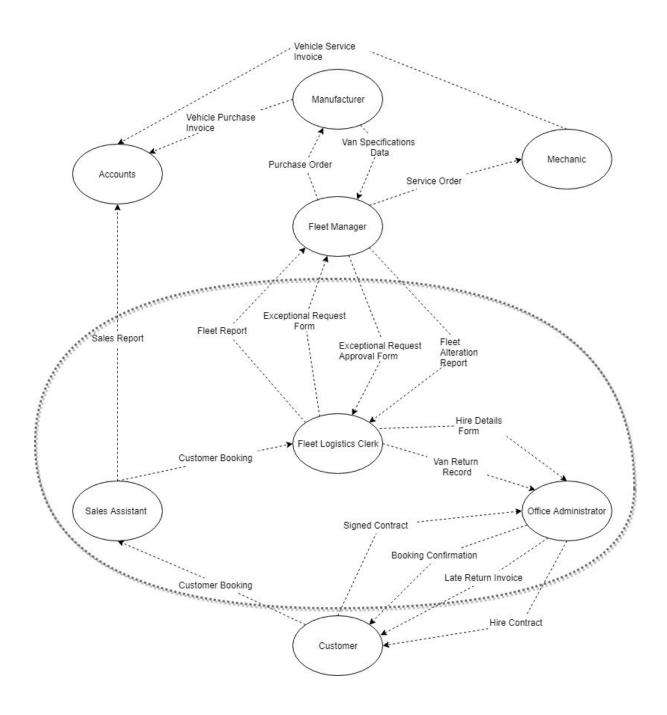
#### **External Entities Context Table**

External Entity	Source or Recipient	Data Flow
Manufacturer	S	Vehicle Specifications
Accounts	S	Purchase Invoice
	S	Service Invoice
	R	Sales Report
Fleet Manager	S	Fleet Availability Status
	R	Fleet Report
	S	Van Replenishment Report
	R	Exceptional Request
Customer	S	Credit Card Details
	S	Customer Booking
	R	Booking Confirmation



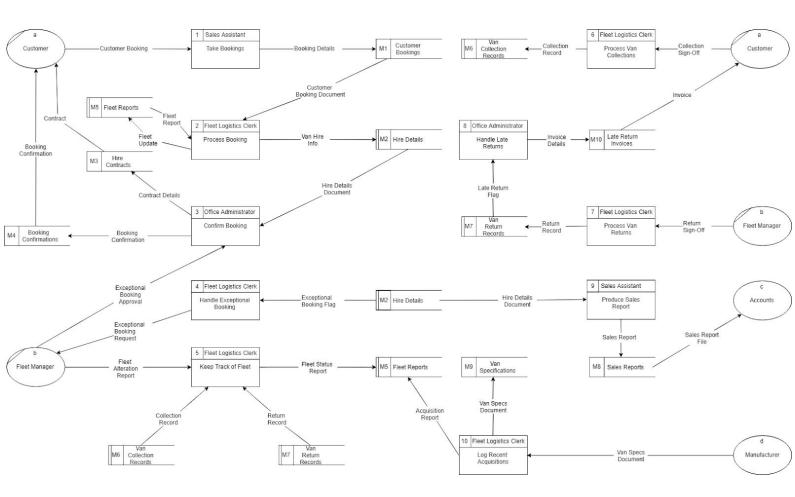
In this diagram and subsequent diagrams, I will define an 'Exceptional Request/Booking' as a booking that may push the limits of what the company allows in a hire, such as booking for the maximum hire period, or multiple vans.

### **Document Flow Diagram**



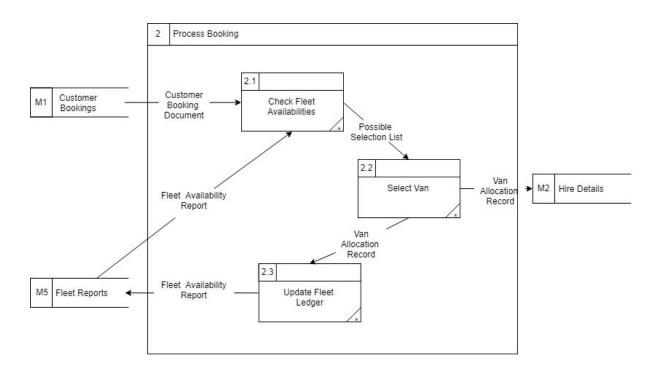
I decided that the fleet manager should be outside the boundaries of the system, as the decisions (e.g. ordering new vans) made by the fleet manager have a significantly greater weight than the fleet logistics clerk and hence they should not be left to automation.

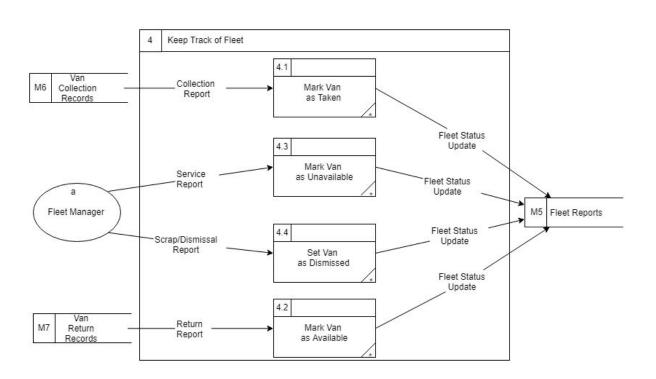
## **Current Physical (Level 1) DFD**



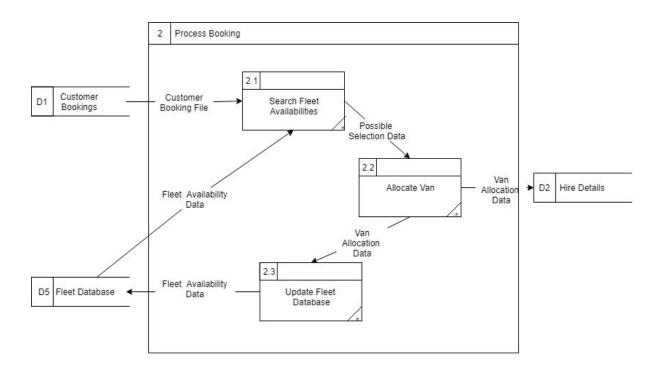
Note: You may have to zoom to properly see the contents of this DFD.

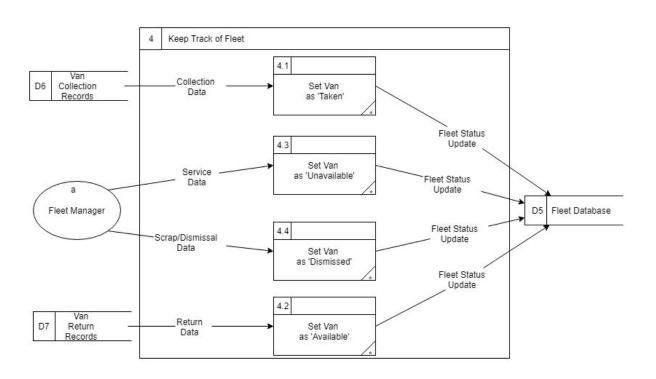
## Physical (Level 2) DFDs





## Logical (Level 2) DFDs





#### **Function 1 - Search Fleet Availabilities**

(Logical Level 2 DFD)

**FUNCTION SearchAvailabilities** 

ORDER fleet BY most recently returned

FOR EVERY van IN fleet WHERE van type IS requested type
GET van status
IF van status IS 'available'
PUSH van TO stack

**END** 

Note: The fleet was ordered by most recently returned, and then pushed to a stack. This is to ensure that all vans are used equally so as not to wear a select few vans out unnecessarily; the least recently returned van would be pushed to the top of the stack, and hence it would be the next one to be allocated.

#### **Function 2 - Confirm Booking**

(Physical Level 1 DFD)

**FUNCTION ConfirmBooking** 

GET customer, hire info FROM hire details

IF exceptionalRequestFlag NOT TRUE

GENERATE confirmation email

SEND confirmation email TO customer address

**ELSE** 

SEND customer, hire info TO fleet manager address

IF response IS 'approved'

**GENERATE** confirmation email

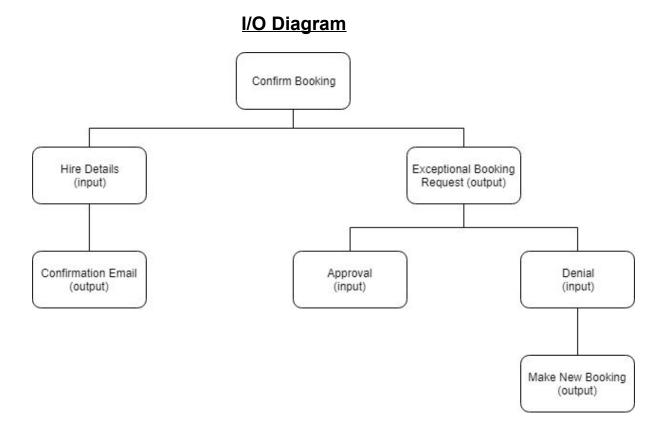
SEND confirmation email TO customer address

ELSE

GENERATE make new booking email

SEND make new booking email TO customer address

**END** 



#### **Process Description 1 - Log Recent Acquisitions**

IF van IS new

MOVE van TO fleet

GET van specs FROM manufacturer ADD van specs TO van details SET van status AS 'available'

**END** 

#### **Process Description 2 - Process Van Returns**

IF van status IS 'taken' AND return sign-off RECEIVED

SET van status AS 'available'

IF lateReturnFlag NOT TRUE

RETURN deposit TO customer

SEND thank you email TO customer address

**ELSE** 

SEND invoice TO customer address IF no response

END

## **Data Flow**

From	To	Data Flow	Data Content	Comments
M1	2	Customer Booking File	Customer I.D.  Date of Collection  Period of Hire  Van Type	The raw booking data is sent to be processed. We only need the customer I.D. and booking details to continue
2	M2	Van Hire File	Van I.D. Customer I.D. Date of Collection Period of Hire	When the booking is processed, a van is allocated to the booking hence why Van Type has been replaced by Van I.D.

# **Entity Description**

Entity Description					
Entity Name	Collection				
Description	The collection of a hired van by a customer				
Attribute		Primary Key Foreign Key		Mandatory/ Optional	
Collection Number		Yes M		М	
Collection	Date			М	
Hire Pe	riod			М	
Booking Number			Yes	М	
Customer Number			Yes	М	
must/may be	either/or	Link Phrase only one/ one or more		Entity Name	
must be		collected by	only one	Customer	
must be		the result of	only one	Customer Booking	
	User			Access	
Customer			Read		
Logistics Clerk			Read, Write, Create		
Fleet Manager			Read, Write, Create, Delete		

## **Data Store**

Data Store				
Data Store I.D.	D5			
Data Store Name Fleet Database				
Data Store Description	A database containing all fleet related information.			
	It would contain the status of every van (is it available? is it taken?), the specifications, and the records of every van (how long has it been in the fleet? How many times has it been used? Mileage?), along with other information.			