

Manual for Package: adcp

Revision 4M

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1 @ADCP

1.1 ADCP

ADCP superclass
 converts ADCP fixed integer raw data to floats with SI units
 provides functions for ADCP data manipulation
 calculated from the water temperature and sound frequency

1.2 Ds

depth of bin, distance between water surface (z_s) and (z_i)

$D_s = z_s - z_{bin}$

does not correct for tilts

1.3 Dt

projected distance from transducer to cell centres
if the instrument is not tilted, this is the vertical distance (
depth)
between the transducer and cell centres
does not account for transducer depth

1.4 R

unprojected (slanted) distance between the transducer and cell
centres

1.5 adc_current_slope

instrument type specific slope for converting raw current to Ampere
c.f. WorkHorse Commands and Output Data Format, March 2014
c.f. XMT Voltage and Current Channels
originally undocumented by RDI, and taken from Shields 2010

1.6 adc_voltage_slope

instrument series specific conversion factors for voltage
c.f. WorkHorse Commands and Output Data Format, March 2014
c.f. XMT Voltage and Current Channels
originally undocumented by RDI, and taken from Shields 2010

1.7 assign_file

ensemble indices of each file

1.8 assign_water_level

assign water level to adcp ensembles (combine gauge with boat data)

1.9 average_profile

average backscatter for each sample within an specific interval

1.10 backscatter2ssc

wrapper for backscatter conversion

1.11 binsize

bin size (vertical distance between two bins)

1.12 blnk

blanking range, range from transduce to centre of first bin

1.13 btrange

convert raw btrange to vertical distance (projected distance) of
the bed
level below the transducer, when the transducer is looking
vertically down
this is the depth less the transducer depth

1.14 calc_backscatter

backscatter from echo intensity

1.15 clock_offset_STATIC

dt : median difference between adcp clock and UTC
sd_dt : standard error of dt

1.16 convert_raw_binprops_STATIC

convert the raw bin properties to si-units

1.17 convert_raw_serial_STATIC

convert bytes of serial number into single number
big endian system

1.18 convert_raw_time_STATIC

convert measurement time stamps into matlab internal format

1.19 convert_raw_velocity

convert scaled integer raw velocity to float SI (m/s)

1.20 convert_raw_velocity_STATIC

convert raw velocity to SI units (m/s)

1.21 copy

copy constructor

1.22 distmidbin1

convert raw distance to first bin centre to SI

1.23 file_ensemble_index

ensemble index eid_f with respect to file for ensemble eid

1.24 file_index

first and last ensemble index of of a file

1.25 filetime_min

start time of each file

1.26 fill_coordinate_gaps

fill gaps in ensemble coordinates

1.27 filter_range

filter HADCP velocity by detecting the last valid bin
if the bacscatter does not decrease over 10 bins, than obstacle or
intersection

1.28 heading_rad

convert raw instrument heading angle to [rad]

1.29 instrument_depth_m

depth of instrument (for submerged deployments)

1.30 instrument_to_ship_STATIC

transform velocities from instrument reference to ship reference
by correcting for pitch_rad and roll_rad

input

vel : float [arbitrary unit] instrument reference

btvel : float [arbitrary unit] instrument reference

pitch_rad : float [radians] true pitch_rad, not measured pitch_rad

roll_rad : float [radians]

output

vel and btvel [input unit] ship reference

1.31 lngthtranspulse

convert raw transmit pulse length to SI units (m)

1.32 load_RSSI_values_STATIC

load instrument specific backscatter conversion parameters

1.33 nbins

number of bins for each file

1.34 near_field_correction

new fiel correction of the acoustic backscatter

c.f. wall 2006

Psi : (nr,1) near field correction factor

1.35 nens

number of ensembles

1.36 pitch_rad

convert raw pitch to radians

1.37 pressure_bar

convert raw pressure to bar

1.38 range2binid

convert distance to transducer to bin index

1.39 roll_rad

convert raw instrument roll angle to [rad]

1.40 rotate_velocity

rotate the velocity in the horizontal plane with respect to the
directional
vector dir
dir : direction of the transect

1.41 rotate_velocity_sw

rotate velocity to local streamwise reference
input velocity can have arbitrary reference

1.42 ship_to_earth_STATIC

converts velocity from ship to earth coordinate reference
expects input arguments informat:
vel : float arbitrary unit
btvel : float same unit as vel
heading_rad: float [radians]

1.43 sort_STATIC

sort files by start time

1.44 squeeze_STATIC

```
cut ensembles, skip ensembles or average ensembles in time

adcp : adcp structure
dt   : time between output ensembles in seconds
mode : {'average', 'skip'}
mask : selection of ensembles to keep (computed from dt if not
      provided)
      fprintf(1,'Progress: %g\n%% %gs\n',idx/
              nt,tlast);
```

1.45 temperature_offset_C

```
instrument specific temperature offset
```

1.46 to_abs

```
velocity magnitude
```

1.47 transducer_temperature_C

```
convert raw transducer temperature to SI units [Celsius]
T   : (1,nt) water temperature
```

1.48 verify_pc_time

```
verify the time stored in the data file
```

2 @Ensemble

2.1 Ensemble

```
container for ADCP ensemble data and properties
```

2.2 calc_beamcoords

calculate positions in world coordinates where the individual beams
hit the bottom

3 @HADCP

3.1 HADCP

converts raw data of horizontal ADCPs into physical quantities
and provides functions for data processing

3.2 beam_to_instrument_STATIC

transform the 3 beam velocities into a set of 2 orthogonal
velocities
and 1 error velocity
This uses always three beams (no two beam solutions)

input

vel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system
btvel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system
beamangle : float [radians]

output

vel and btvel [input unit] instrument reference system

3.3 bootstrap_backscatter

bootstrap uncertainty of the backscatter parameters

3.4 calc_beam_spreading_cone

beam spreading

Note: beams spread in the form of bessel functions

this is the engineering approach as cones, which is however
not

a good approximation, it is better to approximate it as a
gaussian

3.5 calc_bin_coordinates

get the cartesian (world) coordinates of the HADCP central beam
bins

3.6 calibrate_backscatter

calibrate backscatter to sediment concentration by the method of
Sassi

3.7 filter_velocity

filter outliers in velocity data

3.8 firmware_fix_STATIC

correct RDI HADCP firmware bug (2014)
this bug successively invalids data every 4th-bin, which led to 3-
beam solutions
and consequentially jumps of the transformed velocities
vel_s(:,fdx,:) = vel(:,fdx,:);
vel_b(:,fdx,:) = vel(:,fdx,:);

3.9 fixnan

interpolate invalid bin-samples from last and next ensemble

3.10 instrument_to_beam_STATIC

transform the 3 beam velocities into a set of 2 orthogonal
velocities
and 1 error velocity
This uses always three beams (no two beam solutions)

input
vel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system
btvel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system
beamangle : float [radians]

output
vel and btvel [input unit] instrument reference system

mode : beams used for all transformations
123, 12, 23, 13

3.11 reorder_velocity_STATIC

reorder the HADCP velocity data into the first three slots, the
HADCP
has just three beams, but the software stores data for
four beams, similar to the four beam VADCPs

3.12 to_beam_STATIC

wrapper for conversion to beam velocity
Note that back-conversion to beam velocity is not unique in case of
3 beam
solutions (as RDI instruments do not store which beams were used)
and
if instrument internal bin-mapping is used (whichs precise
algorithm remains
an RDI secret)

3.13 to_earth_STATIC

wrapper to transform velocities to world coordinate reference

3.14 to_instrument_STATIC

wrapper to convert velocity to instrument coordinate reference

3.15 to_ship_STATIC

wrapper for conversion to ship velocity

4 @RDI_mmt

4.1 RDI_mmt

4.2 read

4.3 write

5 @VADCP

5.1 VADCP

converts raw data of vertical ADCPs into physical quantities

5.2 assign_transect

assign transect index to ensembles

5.3 backscatter_report

human readable output of calibration properties
% fprintf(['Parameters and uncertainty with respect to 95%%
 confidence\n']);

5.4 beam_to_instrument_STATIC

transform the 4 beam velocities into a set of 3 orthogonal
 velocities
and 1 error velocity

input
vel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system

btvel : float [arbitrary unit] beam reference system
beamangle : float [radians]

output
vel and btvel [input unit] instrument reference system

TODO account for NaNs either by three beam solution or
interpolation

5.5 bottom_track_STATIC

compute bottom track coordinates

5.6 bscalibrate

backscatter to sediment calibration

calibtation subroutine
M_ref : sediment concentration calibration values
d_k : depth of virtual reference value K
(choose close to receiver, but out of near field, e.g.
within 2m .. 4m)
TODO : better documentation of input values
TODO : rename nk into ik, because it is an index and not a length
TODO rename r_ref and d_k into r_1 and r_2

5.7 bsgrid

evaluate the objective function at the selected points

5.8 bsinvert

backscatter inversion

5.9 bsjackknife

compute the jackknife estimates of the parameters and their
covariances

5.10 bsjointcalibration

calibrate backscatter

5.11 btvel_from_position

determine boat velocity from bottom track, inverse of bottom track

5.12 calc_ssc

calculate the backscatter

5.13 cdf

compute and plot cumulative distribution (cdf) of the velocity components

5.14 convert_nFiles

convert coordinates of NMEA-nFiles

5.15 correct_coordinates

correct the bottom coordinates for pitch and roll

5.16 correct_for_platform_velocity_STATIC

correct for platform (boat) velocity, this is the negative bed velocity

5.17 depth_average_velocity

average the velocity over depth

5.18 `depth_integrate`

depth integrate the velocity to obtain specific discharge

5.19 `depth_integrate_sediment_discharge`

depth integrated sediment discharge

5.20 `filter_velocity`

filter the velocity data

5.21 `fit_sediment_concentration_profile`

```
fit_suspended_sediment_concentration_profile(obj, profile_cls,  
                                              ensmask, nwin)
```

5.22 `fit_velocity_profile`

fit velocity profile to the streamwise velocity

5.23 `map_z`

z-mapping, i.e. correct for roll and pitch of instrument

6 `@VADCP/old`

6.1 `assign_crossing`

7 @VADCP

7.1 optstr

string of arguments, for file name generation

7.2 plot_track

plot the boat track

7.3 plot_velocity_components

plot the velocity components

7.4 process

process VADCP data

7.5 range2depth

depth below transducer for individual bins of the beams

7.6 rangemask

mask all bins in range

7.7 to

transform velocity to given reference

7.8 to_beam_STATIC

convert velocity data to beam reference

7.9 to_cs

```
transform velocity to cross section references
cs-velocity is here defined as the velocity orthogonal to the cs
% [ 0 1][c -s]=[-s c]
% [ 1 0][s c] [ c s]
```

7.10 to_earth_STATIC

```
transform coordinates to cartesian world reference system (earth)
```

7.11 to_sw

```
transform velocity with respect to depth averaged streamwise
velocity
```

7.12 velocity_near_bed

```
velocity near the bed
```

7.13 xy2nts

```
project coordinates onto a single cross section and assign them nz-
coordinates at a single cross section
TODO this should be part of transect
```

8 adcp

adcp : processing of Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP) data

Processing in 3 Levels:

Level 0 : Read in of raw-data (externally provided by ADCPtools,
Vermeulen et al.)

Level 1 : VADCP, HADCP, SPADCP
- convert raw data to CI units (m,s,kg)
- transform velocities to arbitrary coordinate references

- depth averaging and integration
- fit velocity profiles
- convert backscatter to suspended sediment concentration

Level 2 : CrossSection

- interpolate and integrate for cross sections

Instruction:

see and run `saggau/sanggau_process_discharge` for a working
example
to process VADCP discharge at a non-tidal station

8.1 ADCP_Bin

ADCP bin (single velocity values)

8.2 SPADCP

stream pro acoutic current doppler profiler

9 cross-section/@ADCP_Transect

9.1 ADCP_Transect

zero dimensional processing of ADCP data
no resampling, meshing or gridding

9.2 assign_to_transect

assign ensemble to respective transects
this has a side-effect (writes to) the `adcp` object,
but values of induvidial cross sections remain unaffected by each
other

9.3 compare

discharge summary

9.4 detect_crossings

detect consecutive navigation of transects (channel crossings)

9.5 detect_crossings_circling

separatate individual navigation of transects,
for cases when the boat goes in circles and crosses the branches
one after
the other before returning to the original cross section,
thus the boat does not turn at the other bank to return across the
same section
and always navigates the cross section in the same direction

9.6 detect_crossings_returning

groups the ensembles into transects,
one transect is defined as all ensembles recorded during the time
the boat
moved from one bank to the other (return is defined as separate
transect)

9.7 detect_rounds

detect rounds, i.e. when boat returns to initial position

9.8 export_mmt

export RDI mmt

9.9 extrapolate_to_bank

extrapolate values to bank

9.10 fit

9.11 integrate_discharge

integrate discharge

```
Q = sum q
q = A_n*u_s = h dn us
  = h * [dx, dy]*[-v; u]
  = h * dt * [-ub, -vb] * [-v; u]
```

note that $uvb * dt$ is usually more accurate than dx of GPS position

,
if uvb determined by doppler shift of ADCP bottom echo,
except when the GPS position (or velocity) is determined from the
carrier frequency

note that projection can be left out, if cs is defined with
transect individual end points,
but not recommended, if there are strong secondary currents as
encountered at
bends or bifurcations

9.12 plot

plot the transect as a line in cartesian coordinates

9.13 plot2d

plot transects

9.14 plot_rounds

plot rounds (consecutiver transects) navigated with the boat

9.15 resample

9.16 xy2nts

10 cross-section/@CrossSection

10.1 CrossSection

Level-3 ADCP data processing, projection to cross section and integration/averaging

10.2 calc_auxiliary_quant

compute auxiliary quantities

10.3 compare

interpolate for all cross-sections the values to the same time-slot for comparison

10.4 determine_time_slots

split data set into specific time slots

10.5 discharge

integrate the discharge over all finite elements of the cross section

10.6 extrapolate_S

extrapolate missing values along the vertical

10.7 extrapolate_backscatter

extrapolate the backscatter

10.8 `extrapolate_backscatter_2d_STATIC`

extrapolate backscatter to bed, surface and banks

10.9 `extrapolate_bed_profile`

extrapolate bed profile to channel banks

10.10 `extrapolate_n`

extrapolate value beyond end of cross section

10.11 `extrapolate_velocity`

extrapolate the velocity to the bank, bed, and surface

10.12 `extrapolate_velocity_1d_STATIC`

extrapolate depth averaged velocity

10.13 `extrapolate_velocity_2d_STATIC`

extrapolate velocity to banks, surface and bottom
TODO, this is only applicable for Grid2

10.14 `fit_bathymetry_2d`

10.15 `fit_bed_profile`

fit the bed profile, has to precede n-z meshing of the cross-section

10.16 fit_cross_section

fit the optimal cross section as the main axis of the transect by regressing a line through the measurement points in the x-y plane

$$y = c0 + c1 x$$

10.17 fit_vertical_profile_of_velocity

fit vertical profile of the streamwise velocity

this function will work with both ensemble data, eg. U_bin taken from ensembles, as well as gridded data, (U_bin taken from the velocity grid)

input

cs : struct : cross section averaged data

U_bin : [nrow x ncol] : vertical profiles of stream wise velocity

Z_bin : [nrow x ncol] : positions of bin above bottom for each element in U_bin

ens.N : [ncolx1] : position of each column of U in along the cross section

ens.H : [ncolx1] : depth of each column of U

ens.sH : [ncolx1] : std of depth at each column of U

ens.lidx : [ncolx1] : last valid sample in column of U

dw_z0 : scalar : grid cell size for grid_n

obj.roughnessmethod : method to use for the computation

output:

grid_n : struct : function of u_s and z_0 along cross section

us_ens, ln_z0_ens, U_ens : local estimates for input ensembles/grid columns

not returned by every obj.roughnessmethod

10.18 fit_water_level

fit water level from depth measurement
this works only if the ADCP is stationary

10.19 generate_mesh_tn

generate 1+1D mesh over time and across section

10.20 generate_mesh_tnz

generate a t-n-z mesh

10.21 optstr

string of options, for file name generation

10.22 plot_n_quiver

plot quiver across section

10.23 plot_nz

plot along n and z

10.24 plot_nz_quiver

quiver plot of velocity across section

10.25 plot_tn

plot over time and across channel

10.26 plot_xyz

plot values in "val" in the 2D cross section, where the cartesian rather than the local coordinates of the cross-section are used

10.27 process_backscatter

process backscatter, i.e. fit to cross-section grid from bin-values

10.28 process_backscatter_tn

process depth integrated backscatter over time t and across
section N

note: backscatter is processed as flux

due to high concentration and backscatter near the bottom,
the inner rproduct of the discharge and concentration
 $\bar{u} \bar{c}_s$ is not a good estimate of the
depth averaged sediment flux $\bar{u c_s}$

10.29 process_backscatter_tnz

process the backscatter in 2+1D (time, across channel and along
vertical)

10.30 process_discharge

process the discharge

10.31 process_velocity_tn

process the velocity data

10.32 process_velocity_tnz

process velocity data in 2+1D (time, across-section and along
vertical)

10.33 summarise

summarize discharge of cross section

10.34 var_n

return value stored in field "fieldname" at position "N" in the
cross section

10.35 var_t

return value stored in field "fieldname" at time t
cross sectionally integrated or averaged value

10.36 var_tn

return values of field "fieldname" at time t and position N along
cross section
typically depth integrated or averaged values

10.37 var_tnz

generically return value stored in field "fieldname" at time t and
position N

11 cross-section

11.1 complete_profiles

fill gaps in profiles
assumes profile to be constant in time, this is not true
for tidal flow in compound cross sections and near banks

11.2 define_transect

gui user selection of cross-section end points

11.3 discharge_division

discharge division ratio

11.4 discharge_summary

```
compute and store discharge summary
    q_tn = cs.q_tn(ti);
    ndx   = abs(N)<=Nlim;
    Qi    = cs.dw*sum(q_tn)';
    Qi_centre = cs.dw*sum(q_tn(ndx,:))';
    Q = [Q; Qi];
    Q_centre = [Q_centre; Qi_centre];
```

11.5 load_vadcp_discharge

```
load previously computed vadcp discharge (auxiliary function for
plotting)
this function stacks data from several vadcp reference measurements
into one structure
This assumes that all data sets were processed with the same
settings
```

11.6 split_transect2

12 hadcp/@HADCP_Discharge

12.1 HADCP_Discharge

```
superclass for HADCP discharge estimation methods
```

12.2 fit

```
fit the model parameter for HADCP discharge prediction,
estimate errors with the Jackknife method
```

13 hadcp/@HDischarge

13.1 Hbin

13.2 calc_specific_discharge_weights

calculate unite discharge weights

13.3 estimate_discharge

integrate and scale specifc discharge to total discharge for each ensemble

14 hadcp/@HIVM

14.1 HIVM

Index velocity method of Horizontal ADCP data

15 hadcp/@IVM

15.1 IVM

index velocity method

16 hadcp

16.1 ESM

16.2 ESM_individual

16.3 SDM

Specific Discharge Method
upscale specific discharge to cross sectionally integrate discharge
,
than average
this method is provenly less accurate than averaging before
upscaling

16.4 VPM

velocity profile method
correct individual bin velocities for vertical velocity profile
variation,
then averagem, then upscale to cross sectionally integrated
discharge

16.5 hadcp_homogenize_profile

homogenize the hadcp profile

16.6 hadcp_homogenize_profile2

homogenise the horizontal velocity profile

16.7 wavg

weighted average ?

16.8 wavg_mean

weighted average

16.9 wopt

optimal weights for averaging (lumped) velocities that are each
associated
with error variance s^2

17 adcp

adcp : processing of Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP) data

Processing in 3 Levels:

Level 0 : Read in of raw-data (externally provided by ADCPtools,
Vermeulen et al.)

Level 1 : VADCP, HADCP, SPADCP

- convert raw data to CI units (m,s,kg)
- transform velocities to arbitrary coordinate references
- depth averaging and integration
- fit velocity profiles
- convert backscatter to suspended sediment concentration

Level 2 : CrossSection

- interpolate and integrate for cross sections

Instruction:

see and run `saggau/sanggau_process_discharge` for a working
example
to process VADCP discharge at a non-tidal station

17.1 smooth_track

smooth a repeatedly navigated (circular) track to produce and
idealized
average track

17.2 streawise_velocity

rotate ensembles in stream direction (transverse velocity
integrates to zero)

18 test

18.1 example_backscatter_coefficient_2

18.2 test_backscatter_coefficient

18.3 test_bedslope

18.4 test_delta_z_correction

18.5 test_depth_range

18.6 test_linearisation

18.7 test_procTrans_vele

18.8 test_rotvel

18.9 test_sanggau_load_bed_level_2016

18.10 test_sanggau_rc

19 adcp

adcp : processing of Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP) data

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Instruction:

see and run `saggau/sanggau_process_discharge` for a working
example
to process VADCP discharge at a non-tidal station

19.1 zztransform

non-linear mapping for bin coordinates when depth averages between
ensembles

for averaging several ensembles

preserve discharge w int $u_{avg} dz = \int \int u dz dn = Q$
perserve shear stress is the same $(u_{avg})^2_s = \text{mean}((u_s)^2)$
preserve sediment transport w int $u_{avg} c_{avg} dz = \int \int u$
 $c dz dn$

preserve rouse number

alternative : correct parameters for effects of averaging

several approaches :

s-transform : $z_1' = H_0/H_1 z_1$, perserves u_{bar}

does not preserve $u_* (du/dz|_0)$

clipping : $z_1' = z_1$, $z_1 < H_0$, does not preserve u_{bar}

unclear if $H_0 > H_1$

```
perserves (du/dz)_0 (u_*)
zz-transform : perserve both u_bar and u_
TODO this is non-monotoneous when difference in H0 and H1 is large
```