


Torsion

Equilibrium & Governing Equations

$$\frac{dM_1}{dx_1} = -q_1(x_1) \quad \checkmark \text{ Distributed Torque}$$

$$H_{11} = \frac{M_1}{K_1} \quad \checkmark \text{Torsional Stiffness}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{d\phi_1}{dx_1} \quad \checkmark \text{Twist Rate}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx_1} \left[H_{11} \frac{d\phi_1}{dx_1} \right] = -q_1(x_1)$$

Boundary Conditions

1) Fixed end, $\phi_1 = 0$

2) Free end, $M_1 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{d\phi_1}{dx_1} = 0$

3) Applied Torque, T

$$M_1 = T \quad \frac{d\phi_1}{dx_1} = \frac{T}{H_{11}}$$

A) Circular Cylinders

i) Kinematics

$$u_2 = -x_3 \phi_1(x_1)$$

$$u_3 = x_2 \phi_1(x_1)$$

$$u_1 = 0$$

$$\gamma_{12} = -x_3 k_1(x_1)$$

$$\gamma_{13} = x_2 k_1(x_1)$$

ii) Stren

$$\tau_{12} = G \gamma_{12} = -G x_3 k_1$$

$$\tau_{13} = G \gamma_{13} = G x_2 k_1$$

$$\tau_R = 0$$

$$\tau_\alpha = G \cdot r \cdot k_1$$

iii) Torsional Stiffness

$$H_{11} = \int_A G r^3 dA, \quad H_{11} = G \frac{\pi}{2} (R_o^4 - R_i^4)$$

B) Arbitrarily Shaped Cross-Section

i) Kinematics

$$u_2 = -x_3 \phi_1(x_1)$$

$$K_1 = \text{constant}$$

$$u_3 = x_2 \phi_1(x_1)$$

$$u_1 = \psi(x_2, x_3) \cdot K_1$$

ii) Prandtl Stress Function, $\bar{\Phi}(x_2, x_3)$

Solve $\frac{\partial^2 \bar{\Phi}}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \bar{\Phi}}{\partial x_3^2} = -2GK_1$ on A

with $\frac{\partial \bar{\Phi}}{\partial S} = 0 \rightarrow \bar{\Phi} = 0$ on C'
 \hookrightarrow Solid bounded by a single C' .

iii) Sectional Eq. & Stiffness

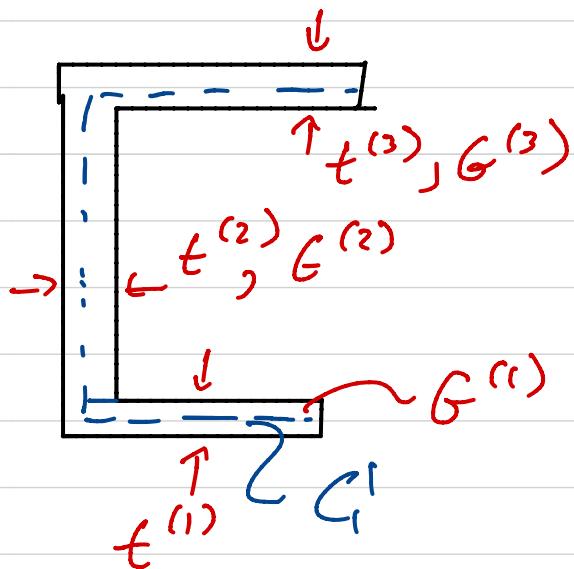
$$M_1 = 2 \cdot \int_A \bar{\Phi} dA$$

Find $H_{11} = M_1/K_1$ once $\bar{\Phi}$ is known.

iv) Warping & Stress

$$\varepsilon_{12} = \frac{\partial \bar{\Phi}}{\partial x_3} = GK_1 \left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x_2} - x_3 \right), \varepsilon_{13} = -\frac{\partial \bar{\Phi}}{\partial x_2} = GK_1 \left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x_3} + x_2 \right)$$

C) Thin-Walled Open Section



i) Stiffness

$$H_{11}^{(i)} = \frac{1}{3} G^{(i)} \cdot l^{(i)} \cdot (t^{(i)})^3$$

$$H_{11} = \sum_i H_{11}^{(i)}$$

i-th Segments {
 - length at the segment
 - thickness
 - Shear modulus

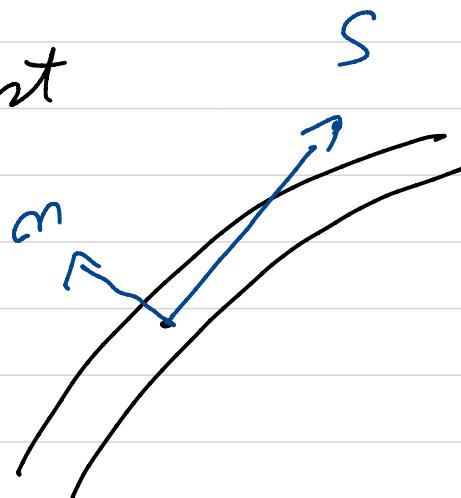
ii) Stress

In each Segment

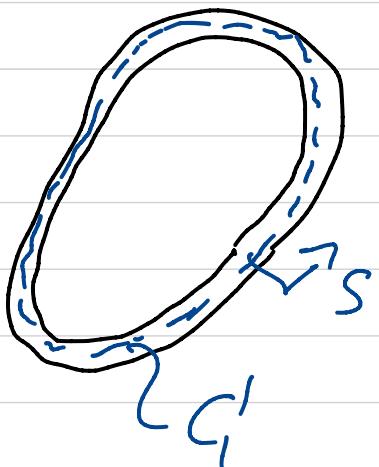
$$\gamma_s^{(i)} = 2 \cdot G^{(i)} \cdot K_1 \cdot n$$

$$T_s^{(i)} = 2 G^{(i)} \frac{M_1}{H_{11}} n$$

$$\gamma_{s, \max}^{(i)} = G^{(i)} \frac{M_1}{H_{11}} t^{(i)}$$



D) Thin-Walled Closed Sections



* Shear flow is constant

$$t = t_s \cdot f(s) = \text{constant}$$

i) Stiffness & Twist Rate

$$K_t = \frac{M_I}{4 \cdot A_c^2} \cdot \int_{C_1} \frac{ds}{G \cdot t}$$

$$H_{II} = \frac{4 \cdot A_c^2}{\int_{C_1} \frac{ds}{G \cdot t}}$$

If G & t are constant

$$H_{II} = \frac{4 \cdot A_c^2 \cdot G \cdot t}{l}$$

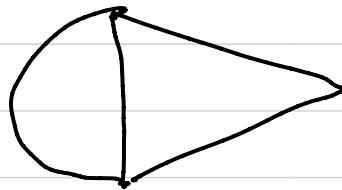
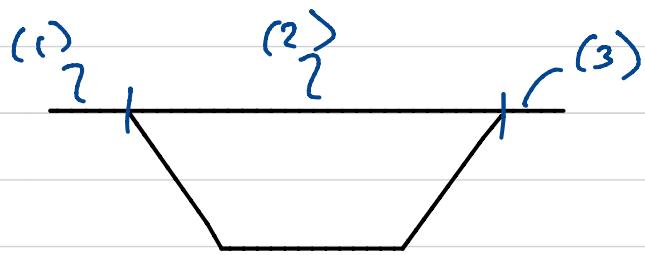
$$l = \int_{C_1} ds - \text{length at } C_1$$

A_c - Area enclosed by C_1

ii) Moment & Stress

$$M_I = 2 A_c \cdot t, \quad \chi_s(s) = \frac{M_I}{2 A_c t(s)}$$

Torsion of Multi-Component & Multi-Cellular Structures



$$\rightarrow M_1 = M_1^{(1)} + M_1^{(2)} + \dots + M_1^{(i)}$$

$$\rightarrow K_1 = K_1^{(1)} = K_1^{(2)} = \dots = K_1^{(i)}$$