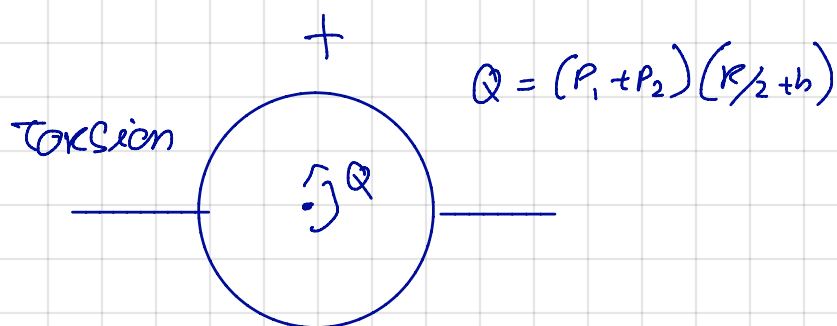
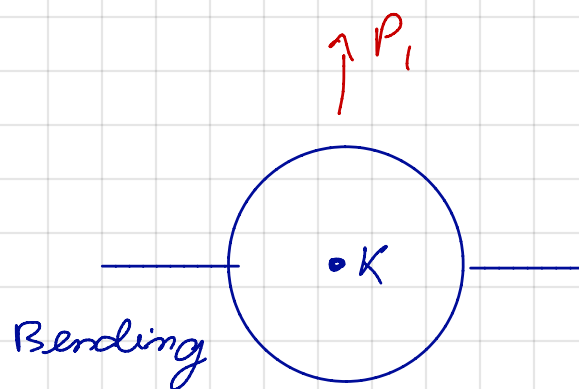
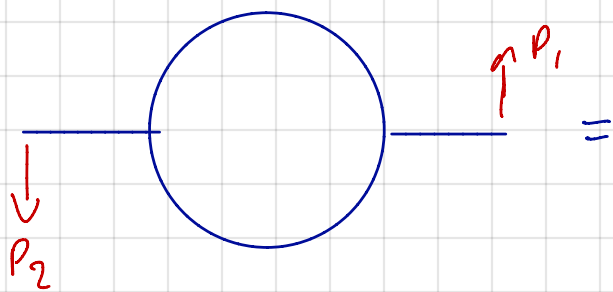


1) Find u_2, u_3 ?

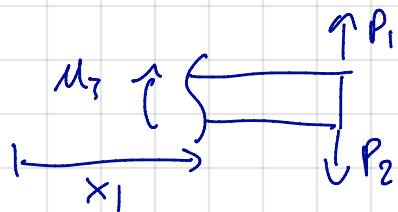
2) Find σ_1, τ_s ?



1) Find u_2, u_3

$$u_2 = u_2^{\text{BEND}} + u_2^{\text{TOR}}$$

$$u_3 = u_3^{\text{BEND}} + u_3^{\text{TOR}}$$

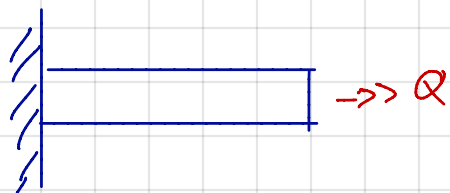


$$u_3 = (P_1 - P_2)(L - x_1)$$

$$H_{33}^C \frac{d^2 u_2^{\text{BEND}}}{dx_1^2} = u_3 = (P_1 - P_2)(L - x_1)$$

$$* u_2^{\text{BEND}} = \frac{(P_1 - P_2)}{11 E R^3 t} \left(L \frac{x_1^2}{2} - \frac{x_1^3}{6} \right)$$

$$* u_3^{\text{BEND}} = 0 \quad \text{Since } u_2 = 0 \quad H_{23}^C = 0$$



$$Q = (P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)$$

$$U_1 = Q$$



$$H_{11} \frac{d\phi_1}{dx_1} = Q$$

$$\phi_1 = \frac{(P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)}{2\pi G R^3 t} x_1 + \cancel{C_1}^0$$

$$* U_2^{TOR} = -x_3 \phi_1$$

$$* U_3^{TOR} = x_2 \phi_1$$

$$* \left\{ \begin{aligned} U_2 &= \frac{(P_1 - P_2)}{\pi E R^3 t} \left(L \frac{x_1^2}{2} - \frac{x_1^3}{6} \right) - \frac{(P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)}{2\pi G R^3 t} x_1 x_3 \\ U_3 &= 0 + \frac{(P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)}{2\pi G R^3 t} x_1 x_2 \end{aligned} \right.$$

2) Find σ_1 & τ_s

a) Find σ_1

$$\sigma_1 = E \left(-x_2 \frac{U_3}{H_{33}^c} \right) = -x_2 \cancel{E} \frac{(P_1 - P_2)(L - x_1)}{\pi \cancel{E} R^3 t}$$

$$\sigma_{1,max} = \frac{(P_1 - P_2) L}{\pi R^3 t}$$

b) Find I_S

$$I_S = I_S^{\text{BEND}} + \underline{I_S^{\text{TOR}}}$$

Torsion

$$M_t = M_t^{\text{CLOSED}} + M_t^{\text{FLANGES}}$$

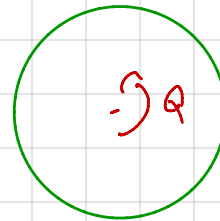
$$M_t^{\text{FLANGE}} = H_{II}^{\text{FLANGE}} \cdot K_I = \frac{H_{II}^{\text{FLANGE}}}{H_{II}} Q$$

$$\frac{H_{II}^{\text{FLANGE}}}{H_{II}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cancel{6} t^3 h}{2\pi \cancel{6} R^3 t} = \frac{1}{6\pi} \left(\frac{t}{R}\right)^2 \frac{h}{R}$$

order 1
Very Small

$$M_t^{\text{FLANGE}} \approx 0$$

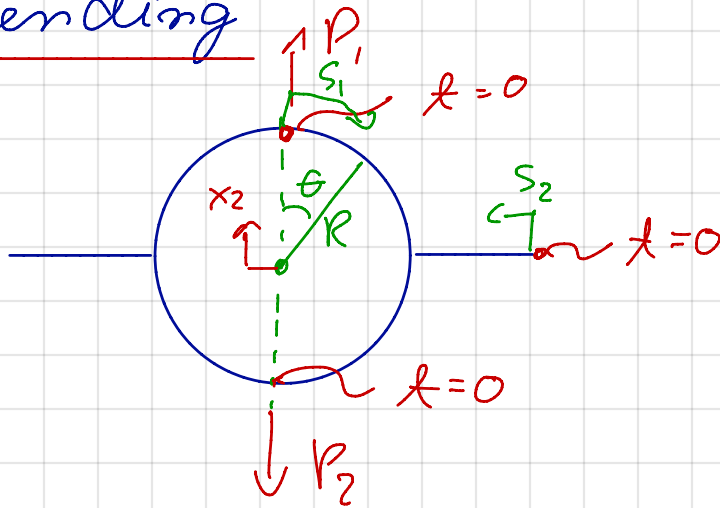
$$I_S^{\text{TOR}} = \frac{M_t^{\text{CLOSED}}}{2 \cdot A_c \cdot t} \approx \frac{Q}{2 A_c t}$$



This is the problem assuming $M_t^{\text{FLANGE}} \approx 0$

$$* I_S^{\text{TOR}} = \frac{(P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)}{2\pi R^2 t}$$

Bending



$$\lambda(s) = c + \frac{Q_3(s) V_2}{H_{33}^C}$$

$$\lambda(s_2) = 0 + \frac{Q_3(s_2) V_2}{H_{33}^C} \quad Q_3(s_2) = \int_0^{s_2} E x_2 \epsilon ds_2 = 0$$

$$* \lambda(s_2) = 0$$

$$\lambda(s_1) = 0 + \frac{Q_3(s_1) V_2}{H_{33}^C}$$

$$Q_3(s_1) = \int_0^{s_1} E \epsilon x_2 ds_1 = \int_0^{\theta} E \epsilon R \cos(\theta) R d\theta$$

$$Q_3(s_1) = E \epsilon R^2 \sin(\theta)$$

$$\lambda(s_1) = \frac{(P_1 - P_2) E \epsilon R^2 \sin(\theta)}{H_{33}^C} \quad s_1 = R\theta$$

$$\gamma_S^{BEND}(\theta) = \frac{(P_1 - P_2)}{\pi E R^3 \epsilon} E \epsilon R^2 \sin(\theta) = \frac{(P_1 - P_2) \sin(\theta)}{\pi R \epsilon}$$

$$\tau_s(\theta) = \frac{(P_1 + P_2)(R/2 + h)}{2 \pi R^2 t} + \frac{(P_1 - P_2) \sin(\theta)}{\pi R t}$$

