# INSTRUCTIONS

#### Comments

You can write a comment (in other words something that the code will not read) by starting the line with a "#" character and writing your comment after the "#".

You can also also write a comment at the end of a line by putting "#" before the comment itself (if it's not clear, just ask me).

## How to write paths

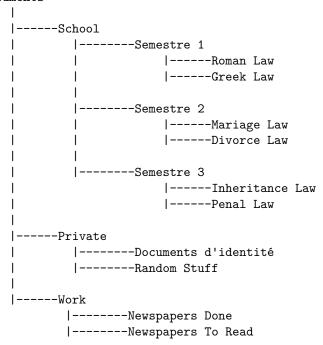
A path the location a certain file or folder. I don't know how to explain this simply without an example, so here is a concrete one:

If you have a folder named "School" in your Documents folder, the path to "School" will be "Documents/School"

To indicate the path of a given folder you have to indicate every parent folder (in other words, the parent the folder in which the current folder is contained in) and separate them with a "/".

If you have the following folder structure:

#### Documents



In words, it means that in the Documents folder you have 3 folders (School, Private, Work). In School you have 3 folders (Semester 1, Semester 2, Semester 3) which each contain a folder on a specific law subject. in Private you have 2 folders (Documents d'identité and Random Stuff) and finally in Work you have 2 folders (Newspapers Done, Newspapers To Read).

In order to indicate the path to "Inheritance Law", the full path will be "Documents/School/Semestre 3/Inheritance Law".

Or the path that leads to "Documents d'identité" will be "Documents/Private/Documents d'identité".

This will be useful later.

### Structure

The file is structured in the following manner:

1. First of all, you have to set the starting point and the destination of the files you want to copy. To do that you put the path of the starting point, then the characters "->", then the path to the location you want to copy the files to and finish the line with a ":". Here is an example:

```
Documents/School/Semestre 1/Roman Law -> School/Roman Law:
```

This will move the files (that are in "Documents/School/Semestre 1/Roman Law", see 2. to know how to write the files) that you to the folder "School/Files"

2. Next you just write the list of the files that are located in the starting point folder, like that:

```
Law Text 1.pdf
Law Text 1.tex
Law Text 2.pdf
```

3. That's all  $^{^{-}}$ 

A complete example (taking the folder structure from before):

```
Documents/School/Semster 1/Roman Law -> School/Semestre 1/Roman Law:
```

```
Law Text 1.pdf
Law Text 1.tex
Law Text 2.pdf
```

```
Documents/Work/Newspapers To Read -> Stuff to do/Newspapers:
```

```
NZZ 2019-01-10.pdf
New York Times 2019-01-09.pdf
```

Now head over to the "files.txt" file and apply the knowledge you just acquired! :)