```
exist in the directory and write to it?
U1BP42MRS: The standard is `.*rc` files, so I usually use `~/.foorc`
U1BP42MRS: At least on linux
U5S8CNULD: <@U1BP42MRS> Yes, I need implement 'between' too, but first need to implmenet for current day, 2
minutes, I'll try
U1BP42MRS: Well between start of day and end of day is "current date" - which is what I am getting at
U4BMZ90T0: <@U0NRYQNAZ> was it you that had the `example.env` file?
U0NRYQNAZ: env.example ya
U0NRYQNAZ : or `.env.example` my bad.
U4BMZ90T0: Is that in your gists?
U0NRYQNAZ: no but i can create one.
U0NRYQNAZ: `.env.example``
export PY_ENV="development"
export GITHUB TOKEN=""
export SOME API URL=""
export SOME_API_TOKEN=""
export DB USER=""
export DB_PASSWORD=""
export DB HOST=""
export DB NAME=""
U0NRYQNAZ: then you can run `cp .env.example .env`
U0NRYQNAZ: and fill out the values
U0NRYQNAZ: then run `source .env` and be good to go.
U5S8CNULD: <@U1BP42MRS> Okay, I'm tried.. but didn't work(
For example
return query.filter(
         and (
           Post.created_at > search_by_date(),
           Post.created_at < get_today()
         )
      )
and methods
def search by date(days=None):
    date = datetime.utcnow() - timedelta(days=int(days))
    return date.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
    yesterday = datetime.utcnow() - timedelta(days=1)
    return yesterday
def get_today():
  today = datetime.utcnow().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
  return today
But for current day, it's not working.. I understand in which way I need to move..:disappointed:
U1BP42MRS: I think you either want `< get_today() + 1day` or to do `&lt;= get_today()`
U5S8CNULD: ""# Query
# first didn't work
```

U4BMZ90T0: You think it's best to create a `.env` file for the user and give an example or create one if one does not

```
return query.filter(Post.created_at == get_today())
# second
# return posts after 25th July
return query.filter(Post.created_at >= get_today())

def get_today():
   today = datetime.utcnow().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
   return today
...
```

U610F0WKC: Hello,

I would like to test a system with several AMQP consumer/producers that are exchanging messages with each other. I would like to have unit-testing with those consumers. Is there a commonly used design pattern for doing so in Python? (I'm using pytest at the moment with a fixture that look like this:

U610F0WKC: At the moment my set-up is this:My consumers inherit from multiprocessing. Process and when started set-up their AMQP environment.

When the test is finished, the terminate closes the connection and cancel everything.

The problem that I get is that even when a test completed, the Process of the consumers seems to continue running in the background even after I called terminate.

How could I have a nice clean-up when the test is over? Would it change something to have BlockingConnection instead of a SelectConnection?

Here is the current version of my base class for those components:

https://gist.github.com/sieben/caf39e04a83c812550d967a22b9d8584> is an obvious flaw in it? Is there an alternative from inheriting from Thread or Process?

U4BMZ90T0: Is there any way to run pycharm in debug with commandline arguments?

U0LSCQQNR: yes

U1BP42MRS: Yeah, you can use the same run menu with command line args and click the debug icon instead of play

- or are you seeing something funky? U0LSCQQNR: go to run configuration

U4BMZ90T0: Is it under the script parameters