```
U0CL0AS3V: so you could presumably do something like
U0CL0AS3V: `ProjectStructure user company contact -> String`
U2GTQM83A: Yes!
U0CL0AS3V: and inside it pattern matches on the argument 3 times
U2GTQM83A: That's what I want.
U0CL0AS3V: first one looks like this
U0CL0AS3V: oh, sorry
U0CL0AS3V: `type alias`
U0CL0AS3V: hmm
U2GTQM83A: And here is the thing. If I'm decoding `Project String String` I don't need to embed anything. But if
I'm decoding `Project User String String` I need to embed "created by" and "owner".
U0CL0AS3V : so if you refactor to this:
type ProjectStructure user company contact =
 ProjectStructure user company contact
  { id : String
  , code : String
  , name : String
  , description : String
  , type : ProjectType
  , startDate : Date
  , endDate : Maybe Date
  , budget : String
  , requiredFiles : List String
  , notes : String
  , company : company
  , owner: user
  , contacts : List (ProjectContact contact)
  , rates : List PositionRate
  , created_by : user
  , confidential: Bool
U0CL0AS3V: then you can pattern match on it
U2GTQM83A: But pattern match like what? because the user itself may be a parameterised type.
U0CL0AS3V: hm, fair point
U0CL0AS3V: yeah I suppose that doesn't work either
U2GTQM83A: The ideal solution would involve creating something like a `Decoder`. So that I say that an Http with
`Decoder a` would need to have an `EmbedDecoder a`. This way I tie what is being decoded with what is being
embedded. And then I need some function that could translate an `EmbedDecoder a` to a string.
U2GTQM83A: And some way I could compose `EmbedDecoder a` to create a `EmbedDecoder (Project a)`
U0CL0AS3V: okay, what about this? (in the status quo `type alias` version)
several functions, but using extensible records to avoid combinatorics:
for example:
{ a | owner : User String } -> String
{ a | owner : User () } -> String
{ a | contacts : List (ProjectContact ()) } -> String
U2GTQM83A: Hmm.. I don't see how to use it.
U2GTQM83A: There is another point also. At the time of the Http, I probably don't have a value of type `Book a`. I'm
not trying to decode the value itself. I need a constraint on the type. Like a Decoder.
```

U0CL0AS3V: `{ a | owner: User () } -> String` accepts a `ProjectStructure (User ()) company contact`

U0CL0AS3V: because `ProjectStructure (User ()) company contact` is a record which has a field called `owner` of type

`User ()`

 $\label{lem:u2GTQM83A:I} \textbf{Want to make sure that if I am making an Http request to my `book` endpoint requesting a `Book' endpoint$ 

Author`, this http request must ask for the author to be embedded.

U0CL0AS3V: I don't think it's (even theoretically) possible to be confident of that without tests: thinking\_face:

U0CL0AS3V: in any language

U0CL0AS3V: like "the author is embedded" is business logic, which can be incorrect

U0CL0AS3V: I'm not even sure how you'd use a theorem prover to check that