

U29163YQH : but normally they shouldn't need it as they can easily retrieve it for you  
U48F1FMEJ : this is a pretty basic questions - but when an exception is thrown the rest of the code after where the exception occurred is not executed unless it was handled in a `try` `except`?  
U48F1FMEJ : I'm deciding whether I should test code with a context manager of an object that throws an exception, although I don't think I am correct in the what happens  
U29163YQH : yes. you can add a `finally` if you want a piece of code to always be executed  
U29163YQH : it depends on the what but in some case it can overlapp yes  
U48F1FMEJ : so let's say that's the code and we're expecting a new\_object to be created based on the paramteters, but an exception can occur like a URLError or something  
U48F1FMEJ : what I'm trying to do is test the correct exception is thrown/handled  
U48F1FMEJ : so I was thinking...  
U5NMSURQAQ : `as new\_object` looks strange to me  
U29163YQH : If you are testing code I believe both pytest and unittest have special context manager to test errors  
U5NMSURQAQ : just do``  
with self.assertRaises(URLError):  
 new\_object = NewObject(param\_to\_cause\_exception)  
...

U48F1FMEJ : yah that is unittest  
U5NMSURQAQ : also, don't test anything else in this function  
U5NMSURQAQ : you're testing only the fact that wrong URL causes an exception  
U29163YQH : in that case if the assert is correct the test will continue as expected  
U48F1FMEJ : with the `as new\_object` I can pass it through the rest of the code as an exception object which I found here<<https://docs.python.org/2/library/unittest.html#unittest.TestCase.assertRaises>>  
U29163YQH : but <@U5NMSURQAQ> make a good point  
U29163YQH : oh ok. You want to test what is in the exception ?  
U48F1FMEJ : thanks <@U5NMSURQAQ> that does make sense  
U48F1FMEJ : right  
U48F1FMEJ : and how the rest of the code responds to that <@U29163YQH> if that makes sense  
U29163YQH : both object have the same name that's a little confusing  
U29163YQH : you can interact with the exception after the `with` like any other object. For example to check what's inside  
U48F1FMEJ : right, check error codes and such  
U48F1FMEJ : I think I was incorrectly thinking of how the object would be handled if an exception was thrown (not under test)  
U48F1FMEJ : in my test I am asserting the correct exception is thrown given a bad parameter  
U48F1FMEJ : I think I've got it from here thanks guys <@U5NMSURQAQ> :taco: <@U29163YQH> :taco:  
U48F1FMEJ : I think I just gave you guys 2 tacos each but you guys were great so keep 'em  
U29163YQH : thanks good luck :slightly\_smiling\_face:  
U28MDQRL2 : Best way to order a list based on another list?  
U29163YQH : there is something like `sorted()`  
U29163YQH : and I guess you can pass like a lambda to do custom sort  
U5NMSURQAQ : ``&gt;&gt;&gt; order = ['b', 'c', 'a']  
&gt;&gt;&gt; sorted(['a', 'b', 'c'], key=order.index)  
['b', 'c', 'a']  
&gt;&gt;&gt;  
...

U28MDQRL2 : yeah <@U0L8Y8ZEW> helped me on the django channel. btw have a :taco:  
U0L8Y8ZEW : <@U5NMSURQAQ> :taco: I missed that you could just provide order.index instead of a full on lambda. This will be much better  
U5NMSURQAQ : :heart:  
U29163YQH : Do you have a specific question about dns ?  
U5NMSURQAQ : <@U29163YQH> I'm using namecheap  
U5NMSURQAQ : Does this record look alright?  
U5NMSURQAQ : Or should it be the whole domain name?  
U29163YQH : this will point `www.my\_awesome\_website` to the same IP as `c.storage....`  
U29163YQH : no you don't need to put the whole name