

$$(1) \frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = D \cdot \left[\frac{\partial^2 C}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial C}{\partial r} \right] - k \cdot C$$

$$(2) C_m = e^{-\lambda t} + A \cdot r^3$$

$$(3) \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial t} = -\lambda e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial r} = 3Ar^2$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 C}{\partial r^2} = 6Ar$$

$$(4) \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial t} = D \cdot \left[\frac{\partial^2 C_m}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial r} \right] - k \cdot C_m + S(r, t)$$

$$S(r, t) = -\lambda e^{-\lambda t} - D \left[6Ar + \frac{3Ar^2}{r} \right] + k \cdot (e^{-\lambda t} + A \cdot r^3)$$

$$S(r, t) = (k - \lambda) e^{-\lambda t} - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) r + (k \cdot A) r^3$$

(5) Steady-State solution

$$S(r) = -(9 \cdot D \cdot A) r + (k \cdot A) \cdot r^3$$

$$0 = D \cdot \frac{1}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_m}{dr} \right) - k C_m - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) r + (k \cdot A) \cdot r^3$$

$$0 = D \cdot \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_m}{dr} \right) - k C_m r - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) r^2 + (k \cdot A) \cdot r^4$$

$$0 = D \cdot \left(r \frac{dC_m}{dr} \right) - k C_m \int r dr - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) \int r^2 dr + (k \cdot A) \int r^4 dr$$

$$0 = D \cdot \left(r \frac{dC_m}{dr} \right) - k C_m \cdot \frac{r^2}{2} - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) \frac{r^3}{3} + (k \cdot A) \frac{r^5}{5} + B_1$$

$$(6) \text{ BCL: } \frac{dC_m}{dr} = 0 \text{ at } r=0 \rightarrow B_1 = 0$$

$$0 = D \cdot \frac{dC_m}{dr} - k C_m \frac{r^2}{2} - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) \frac{r^3}{3} + (k \cdot A) \frac{r^4}{5}$$

$$0 = D \int \frac{dC_m}{dr} dr - k C_m \int \frac{r^2}{2} dr - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) \int \frac{r^3}{3} dr + (k \cdot A) \int \frac{r^4}{5} dr$$

$$0 = D \cdot C_m - k C_m \cdot \frac{r^2}{4} - (9 \cdot D \cdot A) \frac{r^3}{9} + (k \cdot A) \frac{r^5}{25} + B_2$$

⑦ BC2: $C_m = C_c$ at $r = R$

$$B_2 = k C_c \cdot \frac{R^2}{4} - D \cdot C_c + (q \cdot D \cdot A) \frac{R^3}{9} - (k \cdot A) \frac{R^5}{25}$$

$$B_2 = C_c \left(\frac{k R^2}{4} - D \right) + A \cdot R^3 \left(D - \frac{k \cdot R^2}{25} \right)$$

⑧ $0 = C_m \left(D - \frac{k r^2}{4} \right) - A \cdot r^3 \left(D - \frac{k r^2}{25} \right) + B_2$

$$C_m = \frac{1}{D - k r^2 / 4} \cdot \left[A r^3 \left(D - \frac{k r^2}{25} \right) - B_2 \right]$$

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where ,

$$B_2 = C_c \left(\frac{k R^2}{4} - D \right) + A \cdot R^3 \left(D - \frac{k \cdot R^2}{25} \right)$$