

Europe-Americas Linehaul Insights & Recommendations

Volume Allocation Efficiency

Karolina Bajorek - January 2025

Table of Contents

- Project Overview
- North Star Metrics
- Insights Deep-Dive
- Recommendations
- Caveats and Next Steps
- Technical Process
- Appendix

Overview



Context

This project aims to investigate the capacity of Europe-Americas Linehaul at FedEx to surface recommendations on efficient shipment volume allocation.

The shipments should be allocated to drive two primary objectives: 1) increase **operational efficiency**, and 2) drive **predictability** in periodic volumes shipped.



North Star Metrics

To evaluate lane shortcomings, I focused on the following key metrics:

Increase Operational Efficiency
--

Yield

The USD revenue per 1kg of charged weight.

Charged-to-Actual Weight Ratio

The ratio shows how much weight was charged per 1 kg of actual weight.

Increase Predictability

Interquartile Range

The difference between the 3rd and 1st quartiles of weekly weight charged measures the data's dispersion.

% Dependence on Priority Services

The percentage of weight charged shipped via FedEx priority services.



North Star Metrics

To evaluate lane shortcomings, I focused on the following key metrics:

Increase Operational Efficiency

Yield

From 01/2024 to 04/2024, the average Europe-Americas yield was **3.24 USD/kg** across **1,253,223 kg** of total weight charged.

Charged-to-Actual Weight Ratio

From 01/2024 to 04/2024, the average charged-to-actual weight ratio for the Europe-Americas lane was **1.18**, ranging from 1.02 to 1.66 per customer.

Increase Predictability

Interquartile Range

From 01/2024 to 04/2024, the average interquartile range for charged weight in Europe-Americas shipments was **19 098 kg** across 18 weeks analyzed.

% Dependence on Priority Services

From 01/2024 to 04/2024, the overall % dependence on priority services for Europe-Americas shipments was **98.36%**, with a maximum of 99.41% per customer.

Insights Deep-Dive

Europe-Americas Yield was highest among Customer C's shipments



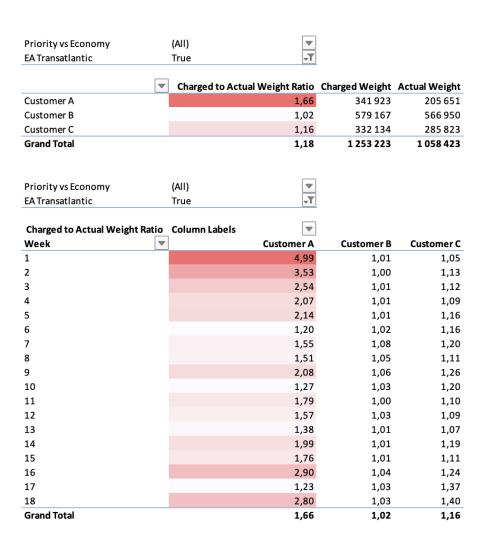
- Across customers, Customer C brought the most revenue per 1kg of weight charged on Europe-Americas shipments (4.86 USD/kg) while shipping the smallest volume on the route among all customers (332,134 kg)
- Customer C brought the highest yield on International Priority Freight (5.38 USD/kg) and International Priority Parcel shipping (3.43 USD/kg) for the Europe-Americas lane.
- 1) For Customer A: economy parcel shipping is 3x pricier than priority service, and freight services are the same price. 2) for Customer B: economy freight shipping is 2.5x pricier than priority service, and parcel priority is cheaper than the economy. 3) for Customer C: freight services are almost identically priced.

EA Transatlantic	Tru	e Ţ		
▼	Tot	al Revenue	Total Charged Weight	Yield
Customer A	\$	976 438	341 923	\$ 2,86
Customer B	\$	1 469 615	579 167	\$ 2,54
Customer C	\$	1613908	332 134	\$ 4,86
Grand Total	\$	4 059 961	1 253 223	\$ 3,24
	_		ı	
EA Transatlantic	Tru	e ₹	_	
_	Tot	al Pavanua	Total Charged Weight	Yield
© Customer A	\$	976 438	341 923	\$ 2,86
International Economy	\$	5 029	1 287	\$ 3,93
International Economy Freight	\$	2 930	732	
International Priority	\$	192 075	144 975	\$ 1,32
International Priority Freight	\$	776 403	194 930	
© Customer B	\$	1 469 615	579 167	
International Economy	\$	8 620	3 019	
International Economy Freight	\$	48 213	8 092	
International Priority	\$	70 489	26 039	
International Priority Freight	\$	1 342 292	542 018	
Customer C	\$	1 613 908	332 134	
International Economy	\$	16 311	5 874	
International Economy Freight	\$	8 377	1581	\$ 5,30
International Priority	\$	279 119	81 266	\$3,43
International Priority Freight	\$	1 310 100	243 414	\$ 5,38
Grand Total	Ś	4 059 961	1 253 223	\$ 3,2

Charged-to-Actual Weight Ratio was highest across Customer A's Europe-Americas shipments



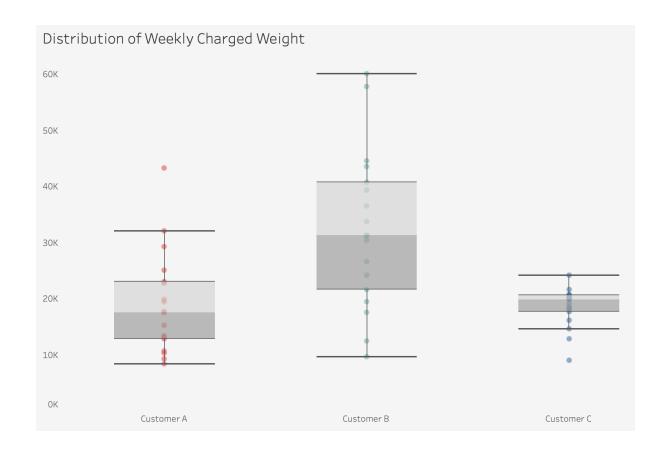
- Across customers, Customer A had by far the highest overall charged-to-actual weight ratio(1.66) on Europe-Americas shipments.
- Customer A's trend is consistent having the highest charged-to-actual weight ratio across 17 of 18 analyzed weeks.



Interquartile Range was highest across customer Customer B's transatlantic shipments



- Across customers, Customer B had the highest Interquartile Range for weight charged on Europe-Americas shipments (19 142 kg).
- Within the distribution of average shipment size, Customer B also displays the highest dispersion of values (IQR 354 kg).



Lastly, overall % dependence on priority services was highest for Customer A's Europe-Americas shipments



- All the customers present staggering dependence on priority services for their Europe-Americas shipments - Customer A was almost entirely dependent on priority (99.41%).
- Customer A is highly dependent on priority services for its Europe-Americas shipments. However, it is least dependent on the Europe-Americas lane of all the customers (56.02%).

EA Transatlantic	True]
•	Total Charged Weight	Dependence on Service Type
© Customer A		
Economy	2 019	0,59%
Priority	339 904	99,41%
© Customer B		
Economy	11 111	1,92%
Priority	568 057	98,08%
© Customer C		
Economy	7 455	2,24%
Priority	324 679	97,76%
Transatlantic	▼ Total Charged Weight	% Dependence on Lane Type
Transatlantic © Customer A	Total Charged Weight	% Dependence on Lane Type
		% Dependence on Lane Type 10,35%
© Customer A	e 63 148	
© Customer A Americas-Europe	e 63 148	10,35%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America	e 63 148 s 341 923	10,35% 56,02%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313	10,35% 56,02% 33,64%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer B	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313 e 105 210	10,35% 56,02% 33,64%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer B Americas-Europe	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313 e 105 210	10,35% 56,02% 33,64%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer B Americas-Europe Europe-America	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313 e 105 210 s 579 167	10,35% 56,02% 33,64% 14,47% 79,66%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer B Americas-Europe Europe-America Other	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313 e 105 210 s 579 167 42 711	10,35% 56,02% 33,64% 14,47% 79,66%
© Customer A Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer B Americas-Europe Europe-America Other © Customer C	e 63 148 s 341 923 205 313 e 105 210 s 579 167 42 711 e 515 685	10,35% 56,02% 33,64% 14,47% 79,66% 5,87%

Recommendations



Key Recommendations

Increase Operational Efficiency

- Prioritize priority shipments for Customer C in the Europe-Americas lane during peak times. These have the highest yield on priority shipments among customers for parcel and freight shipments and the lowest volatility in weekly weight charged.
- Fix evident pricing errors for all Customers A, B, and C, where priority pricing is cheaper than the economy or of equal price as the economy, which encourages choosing priority over economy services.
- Incentivize dimensional weight reduction for Customer A: 1)
 Introduce tiered discounts for shipments that meet specific dimensional weight efficiency thresholds. 2) Offer incentives for better packaging practices, such as rebates for shipments where the actual weight is closer to the charged weight.

Increase Predictability

- Introduce a contractual agreement to ensure consistent weekly volumes or caps on weekly volumes on Europe-Americas priority shipments, especially for highly volatile and voluminous Customer B and, inconsistent Customer A, reducing strain during peak times.
- Negotiate a flexible shipping agreement where Customers B and A allow shifting some priority shipments to next-day flights during peak times.
- Promote and offer price incentives on alternate lanes where feasible for economy shipments to encourage redistribution of shipments. This could free up capacity for priority products in the Europe-Americas lane.

Recommendations focus on two strategies: 1) efficient shipments - prioritizing high-yield customers, fixing pricing errors, and reducing dimensional weight; 2) alleviating uncertainty of weekly priority volumes using contractual obligations, enabling FedEx to plan better.

Caveats and Next Steps



Caveats and Next Steps

For improved analysis and future steps, consider the following:

Improved availability of data

- Include cost data to calculate shipment profitability
- Include data for a longer period to allow grasping some areas of volatility like seasonality

Check validity of the recommendations

- Validate recommendations with real-time data.
- Collaborate with Sales, Operations and Legal teams to test solutions.
- Set up weekly tracking and feedback mechanisms.

Look for reproach actions from customers

- Monitor whether customers moved some shipping volumes to other logistics operators in response to our actions.
- Closely observe whether introducing contractual restrictions leads to increased churn.

Appendix





Dataset stats:

- 3 unique customers were analyzed
- 28,353 shipments were attributed to customers
- Data ranges from 01/02/2024 to 04/30/2024

The analysis utilized a customer shipment dataset and a country dataset containing the following key shipment dimensions:

- Category: type of service (Priority, Economy, Freight, Parcel)
- ID: unique shipment identifier
- Customer: A, B, and C
- Geographic: Origin Country, Destination Country
- Date: Date of Shipment

The technical process included:

- · Connecting tables, calculating metrics, and extracting insights in Excel
- Building a self-service dashboard for visualization in <u>Tableau</u>

Charged-to-Actual Weight Ratio for Europe-Americas shipments- supporting table



Digging deeper into Europe-Americas priority shipments

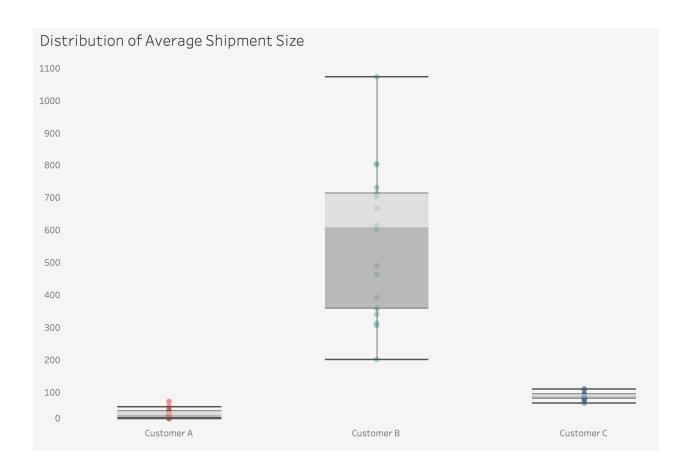
Priority vs Economy	Priority	ΨΨ.	
EA Transatlantic	True	ΨT	

Charged to Actual Weight Ratio		Column Labels		
Week	~	Customer A	Customer B	Customer C
1		5,38	1,01	1,05
2		4,21	1,00	1,09
3		2,54	1,01	1,13
4		2,07	1,01	1,09
5		2,14	1,01	1,15
6		1,20	1,01	1,14
7		1,55	1,08	1,18
8		1,51	1,05	1,11
9		2,09	1,06	1,23
10		1,27	1,03	1,20
11		1,79	1,01	1,08
12		1,57	1,01	1,06
13		1,40	1,01	1,07
14		2,00	1,01	1,20
15		1,76	1,01	1,11
16		2,90	1,02	1,17
17		1,24	1,03	1,37
18		2,80	1,02	1,37
Grand Total		1,67	1,02	1,15



Interquartile Range - supporting chart

Digging deeper into the volatility of weight charged per customer



Thank you!