

<p style="text-align: center;">Politechnika Świętokrzyska w Kielcach Wydział Elektrotechniki, Automatyki i Informatyki</p>	
<p>Laboratorium Technologie IoT rozproszone sieci sensoryczne</p>	<p>Lab 2,3</p>
<p>Data wykonania: <b>20.11.2018r</b></p>	<p>Autor: <b>Karol Zuba</b> <b>Marek Kopec</b> Grupa: <b>3ID15A</b></p>

### 1. Cel laboratorium

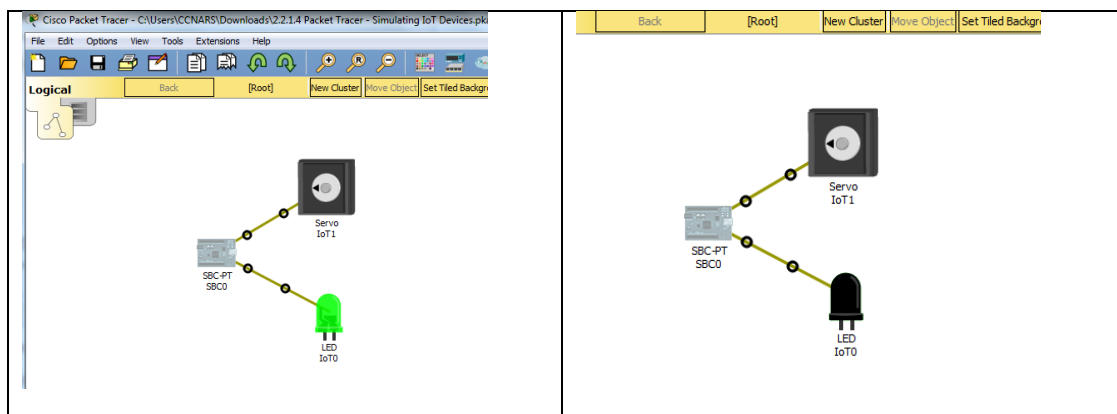
Zapoznanie z IoT przy stosowaniu symulacji na Packet Tracer oraz symulacje na stronie <https://www.tinkercad.com/> i <http://www.falstad.com/circuit/>.

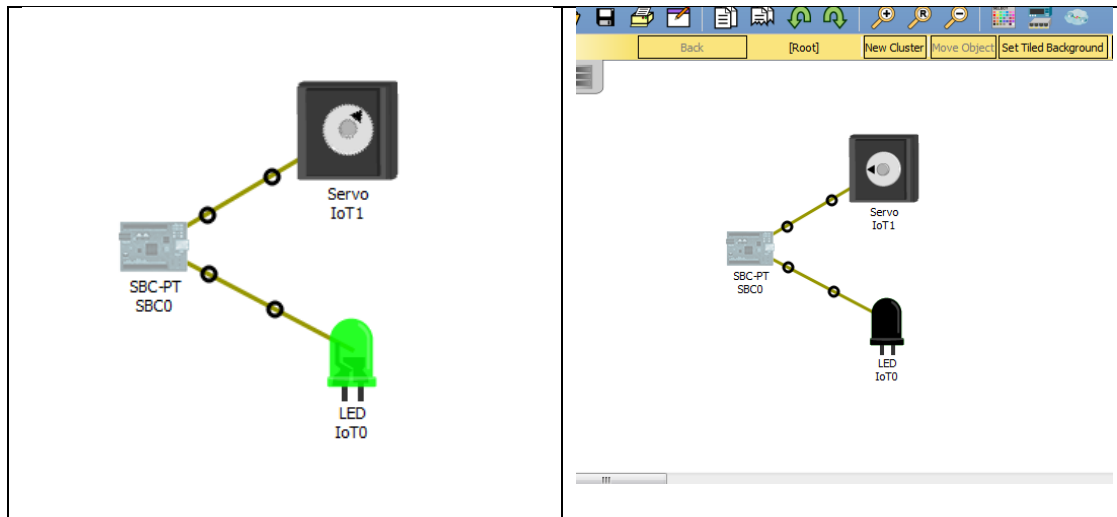
### 2. PT – packet tracer – Simulating IoT Devices Lab – Designing a Circuit from Start to Finish

PT – Sensors and the PT Microcontroller

Lab – The Digital Oscilloscope

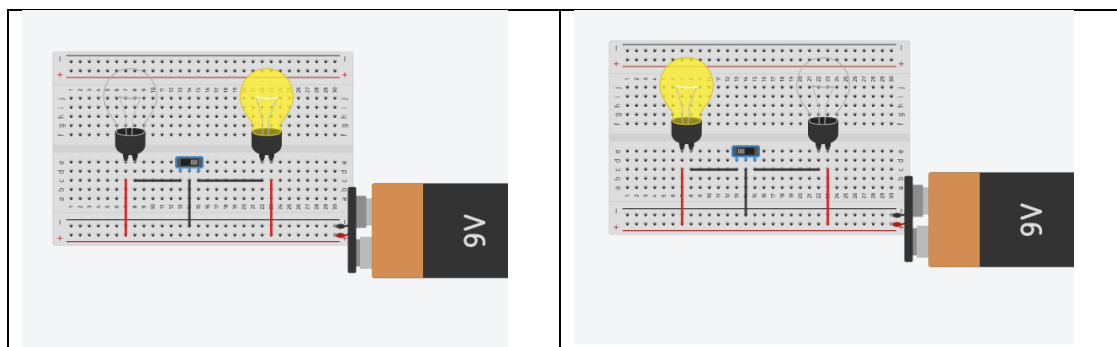
### PT – packet tracer – Simulating IoT Devices





**Reflection:** What could be changed to make the servo turn in the opposite direction while the LED is blinking? Powinniśmy odwrócić wartości w funkcjach customWrite

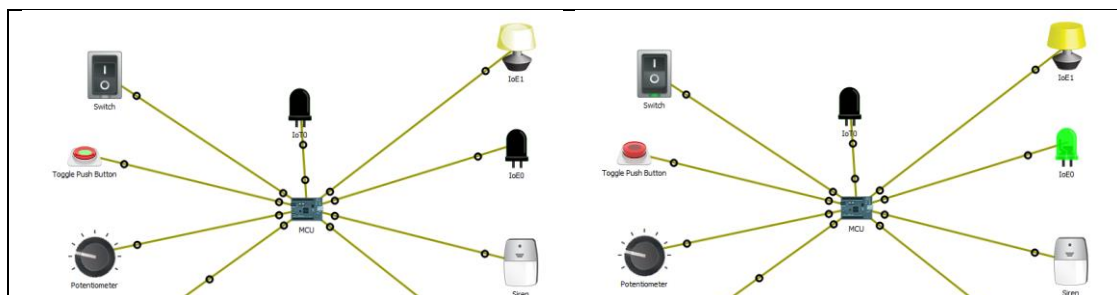
### Lab – Designing a Circuit from Start to Finish



**Reflection:** What would happen if a potentiometer replaced the slide switch in the drawing?

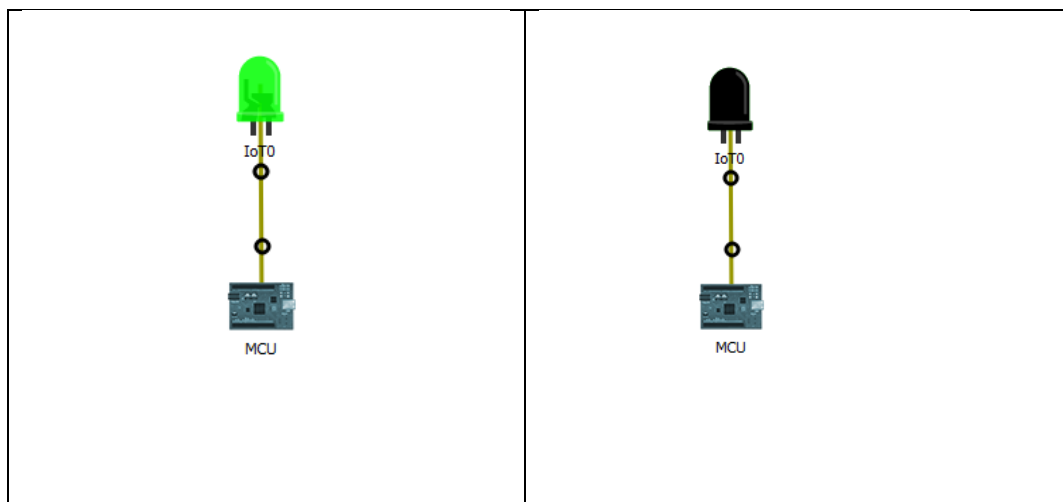
Po zamianie na potencjometr prąd powinien płynnie przechodzić z jednej żarówki do drugiej wprost proporcjonalnie w miarę kręcenia nim.

### PT – Sensors and the PT Microcontroller

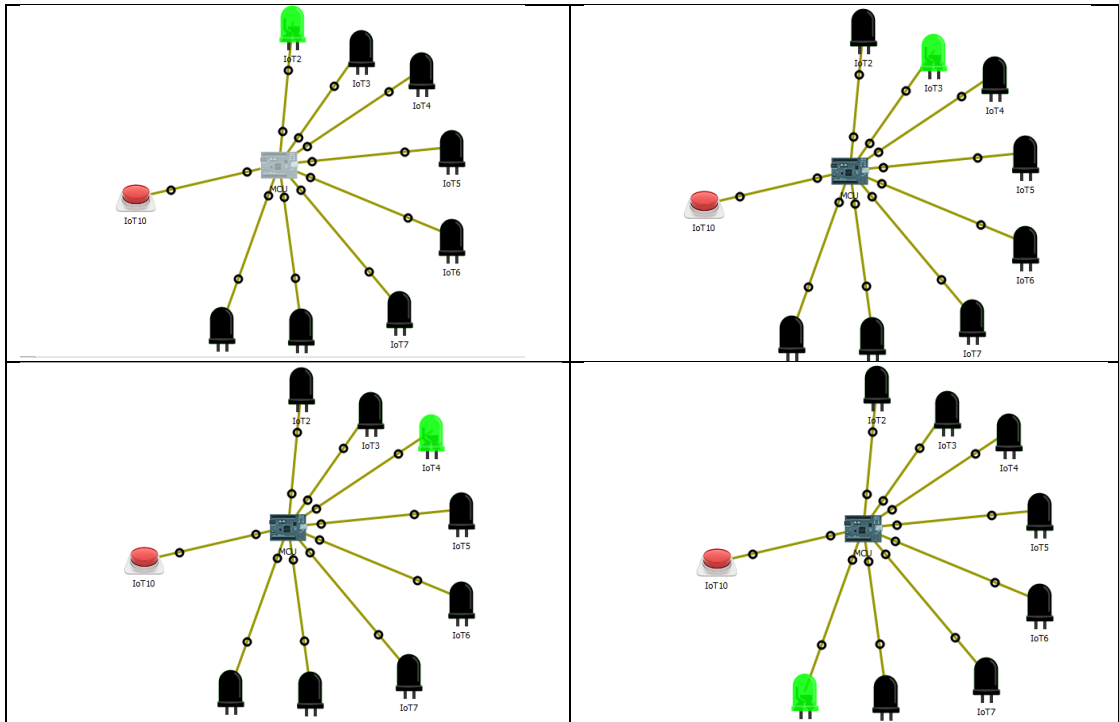


Reflection:

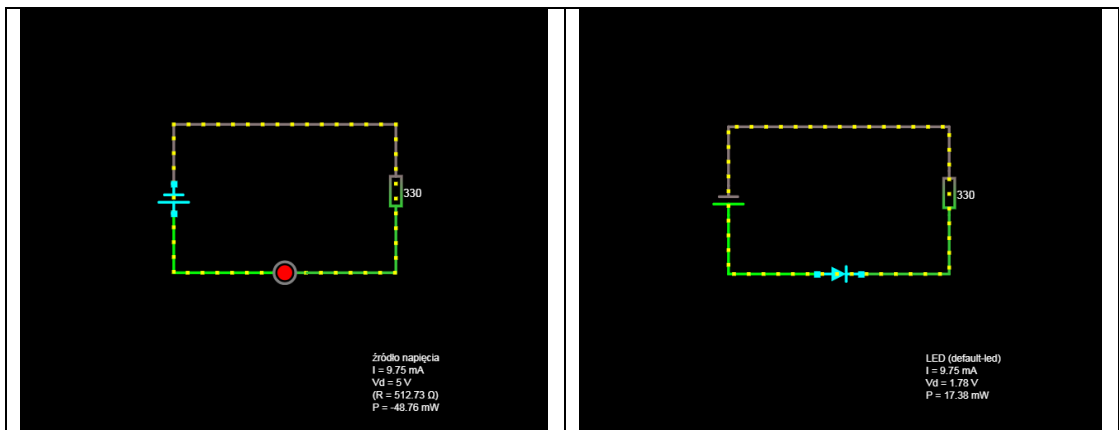
Challenge 1: Port SparkFun Starter's Kit circuit 1, "Blinking an LED" into Packet Tracer 7.1, using the PT MCU as the microcontroller.

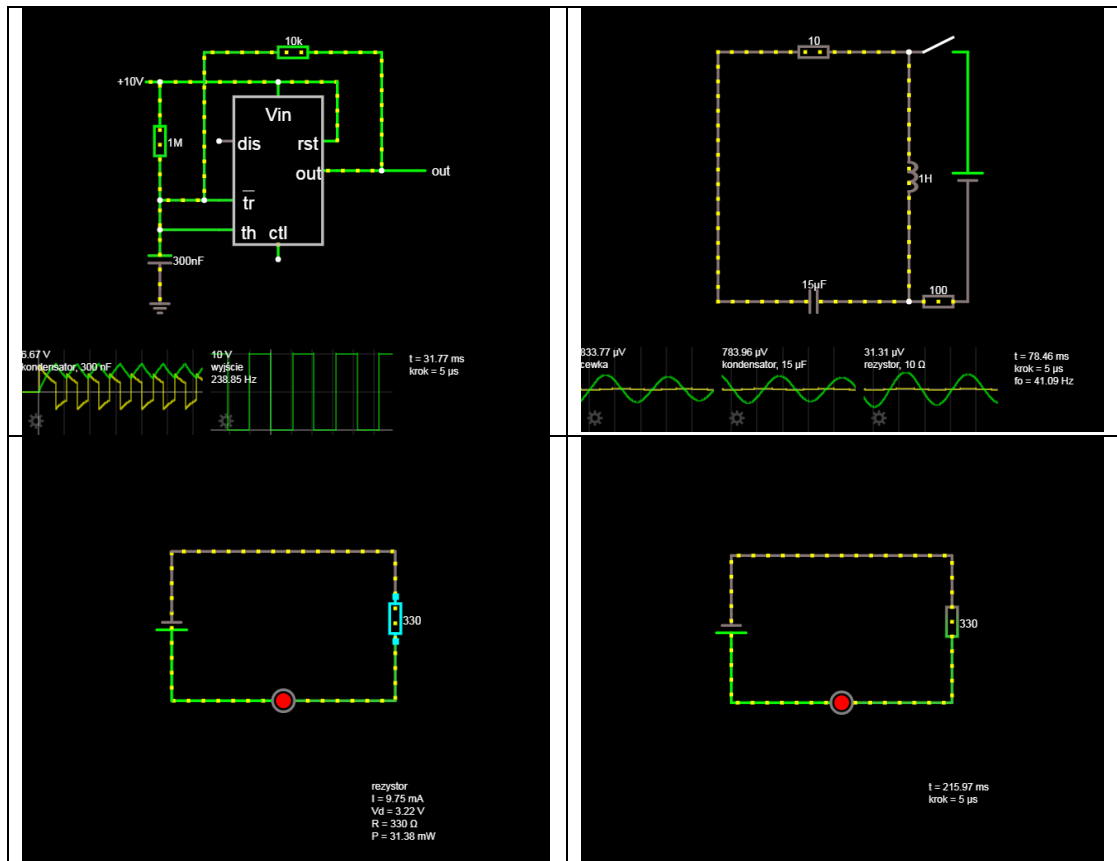


Challenge 2: Using the concepts presented on SparkFun Starter's Kit circuit 1 Blinking and LED, circuit 4 Multiple LEDs and circuit 5 Push Button, use Packet Tracer 7.1 or newer to create a circuit that illuminates one of eight LEDs in sequence, every time the push button is pressed.



## Lab – The Digital Oscilloscope





What's the voltage on the LED? 1.78V  
 What's the voltage on the resistor? 3.22V  
 What voltage of the battery? 5V

