

ICCS200: Assignment 6

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4: Quick Sort Recurrence

ii) $g(n) = \frac{f(n)}{n+1} = \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{f(n-1)}{n} = \frac{2}{n+1} + g(n-1)$ and by using $f(0) = 0$ we know that $g(1) = 1$

iii)

$$\begin{aligned}g(n) &= \frac{2}{n+1} + g(n-1) \\g(n) &= \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n} + g(n-2) \\g(n) &= \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{2}{n-1} + g(n-3)\end{aligned}$$

so we can see that $g(n) = \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{2}{n-1} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} + 2 = \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{2}{n-1} + \dots + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{2} + 2 - \frac{2}{2}$
 $g(n) = 2H_{n+1} - 1$

iv) from $g(n) = \frac{f(n)}{n+1}$ so $f(n) = (n+1)g(n)$ and we know that $g(n) = 2H_{n+1} - 1$ and $H_{n+1} \leq 1 + \ln(n+1)$ now let combine everything together.

$$f(n) = (n+1)(2H_{n+1} - 1)$$

$$f(n) = 2nH_{n+1} - n + 2H_{n+1} - 1$$

so the worst case of $f(n)$ is

$$f(n) = 2n(1 + \ln(n+1)) - n + 2(1 + \ln(n+1)) - 1$$

$$f(n) = 2n + 2n\ln(n+1) - n + 2 + 2\ln(n+1) - 1$$

$$f(n) = 2n\ln(n+1) + n + 2\ln(n+1) + 1$$

now we will show that $f(n) \in O(n\ln(n))$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{n\ln(n)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n\ln(n+1) + n + 2\ln(n+1) + 1}{n\ln(n)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n\ln(n+1)}{n\ln(n)} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n\ln(n)} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2\ln(n+1)}{n\ln(n)} + \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n\ln(n)}$$

$$2 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n+1)}{\ln(n)} + 0 + 0 + 0$$

as we know by simple application of L'Hospital rule that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n+1)}{\ln(n)} = 1$$

we will have that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(n)}{n\ln(n)} = 2 < \infty$$

therefore, we can conclude that $f(n) \in O(n\ln(n))$