

0619 週考解析

$$1. (x-2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = -1+4+1 \text{ 交相異=真} \Rightarrow d < r.$$

$$=4$$

$$\therefore d(0,1) < 2.$$

$$\therefore (0,1) \quad r=2.$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{|2k-1-k-1|}{\sqrt{k^2+(-1)^2}} < 2. \Rightarrow |k-2| < 2\sqrt{k^2+1}.$$

$$\therefore k^2-4k+4 < 4k^2+4.$$

$$\Rightarrow 3k^2+4k > 0.$$

$$k(3k+4) > 0 \Rightarrow \underline{k < -\frac{4}{3} \vee k > 0} \quad \times$$

$$2. (-1,-3) \text{ 代入}$$

$$\Rightarrow (-1)^2 + (-3)^2 = 25 \Rightarrow \text{點在圓上}.$$

$$\text{代入公式} \Rightarrow (x-2)(-1-2) + (y-1)(-3-1) = 25.$$

$$\Rightarrow -3x+6-4y+4-25=0 \quad \therefore \underline{3x+4y+15=0} \quad \times$$

$$3. p(1,-2) \text{ 代入}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1^2 + (-2)^2 - 6 \cdot 1 + 2(-2) + 5 = 1+4-6-4+5=0.$$

$$\therefore p \text{ 在圓上} \quad \times$$

$$4.$$

相切

\Rightarrow 交於一點

$$\therefore \frac{|0+0-2|}{\sqrt{1^2+1^2}} = \sqrt{a}.$$

$$\therefore \underline{a=2} \quad \times$$

$$\therefore d(0,1) = r.$$

$$\therefore \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{a}$$

$$0(0,0) \quad r=\sqrt{a}.$$

$$5.$$

$$p(3,5) \text{ 代入}$$

$$\Rightarrow (3-2)^2 + (5-1)^2 = 1+2^2=5.$$

$$\therefore p \text{ 在圓上}$$

$$\therefore \text{代入公式}$$

$$(x-2)(3-2) + (y-1)(5-1) = 5.$$

$$x-2+2y-6-5=0$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{x+2y-13=0} \quad \times$$