Kartheeka.R

192372289

CSE-AI

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1. Infix to postfix:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
// Function to check if character is operator
int isOperator(char c) {
  if (c == '+' \parallel c == '-' \parallel c == '*' \parallel c == '/' \parallel c == '^')
     return 1;
   return 0;
// Function to check operator precedence
int precedence(char c) {
  if (c == '+' || c == '-')
     return 1;
  else if (c == '*' || c == '/')
     return 2;
   else if (c == '^{\prime})
     return 3;
   return 0;
// Function to convert infix to postfix
void infixToPostfix(char* infix, char* postfix) {
   int i, j = 0;
   char stack[100];
   int top = -1;
  for (i = 0; infix[i]; i++) {
     if (infix[i] == '')
        continue;
```

```
if (infix[i] == '(')
       stack[++top] = infix[i];
     else if (\inf x[i] == ')') {
       while (top != -1 && stack[top] != '(')
          postfix[j++] = stack[top--];
       top--;
     } else if (!isOperator(infix[i]))
       postfix[j++] = infix[i];
     else {
       while (top != -1 && isOperator(stack[top]) && precedence(stack[top]) >=
precedence(infix[i]))
          postfix[j++] = stack[top--];
       stack[++top] = infix[i];
  }
  while (top !=-1)
    postfix[j++] = stack[top--];
  postfix[j] = '\0';
int main() {
  char infix[100], postfix[100];
  printf("Enter infix expression: ");
  scanf("%s", infix);
  infixToPostfix(infix, postfix);
  printf("Infix expression: %s\n", infix);
  printf("Postfix expression: %s\n", postfix);
  return 0;
OUTPUT:
Enter infix expression: a*(b+c+d)
Infix expression: a*(b+c+d)
Postfix expression: abc+d+
```

QUEUE:

2. Queue Implementation using Array:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX SIZE 10
int queue[MAX_SIZE];
int front = -1;
int rear = -1;
void enqueue(int value) {
  if (rear == MAX SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Queue is full\n");
     return;
  if (front == -1) {
     front = 0;
  rear++;
  queue[rear] = value;
void dequeue() {
  if (front == -1) {
    printf("Queue is empty\n");
     return;
  }
  printf("Dequeued: %d\n", queue[front]);
  front++;
  if (front > rear) {
    front = -1;
     rear = -1;
}
void display() {
  if (front == -1) {
```

```
printf("Queue is empty\n");
    return;
  printf("Queue: ");
  for (int i = front; i \le rear; i++) {
    printf("%d ", queue[i]);
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  enqueue(1);
  enqueue(2);
  enqueue(3);
  display();
  dequeue();
  display();
  return 0;
OUTPUT:
Queue: 1 2 3
Dequeued: 1
Queue: 23
```

3. Queue implementation using linked list:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// Node structure
typedef struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node* next;
} Node;

// Queue structure
typedef struct Queue {
   Node* front;
```

```
Node* rear;
} Queue;
// Function to create a new node
Node* createNode(int data) {
  Node* newNode = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  return newNode;
}
// Function to initialize the queue
void initQueue(Queue* q) {
  q->front = NULL;
  q->rear = NULL;
}
// Function to check if the queue is empty
int isEmpty(Queue* q) {
  return q->front == NULL;
}
// Function to add an element to the queue
void enqueue(Queue* q, int data) {
  Node* newNode = createNode(data);
  if (isEmpty(q)) {
     q->front = newNode;
    q->rear = newNode;
  } else {
     q->rear->next = newNode;
    q->rear = newNode;
  }
}
// Function to remove an element from the queue
int dequeue(Queue* q) {
  if (isEmpty(q)) {
     printf("Queue is empty\n");
     return -1;
  int data = q->front->data;
  Node* temp = q->front;
  q->front = q->front->next;
```

```
if (q->front == NULL) {
    q->rear = NULL;
  free(temp);
  return data;
}
// Function to display the queue
void display(Queue* q) {
  Node* temp = q->front;
  while (temp != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", temp->data);
    temp = temp->next;
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  Queue q;
  initQueue(&q);
  enqueue(&q, 1);
  enqueue(&q, 2);
  enqueue(&q, 3);
  display(&q);
  printf("Dequeued: %d\n", dequeue(&q));
  display(&q);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT:
Queue: 1 2 3
Dequeued: 1
Queue: 23
```