## of the Feminine in Kubrick's Full Metal Jacket Orientalism, and the Repression Male Bonding, Hollywood

hideous creature in enticing apparel. thought, with a heavy, theatrical contempt. It could deck a Nature was miraculously skilful in concocting excuses, he

ing a rifle, he went into a rage. cozened him out of his home and hoodwinked him into hold When he saw how she, as a woman beckons, had

only one sufficiently wise to understand these things. He would have like to have splashed it with a derisive paint. —STEPHEN CRANE, The Red Badge of Courage And he was bitter that among all men, he should be the He turned in tupenny fury upon the high, tranquil sky.

femininity repressed from the film's manifest content. 1 kit, the reviewer David Denby articulates a return of the issue of representation of women. However, in the Warner Brothers press war movies, this film is, at least superficially, unconcerned with the Kubrick's ambiguous reputation as an eccentric genius. Like most marketed as a traditional war film, basking in the reflected glow of CHAPTER Full Metal Jacket (1987) was

only to discover she's wearing falsies. Which serves you right high school nerd who gets his hands on the class cheerleader Mosquito Coast or The Mission. Burned, you'll feel like the movie season, the picture will turn out to be Dune or The upcoming movie, if you expect it to save your life or even the for caring so much about boobs, you boob.2 Anticipate nothing. Because if you dream about an important The first law of moviegoing happiness in the eighties is this:

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gutted movie theater that is advertising a Vietnamese feature as well as a rerun of The Lone Ranger (1956). moments in the film, a Vietnamese whore is taken for sex into a detail from Full Metal Jacket: in one of the many "metacinematic" cially fantasies about women. If you do, you will get burned. A cannot any longer use film as a simple facilitator of fantasy, espeone of the most profound meditations carried out by this film: you spite itself, echoes a deep suspicion toward the film medium that is what follows. And yet this passage from Denby's review also, defully critiqued by this film text—as I hope to begin to make clear in proach and the male fantasies both made available by and power-There is here a curious coincidence between Denby's critical ap-

coming fuck fantasies" and joining in as the troops sing the "Mickey easily influenced by the movies, despite his semblance of being a (1968) was a gung ho promotion for the U.S. Army. 4 Clearly, Joker is casual one in a movie set during the days when The Green Berets camp experience. The second failure of adaptation concerns the cases that adaptation fails spectacularly, though for radically difparts feature a timeworn combat-film formula—the adaptation of to Da Nang and then Hue City during the 1968 Tet offensive. Both Metal Jacket divides into two distinct parts, punctuated (in the latter reddened Vietnamese night, speaking in voice-over of his "homefreethinker. At the end of the film Joker is marching into the imitation of John Wayne. This reference to John Wayne is hardly a by the foulmouthed Sergeant Hartman (Lee Ermey) because of his film's protagonist, ironically named Private Joker (Matthew Modine) who becomes a suicidal maniac at the end of his humiliating bootknown as Private Pyle (as in "Gomer Pyle, U.S. Marine Corps"), brain of Private Leonard Lawrence (Vincent D'Onofrio), otherwise termed, pace 2001's Hal computer, a "major malfunction" in the ferent reasons. In the first instance this failure stems from what is the individual to the demands of a ritualistic male group. 3 In both film) by a fade to black and a drastic change of location: from the Mouse" theme song after a full day in the urban trenches. 5 Joker is Parris Island boot camp that is the setting of the first half of the film, Like 2001 (1968) and Barry Lyndon (1975), Kubrick's Full

violence? Are we, as Joker's helmet claims, "Born to Kill"? be expressed by means of one haunting question: What is human there the emblem or figure of a peculiarly human enigma that might lost in the masses of men marching against a backdrop of burning 2001 (a film released in 1968)—the monolith from outer space was ruins, whose towering shapes call to mind the McGuffin of Kubrick's

are the contradictions of masculinity, 7 nicolor fantasies about "Mary Jane Rottencrotch's" breasts. Such joining in a celebration of mass infantilism and reveling in Techhimself deep in a "world of shit" (one of the catchphrases of the film) construction of a masculine identity-where anything infantile, female, or homoerotic is expelled with horror, Joker now finds Having passed through the unholy waters of masculinization—the nologized and violent.<sup>6</sup> And this production of man is, at least in Full Metal Jacket, as concerned with gender as it is with species. showing rather how man has produced himself as inextricably techsimple binary opposition between the technological and the human, say that Kubrick in that film as in this one is breaking down any verbal regression was more human. One could go even further and its title. Even Hal singing "Daisy" at the moment of his greatest are the bullets encased in the "full metal jackets" that give the film move as one, as devoid of what we ordinarily call human response as and, as the sergeant puts it in boot camp, "born again hard," now never was-an individual one. The men, renamed, repackaged, be implying that the "major malfunction" is no longer—or perhaps accommodated himself to the group, all right. But Kubrick seems to In this final scene, as he sings along with the gang, Joker has

Middle Eastern "faggot," Lawrence of Arabia. fat hody" and linked by the sergeant through his name to that Overweight and incompetent, he is verbally abused as a "disgusting tery is spelled out in the scapegoating scenes that structure this behavior as gauged by the bodily disposition required of a marine. inept Private Lawrence fails to measure up to the standards of male film. From his first encounters with Sergeant Hartman, the woefully of anything reminiscent of infantile susceptibility to maternal mas-The violent rejection of the female, of the racially "other," and

HARTMAN: "What's your name, fat body?"

PRIVATE: "Sir, Leonard Lawrence, sir!"

HARTMAN: "Lawrence? Lawrence what? of Arabia?"

PRIVATE: "Sir, no sir!"

HARTMAN: "That name sounds like royalty. Are you

royalty?"

PRIVATE: "Sir, no sir!"

HARTMAN: "Do you suck dicks?"

PRIVATE: "Sir, no sir!"

HARTMAN: "Bullshit. I'll bet you could suck a golf ball through a garden hose. I don't like the name Lawrence. Only faggots and sailors are called

Lawrence. From now on you're Gomer Pyle."

menace of the unmasculine. the sergeant, reflect his unique inability, in this group, to shake the from Joker, his masochistic enjoyment of the first harsh words from also abused as "queers and steers," Pyle's limpid demand for love Although the other men (specifically Cowboy—Arliss Howard) are

context, the scatological connotation of the name "Pyle.")9 In the his relationship to his hyperfeminine girlfriend, Bunny. In both the Carter, who, to be sure, keeps the proper male perspective through though distinctly maternal, even loving ministrations of Sergeant television show, Pyle's bumbling continually arouses the infuriated repressed homoerotic desire that serves to shape these men in the edge both the pathological nature of the private's ineptitude and the image of the lackeys of the "beloved Corps." (One might note, in this texts such as this television program: here we are forced to acknowlelements of Full Metal Jacket is its rewriting of canonical cultural of his drill instructor, Sergeant Carter. One of the subtly disturbing that period), forever consigned to boot camp under the irascible eye of its popularity in 1968.8 It featured the antics of the incompetent (whose alleged homosexuality was a topic of pervasive rumor during but lovable Private Gomer Pyle, played by the actor Jim Nabors film narrative: the television show of the same name was at the height The name Gomer Pyle is, of course, another timely detail in this

Christmas speech, "God has a hard-on for Marines." baldly homoerotic is a fine one. As the drill sergeant puts it in his At every juncture, however, the line between male bonding and the group superego that stands in for the Lacanian Symbolic function. ercises the prerogative of bringing the men under the sway of the renamed by the sergeant, who here and elsewhere obviously exonly secondarily against the enemy. The men are also, we have seen, threateningly powerful maternal body; this aggression is directed quent aggression directed toward the body itself insofar as it is the within the Imaginary order as Lacan describes it, with the consedisgustingly or alluringly "other." The Corps is both mother and one must shape oneself in its image. One's body must not be father, functioning according to group dynamics that fall distinctly film and the television program, to be part of the Body (the Corps)

dissolved at the end of the film as Joker melts into the now irrevocapendency of group and individual—which, according to the World other men do "squat-thrusts and side-straddle hops" 10 as penance fulfills combat-film formulas as he rewrites them. bly infantilized group. In this film Kubrick has it both ways: he be a *resolvable* opposition—is brought into stark relief, then finally War II film formula outlined by Robert Ray, must always be shown to for their association with this now marginalized baby. The interdemade to suck his thumb (for the second time in the film) while the the men do push-ups while Pyle eats the doughnut. Later, Pyle is from now on the entire group will suffer for Pyle's mistakes and has jelly doughnut concealed in his footlocker. Hartman declares that commits an error that he will never live down-he is caught with a many stylistically astounding barracks inspection scenes, Pyle Pyle is shown making slow but steady progress. Then, in one of the (some of which, like the shoe-tying episode, are also to be found in be gauged in part by its leaden use of this and other stock scenes), Coppola's Gardens of Stone (1987)—the failure of the latter film can out with some success. In a series of standard boot-camp scenes Joker does both reluctantly and tenderly. At first this task is carried Joker, who is to instruct him in all the practices of soldiering, which The film's Private Pyle is finally put under the charge of Private

soap wrapped in a towel. Joker at first holds back, does not want to and gagged while each man takes a blow at his body with a bar of occurs as follows: on an eerily blue moonlit night, Pyle is held down collapse, he finally joins in and delivers six particularly vicious group against the individual. 11 In the marine boot camp the event we might term, following Girard, the "violent unanimity" of the after this scene he develops into a crack rifleman. Having been tion. It is only when he is clearly insane that Pyle begins to "fit in" to warning. Although he has at this point graduated from boot camp. shit," Pyle declares to Joker, who tries to talk him down with a himself and the sergeant in the barracks head. "I am in a world of ly" offers as models to the men the former marine riflemen Lee inculcated with the ethos of the assassin by Hartman, who "jokingthe Corps (this is one of the film's more obvious messages): soon blows. Pyle is himself transformed into a monster by this victimizahit this boy he has nurtured, but, in the first moment of his moral ism, the blood and violence and desire for male love (the toilet on Pyle cannot leave behind the confusing miasma of his own infantil-Harvey Oswald and Charles Whitman, Pyle later turns his rifle on series of ritual insults of the women in their families-Joker to blown out, Joker and his buddy Cowboy had exchanged the first in a spends the rest of the film seeking to externalize this action-to but must be externalized onto women and the enemy. So Joker fixation on the anal) that form the infrastructure of the Marine Corps which he kills himself, like his name, might be seen as a sign of his women available for barter is paramount. In this woman-rejecting male control of "tubesteaks" and the consequent devaluation of the the very same restroom where Pyle dies on a toilet with his brains "properly" adapting apprentice marine uses the head in this way: In take it out of the men's head, so to speak. 12 For example, the sacredness of the Virgin Mary, this ritualistic invocation of the name sergeant at one point attempts to force Joker to acknowledge the and expelling process, there are no more taboos: even though the in trade?" Cowboy: "What d'ya got?" The "head" is a place where Cowboy: "I wanna slip my tubesteak in your sister. What'll you take Both major segments of Full Metal Jacket are marked by what

of the Mother of God only anticipates the discovery that there is no "elsewhere," no place where the good mother still prevails unassailable in her purity. One could scarcely imagine, in the diegetic world of *Full Metal Jacket*, the existence of a character like the grandmother (unproblematically) addressed by the protagonist of *Platoon* (1986) in his letters home.

with a degraded femininity. vail. 14 It is the South Vietnamese, not the NVA, who are associated instructors, slant-eyed or otherwise, the warrior ideal could prebombs in babies' diapers. If this were a world of men, of drill ungrateful South Vietnamese who bring them whores and hide are a worthy enemy, like "slant-eyed drill instructors"—not like the American buddy praises the North Vietnamese Army, the gooks who scene in the film, when Joker encounters a dead North Vietnamese This admiration for the Vietnamese warrior is borne out in another (Duc Hu Ta) who is the "mascot" of the unit he joins. The dead man's Asian masculinity-moves that are amiably imitated by Joker, 13 man's camera, going through some karate moves obviously derived male Vietnamese, a young man (Nguyen Hue Phong) grabs Rafterman). Suddenly, in one of Joker's only direct encounters with a living sassy woman's song about taking control of her life (by stomping on a (anachronistically) from Bruce Lee films in a kind of mimeticism of country-western feminism, "These Boots Are Made for Walkin", a the second half of the film and is accompanied by the theme song of against the "other" is foreshadowed by an earlier event, where a and his overly eager buddy Rafterman (Kevyn Major Howard) join up buddy. Her swaying progress across the screen is the first action of prostitute (Leanne Hong) poses and talks dirty for Joker and his The film's second scene of what I am calling "violent unanimity" with Cowboy's combat unit in the days following the Tet offensive. smarting off during an editorial meeting after the Tet offensive, Joker goes off apparently unscathed to Da Nang as a reporter for Stars and Stripes, the newspaper of the armed forces. Ordered up-country for cism—Pyle has, in effect, offered his body to the drill sergeant--he Although Joker is a witness to Pyle's act of suicidal homoeroti-

Later in the film, another prostitute is brought before the men of

the unit by a South Vietnamese Army pimp. The woman agrees to have sex with all the men for \$5 each after some complicated negotiations, including an argument about the size of black men's penises, in which it is concluded, reassuringly, that black men's penises are not larger than white men's. Here the sexual threat posed by the racial "otherness" of Eightball (Dorian Harewood), the "nigger behind the trigger," as he puts it, is recuperated; so, too, is he recuperated in his "otherness" by belonging to the Corps, although the potential threat he offers is never far from the surface of the narrative. The scene of a group of men and a single woman ends "humorously," with "Animal Mother," the quintessence of man-asfighting-machine, taking first honors with the whore, displacing the black soldier.

"mother-son") depends upon the logic of the repressed term. more deconstructive mode, note how the dominant term in the seems to haunt the film: Animal Mother is the fighting man (a binary pairs set up by the film (in this case "adult-infant" invoke the notion of a return of repressed ideas, or, in a slightly to be mothered, is now a mother himself. We could, once again, female principle if he is not to be subsumed by it. Pyle, who wanted particularly ruthless one) who must wear the banner of the fertile index of that never quite completely expelled "maternal" force that looks like a "hard" version of the dead recruit. And his name is an even as walking dead. 15 A crack shot, as was Pyle, Animal Mother repressed, but may in fact be necessary for the group's survival, repository of infantile or animal instincts could not be entirely reincarnation of Pyle in the form of a fighting man, as though that a helmet that reads "I AM BECOME DEATH," he seems to be the Animal Mother (Adam Baldwin) is an arresting character. With

The climax of the film takes place when the men of the unit suffer horrifying casualties from the assault of an unseen sniper, located, like the former marine crack shots Oswald and Whitman, in a building somewhere above the victims. These not-quite-dead victims squirm in the dust, their screams tormenting their fellow marines. Here at last is the true test of war: enraged by the violent loss of Cowboy, Joker tries to become a real warrior. He makes his

austerely dressed Vietcong woman. 16 Joker is paralyzed when he sees her: when he recovers, his rifle jams, then he fumbles the pistol he had drawn for his defense. Leaping into the breach, Rafterman blazes away with his M16, felling but not killing her. There ensues a strange dialogue between the men, who stand over the woman's body they hit him, as they had stood over their dead comrades, and as they had figuratively surrounded the \$5 whore. They are clearly confused by this woman who embodies both the repulsive and castrating "otherness" of womanhood and the ephemeral virginal/ warrior ideal (she is praying—or at least the men think she is—and they are curiously restrained in their treatment of her). Animal wants to leave her to rot, but in an act of "mercy" Joker puts her out of her misery. "Hard core, man," comment his fellow marines.

of its imperial power—as a killing machine, whose violence finds storm troopers of America at the apogee, perhaps the final moment, sexuality. This contempt is curiously coupled with a pervasive social structures are based on ejection of and contempt for female indicate. In Full Metal Jacket we see the production of man-the the men sing "Mickey Mouse"—Hollywood as matrix) seems to desire for regression to the womb, as the last scene of the film (where the powers of oppression), his films almost always show that Western trays (indeed the women in these films are often complicitous with While the woman is obviously not the only "victim" Kubrick porviolence against the "other": in a capitalist-imperialist society that "other" is a third-world Communist; under patriarchy it is a woman. must now take personal responsibility. Social unanimity involves act of mercy only as a gesture of scapegoating, one for which he fellow ape in 2001. Caught in a double bind, Joker can perform an woman as he had against Pyle, as had the human ape against his "man's duality," was ever genuine. He lifts his hand against the outsider in conflict with the group, as he who raised the question of to us that Joker has inexorably succumbed to what Girard might term the machine-logic of victimization, if indeed Joker's status as In point of fact, the symmetry with the earlier scenes indicates

cally represents the struggle of the Vietnamese people: it is a film about the construction of the racist woman-haters who walk, as Animal Mother puts it, "like Jolly Green Giants with guns" across the face of the earth. Woman is troped, in this and other films by Kubrick, as the "Virgin Mary," whose name is invoked in all seriousness by the drill sergeant, and simultaneously as the cloacal shit from which the fighting men are trying to emerge so that they can become "real" men. Clearly, the woman-sewer or woman-fosterer-of-regression must be destroyed, but we have seen that, to their confusion, the men find that in doing so they have also destroyed both the virgin-mother and the warrior ideal that silently pervade the film's ideological structure.

In Male Fantasies, his book on the formation of the protofascist "soldier male" in Germany after World War I, Klaus Theweleit describes the Freikorps soldier's fear of the terrifying Communist riflewoman. These riflewomen were perceived as being endowed with a fearful instrument of castration: "The men experience communism as a direct assault on their genitals," according to Theweleit. 17 Thor Goote, a fascist author whose works Theweleit closely examines, describes a battle in the Baltic, where rumors were rife of armed Red Army women on the warpath after men.

[T]he worst thing is not to die from a head wound, as this boy has just done; it is far worse to be captured by this bestial enemy, to suffer the most drawn-out, bitter and tortured death imaginable at the hands of sadistically grinning rifle women.

[T]he dead continued to scream, though they were already cold. They will scream into eternity, those twelve savaged men of the Iron Legion, each drenched in black blood between hips and thighs, each with that terrible wound with which the bestial foe has desecrated defenseless, wounded men. 18

So, too, in Full Metal Jacket, does the sniper woman lure the men one by one to their bloody doom, set in opposition to the clean "head

wound." Of course, Kubrick is both alluding to and undermining this image of the sadistic riflewoman by surrounding us with conflicting images about her. Theweleit continues: "The sexuality of the proletarian woman/gun slinging whore/communist is out to castrate and shred men to pieces. It seems to be her imaginary penis [whose visible representation is the rifle] that grants her the hideous power to do so." The female phallus is, in Full Metal Jacket, fully feminine: Hartman orders his men to name their rifles after women (Pyle's is "Charlene") and to sleep with them each night.

The castrating riflewoman is menacing not only because of her phallic attribute but in some cases because of "something else, too," as Theweleit puts it—that something being racial or ethnic "otherness."

SALOMÉ, RUTH, ESTHER: she stands there, a half-flight above him. Tight, tucked in shirt; left hand planted on her hip; right hand brandishing a pistol. The woman who enticed them to come up, with her shouting and crying. 20

The beautiful, castrating Jewess is like her silent Vietnamese counterpart; both stand above the men, armed and dangerous.

Kubrick's representation of the enemy woman is, as I have indicated, a complex one. The Vietcong sniper, allied with the North Vietnamese, presents a sharp contrast to the whores of capitalism, as though Kubrick wanted us to make no mistake about the conditions of women under the two social systems in operation in Vietnam. The liberal Kubrick (one could also argue for a "radical" and for a "libertarian" Kubrick) makes sure that we get the opposite message to that given by the Freikorps officers who confront the Communist whores. And yet Kubrick's sniper is a Communist riflewoman who mutilates the men squirming on the ground beneath her. Joker has reached both a moral impasse and the point where it is no longer possible to conquer the woman, even through gang rape or execution. And having this woman of iron beg for death is no relief, either. The idealized virginal woman and the destructive Communist whore cannot finally be separated.

Full Metal Jacket is not Kubrick's first antiwar film. In 1953

Kubrick directed Fear and Desire, an abstract meditation on certain existential issues of war. <sup>21</sup> Dr. Strangelove (1964) is, of course, a black comedy about nuclear annihilation. The (seemingly) more traditionally humanistic 1957 antiwar film, Paths of Glory, is structured, like Full Metal Jacket, on the scapegoating of individuals within a military context. And in the former film, as in each of Kubrick's films dealing with war, women play a significant, if liminal, role.

Mother, bring a light.") without violently punishing the woman who makes them aware of remain "human" because they can accept their own infantilism scapegoating itself into one of community, sharing this sad song with their helplessness. (One of the lyrics in the German song is "Please language they may not understand. The men in Paths of Glory the woman as they would a lullaby, accepting her mastery of a Metal Jacket's men, these men are able to make the moment of cerned with the nature of their response to her. But unlike Full watching his men watch her, paternally or paternalistically conis in fact doubly the object of a spectacle, since Dax is outside quickly turn to tears as the woman sings a touching ballad instead of we find the remaining soldiers seated in a tavern watching an enemy arbitrarily executes three of their comrades. At the end of the film and then are psychologically tortured by their commandant, who are propelled in forward motion toward a deadly objective-in this and lack of conviction in his leadership lead him to irrational against charges of cowardice in the face of the enemy, brought by the the torch song they had expected. This victimized "enemy" woman woman (in this case a German) perform on stage. Their lewd catcalls humanizing effect of the forced assault. They fail in their attempt case they must conquer "the Anthill," a name indicating the de-French Army at the end of the film. As in Full Metal Jacket, the men behavior, for which he himself is finally cynically weeded out of the lunatic "bad" father figure General Mireau. 22 Mireau's paranoia In Paths of Glory, Colonel Dax (Kirk Douglas) defends his men

Earlier in *Paths of Glory*, Mireau had struck a man, a victim of shell shock who was acting like a "baby." Mireau cannot bear to see

evoked by cinema is cast into doubt in the earlier as in the later film, our spectatorial relationship to Kubrick's close-ups of the tears on sponse to a markedly maudlin spectacle. We in turn must question own infantilism without violently punishing the woman who brings it a spectator are never simple givens, but are, as I have indicated, though the political situations represented by the films are radically Dax's men's faces: the meaning of the sympathetic response as to their attention, they can only express their "humanity" in recontinually problematized. While Dax's men seem to accept their even in this early film, what it means to be a man, to be human, to be women. Such is the doublethink of old-time gallantry. However, with giving birth." Real men can look without fear into the abyss of "pregnable." Dax replies—"It sounds odd, like something to do stand-in for that possibility. Mireau had earlier declared the Anthill female sexuality and reproduction—and still respect the purity of Kubrick seems to posit, though ironically, that "real men"—neither take him for the hero he believes himself to be. Still, in this film babies nor afraid of babies—might exist, and he offers Dax as a his own fear reflected in the outside world. Obviously we are not to

"going native" (in this case, in the Middle East) in explicitly mas-Arabia, who, as we have seen, is specifically named in Kubrick's glorious form of male bonding among Arab men.24 Lawrence of briefly to a late-colonial Orientalist text where a masochistic and film, is one well-known colonialist man who acted out the fantasy of homoerotic "turning in on oneself" is presented in the guise of a will now take advantage of a textual cue in Full Metal Jacket to turn degraded or treacherous femininity, and male homoeroticism. 23 J genres) to conflate various Eastern cultures with corrupt sexuality, a tendency in film noir and in films about Vietnam (to name only two representation of women in Full Metal Jacket by pointing to a entire history of Western dealings with that heterogeneous "other" of Orientalism, I mean to indicate that I do not wish to invoke the that it has called "the Orient," but simply to contextualize the termed "Hollywood Orientalism." By this qualification of the notion In the title of this chapter I allude to a phenomenon that I have

> all around him in the desert."27 with the lofty title [Seven Pillars of Wisdom: A Triumph]. It describes the homosexual relations that Lawrence claimed took place postcolonialist men everywhere. 26 As Rana Kabani has written, the surface the deepest fears (and desires) of white colonialist and ochistic and homosexual terms. 25 T. E. Lawrence's works bring to Lawrence's 'heroic' epic begins with a passage that seems at odds

eral, thirsting to punish appetites they could not wholly predarkness a sensual co-efficient of the mental passion which vent, took a savage pride in degrading the body, and offered was welding our souls and spirits in one flaming effort. Sevhot limbs in supreme embrace, found there hidden in the Friends quivering together in the yielding sand with intimate themselves fiercely in any habit which promised physical

ouins" may represent "Lawrence's subconscious portrayal of his own scribed in violent rather than in explicitly erotic terms. Apocalypse Now, whose reinterpretation of Asian customs is inof Arab men to suit his fancy. One is reminded of Colonel Kurtz, in brothers one better, exaggerating the homosociality/homoeroticism relationships, Lawrence seems to be attempting to do his Eastern desires." In projecting such a lurid fantasy about Oriental male Kabbani suggests that this "unlikely description of quivering bed-

scrutiny.<sup>29</sup> In many of the films in this rather inchoate category, concentrate here on the films where the Far East, rather than the ot gender, race, and war are covertly or overtly addressed. I will man's externalization and vicarious destruction of his own fears and there is a bizarre coincidence of gesture that caught my attention. Middle East, is the geographical area indirectly or directly under ber of films from the 1940s through the 1980s, where certain issues Jacket echoes the Hollywood Orientalist ideology at work in a numdetermined, an intertextual allusion that expresses the Western The gesture is one of annihilation, and seems to be strongly over-The view of the Middle and Far East discernible in Full Metal

and the perversions of effeminate men. all, the enigma that Kuhn terms the enigma of female sexuality, here, as is often the case, conflated with the mysteries of the Orient ner. <sup>31</sup> In this last scene of the film Marlowe must solve, once and for is still too closely associated with Carmen's disturbing sexual and infantile behavior to be considered a reliable potential sexual part-Carmen's older sister, Vivian—but even at the end of the film Vivian ently to gather, sleazy substitute for nudity.) Philip Marlowe loves Chinese clothing is thus a permissible though still, we are appar-Chandler's novel she is naked, obviously not a choice for Hawkspoint in the film in Geiger's house wearing Chinese clothes. (In decorating Geiger's sinister home. Indeed, Carmen is found at one in an Asian statuette, one of the many generically Asian art objects blackmailed by Geiger with pictures taken by a camera concealed Gwynn Geiger. A young woman, Carmen Sternwood, had been were carried out by the now-deceased homosexual tenant, Arthur blackmail, pornography, drug dealing, and other unsavory activities Marlowe. The place is Geiger's house, a den of corruption, where obsessively investigated earlier in the film by the protagonist, Philip dense film. <sup>30</sup> During its last few minutes, we return to a site that was served an intriguing pattern of movement in this hermeneutically previewed by men overseas on the front. Annette Kuhn has obwas, for example, made at the end of World War II; indeed, it was has its own historical tie to World War II. Howard Hawks's Big Sleep role playing to theorists of gender. And, as is well known, film nois Film noir has offered a rich field for the observation of sexual

orgasm, death). Vivian has earned her spurs through her passive act that has foul incestuous or homoerotic overtones (penetration, Mars is then sprayed with machine-gun fire by his own men, an an uncharacteristically hysterical burst of anger at Eddie Mars. up Geiger's house as a place where he will ambush and kill Mars. In Vivian by means of a dissolve over her head, then shot by Marlowe in feminine appearance to the eyes of the Westerner, is first linked to this crucial scene, the Asian statuette, of indeterminate, possibly Mars? In the last scene of the film, Marlowe (with Vivian's help) sets Is Vivian a good woman? What is her secret allegiance to Eddie

> simply be put away somewhere. In 1945, when The Big Sleep was of World War II, the Japanese were defeated and, on the home front. as seen, in Full Metal Jacket, through the lenses of 1987. At the end bance in the sphere of sexuality,"32 curiously conflated with the naughty sister) herself was to have been shot. Instead, she will woman. Interestingly, as the scene was first scripted, Carmen (the teamwork, where the woman seems to be an equal partner but is in cooperation with Marlowe. This bit of quintessentially Hawksian readily vanquished or contained after the war in Vietnam. ing autonomy of women in the American work force were not so women left the factories to return en masse to the domestic sphere. II. The Japanese menace will surely be beaten back—the "disturfirst shown, the United States was on the verge of winning World War through violence the enigma of what we might call the Orientalized fact subordinated to the man, makes the symbolic point of resolving The specters of the spread of Asian Communism and of the increas-Asiatic, also appears more resolvable in 1945 than it does in 1968.

sented as an Asian one, forced upon the men when they are held Christopher Walken character (Nick) as a way of "going native." 33 the deer stateside, but in Vietnam is transformed into the suicidal. emphasis on the film's quasi-mystical treatment of what the protagodiscussion of The Deer Hunter (1978), Robin Wood lays particular the head, a common enough suicidal or homicidal modus operandi. implied, a gestural as well as thematic relationship to later cinean "emblem of control" 34 to "a monstrously perverted enactment of The "one shot" is thus transformed during the course of the film from Asianized, and homoerotic Russian roulette subculture used by the nists call the "one shot," that pure, masculine single shot that kills but strangely insisted upon in this body of films I am examining. In a matic purges of dubious characters. The gesture is simply a shot to masochistic expression of his desire for the sexually reticent Mike: prisoner by the Vietcong. 36 Nick takes possession of the game as a important to emphasize that this (probably mythical) game is prethe union he [Nick] has always desired [with Mike]."35 It is, I think. the turning inward of sexual aggression is thus once again troped as The destruction of the "Orientalized" woman has, as I have

a process of "Asianization." According to Wood, Mike's attempt to save Nick from the addiction to this perverse game (which he likens to Chance's rescue of Dude from alcoholism in Rio Bravo [1959]) externalized, aggressive, and "masculine" meaning of the "one shot."37 Obviously, Wood sees The Deer Hunter very much as a of male love story, "38 though he seems to see the subversive treatment Cimino than as a product of larger cultural determinants.

comments on film noir's use of Chinatown as a figure of Western of "looking on" in this scene, as well). In this way Polanski wryly corruption. 39 unfolding before them (though our discussion of spectatorship in Paths of Glory might indicate a need to examine further the meaning tragic spectacle, obviously not directly implicated in the events is killed by the police. A group of Chinese passersby watches the who has asked Evelyn Mulwray to meet him in Chinatown, where she made: he had lost a woman in Chinatown in the past, and now it is he nature) is both out of his control and a deliberate choice he has scene reveals that Gittis is caught in a repetition compulsion that (by "Asianized" woman by means of this act of violence. Rather, the cisely unable to purge himself of the evils associated with the ending of Polanski's film shows that Gittis (Jack Nicholson) is preof a homosexual man, but, more directly, in Chinatown itself. The Sleep), only in this case the "one shot" is not fired in the shady home head (her eye is shot out, as is the camera eye at the end of The Big for The Big Sleep, Mrs. Mulwray (Faye Dunaway) is finally shot in the cest, cannot be salvaged—she is doomed to remain a victim of her hopelessly contorted past. Like Carmen in the original screenplay Chinese. Chinatown's female protagonist, a victim of paternal inthe enigma of feminine sexuality with the cultural "otherness" of the and deliherately citational mode is Roman Polanski's Chinatown (1974), which to some extent deconstructs the film noir conflation of A film that, by contrast, works in what is clearly a self-conscious

Although Cimino's recent film Year of the Dragon (1986) treats many of the same issues that come up in Chinatown, its presentation

brought back under white control at the end of the film. suicide with his gun. Asian sexuality—both masculine and feminine—as well as Chinese upward mobility are thus punished and final, climactic scene White permits a Chinese gangster to commit Asian yuppie. The "one shot" is also in evidence in this film: in a the more salvageable (because finally less demanding) assimilated This desire sends her husband into paroxysms of doubt and evasive phallic mother (a woman with balls who wants to get pregnant) by displaced rescue of the wife and a more sinister replacement of the by Chinese gangsters. The final rescue of Tracy is thus both a behavior. Before she manages to become pregnant, Connie is killed on an initial conflict between the detective and his wife, Connic even more threatening than Chinatown. The film's plot is predicated reigning ideology of the 1980s, domesticity has been portrayed as who rescues/exorcises the woman held captive by her own ethnicity. husband not to "break her balls") who wants badly to have a child. (Caroline Kava), an aggressive woman (she constantly tells her Like Vivian Rutledge, Tracy will be domesticated-but, true to the through the post-traumatic stress experienced by the Vietnam vet. While Chinatown-as-Vietnam remains allegorical in Polanski's film, the assimilated place in white society she had earlier achieved culture, after having vigorously dragged her back to Chinatown from television reporter, is herself Chinese, as White vehemently re-Year of the Dragon depicts Chinatown as the literal locus for working does manage to save the Asian woman from the threat of her native minds her throughout the film. At the end of the film the white man Chinese, of Chinatown. Oddly, the woman, Tracy Tzu (Ariane), a mission includes saving a woman from the evil influence of the going to lose it—not this one.")41 Not surprisingly, the detective's a place that can only be purged of its corruption by all-out warfare. (The references to Vietnam are explicit, as when Stanley White film about a cop's extended flashback of Chinatown-as-Vietnam, as suspect, muddled. 40 Year of the Dragon is a strangely anachronistic of the sexual and ethnic material it unearths is, as one might [Mickey Rourke] declares that "this is a fucking war and I'm not

In his analysis of Dr. Strangelove, Peter Baxter describes the

tion patterns: these are social and political gains that will not have sexual interactions irremediably founded on denigration and fear, to entrenched in violent projections of masochistic desire, from heterofigures. From fantasies (and phantasies) about male homosexual love violence and eroticism turned inward, to its outward infliction on a homo- and heterosexualities less marked by patriarchal victimizawoman, as part of a chain of violent group actions against marginal focus of the film. Full Metal Jacket progresses from that image of annihilation under the eyes of his buddy/mother remains the erotic attributed to the Vietnamese. In Full Metal Jacket, male homosocial bonding forcibly expels its homoerotic content—and yet Pyle's selfalso shown to be strongly linked to a self-destructive fantasy that is of other men is a disruptive force, capable of tearing apart the social observed in the films discussed above. In The Deer Hunter, male love sive turning outward in the form of projection and denial that we have fabric of the homophobic, working-class American community. It is "turning inward" of male masochistic homoeroticism and its aggresethnic or sexual) status. Full Metal Jacket incorporates both the attributed to other beings, generally those of lower social (i.e., phantasy, 45 in which a desire for pain, humiliation, and death is other critics, emphasizes the primacy of masochism in this (male) already indicated, Baxter, like Kaja Silverman and a number of voice of the one woman we once upon a time all knew."44 As I have that cannot be reached except in death. Doomsday echoes with the phantasy,"43 a phantasy focused on "the nostalgic desire for a past men and the reality of politics and war intervenes the realm of sexual comic conceit" of  $Dr.\ Strangelove$  derives from the fact that "between and transmit various masculine concerns. Baxter notes that "the women" in Paths of Glory and Full Metal Jacket, functions to reflect film, Miss Scott (the bikinied secretary), who, like the "single reading of Dr. Strangelove concentrates on "the one woman" in the "How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Love the Bomb"). Baxter's culture is made hilariously explicit in that film (viz., its subtitle, culinity." 42 The joyous self-annihilation of male-dominated Western tion, that is almost universally repressed in the construction of mas "ineradicable tendency towards self-abasement, even self-destruc-

> desire to abase himself to the great white father is put off on Arabs. Asians, and women, the "natural" masochists of the world. we can expect to continue to see works in which the Western male's is as long in the making as was Full Metal Jacket). In the meantime, been achieved by the time the next Kubrick film is released (even if it

## Notes

- the three women who appear in the film. 1. It is, I think, significant that the press kit has no pictures of any of
- Included as an insert in the Warner Brothers promotional packet for Full 2. David Denby, "Waiting for Stanley," Premiere, July-August 1987.
- 1930-1980 (Princeton, N.J.: Princeton University Press, 1985) 112-25. formula, see Robert B. Ray, A Certain Tendency of the Hollywood Cinema, 3. For a succinct and informative discussion of the functioning of this
- media, than is his novelistic equivalent. And like the journalist in The the war but becomes a believer by the end of the film. Green Berets, Joker is also a reporter who begins by being "cynical" about Wayne's film. Kubrick's Joker comes off as more credulous, regarding the Doherty notes that the grunts in Hasford's novel laugh at the naïveté of Vietnam Combat Movie," Film Quarterly 42.2 (1988-89): 24-30, Thomas 1979), from which the film was adapted. In "Full Metal Genre: Kubrick's in Gustav Hasford's novel The Short-Timers (New York: Harper and Row, 4. This connection with The Green Berets is made much more explicit
- Stars and Stripes "office," next to the lieutenant. is this Mickey Mouse shit?" and once as a figure in the background of the film—once when the sergeant asks the soon-to-be homicidal Pyle, "What 5. Mickey Mouse makes his appearance at least two other times in the
- Corps wants to build indestructible men. Men without fear." Corps does not want robots. The Marine Corps wants killers. The Marine sergeant as proud when the men grow beyond his control: "The Marine thing called a "killer" (another of Joker's nicknames). Joker describes the 6. The "technologized" man is neither machine nor human, but some-
- ending that very much resembles that of Stephen Crane's Red Badge of other sections of the novel. The final product, in Full Metal Jacket, is an of dialogue in this sequence and the group march itself are garnered from brick, Michael Herr, and Gustav Hasford) from Hasford's novel. Elements 7. The ending of Kubrick's film is only very loosely adapted (by Ku-

pivotal scenes of violence he achieves a more economical effect than does mentality as to the "Vietnam experience," and by emphasizing certain sode Kubrick gives as much weight to the construction of the soldier and Kubrick's film are structural ones: by expanding the boot-camp epireworking of Crane. The most striking differences between Hasford's novel has Joker "mercy kill" Cowboy, as well as the Vietcong sniper. Stevenson, "Beyond Stephen Crane: Full Metal Jacket," Literature/Film Hasford, who, it seems to me, adds a note of ideological confusion when he Quarterly 16 (1988): 238-43, for a more extensive discussion of Kubrick's implications are (directly) dealt with almost not at all. See James A. close recounting of a young man's experience of a war whose political both film and novel achieve a peculiar impersonality of tone despite their credits.) Kubrick's is an ironic version of the already ironic Crane textagainst the sky by Crane's protagonist anticipates the haunting lyrics of the epigraph taken from that novel. (The "derisive paint" to be splashed Rolling Stones's "Paint It Black," which is played over the film's final Courage, as Ed Dryden indicated to me and as I have hinted by using an

- was never mentioned in the series (129). precisely the worst years of American combat deaths in Vietnam, the word Unwin Hyman, 1989), David Marc notes that although the show paralleled 8. In Comic Visions: Television Comedy and American Culture (Boston:
- "book suppository building." Snowball for calling the structure from which Oswald shot Kennedy a 9. The motif of anality reappears when the men laugh at Private
- 10. Hasford, The Short-Timers 16.
- Girard's most far-reaching discussion of the social origins of scapegoating. Gregory (Baltimore, Md.: Johns Hopkins University Press, 1977), for 11. See, especially, René Girard, Violence and the Sacred, tr. Patrick
- via a head wound" (228). annual Conference on Literature and Film, January 1988. In "Full Metal matic Representation" presented at the Florida State University thirteenth Jack D. Ripper similarly committed suicide inside his latrine, apparently J. Smith, Jr., notes that in Strangelove the "probably homosexual General paper entitled "Looking into Full Metal Jacket and the Problem of Cinefull Metal Jacket has been more fully explored by Elaine Marshall in a Jacket and the Beast Within," Literature/Film Quarterly 16 (1988), Claude are you doing in my head?" The significance of the image of the "head" in 12. Moments before he is shot, Sergeant Hartman asks Pyle, "Just what
- That Kubrick is willing to use such an anachronism in his film is

ation of a gigantic media event and on the obvious discrepancies between of media (including television and newspapers) to "mimetically transfer the Vietnam War filtered through twelve years of postwar media representa-Bruce Lee citation serves to remind us that we are looking at a depiction of the reality of the war and the soldiers' perceptions of the war" (234). The interview scene and elsewhere, "we get Kubrick's comments on the cre-Metal Jacket," Literature/Film Quarterly 16 [1988]: 236). In the television truth" (Gerri Reaves, "From Hasford's The Short-Timers to Kubrick's Full characteristic of the suspicion pervading Full Metal Jacket about the ability

- still present in the feudal and even the national traditions of military ford University Press, 1987] 94). Cultural Formation, ed. Robert G. Hamerton-Kelly [Stanford, Calif.: Stan-Girard, "Generative Scapegoating" in Violent Origins: Ritual Killing and warfare. The enemy is respected as well as intensely disliked" (René of generating a positive transfiguration of the scapegoat, as well as the negative transfiguration of fear and hostility. The positive transfiguration is 14. "The more socially 'efficient' scapegoating is, the more capable it is
- him here for his many useful comments both after screening the film and when this chapter was in manuscript form. Paths of Glory (below), to a discussion with Mark Crispin Miller. I thank character, as well as aspects of my analysis of the role of spectatorship in 15. I owe this insight about the "identity" of Pyle's and Animal Mother's
- is meant to be partly European. scene in the novel, I see little evidence in Full Metal Jacket that the woman ments that the woman's Eurasian ethnicity makes it possible to read her as Mythic Trajectories in Mid-1980s Vietnam Movies," Tony Williams com-Joker's feminine double. Although Williams's is a powerful reading of this The Short-Timers 116. In Chapter 6 of this book, "Narrative Patterns and 16. In Hasford's novel the sniper is described as Eurasian; see Hasford,
- of her tutor texts. See Tania Modleski, "A Father Is Being Beaten: Male written on Full Metal Jacket, using Klaus Theweleit's Male Fantasies as one essay was first going to press, I discovered that Tania Modleski had also recent war films' depictions of the relation between sexual and military 77. Modleski's placement of Full Metal Jacket within the context of other Feminism and the War Film," Discourse 10.2 (Spring-Summer 1988): 62-Turner (Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press, 1987) 74. As this History, tr. Stephen Conway, in collaboration with Erica Carter and Chris 17. Klaus Theweleit, Male Fantasies, vol. 1: Women, Floods, Bodies.

effect of Full Metal Jacket may have been to glamorize the Marine Corps. signature of the filmmaker himself, the man who has the power to underthe father is not resurrected after he is killed off" (74). Still, the "paternal" through the intervention of this authorial signature. take the critique of authority in the first place" (74). Ironically, the overall power undermined by Kubrick is to a certain extent "recuperated in the "Thus," she continues, "Kubrick extensively undermines male authority; is indicated by Cowboy's strategically disastrous misreading of the map. contrast to Stone in Platoon) to validate the "father": "the authoritarian nature of military training is [shown to be] positively disenabling" (72), as conquest is extremely useful. She comments on Kubrick's refusal (in

- Kamerad Berthold der "unvergleichliche Franke": Bild eines deutschen Soldaten (Hamburg, n.d. [copyright: Braunschweig, 1937]) 286, 297. 18. Theweleit, Male Fantasies 74 is citing Goote (Johannes M. Berg),
- 19. Theweleit, Male Fantasies 76.
- Press, 1982) for details. Kubrick: Inside a Film Artist's Maze (Bloomington: Indiana University between a group of men and a female hostage. See Thomas Allen Nelson, 21. Like Full Metal Jacket, this early film also focuses on the interaction
- the good-father, bad-father dichotomy in Paths of Glory. 22. Oliver Stone's Platoon might be seen as a (simplistic) rewriting of
- treatment of the subject. See also Rana Kabbani, Europe's Myths of Orient dent's sexual obsession with the Orient has strongly influenced my own talism (New York: Vintage Books, 1979). Said's discussion of the Occi-(Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1986). European material civilization and culture," see Edward W. Said, Orien-23. For an encyclopedic overview of the Orient as "an integral part of
- sexuality in Western culture. in British culture and literature and the related repression of male homowork of Eve Kosofsky Sedgwick, especially to Between Men: English Press, 1985), where she explores the importance of male homosocial bonds Literature and Male Homosocial Desire (New York: Columbia University 24. In my discussions of male bonding I am referring implicitly to the
- the collaborators on the script (Kubrick, Herr, Hasford) came up with the be a deliberate choice in Kubrick's film, although I do not know which of idea. In Hasford's novel Leonard's last name is "Pratt." 25. The reference to Lawrence of Arabia by Sergeant Hartman seems to
- 26. It would take me too far afield to examine the complex situation of

ism and of colonial female sexual adventurism in the Orient (cf. Emanuelle der politics, it would also be important to consider the function of lesbiandiscussion of the relationship between colonialism, Orientalism, and gentake place in some of the texts I am describing. In a more complete subject, male or female, although a conflation of these positions seems to upper-class woman differs entirely from that of the (dominated) colonial the female colonialist. Obviously, the position of the white middle- or [1974], which takes place in Thailand).

nent of homosociality is explored without risk to class or gender privilege. postgraduate or remedial Public School," where the homosexual compusense of a greater freedom to act out his sexual fantasies in the Orient charisma of will" (195). Those "political reasons" for the Englishman's more space for fantasy and mystification and hence for the illusionistic See also Kaja Silverman's detailed discussion of the nature of Lawrence's Sedgwick, Lawrence's experiences among the Arabs represent a "kind of include the dominance of the British Empire over the Arab world. For Englishmen, to bonds with Arab men that had, for political reasons, far geography of male homosociality in the Arab culture" and remarks that "he wick discusses T. E. Lawrence as "charting the alien but to him compelling Lawrence in Arabia," Differences 1.3 (1989): 3-54. imperialism in "White Skin, Brown Masks: The Double Mimesis; or, With homosexual masochistic fantasies and their complex relation to British had moved from intensely charged but apparently unfulfilling bonds with 27. Kabbani, Europe's Myths of Orient 110-11. In Between Men, Sedg-

1935; repr. 1965) 29. 28. T. E. Lawrence, Seven Pillars of Wisdom: A Triumph (London.

tural equivalent of Chinatown's Chinese enclave, living according to its on black musicians and actors. At the same time, Toontown is the strucown alien laws (cf. the Chinese bordello in Wenders's Hammett). Finally, that the oppressed social group in the film consists of "Toons," indestructsorting out Hollywood's representations of ethnic and racial groups. Who of the ethnically "other" that is found in the films under discussion. A War II era anti-Semitism, invoking images of the Holocaust by depicting its the film harks back (with twenty-twenty hindsight) to the question of World As the film industry's most exploited entertainers, the Toons are modeled ible, marginally human cartoon figures housed in a ghetto called Toontown. recent Hollywood film offers a good example of the difficulties involved in Framed Roger Rabbit? (1988) is largely a remake of Chinatown, except 29. I will not attempt rigorously to delineate the often composite profile

discussion of race and gender in Broken Blossoms, see Julia Lesage, "orients," that occurs in Hollywood and Hollywood-style cinema. For a this chapter is to point out the very slippage, concerning the various ity in Broken Blossoms and Arabic sexuality in The Sheik, my purpose in and important to distinguish between the depiction of, say, Chinese sexual-Gledhill (London: British Film Institute, 1987). the Heart Is: Studies in Melodrama and the Woman's Film, ed. Christine "Artful Racism, Artful Rape: Griffith's Broken Blossoms" in Home Is Where villain as plotting the genoride of the Toons. Although it is obviously useful

- Kegan Paul, 1985) 74-95. 30. Annette Kuhn, The Power of the Image (London: Routledge and
- 31. Like Pyle in Full Metal Jacket, Carmen sucks her thumb
- 32. Kuhn, The Power of the Image 89.
- on a bed with a Chinaman, a Lascar, and a haggard woman." The woman notes that, in Edwin Drood, John Jasper wakes up "in a London opium den described in racial terms, is actually seen as contagious" (183). Sedgwick native; there is a taint of climate, morale, or ethos that, while most readily American black-and-white dichotomy of racism, "Colonials . . . can 'go' Men. Discussing Edwin Drood, Sedgwick remarks that, contrary to the ()rientalization as making feminine, see Eve Sedgwick's chapter "Up the bia University Press, 1986). On the question of "going native" and of (Jimino in Robin Wood's Hollywood from Vietnam to Reagan (N.Y.: Colum-Absalom! for similar enunciations of the problem of racial "contaminasubmit that the black-white dichotomy of race in American film and Puffer—and, by the same toke [sic], insidiously feminized" (184). I would Jasper will later become "orientalized by his contact with the Princess has even "'opium-smoked herself into a strange likeness of a Chinaman." Postern Stair: Edwin Drood and the Homophobia of Empire" in Between John Stahl's and Douglas Sirk's Imitation of Life and Faulkner's Absalom, literature is not as clear-cut as Sedgwick contends—see, for example, 33. I am drawing these arguments, rather loosely, from the chapter on
- 34. Wood, Hollywood from Vietnam to Reagan 294
- 35. Ibid. 296.
- offensive by a shot to the head" ("The Mythical Method: Fictionalizing the ritualizing of one of the most famous visual icons of the War, General Vietnam War," Wide Angle 7.4 [1985]: 40). Nguyen Ngoc Loan's execution of a Viet Cong suspect during the 1968 Tet 36. Judy Lee Kinney has observed that Michael "presides over the

citation from Jeffords (17), but in her description of how in these films the and Full Metal Jacket it is evident that the fear of engulfment by this mother and savage forces from beyond the borders" (562-63). South Vietnam was analytical of American attitudes about race and gender, rather than one novel as a story of a gendered opposition between masculine and feminine" "into a more definitive depiction of the feminine as enemy and rewrites the of Full Metal Jacket, she unfavorably contrasts Kubrick's film with Hasrelation to Vietnam in The Remasculinization of America: Gender and the peared Susan Jeffords has vastly expanded her reading of femininity in femininity resurges to the forefront of the text. Since my essay first apthat this repression is unsuccessful: a threatening (not simply a passive) 13-22), that my notion of the "repression of the feminine" is a direct Feminization of the Audience in Vietnam Films" (Wide Angle 7.4 [1985]: thought-provoking article "Friendly Civilians: Images of Women and the Vietnam in the recent films under discussion. I realize, on rereading her disagreement with Susan Jeffords's assertion that women "disappear" from is at least as strong as the fear of the "dark opponent." I will also note my the mother to be saved from outside invasion. In films like The Deer Hunter child and associated with the cultivation of the soil-is assaulted by dark embodiment of social order, centering on the figure of the mother and the teristic imagery of the captivity myth, in which the family-symbolic American public. In 1965 President Johnson himself "invoked the characthe "hunter and captive myths" in the selling of the war in Vietnam to the Conn.: Wesleyan University Press, 1973) explicitly addresses the role of lence: The Mythology of the American Frontier, 1600–1860 (Middletown, recent Vietnam War films. Richard Slotkin's Regeneration through Vioexplicit "cowboy and Indian" themes in Full Metal Jacket and in other Trajectories") and Thomas Doherty (in "Full Metal Genre"), have noted the Many critics, including Tony Williams (in "Narrative Patterns and Mythic below) has termed the "feminization" of the white captive held by Indians. narratives are of interest in that they involve what Richard Slotkin (see Searchers and James Fenimore Cooper's The Deerslayer. Both of these (278) the more widely remarked intertexts for The Deer Hunter: Ford's The that "allows for the repression of the violence that underlies the gender (174). I disagree with this reading insofar as I see this move as one ford's novel, claiming that the changes introduced move the screenplay Vietnam War (Bloomington: Indiana University Press, 1989). In her section Vietnam soldier "denies the feminine" Jeffords does not seem to recognize 37. Wood, Hollywood from Vietnam to Reagan 296. He also mentions

system" (176). Whether Jeffords's interpretation or mine is more convincing must be determined by our readers. See also Michael Pursell, "Full Metal Jucket: The Unraveling of Patriarchy," Literature/Film Quarterly 16 (1988): 218-25, for a discussion of the "gynophobia" shown by the characters in the film.

- 38. Wood, Hollywood from Vietnam to Reagan 294.
- 39. For further discussion of the depiction of Asians in Polanski's film, see William Galperin, "Bad for the Glass: Representation and Filmic Deconstruction in *Chinatown* and *Chan Is Missing*," *MLN* 102 (1987): 1151-70.
- 40. In fact, Year of the Dragon was picketed by Chinese Americans in many cities when it was released. Complaints focused, for the most part, on the representation of the Chinese-American community as corrupt and controlled by gangs. Most prints now begin with a disclaimer regarding the representation of Chinese Americans in the film.
- 41. In discussing the use of Chinatown as a metaphor for Vietnam in Year of the Dragon, I should note that Oliver Stone (writer and director of Platoon) cowrote the film with Cimino, basing it on Robert Daley's novel of the same name.
- 42. Peter Baxter, "The One Woman," Wide Angle 6.1 (1984): 35-41.
- 43. As is the practice among some psychoanalytic critics, Baxter is using the term "phantasy" to indicate that this is a preconscious or unconscious mental process, rather than a conscious "fantasy."
- 44. Baxter, "The One Woman": 41.
- 45. For a discussion of the theoretical grounds for claiming a primary, projected masochism, see especially Kaja Silverman, "Masochism and Subjectivity," Framework 12 (1975): 2-9; "Histoire d'O: The Story of a Disciplined and Punished Body," enclitic 7.2 (1983): 63-81; "Masochism and Male Subjectivity," Camera Obscura 17 (1988): 31-67; and "White Skin, Brown Masks."

## Vietnam, Chaos, and the Dark Art of Improvisation

Corcar ore Cassessess, 41.

victory, President Bush was compelled to deliver a funeral oration conclusion of the 100-hour ground war, even at the moment when evident throughout the Persian Gulf crisis of 1990-91, even at the and the Vietnam War has shrouded every turn of events in U.S. more real than theoretical. Old truths no longer offered assurance, virtually swept aside, and a kind of existentialism at last became sequently, a panoply of assumptions about power and control was about managing the war to an ordered, reasonable resolution. Conmany Americans had been compelled to relinquish their illusions time of the South Vietnamese government's collapse in 1975, a great CHAPTER for the doubts sown by the earlier war. the United States and its allies claimed victory over Iraq. Even in foreign policy to the present day. The specter of Vietnam was have remarkable staying power as an unsettling experience. By the The Vietnam War has proved to

The legacy of the Vietnam War will extend, however, far beyond the end of Operation Desert Storm, challenging American life for decades with cautionary stories about the fragility of certainties