Continuous Monitoring and DevOps on AWS

Module 4: Log Server 2.0 and alerting in Nagios

Demo Document 1

Demo: Demo on Nagios Xi with Log Server.

Problem Statement:

In this demo you will s how to configure Nagios Xi with Log Server.

Solution Steps:

1. Let us INSTALL and CONFIGURE NAGIOS LOG SERVER on UBUNTU SERVER. So, first you need to download the VIRTUALBOX in your local system using URL -

https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads

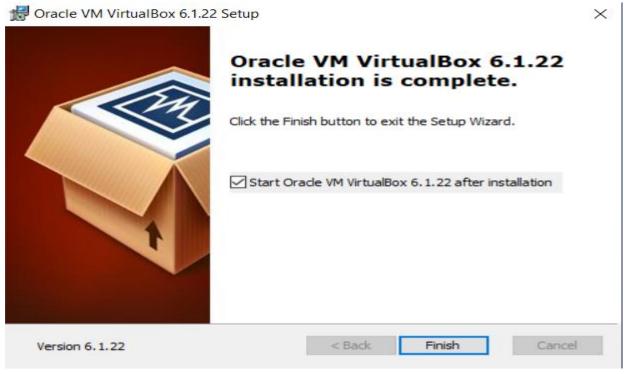
Now click on WINDOWS HOST as shown in the below screenshot.



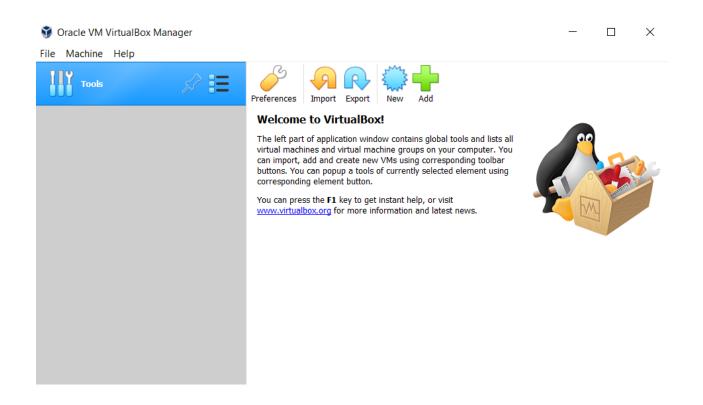
2. Once the **VIRTUALBOX** file is downloaded successfully then click on the file to **start** the installation setup as shown in the below screenshot.



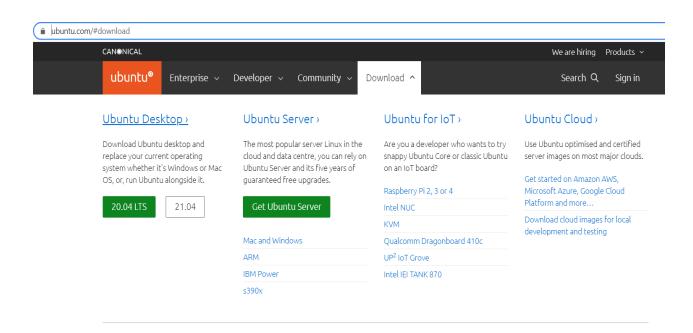
3. You need to keep settings as **DEFAULT** and click on **NEXT** options until you **FINISH** the **VIRTUALBOX** installation.



4. Now **VIRTUALBOX** is **installed** successfully as shown in the below screenshot.

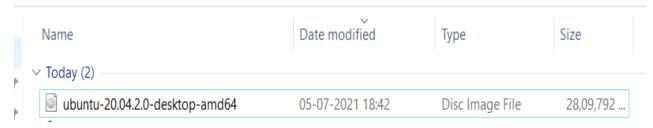


5. Now you need to download the UBUNTU 20.4LTS ISO file using URL - https://ubuntu.com/#download
Click on 20.04LTS to download the ISO file.

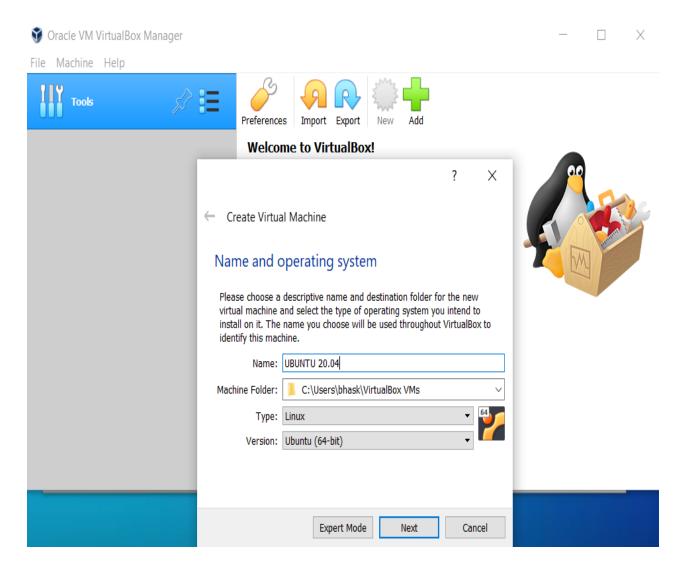


6. Now UBUNTU 20.04LTS ISO file downloaded successfully.

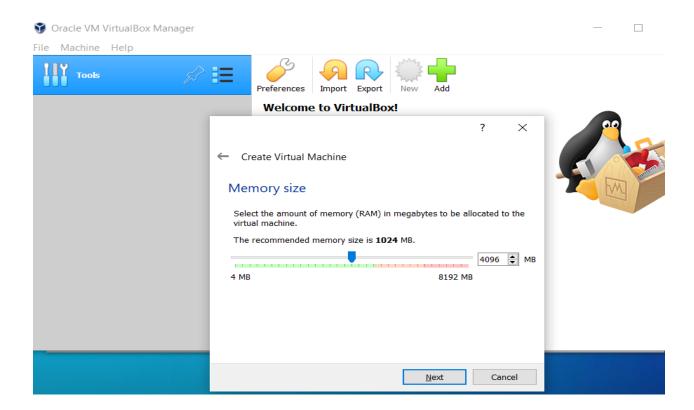
This PC > Windows-SSD (C:) > Users > bhask > Downloads



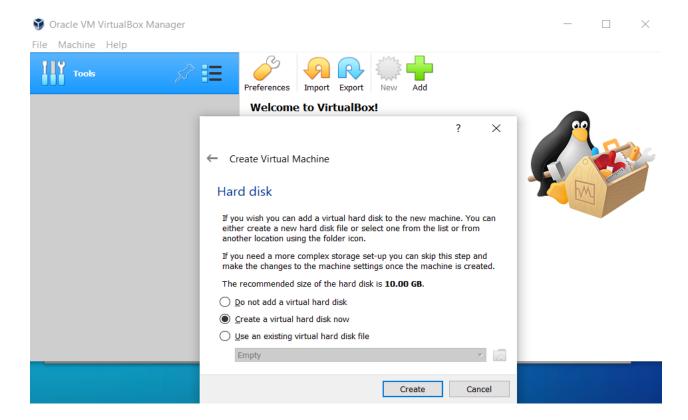
7. Navigate back to **VIRTUALBOX** and click on **NEW** icon. Now provide the details as mentioned in the below screenshot and click on **NEXT** button.



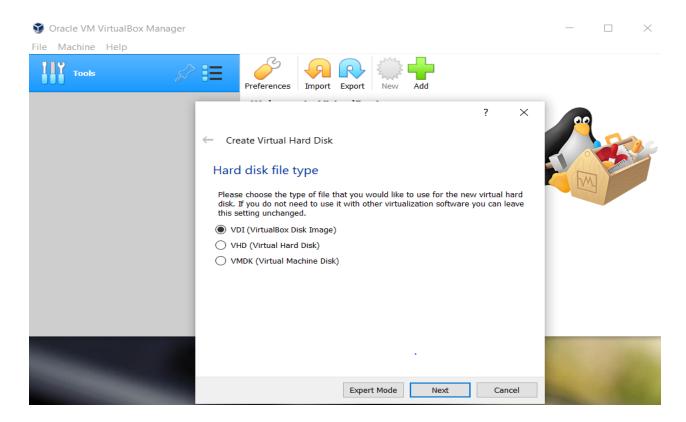
Now set Memory size (RAM) as 4096 MB or 4 GB.
 NOTE – You can set the Memory size (RAM) between 2 GB to 4 GB.



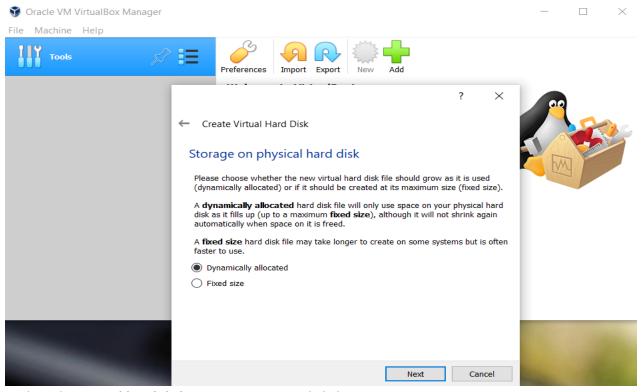
9. Select Create a virtual hard disk now and click on CREATE button.



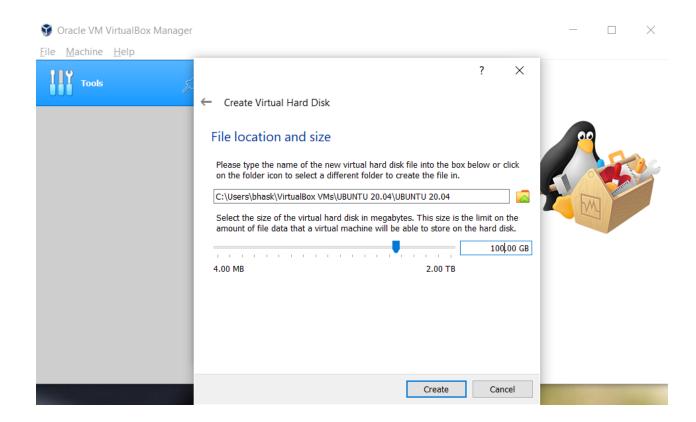
10. Now select VDI option and click on NEXT.



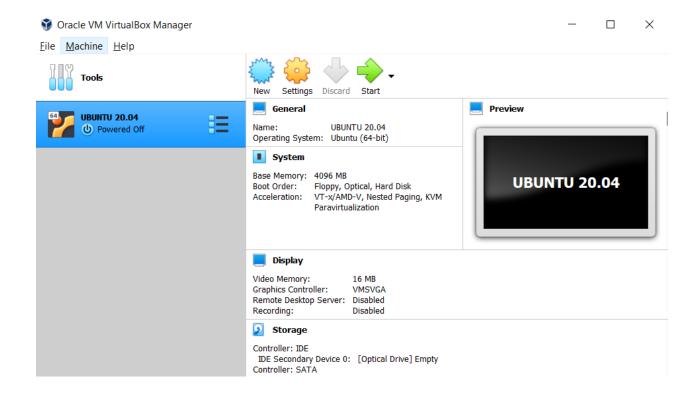
11. Select Dynamically Allocated option and click on NEXT button.



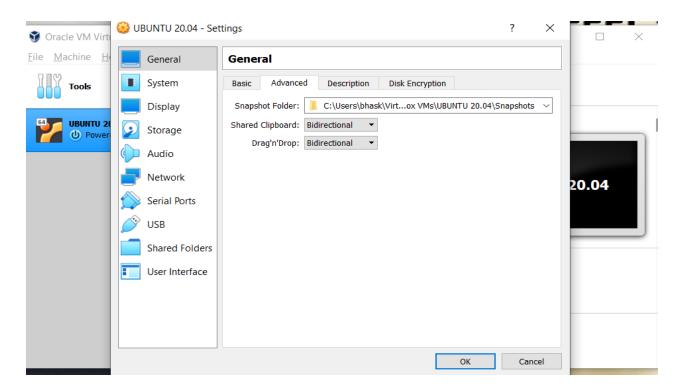
12. Select the virtual hard disk size to 100 GB and click on CREATE.



13. Now select UBUNTU machine from left panel and click on SETTINGS icon.

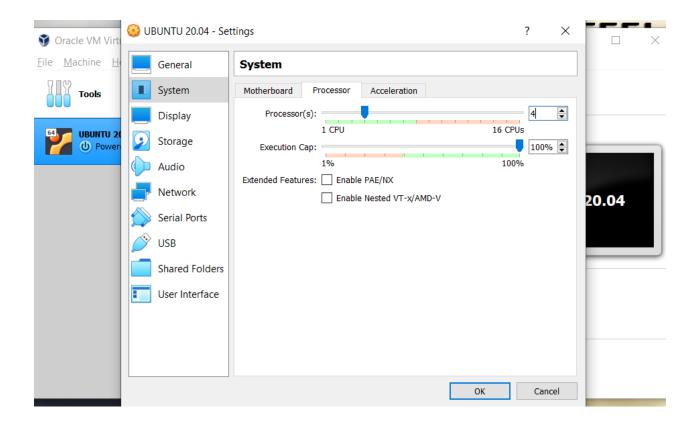


14. Now navigate to **ADVANCED** section under **GENERAL TAB** and set **Shared Clipboard** and **Drag'n'Drop** settings to **BIDIRECTIONAL**.

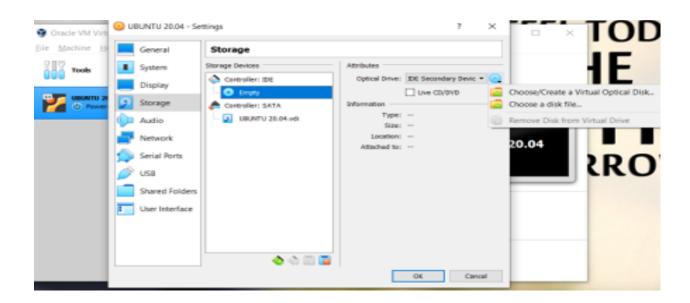


15. Now under System TAB select PROCESSOR and set to 4 CPU.

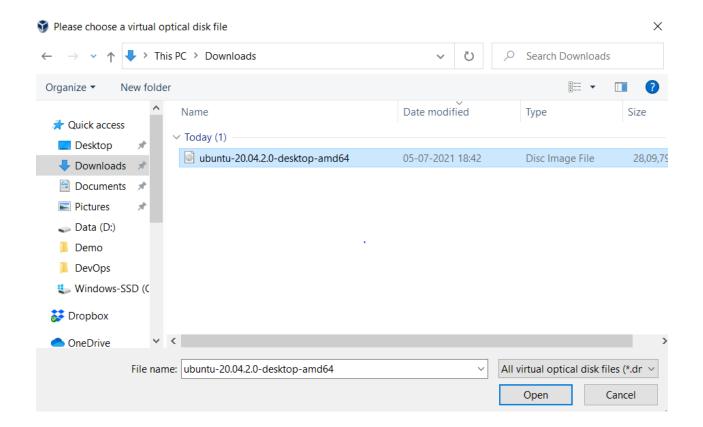
NOTE – you can set PROCESSOR between 2 CPU and 4 CPU.



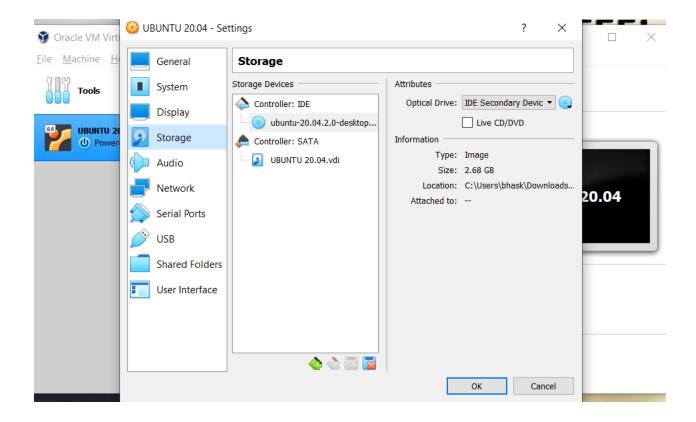
16. Now under **STORAGE** section click on **EMPTY** and further click on **CD ICON** and select **Choose a** disk file.



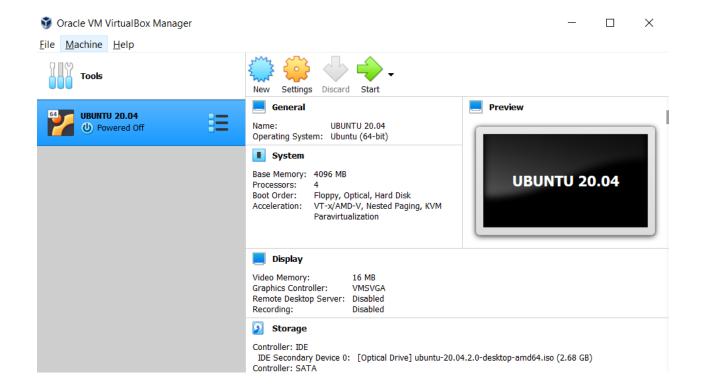
17. Now select the UBUNTU 20.04LTS ISO file which you have downloaded earlier.



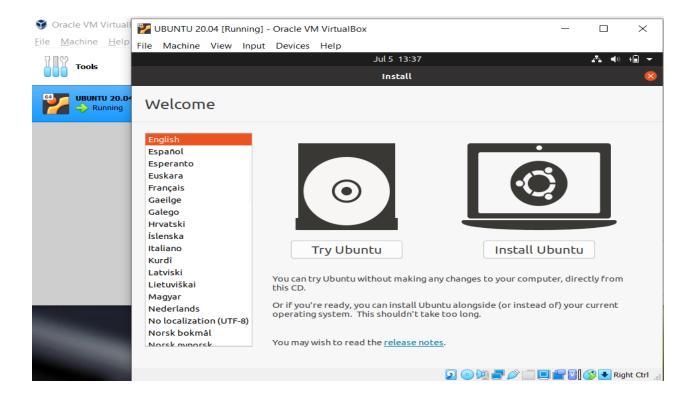
18. You have selected the UBUNTU ISO file. Now click on OK button.



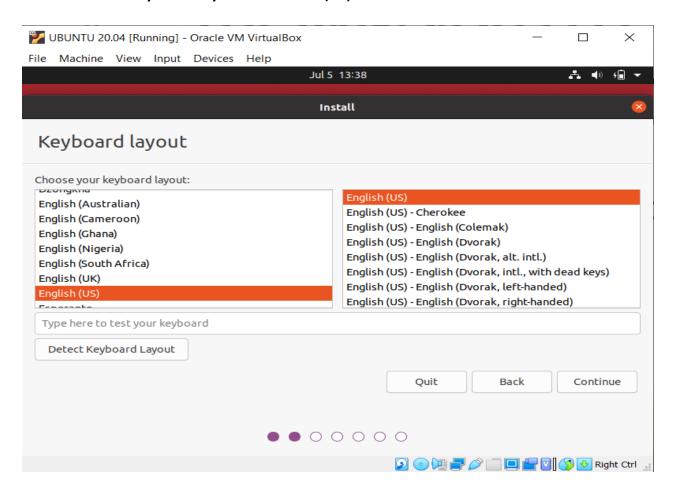
19. Now select your UBUNTU machine and click on START as shown in the below screenshot.



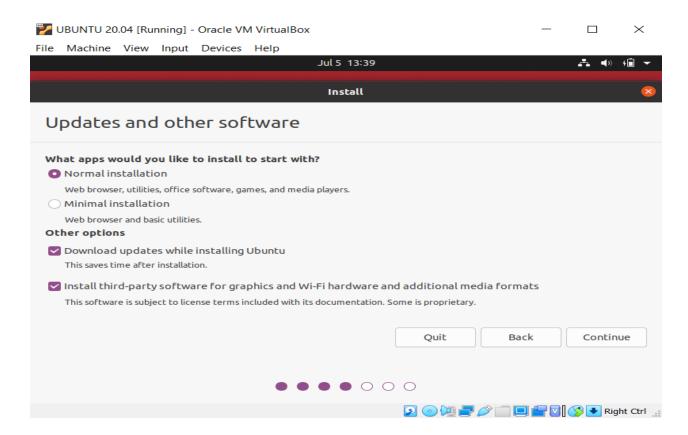
20. Now select language as ENGLISH and click on INSTALL UBUNTU option.



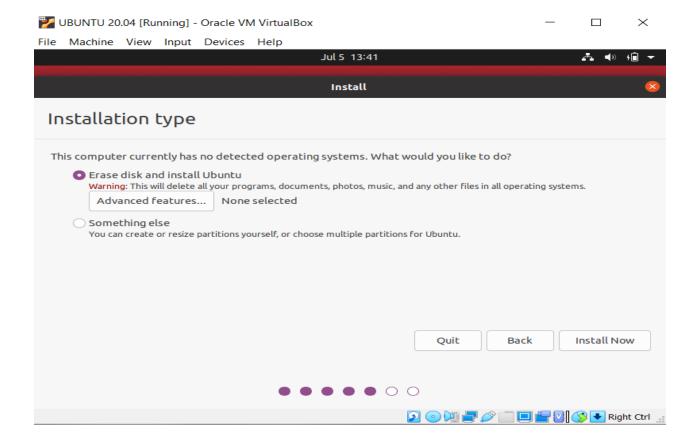
21. Now select the Keyboard Layout as ENGLISH (US) and click on continue.



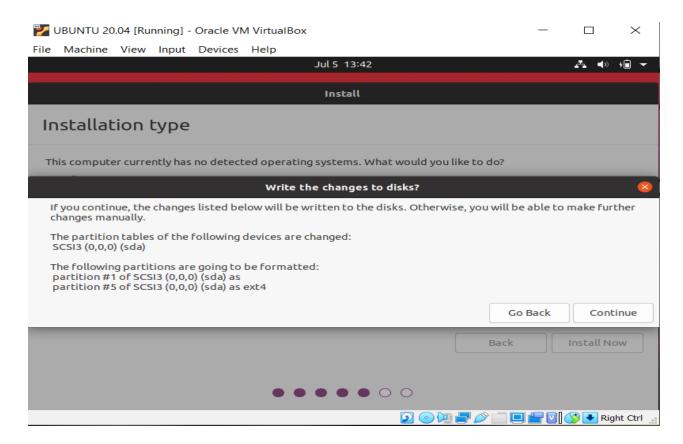
22. Now select the options as mentioned below in the screenshot and click on continue.



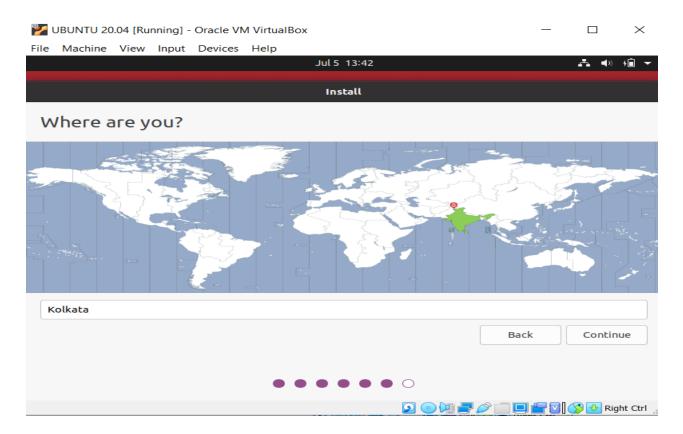
23. Now select the DEFAULT options and click on INSTALL NOW.



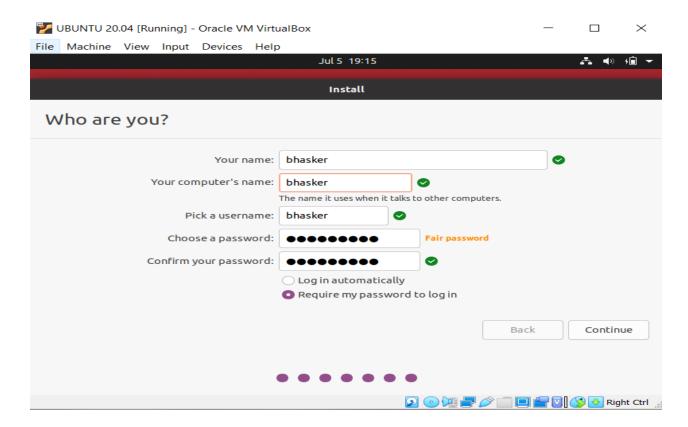
24. You can see the **POPUP**, click on **continue** option.



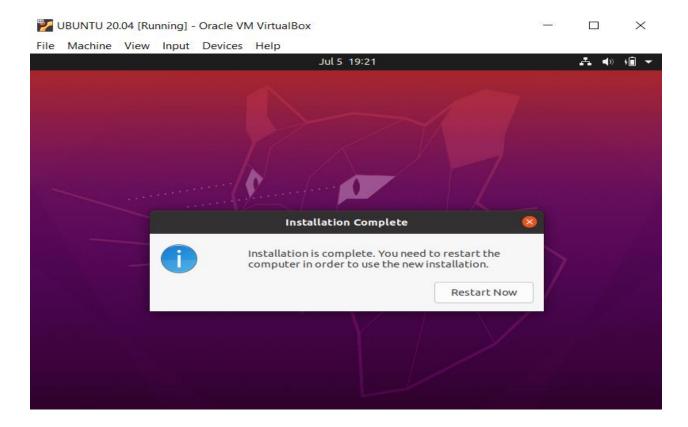
25. Now select your **LOCATION** and click on **continue**.



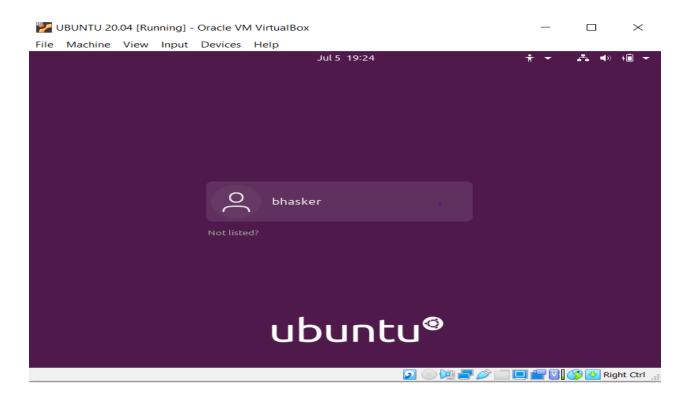
26. Now set your **USERNAME** and **PASSWORD** as shown in the below screenshot and click on **continue**.



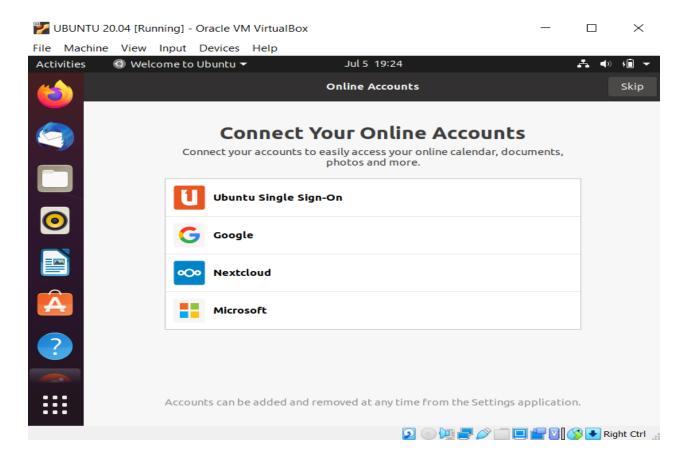
27. Now UBUNTU installation is completed successfully. Click on RESTART NOW button.



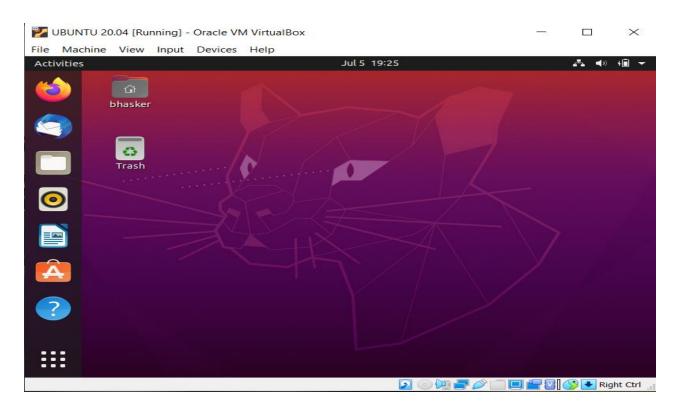
28. Once **UBUNTU** machine is restarted successfully. Login back to **UBUNTU** machine using **USERNAME** and **PASSWORD**.



29. SKIP the initial setup as shown in the below screenshot.



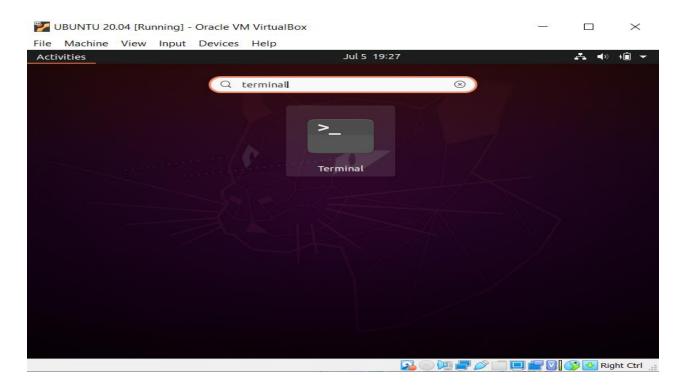
30. Now **UBUNTU** machine is ready to use as shown in the below screenshot.



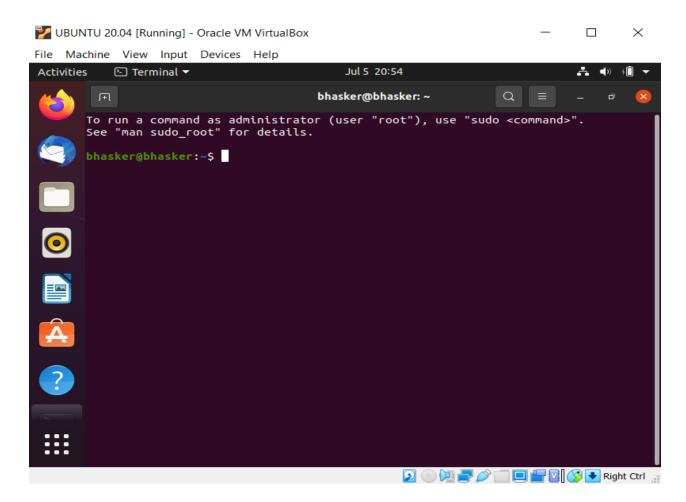
31. Now click on **bottom left icon** to open all applications as shown in the below screenshot.



32. Now search for TERMINAL and click on TERMINAL icon.

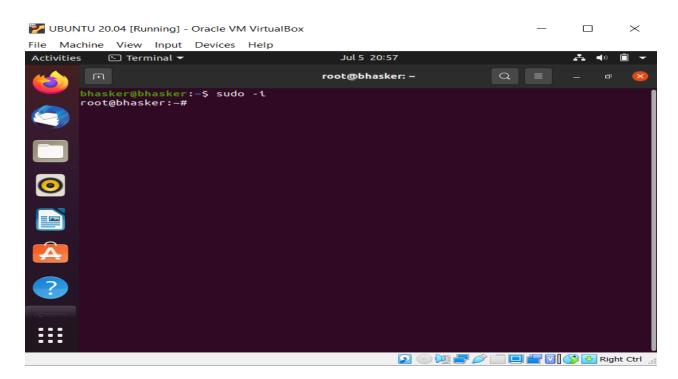


33. Now **UBUNTU** terminal is opened successfully as shown in the below screenshot.



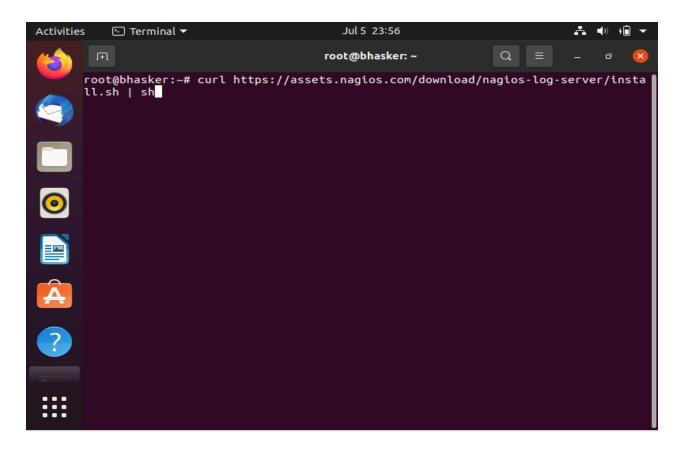
34. Change your privileges to **ROOT** using command:

sudo -i

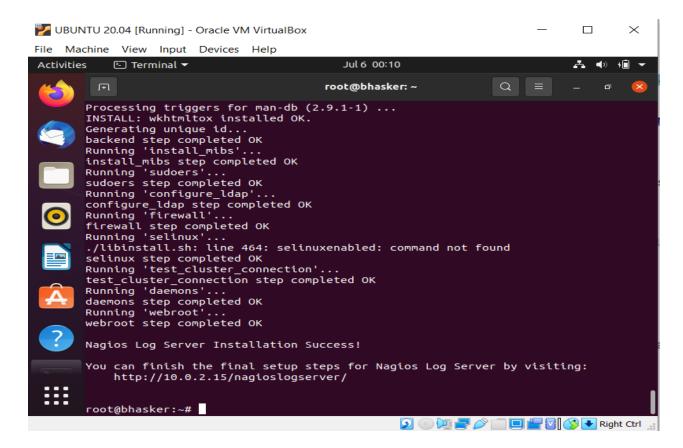


35. Use the below command to run the **script** that **INSTALL** and **CONFIGURE NAGIOSXI** on **UBUNTU** server.

curl https://assets.nagios.com/downloads/nagios-log-server/install.sh | sh



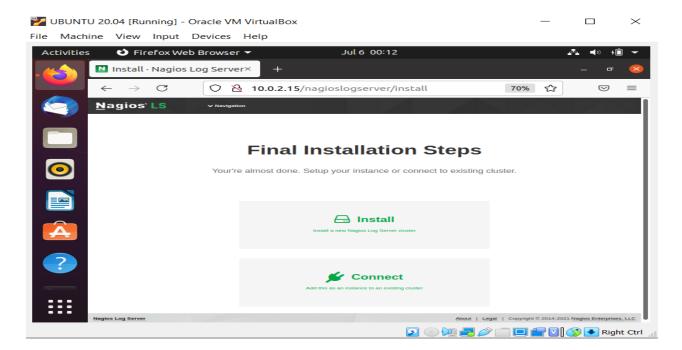
36. It can take up to **20 minutes** to **INSTALL** and **CONFIGURE NAGIOS LOG SERVER**. Once done you can see status as **NAGIOS LOG SERVER Installation Success**.



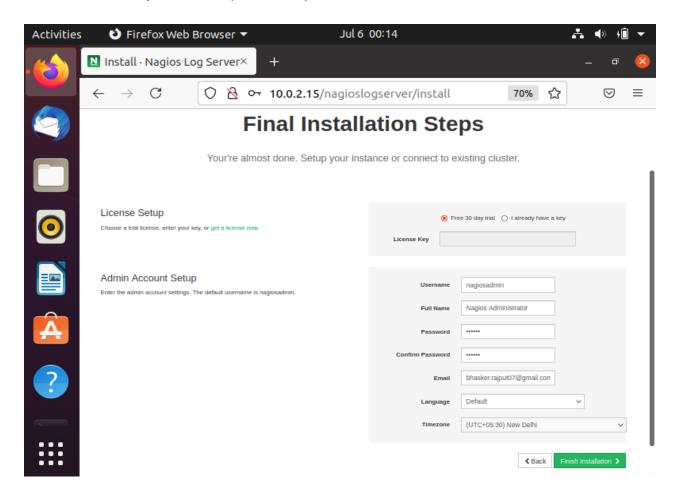
37. Use below URL to access Nagios Log Server.

http://< Server External IP>/nagioslogserver/

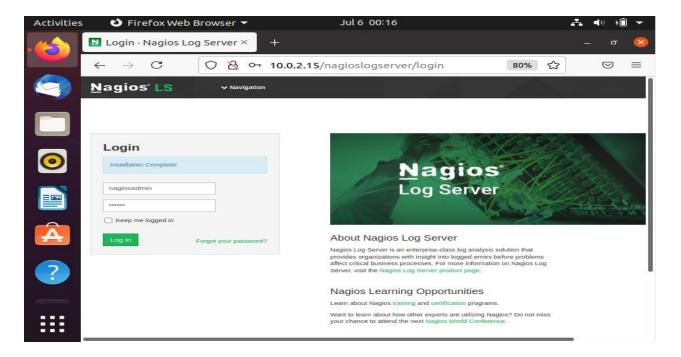
Now you are navigated to **Final Installation Steps**. Select **INSTALL**.



38. Provide **FULL name**, **Password**, **Confirm password** and **Email address**. Select **Language** and Save **username** and **password** in your local system. Now click on **Finish Installation**.



39. Now you are navigated to **NAGIOS LOG SERVER 2.0** login page. Provide **username** and **password** to **login**.



40. Now you have successfully **installed** and **configured Nagios Log Server** as shown in the below screenshot.

