Happy Coding from necse



Prime Sentence

The program must accept a string S representing a sentence as the input. The program must find the sentence value of S based on the following conditions.

- All 26 alphabets from a to z or from A to Z have values are from 1 to 26 respectively.
- All 10 digits from 0 to 9 have values are from 0 to 9 respectively.
- All the other characters have the value 0.
- The sentence value is obtained by summing up all the numeric values of every single character in S.

Then the program must print the output based on the following conditions.

- If the sentence value is a prime number, then the program must print "Prime".
- If the sentence value is a prime number after removing exactly one word in the sentence, then the program must print "Almost Prime".
- Otherwise, the program must print "Composite".

Boundary Condition(s):

1 <= Length of S <= 1000

Input Format:

The first line contains S.

Output Format:

The first line contains a string value based on the given conditions.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

Lift dog

Output:

Prime

Explanation:

Lift -> (12+9+6+20) -> **47**

dog -> (4+15+7) -> **26**

So the sentence value is **73** (47+26), which is a **prime number**.

Hence the output is Prime.

Example Input/Output 2:

Input:

Is 24 the answer?

Output:

Almost Prime

Explanation:

Is -> (9+19) -> 28

24 -> (2+4) -> **6**

the -> (20+8+5) -> **33**

answer? -> (1+14+19+23+5+18+0) -> **80**

So the sentence value is **147** (28+6+33+80), which is **not a prime number**.

If the word "answer?" is removed, the sentence value becomes 67, which is a prime number.

Hence the output is Almost Prime.

Example Input/Output 3:

Input:

Hello World!

Output:

Composite

Max Execution Time Limit: 50 millisecs

Ambiance

Java (12.0)

```
1 v import java.util.*;
 2 v public class Hello {
 3
         public static void main(String[] args) {
 4
 5
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 6
              String str[] = sc.nextLine().toLowerCase().split(" ");
 7
 8
 9
              List<Integer> li = new LinkedList<>();
10
              int total=0;
11
              for(String i:str){
12 •
                  int temp = getNum(i);
13
14
                  li.add(temp);
15
                  total+=temp;
16
              }
17
              //System.out.println(isPrime(4));
18
19
              if(isPrime(total)){
20 •
                  System.out.println("Prime");
21
22
                  return;
              }
23
24
25
26 ▼
              for(int i:li){
                  if(isPrime(total-i)){
27
28
                       System.out.println("Almost Prime");
29
                       return;
30
                  }
31
              }
32
              System.out.println("Composite");
33
34
35
         public static int getNum(String str){
36 •
37
              int res=0;
38 ▼
              for(char i:str.toCharArray()){
                  if(i>='a' && i<='z') res+=i-'a'+1;
if(i>='0' && i<='9') res+=i-'0';
39
40
41
42
              return res;
43
44
         public static boolean isPrime(int x){
45
46
              if(x<2) return false;</pre>
47
48
49
              boolean flag=false;
50
51 •
              for(int i=2;i< x;i++){
52
                  if(x%i==0) return false;
53
54
              return true;
55
         }
56
1912067@nec
```

Please wait while we run the program

