

CLOUD-ENHANCED EMERGENCY VEHICLE ALERTS WITH AES ENCRYPTION

V.Uma Rani

Associate Professor, Department of computer science and engineering,

Saveetha Engineering College

Chennai, Tamilnadu, India

umaranibharathy@gmail.com

R.P Karthigayan

M.E Student, Department of computer science and engineering,

Saveetha Engineering College

Chennai, Tamilnadu, India

karthickrp2009@gmail.com

Abstract—In these venture the modules of the client, emergency vehicle administration, medical clinics and administrator are available in these application. the client register and administrator supported the application. the client login in to the application. the client apply the rescue vehicle administration with tweaked area in to the application. the application data shipped off the rescue vehicle administration email. they once acknowledged the emergency vehicle they reflect in client dashboard. the emergency vehicle quickly sent the patient subtleties with adjacent medical clinics in client area. the specialists in the clinic hinted the client crisis. the specialist check the patient body once the rescue vehicle pick the patient the specialist ease the patient and produce the clinical report of the patient and shipped off emergency vehicle administration

Keywords—Database, Secure Multiparty Computation, Java Server Page, Java Server Page

I. INTRODUCTION

This application includes modules for clients, emergency vehicle services, hospitals, and administrators. The client registers and is supported by the administrator. Once logged in, the client can request ambulance services with a customized location through the application. The application then sends this information to the ambulance service email. Once the ambulance is accepted, it is reflected in the client dashboard. The ambulance quickly sends the patient's details to the nearby hospitals in the client's area. The doctors in the hospitals are immediately notified of the emergency. Once the ambulance picks up the patient, the doctor checks the patient's body and produces a medical report which is then sent to the ambulance service. The ambulance service receives and sends the report to the hospital where the patient is admitted. The application offers modules for clients, crisis vehicle organizations, medical centers, and executives. The application is supported by the client register and managed by the application administrator. To use the application, the client logs in and requests a rescue vehicle with the required location.

Once the request is made, the application sends an email to the rescue vehicle organization with the necessary information. Once the rescue vehicle is dispatched to the client's location, the information is reflected in the client's dashboard. The rescue vehicle immediately sends the patient's details to the nearby medical centers. The medical experts at the center attend to the patient and provide a clinical report, which is delivered to the rescue vehicle organization. The organization then sends the report to the medical facility. The client registered and the director approved the application. After logging in to the application, the client applied for salvage vehicle service in a different region. The application information was sent to the salvage vehicle organization via email. The client registered and the director approved the application. After logging in to the application, the client applied for salvage vehicle service in a different region. The application information was sent to the salvage vehicle organization via email. Once the organization accepted the

emergency vehicle request, it was reflected in the client's dashboard. The emergency vehicle was dispatched immediately, with the patient's details shared with nearby medical facilities in the client's region. The experts at the hospital were informed of the client's emergency and they examined the patient's condition as soon as the salvage vehicle arrived. Once the patient was picked up, the expert facilitated the patient and produced a clinical report, which was sent to the salvage vehicle organization. The organization received the report and forwarded it to the patient's designated medical center.

The paper is divided into four sections. Section II reviews previous work on Emergency Vehicle, whereas Section III outlines the proposed methodology. Section IV summarizes the key findings and makes recommendations for future research.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Jinyuan Sun; Yuguang Fang Smart health is a new paradigm that can significantly ameliorate the healthcare systems. In smart health, new seeing, calculating and communication technologies are integrated in healthcare to ameliorate the quality of service. In this paper, we use the smart health to ameliorate the performance of ambulance service. In particular, we use the real-time business information and sanitarium staying time to minimize the ambulance response time, ambulance trip time to hospitals, and staying time at hospitals. Results indicate that the use of smart health improves the performance significantly especially with non-uniform sanitarium capacity and non-uniform business conditions.

Rui Li; Qiang Su; Qiugen Wang; Exigency medical indulgence(EMS), known as one of the most important health care services, plays a vital portion in saving people's lives. Among the EMS cases, deployment of ambulances is a hot conclusion. A lot of exploration has done from nonidentical aspects to detect a better plan on ambulance deployment. This paper is going to break the minimal covering position case utilizing an bettered double-barreled standard-issue Model, esteeming the liability that an ambulance is not accessible all the time. The model is applied to the data from Songjiang District, Shanghai, and we gain deployment tricks under nonidentical liability. The demand covered by at least two working out ambulances raises by utilizing our result.

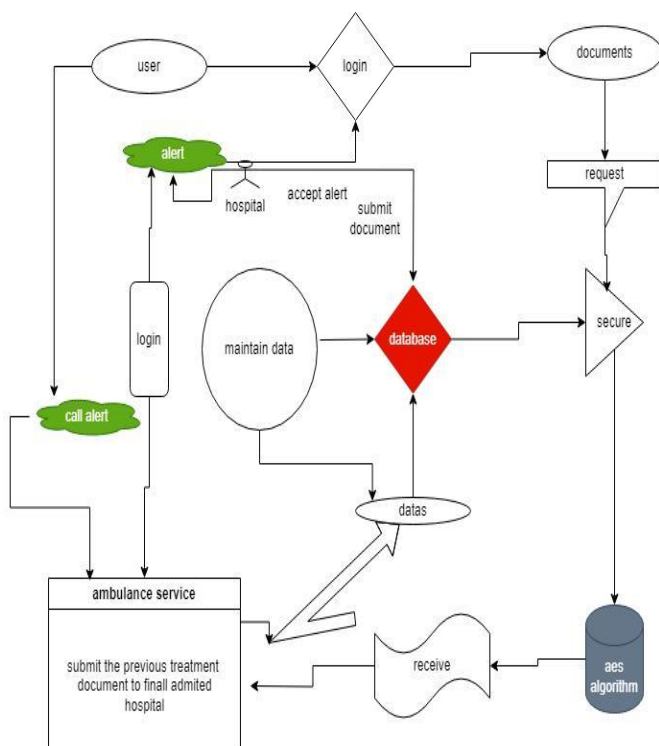
Efthymoulos Kyriacou; Riana Constantinou; Chris Kronis; George Hadjichristofi; A The main purpose of this study was to produce an electronic system(eEmergency system) in order to support, ameliorate and support the procedure of handling exigency calls. An trouble to reform the procedures followed for exigency cry running and Ambulance memorandum started on the islet of Cyprus since 2016; along that instruction, a intermediary cry locus was created. The present-day electronic system was aimed for this cry locus. The main features are the brace for ambulance line running, the

Cheng Siong Lim; Rosbi Mamat; Thomas Brauml In ambulance position models, line size and ambulance position spots are two overcritical procurators that exigency medical indulgence(EMS) directors can control to insure effective quittance of the system. The ambulance relocation and memorandum programs that are studied in dynamic ambulance relocation models also significantly contribute to perfecting the reaction time of EMS. In this paper, we reconsider dynamic ambulance relocation models from the standpoint of memorandum programs. The connection between the examined ambulance memorandum programs and real- life programs is stressed. Our ambulance model is grounded on the modified minimal covering position case(MCLP).

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

- I. Admin
- II. User
- III. Ambulance service
- IV. Hospital

- I. Admin
- II. User
- III. Ambulance service
- IV. Hospital



In this send documents to hospital module, received documents are sent to the admitting hospital. The doctors verify the patient's current treatment and provide updates for the next treatment. Finally, the complete set of documents.

IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

For results Figure 3 This application includes modules for clients, emergency vehicle services, hospitals, and administrators. The client registers Figure 4 and is supported by the administrator. Once logged in Figure 1, the client can request ambulance services with a customized location through the application. The application then sends this information to the ambulance service email.

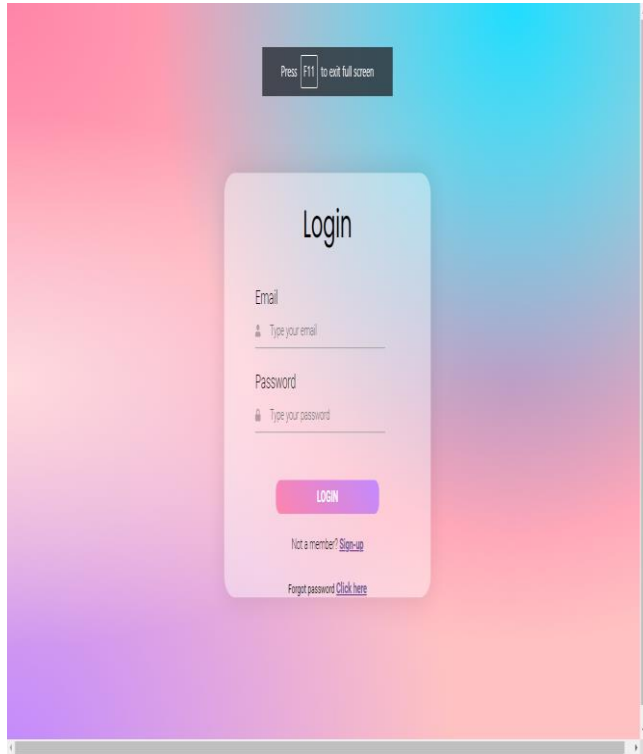


Figure 1.Login Page

Once the ambulance is accepted, it is reflected in the client dashboard Figure 7. The ambulance quickly sends the patient's details Figure 5 to the nearby hospitals in the client's area. The doctors in the hospitals are immediately notified of the emergency. Once the ambulance picks up the patient, the doctor checks the patient's body and produces a medical report which is then sent to the ambulance service. The ambulance service receives and sends the report to the hospital where the patient is admitted.

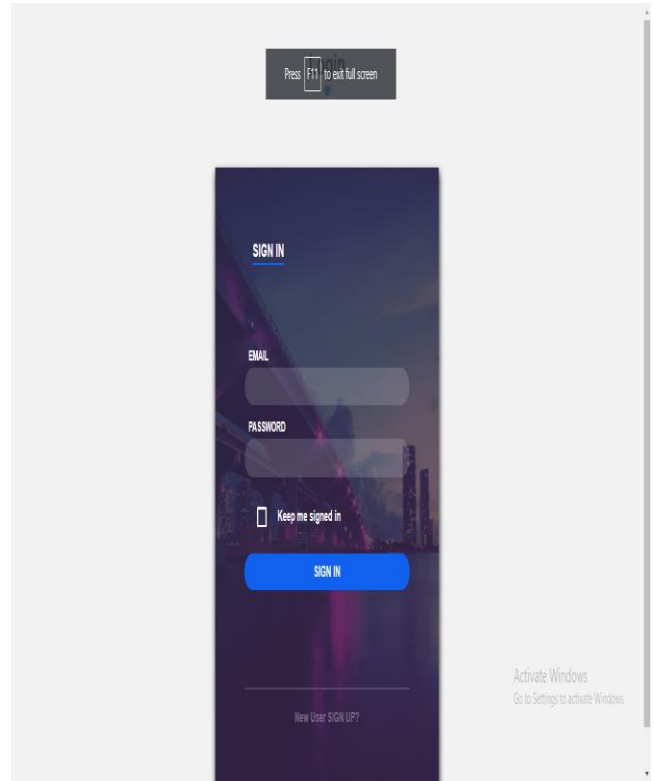


Figure.2. Sign in

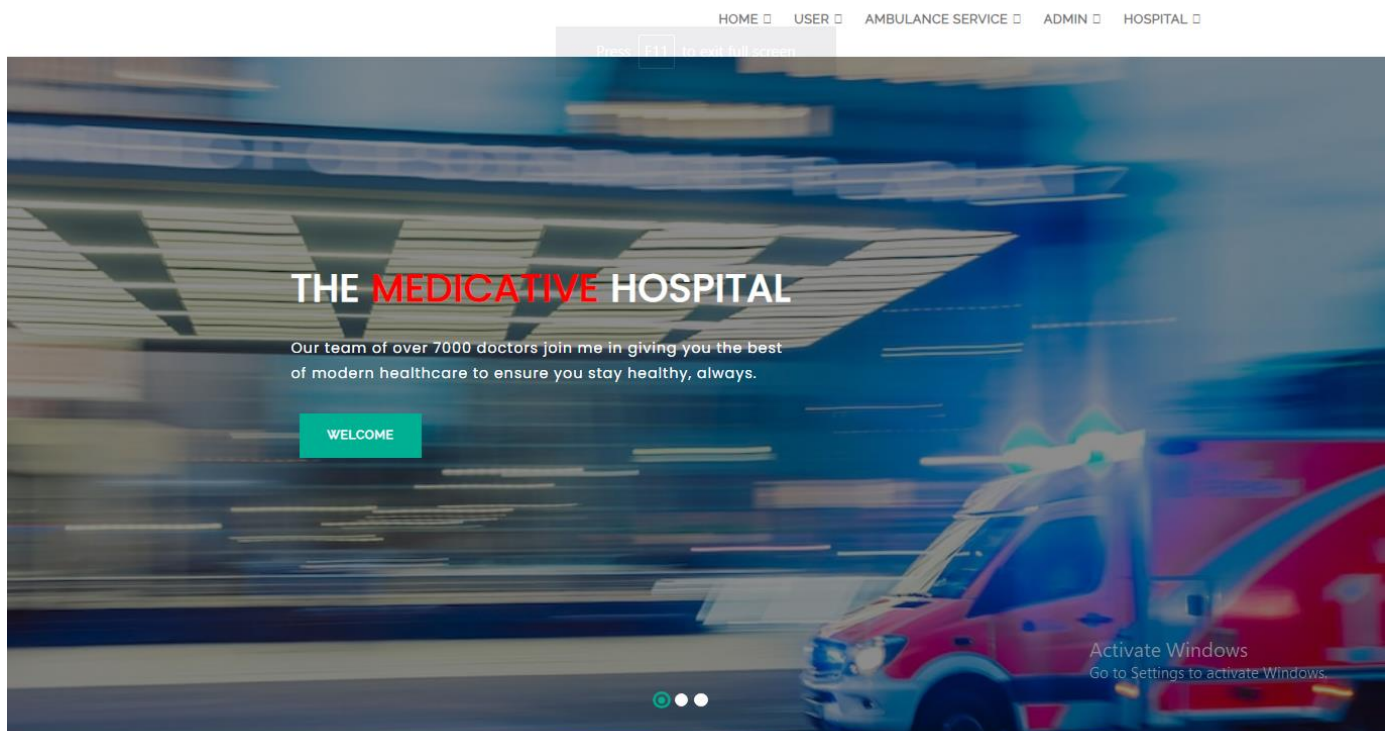
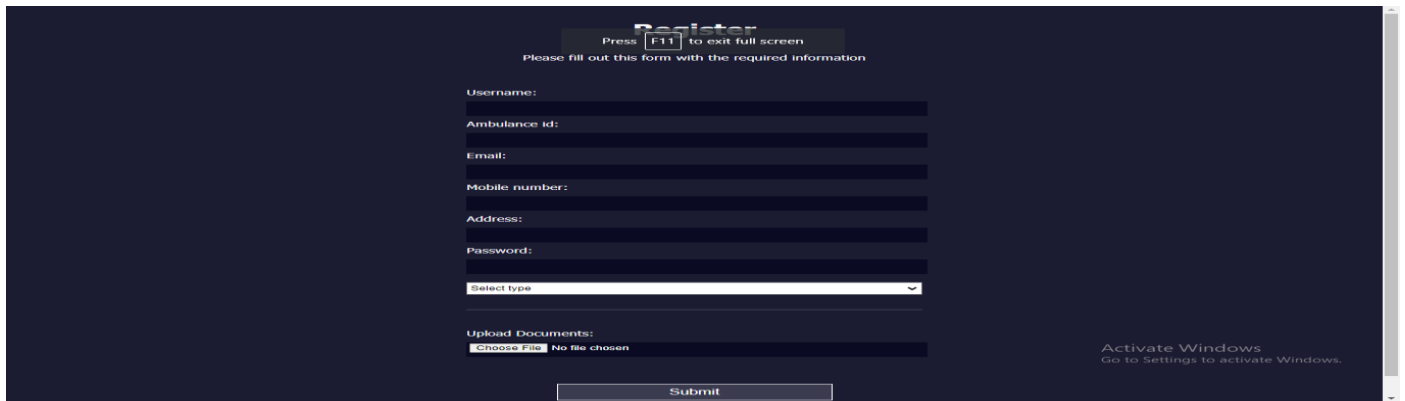


Figure.3. Home page



Press **F11** to exit full screen
Please fill out this form with the required information

Username:

Ambulance id:

Email:

Mobile number:

Address:

Password:

Select type:

Upload Documents: No file chosen

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Figure.4. Register Page

The client registered and the director approved the application. After logging in to the application, the client applied for salvage vehicle service in a different region. The application information was sent to the salvage vehicle organization via email. Once the organization accepted the emergency vehicle request, it was reflected in the client's dashboard. The emergency vehicle was dispatched immediately, with the patient's details shared with nearby medical facilities in the client's region.

The experts at the hospital were informed of the client's emergency and they examined the patient's condition as soon as the salvage vehicle arrived. Once the patient was picked up, the expert facilitated the patient and produced a clinical report, which was sent to the salvage vehicle organization. The organization received the report and forwarded it to the patient's designated medical center.

NAME	AMBULANCE ID	EMAIL	MOBILE NUMBER	ADDRESS	TYPE
SA	12	1234567890		1234567890	Private

Figure.5. patient details

Ambulance Request						
Name	Email	mobile number	Ambulance ID	Documents	Accept	Reject

Figure.7. Ambulance Request Page

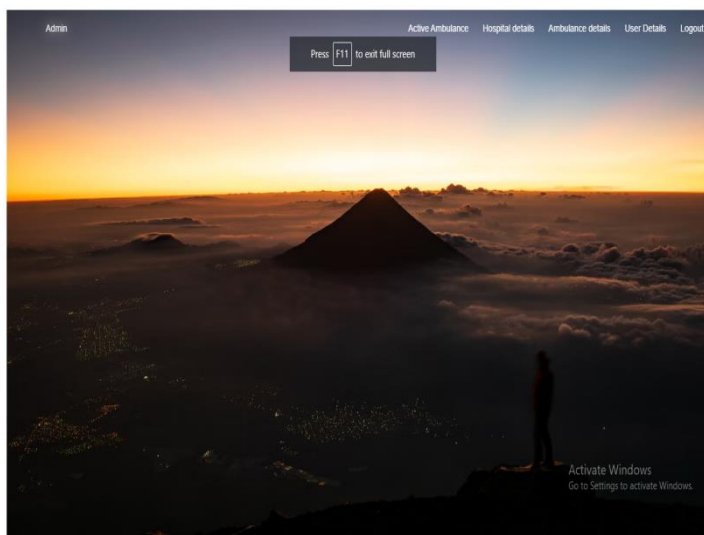
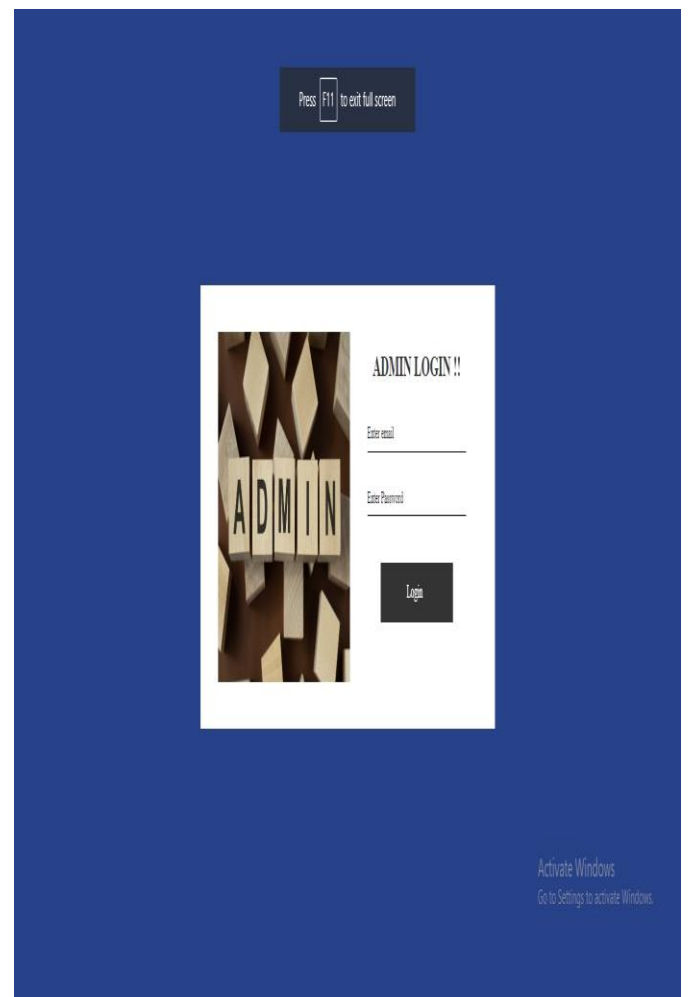


Figure.6. Admin Home Page



Press **F11** to exit full screen

ADMIN LOGIN !!

Enter email:

Enter Password:

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Figure.8. Admin login page

V. CONCLUSION

The salvage vehicle organization sends an email to the client about the crisis vehicle they have assigned. Once the client acknowledges the vehicle, it immediately sends the patient's details to nearby medical facilities in the client's region. The experts at the medical center are notified of the emergency and prepare to receive the patient once the salvage vehicle arrives. The experts examine the patient's body and produce a medical report, which is then transported by the crisis vehicle organization. The organization receives the report and sends it to the facility where the patient is being treated.

Before developing the tools and the associated designing it's necessary to determine and survey the time factor, resource demand, man power, frugality, and company strength. Once these effects are satisfied and completely surveyed, also the coming step is to determine about the software specifications in the separate systems similar as what type of operating system the design would bear, and what are all the necessary software are demanded to do with the coming step similar as developing the tools, and the associated operations.

To apply a real- world database system and ameliorate the effectiveness of protocols in terms of the number and size of dispatches changed, it's necessary to use two or further algorithms. The exigency vehicle administration get and transferred the report to the case conceded clinic once the ambulance is accepted, it's reflected in the customer dashboard. The ambulance snappily sends the case's details to the near hospitals in the customer's area.

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