

Command Chaining Operators

- **Command Chaining Operators** are useful to combine multiple commands, so that we can write simple and short shell scripts
- **They are:**
 - **Pipe Operator** |
 - **Semicolon Operator** ;
 - **Logical AND Operator** &&
 - **Logical OR Operator** ||
 - **Logical AND OR Operator** && ||

Command Chaining Operators...

➤ Pipe Operator |

- This operator is useful to pass output of one command as input to next command
- Syntax
 - `Command1 | Command2`
- Note:
 - By Default, Only Success Output from first command will be passed as an input to second command
 - If you want to pass error also to second command then:
 - `Command1 2>&1 | Command2`

➤ Semicolon Operator ;

- This operator is useful to write and execute multiple command in one line
- Syntax:
 - `Command1 ; Command2 ; Command3 ;`
- Note: All Commands Executed Independently, but they execute in sequence

Command Chaining Operators...

➤ Logical AND Operator &&

➤ Syntax:

- **Command1 && Command2**
- **Command1 && Command2 && Command3**

➤ Note:

- **AND Operator (&&)** executes the second command only if first command executes successfully

➤ Logical OR Operator ||

➤ Syntax:

- **Command1 || Command2**
- **Command1 || Command2 || Command3**

➤ Note:

- **OR Operator (||)** is completely Opposite to AND Operator
- **OR Operator** executes the second command only if first command Fails

Command Chaining Operators...

- Logical AND - OR Operator && ||
 - Syntax:
 - `Command1 && Command2 || Command3`
 - Note:
 - If `command1` is succeeded then `command2` executes else `command3` executes
 - Its like If else logic