2D Transformations

Karthik D

September 25, 2022

UCS1712 - Graphics and Multimedia Lab

195001047

<u>Aim</u>

To develop a C++ program using the OpenGL framework to implement the 2D transformation algorithms, and demonstrate all its output cases.

Question

To apply the following 2D transformations on objects and to render the final output along with the original object:

- 1. Translation
- 2. Rotation
 - a. about origin
 - b. with respect to a fixed point (xr, yr)
- 3. Scaling
 - a. with respect to origin uniform and differential
 - b. with respect to fixed point (xf, yf)
- 4. Reflection
 - a. with respect to x-axis
 - b. with respect to y-axis
 - c. with respect to origin
 - d. with respect to the line x=y
- 5. Shearing
 - a. x-direction shear
 - b. y-direction shear

Note: Use Homogeneous coordinate representations and matrix multiplication to perform transformations. Divide the output window into four quadrants. (Use LINES primitive to draw the x and y axess).

2D Transformation Algorithms

```
// assume transformations for a triangle
Procedure plot2DTransformations(x1, x2, x3, y1, y2, y3);
        var
        tx, ty, theta, xr, yr, xref, yref: integer;
        shx, shy, sx, sy: float;
        (accept parameters from user)
        Begin
                triangle mat := [[x1, x2, x3], [y1, y2, y3], [1, 1, 1]]
                // translation
                translation mat := [[1 \ 0 \ tx], [0, 1, ty], [0, 0, 1]]
                translated triangle := translation mat * triangle mat
                // rotation
                rotation_mat := [ [ \cos(\text{theta}) - \sin(\text{theta}) \ 0 ], [ \sin(\text{theta}), \cos(\text{theta}), \ 0 ], [ 0, 0, 1 ] ]
                pivotpt_mat := [[1 0 xr], [0, 1, yr], [0, 0, 1]]
                pivotpt rev mat := [[1 \ 0 \ -xr], [0, 1, -yr], [0, 0, 1]]
                rotated triangle := pitvotpt mat * rotation mat * pivotpt rev mat * triangle mat
                // scaling
                scaling mat := [[sx 0 0], [0, sy, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                fixedpt mat := [[1 0 xr], [0, 1, yr], [0, 0, 1]]
                fixedpt_rev_mat := [[1 \ 0 \ -xr], [0, 1, -yr], [0, 0, 1]]
                scaled triangle := fixedpt mat * scaling mat * fixedpt rev mat * triangle mat
                // reflection
                xref mat := [[1 0 0], [0, -1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                yref mat := [[-1\ 0\ 0], [0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                xyref mat := [[-1\ 0\ 0], [0, -1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                xegyref mat := [[0\ 1\ 0], [1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                xref triangle := xref mat * triangle mat
                yref triangle := yref mat * triangle mat
                xyref triangle := xyref mat * triangle mat
                xeqyref triangle := xeqyref_mat * triangle_mat
                // shearing
                xshearing mat := [[1 \text{ shx -shx.yref}], [0, -1, 0], [0, 0, 1]]
                yshearing mat := [[1\ 0\ 0], [shy\ 1\ -shy.xref], [0, 0, 1]]
```

```
xshear_triangle := xshearing_mat * triangle_mat
yshear_triangle := yshearing_mat * triangle_mat
```

End {plot2DTransformations}

Implementation using C++ Program Code

1. main.cpp - Driver and Handler to render all 2D tranformations

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#define PI 3.141592654
void renderSpacedBitmapString(float x, float y, void *font, char
*string) {
   char *c;
  int x1 = x;
  for (c = string; *c != '\0'; c++) {
       glRasterPos2f(x1, y);
      glutBitmapCharacter(font, *c);
      x1 = x1 + glutBitmapWidth(font, *c);
   }
void markString(char *string, int x, int y, int x_offset, int y_offset)
   glColor3f(255.0, 0, 0.0); // red color
   renderSpacedBitmapString(x+x_offset, y+y_offset,
GLUT_BITMAP_HELVETICA_12, string);
   glFlush();
```

```
float** multiplyMatrices(float **m1, float **m2, int r1, int c1, int c2)
   // assume compatible matrices
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*r1);
  for(int i=0; i<r1; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*c2);
      for(int j=0; j<c2; j++) {
           res[i][j] = 0;
          for(int k=0; k<c1; k++) {
               res[i][j] += m1[i][k] * m2[k][j];
      }
   return res;
void displayMatrix(float **matrix, int r, int c) {
  printf("\n");
  for(int i=0;i<r;i++) {</pre>
      for(int j=0; j<c; j++) {
          printf("%f ", matrix[i][j]);
      printf("\n");
   }
void plotDivisionLines() {
  glBegin(GL_LINES);
  glVertex2d(-320, 0);
  glVertex2d(320, 0);
  glVertex2d(0, -240);
  glVertex2d(0, 240);
  glEnd();
```

```
void plotPoint(int x, int y, int x offset, int y offset)
  glBegin(GL_POINTS);
  glVertex2d(x + x_offset, y + y_offset);
  glEnd();
void plotTriangle(int *xs, int *ys) {
  glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d(xs[i], ys[i]);
  glEnd();
float** makeTriangleMatrix(int *xs, int *ys) {
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      res[0][i] = xs[i];
      res[1][i] = ys[i];
      res[2][i] = 1;
   }
  return res;
float** makeTranslationMatrix(int tx, int ty) {
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*3);
      for(int j=0; j<3; j++) {
          if(i==j){
               res[i][j] = 1;
           }
```

```
else{
               res[i][j] = 0;
           }
      }
  res[0][2] = tx;
  res[1][2] = ty;
   return res;
float** makeRotationMatrix(int theta) {
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
   for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
       for(int j=0; j<3; j++) {
           if(i==j){
               res[i][j] = 1;
           }
           else{
               res[i][j] = 0;
       }
   res[0][0] = cos(theta*PI/180);
   res[1][1] = res[0][0];
   res[0][1] = -sin(theta*PI/180);
   res[1][0] = -res[0][1];
   return res;
float** makeScalingMatrix(float sx, float sy) {
   float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
       for(int j=0; j<3; j++) {
           if(i==j){
```

```
res[i][j] = 1;
           }
           else{
               res[i][j] = 0;
           }
       }
   res[0][0] = sx;
  res[1][1] = sy;
   return res;
float** makeReflectionMatrix(short along_x, short along_y, short
along_xeqy) {
  // truth of the first two arguments overrides the last
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*3);
      for(int j=0; j<3; j++) {
           if(i==j){
               res[i][j] = 1;
           else{
               res[i][j] = 0;
           }
       }
   }
   short override_xeqy = 0;
   if(along_x) {
       res[1][1] = -1;
       override_xeqy = 1;
   }
  if(along_y) {
       res[0][0] = -1;
       override_xeqy = 1;
```

```
if(!override_xeqy && along_xeqy) {
      float *temp = res[0];
      res[0] = res[1];
      res[1] = temp;
  return res;
float **makeShearingMatrix(float xshear, float yshear, int yref, int
xref) {
  float **res = (float**)malloc(sizeof(float*)*3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       *(res+i) = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float)*3);
      for(int j=0; j<3; j++) {
          if(i==j){
               res[i][j] = 1;
          else{
               res[i][j] = 0;
          }
      }
  res[0][1] = xshear;
  res[0][2] = -(xshear*yref);
  res[1][0] = yshear;
  res[1][2] = -(yshear*xref);
  return res;
void plotTranslatedTriangle(int *xs, int *ys, int tx, int ty)
  glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
  float **tr_matrix = makeTranslationMatrix(tx, ty);
  float **triangle_matrix = makeTriangleMatrix(xs, ys);
  float **translated_triangle = multiplyMatrices(tr_matrix,
triangle_matrix, 3, 3, 3);
   for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
```

```
glVertex2d((int)translated_triangle[0][i],
(int)translated triangle[1][i]);
  glEnd();
  char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)translated_triangle[0][i],
(int)translated_triangle[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)translated_triangle[0][i],
(int)translated_triangle[1][i], 0, -10);
void plotRotatedTriangle(int *xs, int *ys, int xr, int yr, int theta)
  // (xr, yr) --> Pivot Point
  glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
  float **triangle_matrix = makeTriangleMatrix(xs, ys);
  float **rotated_triangle = multiplyMatrices(
      makeTranslationMatrix(xr, yr),
      multiplyMatrices(
          makeRotationMatrix(theta),
          multiplyMatrices(
               makeTranslationMatrix(-xr, -yr),
              triangle matrix,
              3, 3, 3
          ),
          3, 3, 3
      ),
      3, 3, 3);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)rotated_triangle[0][i],
(int)rotated triangle[1][i]);
```

```
glEnd();
   char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
   for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)rotated_triangle[0][i],
(int)rotated_triangle[1][i]);
       markString(string, (int)rotated_triangle[0][i],
(int)rotated_triangle[1][i], 0, -10);
   }
void plotScaledTriangle(int *xs, int *ys, int xf, int yf, float sx,
float sy, int x_offset, int y_offset) {
   // (xf, yf) --> Fixed Point
   glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
   float **triangle_matrix = makeTriangleMatrix(xs, ys);
   float **actual_result = multiplyMatrices(
   makeTranslationMatrix(xf, yf),
   multiplyMatrices(
       makeScalingMatrix(sx, sy),
       multiplyMatrices(
           makeTranslationMatrix(-xf, -yf),
          triangle_matrix,
           3, 3, 3
       ),
       3, 3, 3
   ),
   3, 3, 3);
   float **scaled_triangle = multiplyMatrices(
       makeTranslationMatrix(x_offset, y_offset),
       actual_result,
       3, 3, 3);
```

```
for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       glVertex2d((int)scaled triangle[0][i],
(int)scaled_triangle[1][i]);
   }
   glEnd();
   char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
       sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)actual_result[0][i],
(int)actual_result[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)scaled_triangle[0][i],
(int)scaled_triangle[1][i], 0, -10);
   }
   sprintf(string, "Xscale: %.2f, Yscale: %.2f, Ref: (%d, %d)", sx, sy,
xf, yf);
   markString(string, 100, 180, x_offset, y_offset);
void plotReflectedTriangle(int *xs, int *ys) {
  glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
  float **xref matrix = makeReflectionMatrix(1, 0, 0);
   float **yref matrix = makeReflectionMatrix(0, 1, 0);
  float **xyref_matrix = makeReflectionMatrix(1, 1, 0);
  float **xeqyref_matrix = makeReflectionMatrix(0, 0, 1);
  float **triangle matrix = makeTriangleMatrix(xs, ys);
   float **xref_triangle = multiplyMatrices(xref_matrix,
triangle_matrix, 3, 3, 3);
   float **yref_triangle = multiplyMatrices(yref_matrix,
triangle matrix, 3, 3, 3);
   float **xyref_triangle = multiplyMatrices(xyref_matrix,
triangle_matrix, 3, 3, 3);
  float **xeqyref_triangle = multiplyMatrices(xeqyref_matrix,
triangle_matrix, 3, 3, 3);
```

```
for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)xref triangle[0][i], (int)xref triangle[1][i]);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)yref_triangle[0][i], (int)yref_triangle[1][i]);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)xyref_triangle[0][i], (int)xyref_triangle[1][i]);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)xeqyref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xeqyref triangle[1][i]);
  }
  glEnd();
  char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
  for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      // plot line
      glBegin(GL LINES);
      glVertex2d(0, 0);
      glVertex2d(200, 200);
      glEnd();
      sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)xref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xref_triangle[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)xref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xref_triangle[1][i], 0, 0);
      sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)yref_triangle[0][i],
(int)yref_triangle[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)yref_triangle[0][i],
(int)yref_triangle[1][i], -40, -10);
      sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)xyref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xyref_triangle[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)xyref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xyref_triangle[1][i], -60, -5);
```

```
sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)xeqyref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xegyref triangle[1][i]);
      markString(string, (int)xeqyref_triangle[0][i],
(int)xeqyref_triangle[1][i], 0, -10);
void plotShearedTriangle(int *xs, int *ys, float xshear, float yshear,
int yref, int xref, int x_offset, int y_offset) {
   glBegin(GL_TRIANGLES);
   float **triangle_matrix = makeTriangleMatrix(xs, ys);
   // without translating for display
  float **actual result = multiplyMatrices(
      makeShearingMatrix(xshear, yshear, yref, xref),
      triangle_matrix,
      3, 3, 3
   );
   float **sheared triangle = multiplyMatrices(
      makeTranslationMatrix(x_offset, y_offset),
      multiplyMatrices(
           makeShearingMatrix(xshear, yshear, yref, xref),
          triangle_matrix,
          3, 3, 3
       ), 3, 3, 3
   );
   for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
      glVertex2d((int)sheared_triangle[0][i],
(int)sheared_triangle[1][i]);
   }
  glEnd();
   char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
   for(int i=0; i<3; i++) {
```

```
sprintf(string, "(%d, %d)", (int)actual_result[0][i],
(int)actual_result[1][i]);
       markString(string, (int)sheared_triangle[0][i],
(int)sheared_triangle[1][i], 0, 0);
void display_transforms() {
  glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
  plotDivisionLines();
  // int xs[3], ys[3];
  int xs[] = \{10, 80, 40\};
  int ys[] = \{70, 100, 180\};
   /* GET USER INPUTS */
   // printf("\nVertex 1: ");
   // scanf("%d %d", &xs[0], &ys[0]);
   // printf("\nVertex 2: ");
   // scanf("%d %d", &xs[1], &ys[1]);
   // printf("\nVertex 3: ");
   // scanf("%d %d", &xs[2], &ys[2]);
   /* PLOT MAIN FIGURE -- A TRIANGLE */
  glColor3f(0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
  plotTriangle(xs, ys);
   /* PLOT TRANSFORMATIONS */
  glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
   /* TRANSLATION */
  int tx = -100;
  int ty = -50;
  plotTranslatedTriangle(xs, ys, -100, -50);
   // label translation
```

```
char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
sprintf(string, "Tx: %d, Ty: %d", tx, ty);
markString(string, 200, 200, -320, 0);
/* ROTATIONS */
// int x0 = -100;
// int v0 = -100;
// int theta1 = -30;
// int theta2 = 45;
// plotRotatedTriangle(xs, ys, 0, 0, theta1);
// plotRotatedTriangle(xs, ys, x0, y0, theta2);
// // label rotations
// char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
// sprintf(string, "Theta: %d, Pivot: (%d, %d)", theta1, 0, 0);
// markString(string, 120, 10, 0, 0);
// sprintf(string, "Theta: %d, Pivot: (%d, %d)", theta2, x0, y0);
// markString(string, 120, 10, -320, 0);
/* SCALING */
// int x0 = -100;
// int y0 = -100;
// float sx1 = 0.75;
// float sy1 = 0.75;
// float sx2 = 1.8;
// float sy2 = 1.2;
// plotScaledTriangle(xs, ys, 0, 0, sx1, sy1, 0, -240);
// plotScaledTriangle(xs, ys, 0, 0, sx2, sy2, -320, 0);
// plotScaledTriangle(xs, ys, -40, -60, sx1, sy2, -320, -240);
/* REFLECTION */
// plotReflectedTriangle(xs, ys);
/* SHEARING */
// int yref = -1;
// int xref = -2;
// float xshear = 0.9;
// float yshear = 1.2;
// plotShearedTriangle(xs, ys, xshear, 0, yref, 0, 0, -240);
```

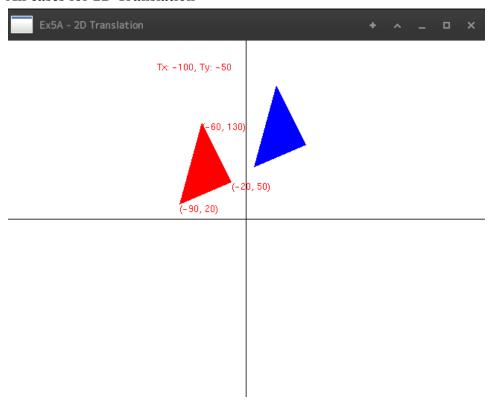
```
// plotShearedTriangle(xs, ys, 0, yshear, 0, xref, -320, 0);
   // // label shears
   // char *string = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*100);
   // sprintf(string, "Xshear: %.2f, Yref: %d", xshear, yref);
   // markString(string, 50, 50, 0, -240);
   // sprintf(string, "Yshear: %.2f, Xref: %d", yshear, xref);
   // markString(string, 50, 50, -320, 0);
   /* MODIFIED ORIGIN LABELS */
  // markString("(0, 0)", 5, 5, 0, 0);
  // markString("(0, 0)", 5, 5, 0, -240);
   // markString("(0, 0)", 5, 5, -320, 0);
   // markString("(0, 0)", 5, 5, -320, -240);
  glFlush();
void init() {
   glClearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0);
  glColor3f(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
  glPointSize(4);
  glLineWidth(1);
  glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
  glLoadIdentity();
  gluOrtho2D(-320.0, 320.0, -240.0, 240.0);
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  glutInit(&argc, argv);
   glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
  glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);
  glutCreateWindow("Ex5A - 2D Translation");
   // glutCreateWindow("Ex5B - 2D Rotation");
   // glutCreateWindow("Ex5C - 2D Scaling");
   // glutCreateWindow("Ex5D - 2D Reflection");
```

```
// glutCreateWindow("Ex5E - 2D Shearing");
  glutDisplayFunc(display_transforms);

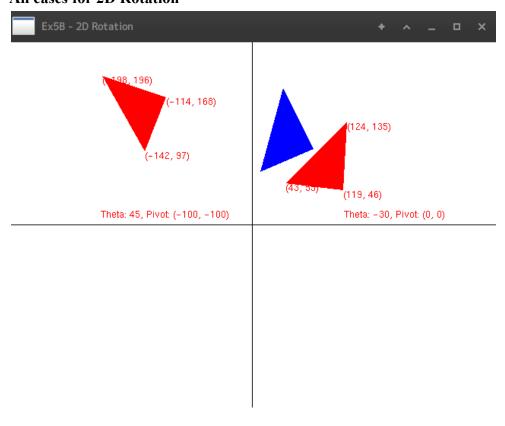
init();
  glutMainLoop();
  return 1;
}
```

Sample Output

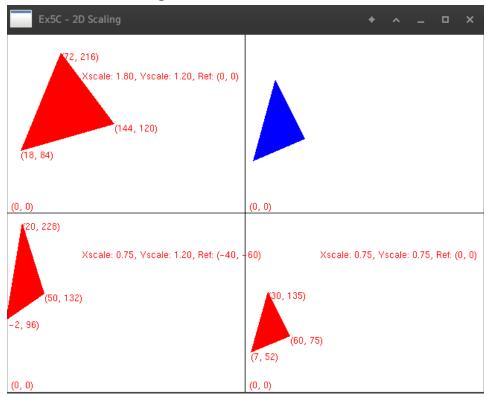
• All cases for 2D Translation



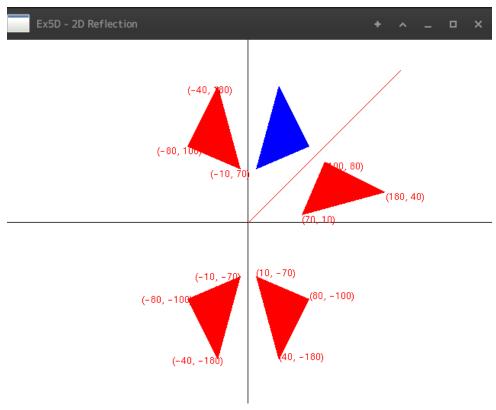
• All cases for 2D Rotation



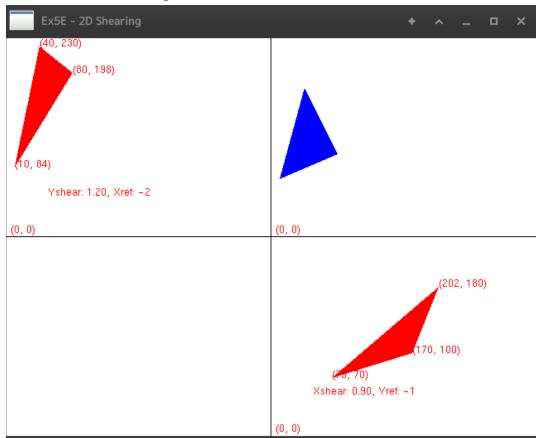
• All cases for 2D Scaling



• All case for 2D Reflection



• All case for 2D Shearing



Learning Outcomes

Through this implementation of 2D transformation algorithms using the OpenGL framework and C++ programming language, the following concepts were learnt:

- 1. The working of various 2D transformations reflection, rotation, scaling, shearing and translation.
- 2. The use and application of homogeneous coordinates when rendering transformations using matrices.
- 3. General understanding of the OpenGL framework and its APIs.