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# **Knowledge Checks**

### Question 1

1/1 point (graded)

Which of the following are two characteristics of Monte Carlo (MC) and Temporal Difference (TD) learning?

- MC methods provide an estimate of V(s) only once an episode terminates, whereas TD provides an estimate of after n steps.
- MC requires to know the model of the environment i.e. the transition probabilities, whereas TD requires no such model.
- Both MC and TD are model free methods.
- Both MC and TD use bootstrapping.



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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

## Question 2

1/1 point (graded)

Which of the following are two advantages of the TD algorithm compared to the MC algorithms?

No Bias in the estimate of value.

■ Works in continuing (non-terminating) environments.
Sensitive to initial values.
■ Model free.
Exploits the Markov Decision Process properties to gain efficiency.
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✓ Correct (1/1 point)
1/1 point (graded) Which of the following statements about sampling are true for Monte Carlo (MC) and temporal difference (TD) algorithms?  Monte Carlo algorithms randomly sample all possible state-action pairs.
● TD and MC sample states, St+n, from the current state St. ✔
MC algorithms use deterministic sampling.
TD use random sampling of state-action pairs one time step ahead only.
Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts
✓ Correct (1/1 point)
Question 4

1/1 point (graded)

Which two of the following describe hias-variance trade-off between MC and TD?

The MC algorithm reduces variance by sampling until the terminal state,	leading to
higher bias.	

- The MC algorithm reduces bias by sampling until the terminal state, leading to higher variance.
- The TD algorithm reduces variance by sampling a small number of time steps, leading to higher bias.
- The TD algorithm reduces bias by sampling a small number of a time steps, leading to higher variance.



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✓ Correct (1/1 point)

#### Question 5

1/1 point (graded)

What is the difference between on-policy and off-policy learning?

- On-policy learning learns by evaluating the results of a behavior policy to perform policy improvement on a target policy, whereas off-policy learns from experience by evaluating a target policy and performing policy improvement on the target policy.
- On-policy learning learns from experience by evaluating a target policy and performing policy improvement on the target policy, whereas off-policy learning learns by evaluating the results of a behavior policy to perform policy improvement on a target policy.
- On-policy learning learns from experience by evaluating a target policy and performing policy improvement on the target policy, whereas off-policy learning learns by evaluating the target policy to perform policy improvement on a behavior policy.

 On-policy learning learns from experience by evaluating a behavior policy and performing policy improvement on the target policy, whereas off-policy learning learns by evaluating the results of a behavior policy to perform policy improvement on the behavior policy.

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✓ Correct (1/1 point)

### Question 6

1/1 point (graded)

Which two statements describe eligibility traces?

- Eligibility traces down weight the contribution of states that are rarely visited to computing average Vs) or Q(s,a).
- Eligibility traces encourage further exploration of the state space.
- Eligibility traces assign credit to action.
- Eligibility traces assign credit to both the most frequently visited and last visited states.



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✓ Correct (1/1 point)

### Question 7

1/1 point (graded)

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Which of the following characterizes Q-Learning and SARSA?

Q-Learning uses bootstrapping and SARSA does not.	
SARSA uses bootstrapping and Q-Learning does not.	
Both SARSA and Q-Learning are control algorithms.	
Q-Learning is an on-policy algorithm, whereas SARSA is an off-policy algorithm	
● SARSA is an on-policy algorithm, whereas Q-Learning is an off-policy algorithm ✔	
Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts	

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