

Assignment #6: Tree-Based Methods

Problem 1

In the lab, a classification tree was applied to the **Carseats** data set after converting **Sales** into a binary response variable. This question will seek to predict **Sales** using regression trees and related approaches, treating the response as a quantitative variable (that is, without the conversion).

- (a) Split the data set into a training set and a test set.
- (b) Fit a regression tree to the training set. Plot the tree, and interpret the results. Then compute the test MSE.
- (c) Prune the tree obtained in (b). Use cross validation to determine the optimal level of tree complexity. Plot the pruned tree and interpret the results. Compute the test MSE of the pruned tree. Does pruning improve the test error?
- (d) Use the bagging approach to analyze the data. What test MSE do you obtain? Determine which variables are most important.
- (e) Use random forests to analyze the data. What test MSE do you obtain? Determine which variables are most important.

Problem 2

In the lab, we applied random forests to the **Boston** data using **mtry=6** and **ntree=100**.

- (a) Consider a more comprehensive range of values for **mtry**: 1, 2, ..., 13. Given each value of **mtry**, find the test error resulting from random forests on the **Boston** data (using **ntree=100**). Create a plot displaying the test error rate vs. the value of **mtry**. Comment on the results in the plot.
- (b) Similarly, consider a range of values for **ntree** (between 5 to 200). Given each value of **ntree**, find the test error resulting from random forests (using **mtry=6**). Create a plot displaying the test error vs. the value of **ntree**. Comment on the results in the plot.

Submit through link: eCampus -> Assignments

Deadline: Nov 7, Tuesday @11:59pm