## AI1110 Assignment 1

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Question 2(a): Find x,y If

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2x \end{pmatrix} + 3 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 2 \begin{pmatrix} y \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}. \tag{1}$$

## **Solution:**

- 1) A matrix having m rows and n coloumns is denoted by  $(m \times n)$ .
- 2) We can mulitply two matrices if and only if the matrices are in the form  $(p \times q)$  and  $(q \times r)$  respectively. [where p,q,r,m,n are arbitrary constants]

(i)

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w & x \\ y & z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} aw + by & ax + bz \\ cw + dy & cx + dz \end{pmatrix}$$
(2)

(ii)

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \pm \begin{pmatrix} w & x \\ y & z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a \pm w & b \pm x \\ c \pm y & d \pm z \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

(iii)

$$k \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} ka & kb \\ kc & kd \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

## STEPS:

(i) mulitplying  $\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2x \end{pmatrix}$  from (2);

$$\implies A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2x - 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) multiplying 3 and  $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

from (4); 
$$\implies B = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(iii) mulitplying 2 and  $\begin{pmatrix} y \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$\implies$$
 C =  $\begin{pmatrix} 2y \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ 

from (3);

adding A and B;

LHS:  $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2x \end{pmatrix}$ RHS:  $\begin{pmatrix} 2y \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ comparing LHS and RHS we get: -4 = 2y and 2x = 6; we get;  $x = 3 \ y = -2$  $\therefore x = 3, y = -2$ . converting the given question into Ax = b form by simplification using equation (2);

$$\binom{2}{2x-3} = \binom{2y+6}{3}$$
 (7)

$$\binom{2}{2x-3} - \binom{2y+6}{3} = \binom{0}{0}$$
 (8)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2y - 4 \\ 2x - 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2y\\2x \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4\\6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{10}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2y \\ 2x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{11}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2y\\2x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{12}$$

this can be written as

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{13}$$

 $\therefore$  we got Ax = b form.