1

Random Numbers

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1. Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

1.1 Generate 10^6 samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat

Solution: The c code for 1.1 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/random_numbers/1/exrand.c

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110— Assignments/blob/main/random_numbers /1/coeffs.h

Execute the following lines

gcc exrand.c -lm ./a.out

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into Python and plot the empirical CDF of *U* using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

Solution: The python code for 1.2 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/random_numbers /1/cdf_plot.py

Execute the following lines

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for $F_U(x)$

Solution: The PDF of U is given by

$$p_U(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1.2)

The CDF of U is given by

$$F_U(x) = \Pr(U \le x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} p_U(x) dx$$
 (1.3)

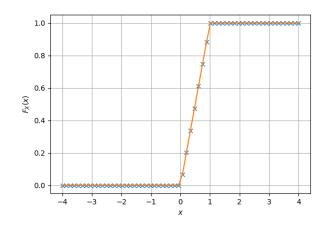


Fig. 1.2. The CDF of U

If
$$x < 0$$
,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{x} p_{U}(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{x} 0 dx = 0$$
 (1.4)

If $x \in [0, 1]$,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{x} p_U(x) \, dx = \int_{-\infty}^{0} 0 \, dx + \int_{0}^{x} 1 \, dx \quad (1.5)$$

$$= 0 + x \tag{1.6}$$

$$= x \tag{1.7}$$

If x > 1.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{x} p_{U}(x) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} 0 dx + \int_{0}^{1} 1 dx + \int_{1}^{x} 0 dx \quad (1.8)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{x} p_U(x) \, dx = 0 + 1 + 0 \qquad (1.9)$$

$$= 1 \qquad (1.10)$$

Therefore, we obtain the CDF of U as

$$F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ x & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 1 & x > 1 \end{cases}$$
 (1.11)

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.12)

and its variance as

$$Var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$
 (1.13)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U

Solution: The c code for 1.4 can be obtained

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/random numbers /1/1 4.c

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/random numbers /1/coeffs.h

Execute the following lines

$$Mean = 0.500137 (1.14)$$

Variance =
$$0.083251$$
 (1.15)

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.16}$$

Solution:

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.17}$$

$$dF_U(x) = dx (1.18)$$

$$\therefore E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k dx \tag{1.19}$$

$$E[U] = \int_0^1 x dx = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (1.20)

$$E[U^2] = \int_0^1 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}$$
 (1.21)

$$\therefore P_X(x) = 0, \forall x \in (1, \infty) \cap (-\infty, 0) \quad (1.22)$$

$$Var(X) = E[U^2] - (E[U])^2 = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$
(1.23)

- 2. Central Limit Theorem
- 2.1 Generate 10⁶ samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where U_i , i = 1, 2, ..., 12are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

Solution: The c code for 2.1 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random numbers/2/2 1.c wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random numbers/2/coeffs.h

Execute the following lines

2.2 Load gau.dat in Python and plot the empirical CDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

Solution: The python code for 2.2 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random numbers/2/2 2.py

Execute the following lines

python3 2 2.py

- $\Phi(x) = P(Z \le x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{x} \exp\left\{-\frac{u^2}{2}\right\} du$ $\lim_{x \to \infty} \Phi(x) = 1$, $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \Phi(x) = 0$ $\Phi(0) = \frac{1}{2}$

- $\Phi(-x) = 1 \Phi(x)$
- 2.3 Load gau.dat in Python and plot the empirical PDF of X using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of X is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have? **Solution:** The python code for 2.3 can be obtained from

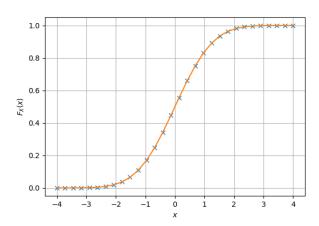


Fig. 2.5. The CDF of X

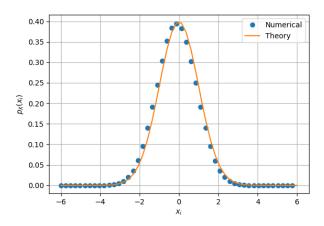


Fig. 2.5. The PDF of X

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random_numbers/2/2_3.py

Execute the following lines

python3 2.3.py

Every PDF is bounded between 0 and 1 and

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_X(x) \, \mathrm{d}x = 1 \tag{2.3}$$

In this case, the PDF is symmetric about x = 0 and graph is bell shaped

2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program

Solution: the c code for 2.4 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random_numbers/2/2_4.c wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random_numbers/2/coeffs.h

execute the following lines

Mean =
$$0.000294$$
 (2.4)

Variance =
$$0.999561$$
 (2.5)

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty,$$
(2.6)

repeat the above exercise theoretically **Solution:** The mean of X is given by

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.7)$$

 $\implies xe^{-\frac{-x^2}{2}}$ is a odd function

$$\therefore E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x) dx = 0$$
 (2.8)

Now,

$$E\left[X^{2}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.9)$$
$$= 2 \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.10)$$

 $\implies \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)$ is an even function By integration by parts,

$$E\left[X^{2}\right] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_{0}^{\infty} x \cdot x \exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx$$
(2.11)

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(x \int x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \right) \Big|_0^{\infty}$$
$$-\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} 1 \cdot \int x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.12)$$

Substitute $t = \frac{x^2}{2} \implies dt = x dx$

$$\int x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx = \int \exp(-t) dt \quad (2.13)$$

$$= -\exp(-t) \qquad (2.14)$$

$$= -\exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \quad (2.15)$$

$$\int_0^\infty -\exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \mathrm{d}x \tag{2.16}$$

$$\stackrel{x=t\sqrt{2}}{\longleftrightarrow} \int_{0}^{\infty} -\exp(-t^{2}) dt \sqrt{2}$$
 (2.17)

$$= -\sqrt{2} \int_0^\infty \exp(-t^2) dt$$
 (2.18)

$$=-\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\tag{2.19}$$

Therefore,

$$E\left[X^{2}\right] = 0 - \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left(-\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\right) \qquad (2.20)$$

$$= 1 \tag{2.21}$$

:. Var
$$[X] = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2$$
 (2.22)

$$=1-0$$
 (2.23)

$$= 1 \tag{2.24}$$

3. From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF

Solution: The c code for 3.1 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/random_numbers/3/3_1.c

Execute the following lines

The python code for cdf can be obtained from

execute the following lines

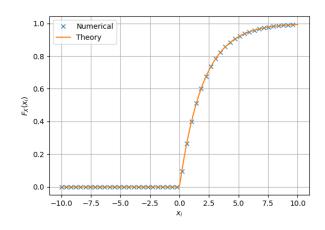


Fig. 3.5. The CDF of V

3.6 Find a theoretical expression for $F_V(x)$ Solution:

$$F_V(x) = P(V \le x) \tag{3.2}$$

$$= P(-2ln(1-U) \le x) \tag{3.3}$$

$$= P(1 - e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \ge U) \tag{3.4}$$

$$P(U < x) = \int_0^x dx = x$$
 (3.5)

$$\therefore P(1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}} \ge U) = 1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}}, \forall x \ge 0 \quad (3.6)$$

4. Triangular Distribution

4.1 Generate

$$T = U_1 + U_2 \tag{4.1}$$

Solution: The c code for 4.1 can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random numbers/4/4 1.c

execute the following lines

4.2 Find the CDF of T

Solution:

$$p_T(x) = p_{U_1 + U_2}(x) = p_{U_1}(x) * p_{U_2}(x)$$
 (4.2)

$$p_T(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_{U_1}(\tau) p_{U_2}(x - \tau)$$
 (4.3)

$$p_T(x) = \int_0^1 p_{U_2}(x - \tau) \tag{4.4}$$

$$p_T(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0\\ \int_0^x 1 d\tau & 0 < x < 1\\ \int_{x-1}^1 1 d\tau & 1 \le x < 2\\ 0 & x > 2 \end{cases}$$
(4.5)

$$p_T(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0 \\ x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 - x & 1 \le x < 2 \\ 0 & x > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.6)

Expression for CDF can be obtained by integrating $p_T(x)$ w.r.t. X

$$F_T(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0\\ \frac{x^2}{2} & 0 < x < 1\\ -\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x - 1 & 1 \le x < 2\\ 1 & x > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.7)

4.3 Find the PDF of T

Solution: The PDF of T is given by

$$p_T(t) = \frac{d(F_T(t))}{dt} \tag{4.8}$$

$$\therefore p_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t & 1 < t < 2 \\ 0 & t \ge 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.9)

4.4 Find the theoretical expressions for the PDF and CDF of *T*

Solution:

$$P_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ t & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2 - t & 0 < t \le 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.10)

$$F_T(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ \frac{t^2}{2} & 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 2t - \frac{t^2}{2} - 1 & 1 < t \le 2 \\ 1 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$
 (4.11)

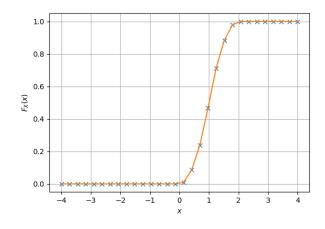


Fig. 4.6. The CDF of T

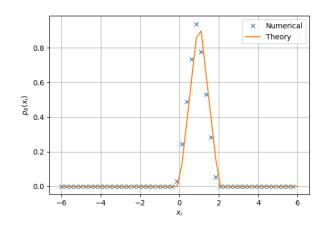


Fig. 4.6. The PDF of T

4.5 Verify your results through a plot Solution: The codes that plots cdf and pdf can be obtained from

wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random_numbers/4/4_cdf.py wget https://github.com/karthik6281/ AI1110-Assignments/blob/main/ random_numbers/4/4_pdf.py

Execute the following lines