

# Assignment 2

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**Question 2.15a) :** Consider the system illustrated in figure given below . The output of an LTI system with an impulse response  $h[n] = (\frac{1}{4})^n u[n + 10]$  is multiplied by a unit step function  $u[n]$  to yield the output of the overall system. Answer the following question, and briefly justify your answer:

$\therefore$  The given system is not an LTI system since inputs  $\delta[n]$  and  $\delta[n - 1]$  violate **TI**.

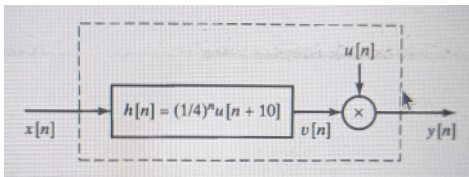


Fig. 1. Framework from input to output of a system

a) Is the overall system LTI?

**SOLUTION:**

**Linear time-invariant system** is a system that produces an output signal from any input signal subject to the constraints of linearity and time-invariance.

**Linearity:** A system is linear, if it only consists of linear operations, such as: scaling, time-shift, summations of scaled and time-shifted input signals.

**Time invariance:** A system is time invariant if a time shift in the input signal results in an identical time shift in the output signal. That is, if  $y[n]$  is the output of a discrete time, time invariant system when  $x[n]$  is the input, then  $y[n - n_0]$  is the output when  $x[n - n_0]$  is applied.

**Properties of LTI system:**

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n - k] \text{ (discrete LTI)}$$

$$y[n] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x[k]h[n - k] \text{ (continuous LTI)}$$

$h[n]$  is the response of the Linear system to the shifted unit impulse  $\delta[n - k]$ .

where

$$\delta[n - k] = \begin{cases} 1, n = k \\ 0, \text{else} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$