

1. write a c program to reverse a string using stack.

```
include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX 20
int top = -1;
char stack[MAX];
char push(char item)
{
    if(top == (MAX-1))
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    else
        stack[++top] =item;
}
char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    else
        return stack[top--];
}
main()
{
    char str[20];
    int i;
    printf("Enter the string : " );
    gets(str);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        push(str[i]);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        str[i]=pop();
    printf("Reversed string is : ");
    puts(str);
}
```

2.write a program for Infix To Postfix Conversion Using Stack.

```
#include<stdio.h>
char stack[20];
int top = -1;
void push(char x)
```

```

{
    stack[++top] = x;
}
char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
        return -1;
    else
        return stack[top--];
}
int priority(char x)
{
    if(x == '(')
        return 0;
    if(x == '+' || x == '-')
        return 1;
    if(x == '*' || x == '/')
        return 2;
}
main()
{
    char exp[20];
    char *e, x;
    printf("Enter the expression :: ");
    scanf("%s",exp);
    e = exp;
    while(*e != '\0')
    {
        if(isalnum(*e))
            printf("%c", *e);
        else if(*e == '(')
            push(*e);
        else if(*e == ')')
        {
            while((x = pop()) != '(')
                printf("%c", x);
        }
        else
        {
            while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e))
                printf("%c",pop());
            push(*e);
        }
    }
}

```

```

e++;
}
while(top != -1)
{
printf("%c",pop());
}
}

```

3.write a C Program to Implement Queue Using Two Stacks.

```

#include <stdio.h>

```

```

#include <stdlib.h>

```

```

struct node

```

```

{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
};

```

```

void push(struct node** top, int data);

```

```

int pop(struct node** top);

```

```

struct queue

```

```

{
    struct node *stack1;
    struct node *stack2;
};

```

```

void enqueue(struct queue *q, int x)

```

```

{
    push(&q->stack1, x);
}

```

```

void dequeue(struct queue *q)

```

```

{
    int x;
    if (q->stack1 == NULL && q->stack2 == NULL) {

```

```

        printf("queue is empty");
        return;
    }
    if (q->stack2 == NULL) {
        while (q->stack1 != NULL) {
            x = pop(&q->stack1);
            push(&q->stack2, x);
        }
    }
    x = pop(&q->stack2);
    printf("%d\n", x);
}

void push(struct node** top, int data)
{
    struct node* newnode = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if (newnode == NULL) {
        printf("Stack overflow \n");
        return;
    }
    newnode->data = data;
    newnode->next = (*top);
    (*top) = newnode;
}

int pop(struct node** top)
{
    int buff;
    struct node *t;

```

```

if (*top == NULL) {
    printf("Stack underflow \n");

}
else {
    t = *top;
    buff = t->data;
    *top = t->next;
    free(t);
    return buff;
}
}

void display(struct node *top1, struct node *top2)
{
    while (top1 != NULL) {
        printf("%d\n", top1->data);
        top1 = top1->next;
    }
    while (top2 != NULL) {
        printf("%d\n", top2->data);
        top2 = top2->next;
    }
}

int main()
{
    struct queue *q = (struct queue*)malloc(sizeof(struct queue));
    int f = 0, a;

```

```

char ch = 'y';
q->stack1 = NULL;
q->stack2 = NULL;
while (ch == 'y' || ch == 'Y') {
    printf("enter ur choice\n1.add to queue\n2.remove \n3.display\n4.exit\n");
    scanf("%d", &f);
    switch(f) {
        case 1 : printf("enter the element to be added to queue\n");
                scanf("%d", &a);
                enqueue(q, a);
                break;
        case 2 : dequeue(q);
                break;
        case 3 : display(q->stack1, q->stack2);
                break;
        case 4 : exit(1);
                break;
        default : printf("invalid\n");
                break;
    }
}
}

```

4.write a c program for insertion and deletion of BST.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <malloc.h>

```

```

struct node
{
    int info;
    struct node *leftchild;

```

```

        struct node *rightchild;
};
struct node*root;

void find(int item,struct node **sa,struct node **loc)
{
    struct node *p,*ptr;

    if(root==NULL)
    {
        *loc=NULL;
        *sa=NULL;
        return;
    }
    if(item==root->info)
    {
        *loc=root;
        *sa=NULL;
        return;
    }

    if(item<root->info)
        p=root->leftchild;
    else
        p=root->rightchild;
    ptr=root;

    while(p!=NULL)
    {
        if(item==p->info)
        {
            *loc=p;
            *sa=ptr;
            return;
        }
        ptr=p;
        if(item<p->info)
            p=p->leftchild;
        else
            p=p->rightchild;
    }
    *loc=NULL;

```

```

        *sa=ptr;
    }

void insert(int item)
{
    struct node *tmp,*parent,*location;
    find(item,&parent,&location);
    if(location!=NULL)
    {
        printf("Item already present");
        return;
    }

    tmp=(struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    tmp->info=item;
    tmp->leftchild=NULL;
    tmp->rightchild=NULL;

    if(parent==NULL)
        root=tmp;
    else
        if(item<parent->info)
            parent->leftchild=tmp;
        else
            parent->rightchild=tmp;
}

```

```

void case_a(struct node *arg,struct node *loc )
{
    if(arg==NULL)
        root=NULL;
    else
        if(loc==arg->leftchild)
            arg->leftchild=NULL;
        else
            arg->rightchild=NULL;
}

```

```

void case_b(struct node *par,struct node *loc)
{
    struct node *child;

```



```

    if(loc->leftchild!=NULL)
        child=loc->leftchild;
    else
        child=loc->rightchild;

    if(par==NULL )
        root=child;
    else
        if( loc==par->leftchild)
            par->leftchild=child;
        else
            par->rightchild=child;
}

void case_c(struct node *par,struct node *loc)
{
    struct node *p,*ptr,*suc,*parsuc;

    ptr=loc;
    p=loc->rightchild;
    while(p->leftchild!=NULL)
    {
        ptr=p;
        p=p->leftchild;
    }
    suc=p;
    parsuc=ptr;

    if(suc->leftchild==NULL && suc->rightchild==NULL)
        case_a(parsuc,suc);
    else
        case_b(parsuc,suc);

    if(par==NULL)
        root=suc;
    else
        if(loc==par->leftchild)
            par->leftchild=suc;
        else
            par->rightchild=suc;

    suc->leftchild=loc->leftchild;

```

```

        suc->rightchild=loc->rightchild;
    }
int del(int item)
{
    struct node *parent,*location;
    if(root==NULL)
    {
        printf("Tree is empty");
        return 0;
    }

    find(item,&parent,&location);
    if(location==NULL)
    {
        printf("Item not present");
        return 0;
    }

    if(location->leftchild==NULL && location->rightchild==NULL)
        case_a(parent,location);
    if(location->leftchild!=NULL && location->rightchild==NULL)
        case_b(parent,location);
    if(location->leftchild==NULL && location->rightchild!=NULL)
        case_b(parent,location);
    if(location->leftchild!=NULL && location->rightchild!=NULL)
        case_c(parent,location);
    free(location);
}
void main()
{
    int choice,num;
    root=NULL;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("\n");
        printf("1.Insert\n");
        printf("2.Delete\n");
        printf("Enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1:

```

```
        printf("Enter the number to be inserted : ");
        scanf("%d",&num);
        insert(num);
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("Enter the number to be deleted : ");
        scanf("%d",&num);
        del(num);
        break;
    case 3:
        break;
    default:
        printf("Wrong choice\n");
    }
}
```