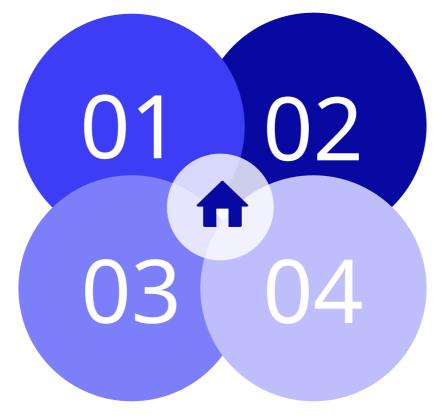




#### Agenda

MLOps Best Practices - Productionready pipeline design

> Simple CI/CD Pipelines -Automated testing and deployment



Model Lifecycle Management - From training to retirement

Mini Project - Complete end-to-end MLOps system



# Core Principles



**Automation First** - Manual processes don't scale



Fail Fast, Recover Faster - Build resilient systems



**Version Everything** - Code, data, models, environments



**Reproducibility** - Same inputs = same outputs



**Monitor Continuously** - Performance, quality, costs

# The MLOps Maturity Model

Level	Characteristics	Example
Level 0	Manual, script-driven	Jupyter notebooks
Level 1	ML pipeline automation	Automated training
Level 2	Ci/CD ML pipeline	Automated testing & deployment
Level 3	Full MLOps Automation	Self-healing systems



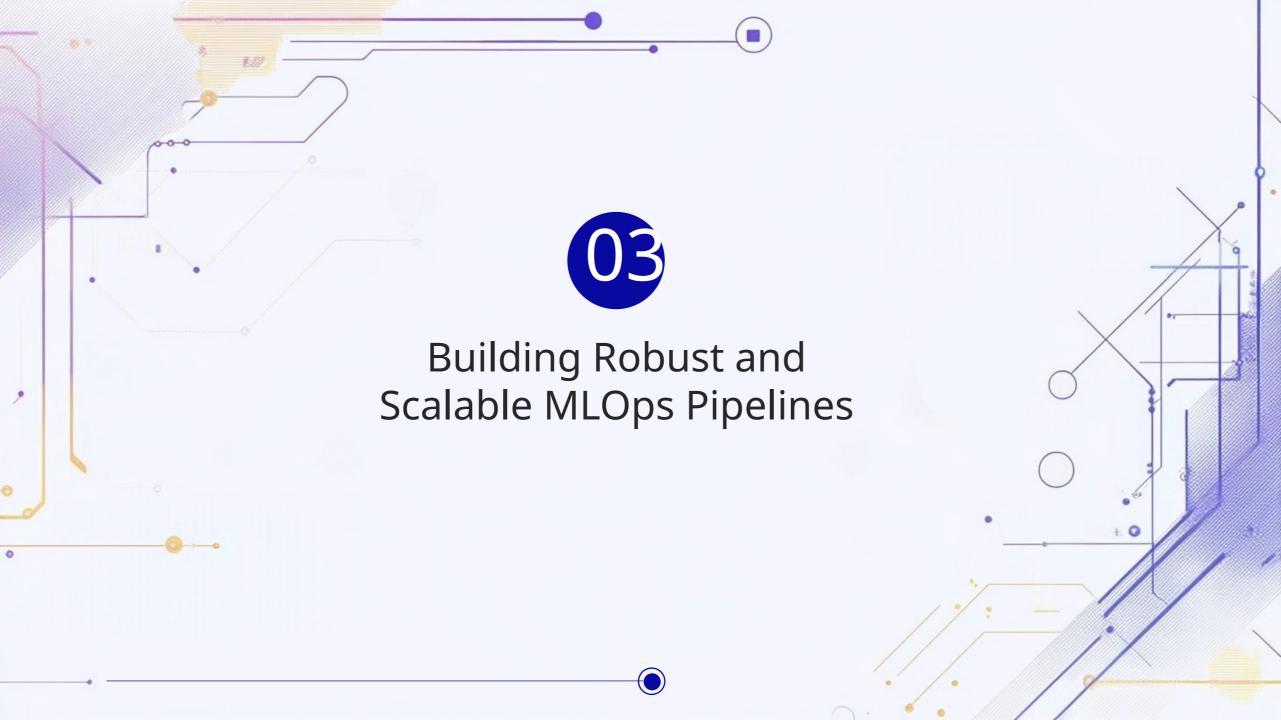
**Deployment Frequency** - How often models are released

**Lead Time** - Idea to production deployment

#### Mean Time to Recovery

- Fix time for issues

Change Failure Rate -Percentage of failed deployments



## Pipeline Architecture Components

```
Data → Preprocessing → Training → Validation → Deployment → Monitoring

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

Logging Feature Model Quality Version Alerts

Store Registry Gates Control
```



#### **Robustness Best Practices**

01

**Error Handling** - Graceful failure and recovery

02

**Data Validation** - Schema and quality checks

03

**Model Validation** - Performance thresholds

04

**Rollback Mechanisms** - Quick reversion to previous versions

05

**Health Checks** - Continuous system monitoring

## Scalability Patterns

Microservices Architecture - Independent, scalable components

Containerization - Docker for consistent environments

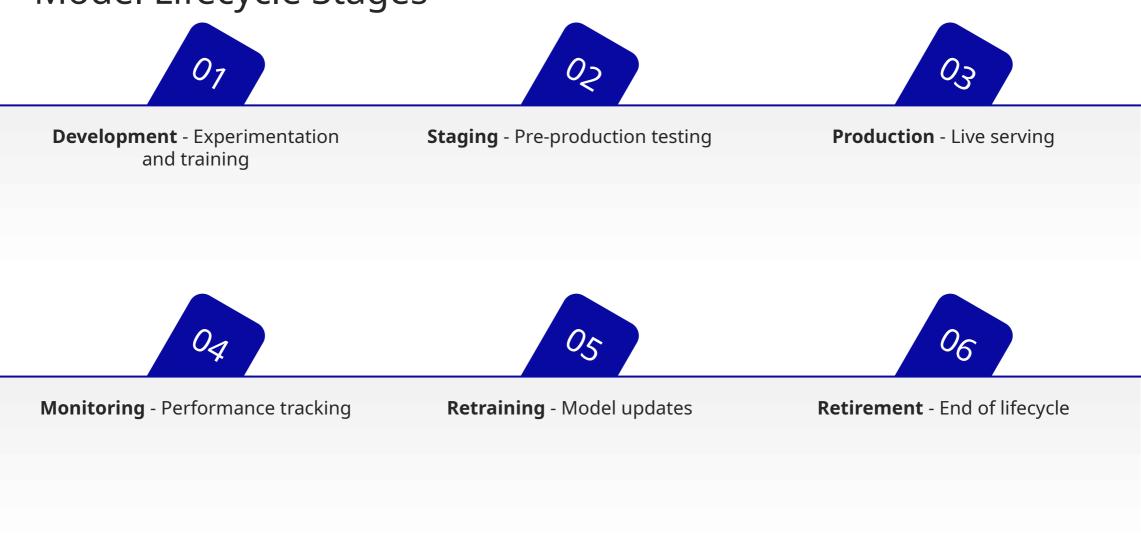
Load Balancing - Distribute traffic across instances

Horizontal Scaling - Add more instances as needed

**Caching Strategies** - Reduce computational overhead



# Model Lifecycle Stages



# Deployment Strategies



Strategy	Description	Use Case
Blue-Green	Two identical environments	Zero-downtime deployment
Canary	Gradual roolout to subset	Risk mitigation
A/B Testing	Compare model versions	Perforamce optimization
Shadow	Run alongsize existing	Safe testing

# Model Governance Framework

01

**Model Registry** - Centralized model storage

02

**Approval Workflows** - Controlled promotion process

03

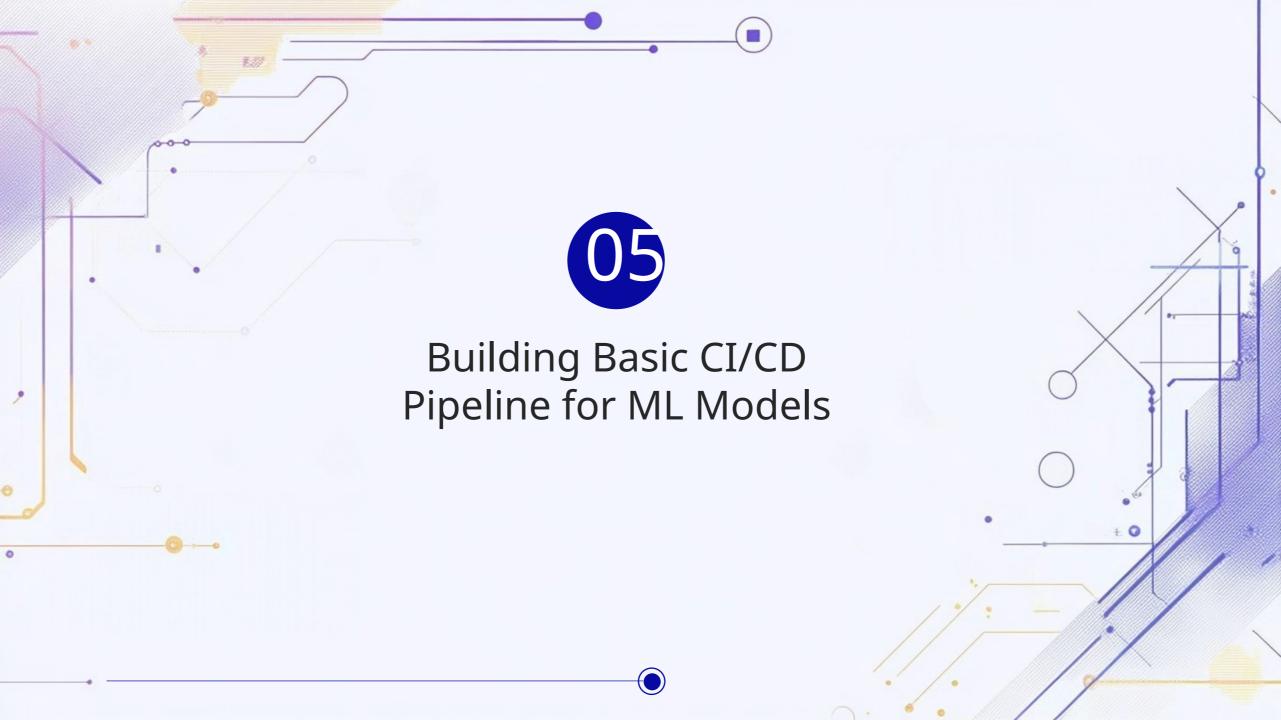
**Audit Trails** - Complete change history

04

**Compliance Tracking** - Regulatory requirements

05

**Performance SLAs** - Service level agreements



# CI/CD Components for ML

```
Code Commit → Build → Test → Package → Deploy → Monitor

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

Git Repo Docker Unit Container Registry Model

Container Tests Image Serving Monitoring
```



# Continuous Integration (CI)



**Code Quality** - Linting, formatting, complexity checks



**Data Tests** - Schema and quality validation



**Unit Tests** - Individual component testing



**Model Tests** - Performance and bias testing



**Integration Tests** - Component interaction testing

# Continuous Deployment (CD)

01.

**Environment Promotion** - Dev → Staging → Production

02.

**Automated Deployment** - Infrastructure as Code

03.

**Rolling Updates** - Gradual deployment

04.

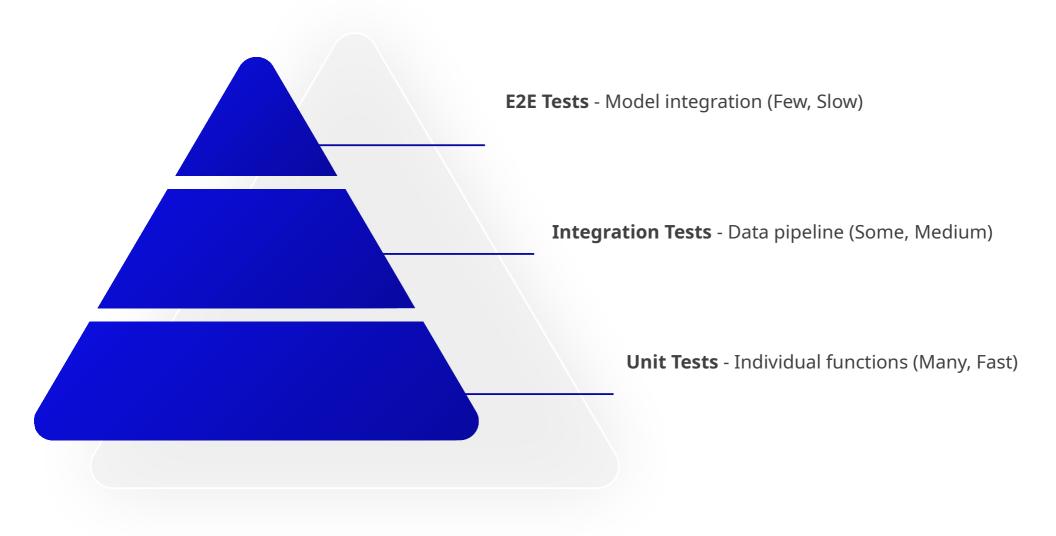
**Monitoring Integration** - Automatic health checks

05.

**Rollback Capabilities** - Quick failure recovery



# ML-Specific Testing Pyramid



# **Automated Testing Categories**

**Data Tests** - Schema, distribution, quality

Model Tests - Accuracy, bias, performance

**Infrastructure Tests** - Scaling, availability

03

Security Tests - Vulnerability scanning

Performance Tests - Latency, throughput

# **Deployment Automation Tools**

01.

**GitHub Actions** - Code- triggered workflows

02.

**Jenkins** - Flexible automation server

03.

**GitLab CI** - Integrated DevOps platform

04.

**Azure DevOps** - Microsoft ecosystem

05.

**Docker/Kubernetes** - Container orchestration

