

# Vulnerability Assessment Report

## Public Website Security Review (Read-Only Scope)

**Website Tested :** [testphp.vulnweb.com](http://testphp.vulnweb.com)

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# 1. Introduction

This report presents a vulnerability assessment conducted on a publicly accessible website.

The purpose of this assessment is to identify common security weaknesses that may affect the

confidentiality and integrity of the website.

The assessment was performed using non-intrusive and ethical techniques.

No exploitation or attack activities were conducted during this review.

## 2. Environment Setup

### Operating System

- Kali Linux

### Target Application

- testphp.vulnweb.com
- Intentionally vulnerable demo application by Acunetix

### Tools

- OWASP ZAP (Zed Attack Proxy)
  - curl (command-line HTTP client)
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## 3. Scope and Ethics

### Scope of Assessment:

- Public-facing pages only
- Read-only and passive analysis
- No login or authentication testing

### Activities Not Performed:

- Exploitation of vulnerabilities
- Brute-force attacks
- Denial-of-Service (DoS)
- Any action that could impact website availability

## 4. Tools Used

The objective of this assessment is to:

- Identify visible security weaknesses on a public website
- Analyze risks in a business-friendly manner
- Classify issues based on risk level
- Provide clear and practical remediation recommendations

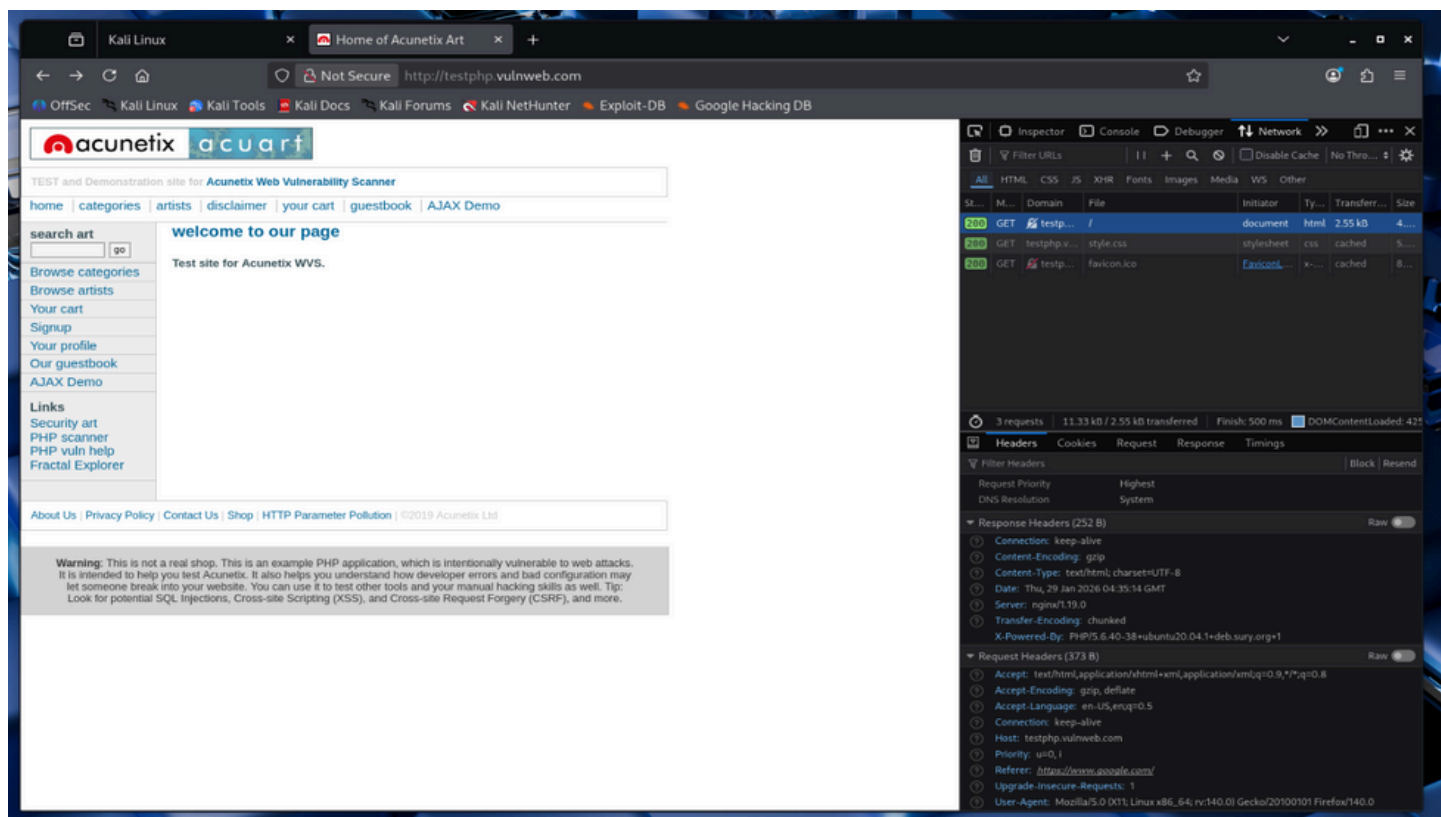
The following tools were used during the assessment:

- Kali Linux – Testing environment
- Firefox Browser – Manual inspection
- OWASP ZAP – Passive vulnerability analysis
- Nmap – Basic port and exposure analysis

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## 5. Summary of Findings

Finding	Risk Level
Missing Security Headers	Medium
Port Scan Filtering Detected	Low



## 6. Finding : Missing Security Headers

**Risk Level: Medium**

### Description:

The website does not implement important HTTP security headers such as Content-Security-Policy, X-Frame-Options, and Strict-Transport-Security.

### Impact:

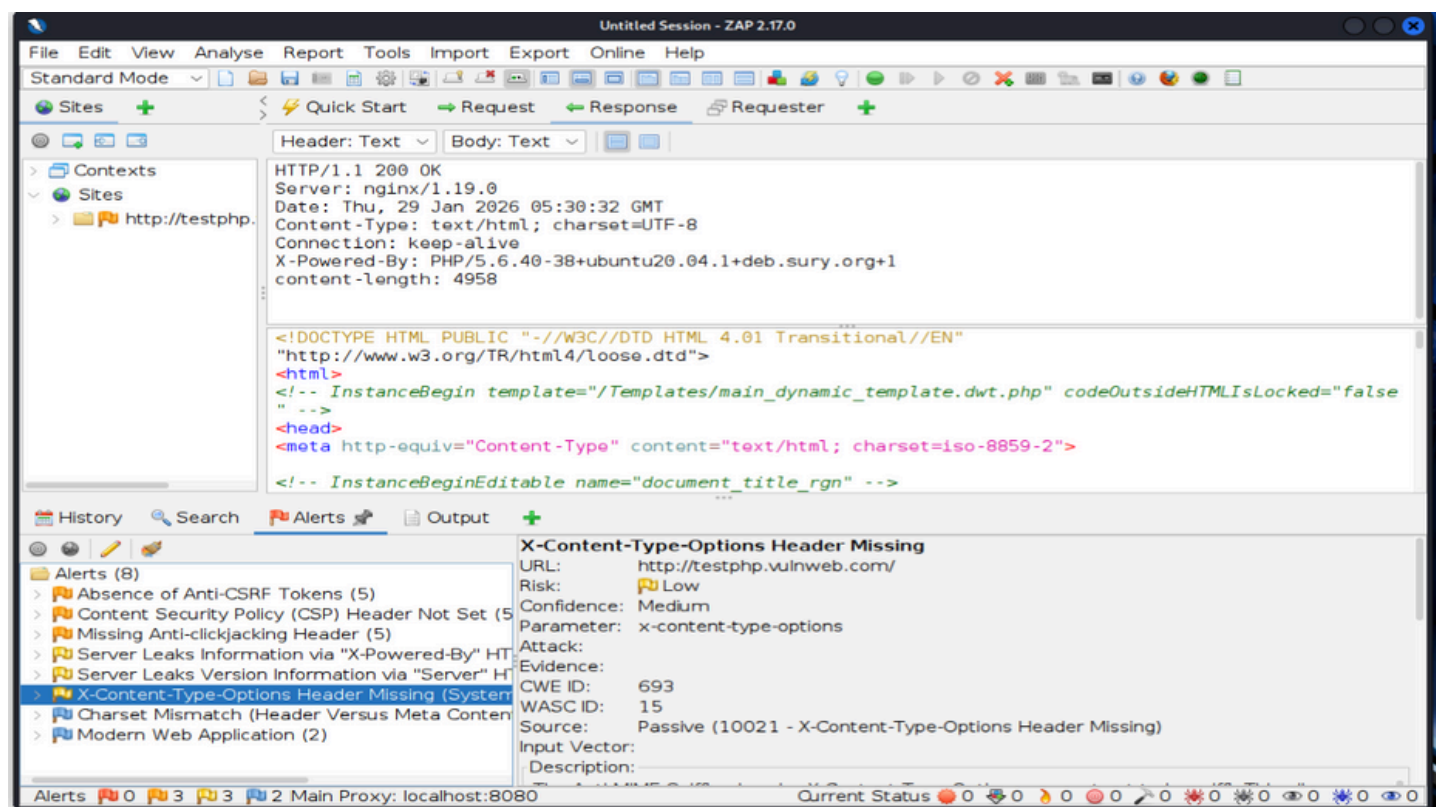
The absence of these headers may expose users to browser-based attacks including clickjacking, cross-site scripting, and insecure communication.

### Evidence:

Browser inspection and OWASP ZAP passive scan alerts confirming missing headers.

### Remediation:

Configure the web server to include recommended HTTP security headers in all responses.



## 7. Finding : Port Scanning Restricted by Firewall

**Risk Level :** Low (Informational)

### Description:

A basic Nmap fast scan was performed to identify exposed services.

The results indicate that the target server actively filters port scan requests.

### Impact:

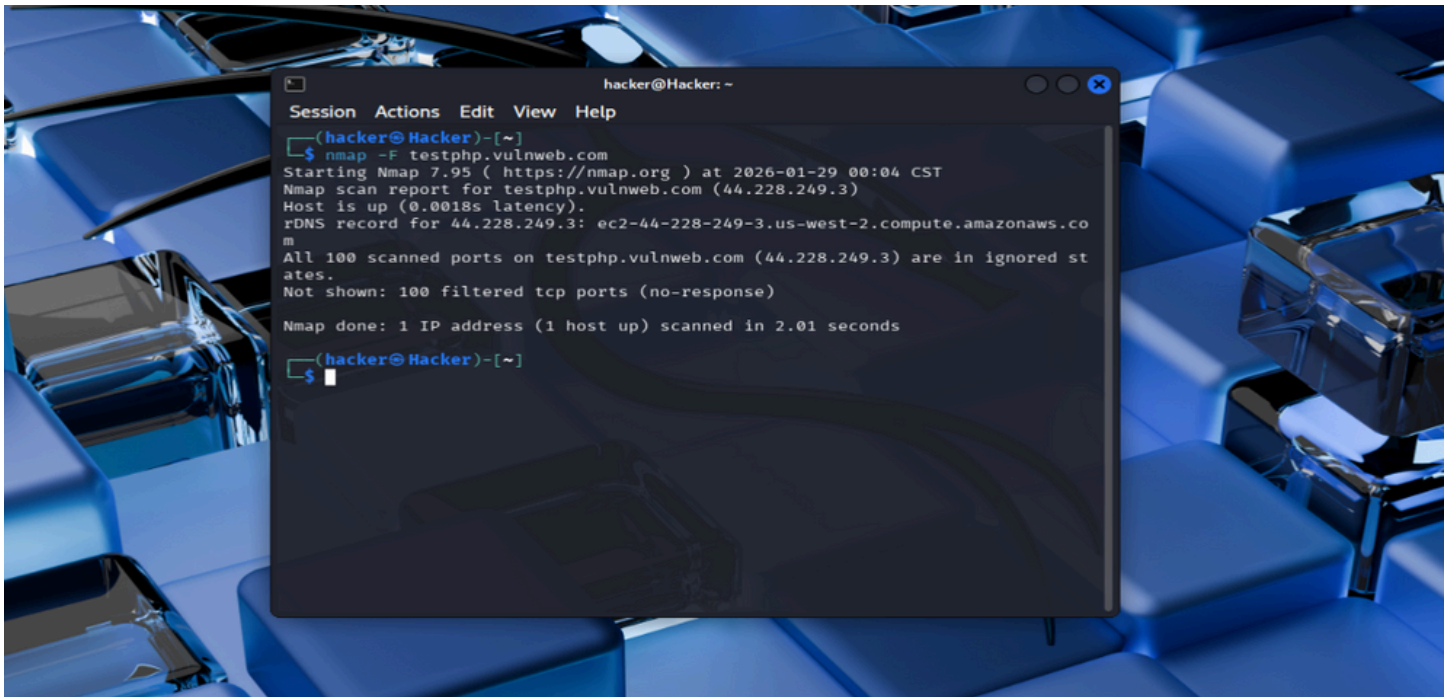
Filtering of port scan traffic reduces the attack surface and limits information exposure to potential attackers.

### Evidence:

Screenshot of Nmap scan output showing filtered ports.

### Remediation:

No immediate action required. Continue maintaining existing firewall and cloud security configurations.



## 8. Conclusion

The vulnerability assessment identified a small number of security misconfigurations that are common in many public websites.

While no critical vulnerabilities were observed, implementing recommended security headers would significantly improve the website's security posture.

Overall, the website demonstrates a reasonable level of protection, with opportunities for improvement through configuration hardening.

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# Appendix

Figure 1: Browser response headers showing missing security headers

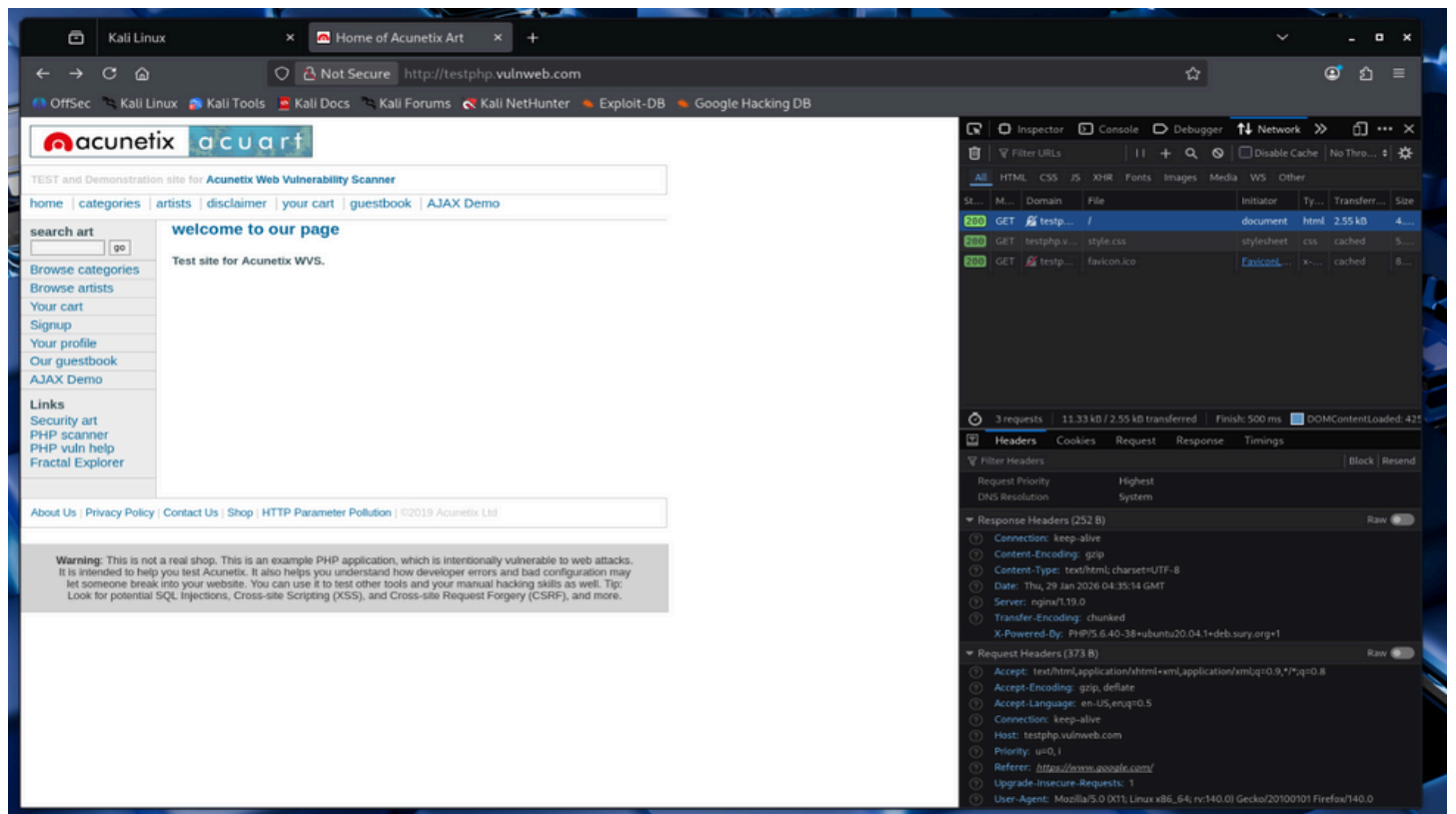


Figure 2: OWASP ZAP passive scan alert – Content Security Policy header not set

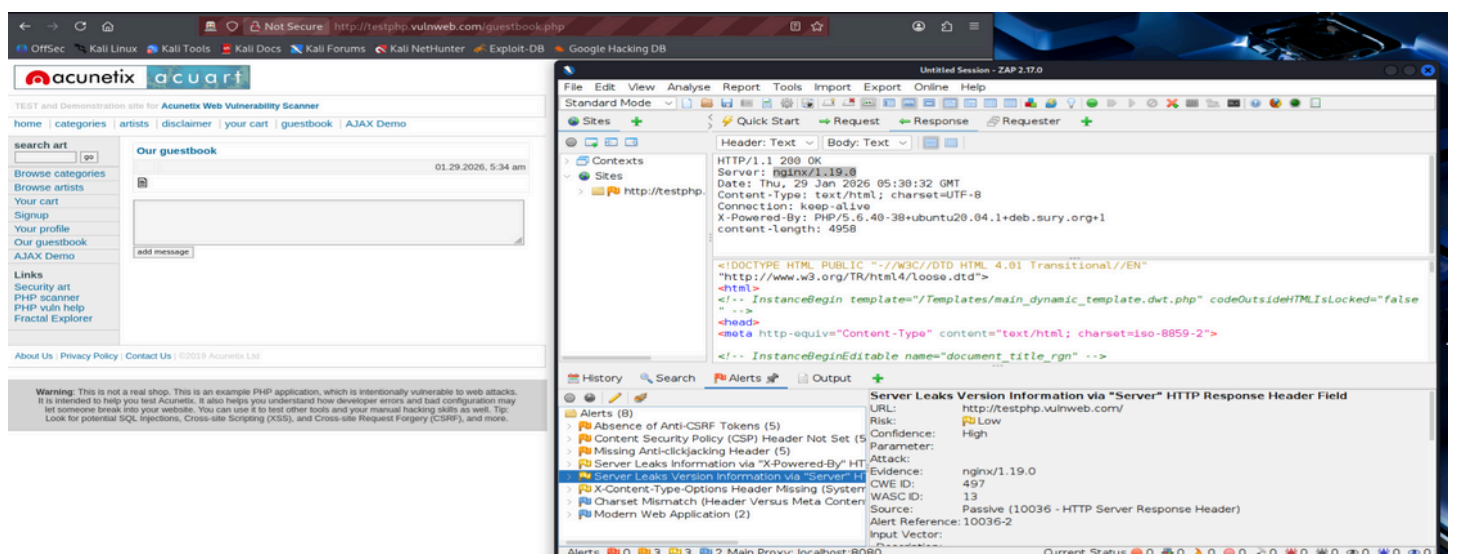


Figure 3: OWASP ZAP passive scan alert – Content Security Policy header not set



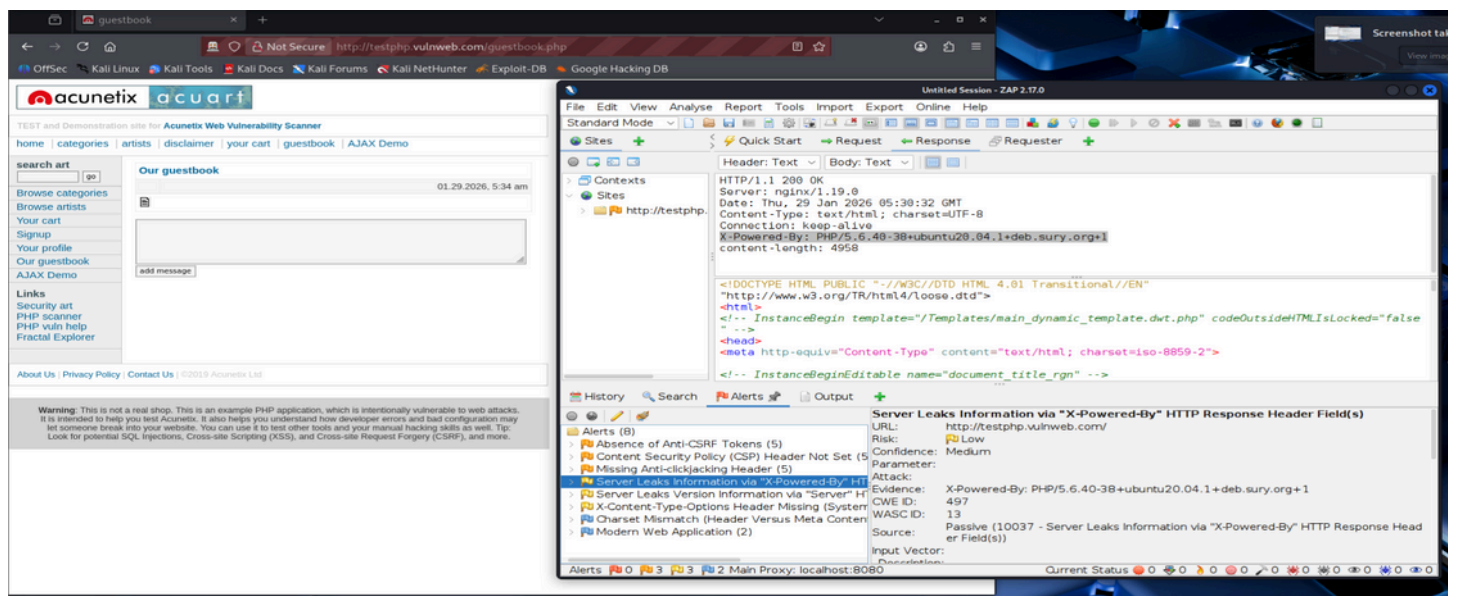


Figure 4: OWASP ZAP alert showing missing X-Frame-Options header

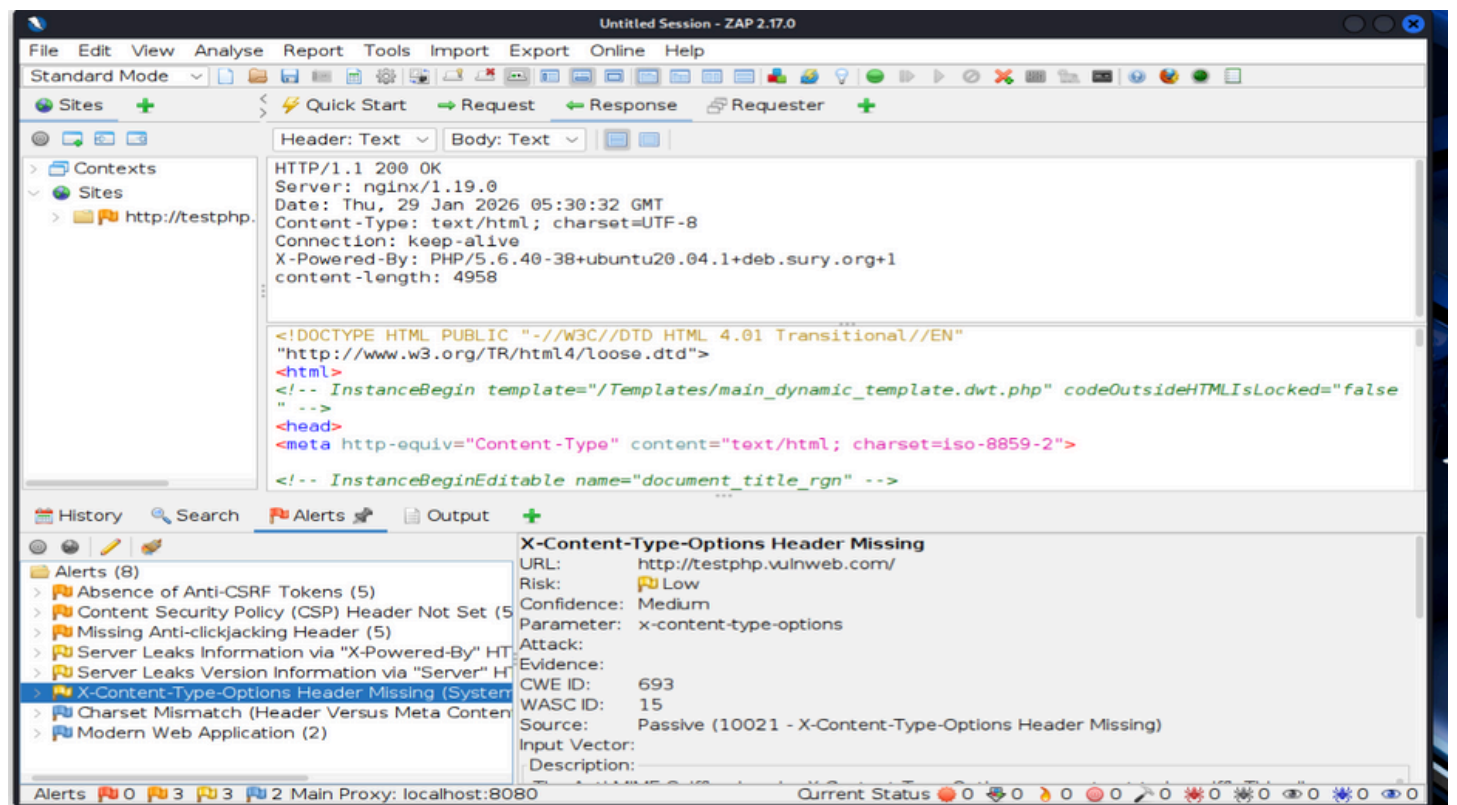




Figure 5: Nmap fast scan output showing filtered ports

