#[Python Basics] [cheatsheet]

1. Basic Syntax and Operations

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• Print Statements: print("Hello, World!")
• Comments: # This is a single-line comment
• Multi-line Comments: '''This is a multi-line comment''' or """This is
  also a multi-line comment"""
• Variable Assignment: x = 10
• Data Types: int, float, str, bool
• Type Checking: type(variable)
• Type Conversion: int("5"), str(20)

    Arithmetic Operations: +, -, *, /, (integer division), % (modulus),

  ** (exponentiation)
• Increment/Decrement: x += 1, x -= 1
• String Concatenation: 'Hello' + ' ' + 'World'
• String Multiplication: 'Python' * 3
• Input from User: input("Enter your name: ")
```

2. Data Structures

```
• List Creation: my_list = [1, 2, 3]
• Append to List: my_list.append(4)
• Insert into List: my_list.insert(1, 'a')
Remove from List: my_list.remove('a')
• List Slicing: my_list[1:3]
Sort List: sorted(my_list), my_list.sort()
Dictionary Creation: my_dict = {'key': 'value'}
Access Dictionary Items: my_dict['key']

    Add/Update Dictionary Item: my_dict['new_key'] = 'new_value'

Remove Dictionary Item: del my_dict['key']
• Tuple Creation: my_tuple = (1, 2, 3)
• Set Creation: my_set = {1, 2, 3}
Add to Set: my_set.add(4)
 Remove from Set: my_set.remove(1)
```

3. Control Flow

If Statement: if condition:

- If-Else Statement: if condition: else:
- If-Elif-Else Statement: if condition: elif condition: else:
- For Loop: for item in iterable:
- While Loop: while condition:
- Break: break
- Continue: continue
- Pass: pass
- List Comprehension: [expression for item in list]
- Dictionary Comprehension: {key: value for item in list}

4. Functions and Modules

- Defining a Function: def my_function():
- Function with Parameters: def my_function(param1, param2):
- Return Statement: return x
- Default Parameter Value: def my_function(param1, param2=5):
- Variable Length Arguments: def my_function(*args):, def my_function(**kwargs):
- Importing α Module: import math
- Importing Specific Functions: from math import sqrt
- Creating a Module: Save your functions in a .py file
- Using Pip: pip install package_name

5. Error Handling

- Try-Except: try: except Exception:
- Multiple Except Blocks: try: except TypeError: except ValueError:
- Finally Block: try: except Exception: finally:
- Raise an Error: raise ValueError("A value error occurred")

6. File Handling

- Open a File: file = open('file.txt', 'r')
- Read a File: file.read()
- Write to a File: file = open('file.txt', 'w'); file.write("Hello, World!")
- Append to α File: file = open('file.txt', 'a'); file.write("Hello, again!")
- Close a File: file.close()
- With Statement (Context Manager): with open('file.txt', 'r') as file:

Read Lines from a File: file.readlines()

7. Object-Oriented Programming

- Defining α Clαss: class MyClass:
- Creating an Object: my_object = MyClass()
- Constructor Method: def __init__(self, param1):
- Instance Methods: def my_method(self):
- Class Variables: class MyClass: variable = "value"
- Inheritance: class DerivedClass(BaseClass):
- Method Overriding: def my_method(self): in derived class
- Access Modifiers: public, _protected, __private

8. Advanced Topics

- Lambda Functions: lambda arguments: expression
- Map Function: map(lambda x: x*2, [1, 2, 3, 4])
- Filter Function: filter(lambda x: x%2 == 0, [1, 2, 3, 4])
- Reduce Function: from functools import reduce; reduce(lambda x, y: x+y, [1, 2, 3, 4])
- Generators: def my_generator(): yield x
- Decorators: def my_decorator(func):
- Context Managers: class MyContextManager: def __enter__(): def __exit__():
- Regular Expressions: import re; re.search('pattern', 'string')
- Multithreading: from threading import Thread; my_thread = Thread(target=my_function)
- Multiprocessing: from multiprocessing import Process; my_process = Process(target=my_function)

9. Libraries and Frameworks

- Using NumPy: import numpy as np; np.array([1, 2, 3])
- Using Pandas: import pandas as pd; pd.DataFrame({'col1': [1, 2], 'col2': [3, 4]})
- Using Matplotlib: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt; plt.plot([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]
- Using SciPy: from scipy.optimize import minimize
- Using Scikit-learn: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

10. Date and Time

- Current Date and Time: from datetime import datetime; datetime.now()
- Specific Dαte: from datetime import date; date(2020, 1, 1)
- Formatting Date and Time: datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
- Parsing Date and Time Strings: datetime.strptime('2020-01-01', '%Y-%m-%d')
- Timedelta Objects: from datetime import timedelta; timedelta(days=1)

11. File Paths and Directories

- List Files in Directory: import os; os.listdir('path/to/directory')
- Check if File Exists: os.path.exists('file.txt')
- Create a Directory: os.makedirs('new_directory')
- Change Current Working Directory: os.chdir('path/to/directory')
- Path Join: os.path.join('directory', 'file.txt')

12. Environment and System

- System Commands: import os; os.system('command')
- Environment Variables: os.environ.get('VARIABLE_NAME')
- Current Working Directory: os.getcwd()
- Executing Shell Commands: import subprocess; subprocess.run(['ls', '-l'])

Networking

- Simple HTTP Requests: import requests; response = requests.get('http://example.com')
- Parsing HTML: from bs4 import BeautifulSoup; soup = BeautifulSoup(response.text, 'html.parser')
- Socket Client: import socket; s = socket.socket(); s.connect(('hostname', port))

14. Debugging and Profiling

- Print Debugging: print("Debug: ", variable)
- Using pdb: import pdb; pdb.set_trace()
- Profiling Python Code: import cProfile; cProfile.run('function()')

15. Testing

- Writing Unit Tests: import unittest; class TestMyFunction(unittest.TestCase):
- Running α Test Case: if __name__ == '__main__': unittest.main()
- Assertions in Tests: self.assertEqual(function_to_test(input), expected_output)

16. Virtual Environments

- Creating a Virtual Environment: python -m venv myenv
- Activating a Virtual Environment: source myenv/bin/activate (Linux/Mac), myenv\Scripts\activate (Windows)
- Deactivating a Virtual Environment: deactivate

17. Packaging and Distribution

- Creating a Package: Organize your code in a directory with an __init__.py file.
- Setup Script: Writing a setup.py for package distribution.
- Installing Your Package: pip install . in your package directory.
- Uploading to PyPI: python setup.py sdist upload

18. Advanced String Formatting

- Formatted String Literals (f-strings): name = "World"; f"Hello, {name}!"
- String Format Method: "{0}, {1}".format('Hello', 'World')
- Percent (%) Formatting: "%s, %s" % ('Hello', 'World')

19. Comprehensions Beyond Lists

- Set Comprehensions: {x for x in 'hello world' if x not in 'aeiou'}
- Dictionary Comprehensions: {k: v for k, v in [('key1', 1), ('key2', 2)]}

20. Itertools and More Functional Tools

- Itertools for Combining Data: import itertools; itertools.chain([1, 2], [3, 4])
- Functional Programming Tools: map, filter, functools.reduce

21. Lambda Functions

- Simple Lambda Function: square = lambda x: x**2; square(5)
- Lambda with Multiple Arguments: add = lambda x, y: x + y; add(2, 3)
- Lambda in Sorted: sorted([(1, 'b'), (2, 'a')], key=lambda x: x[1])

22. Error and Exception Handling

- Basic Try-Except: try: 1/0; except ZeroDivisionError: print("Cannot divide by zero")
- Try-Except-Else: try: result = x / y; except ZeroDivisionError: print("Error"); else: print("Result is", result)
- Try-Except-Finally: try: f = open('file.txt'); except IOError: print("Error opening file"); finally: f.close()
- Raising Exceptions: if x < 0: raise ValueError("x must be non-negative")

23. Iterators and Generators

- Creating an Iterator: iter_obj = iter([1, 2, 3]); next(iter_obj)
- Building Generators: def my_gen(): yield 'a'; yield 'b'; for letter in my_gen(): print(letter)
- Generator Expression: (x*x for x in range(3))

24. Decorators

- Simple Decorator: def my_decorator(func): def wrapper(): print("Something"); func(); return wrapper
- Using Decorators: @my_decorator; def say_hello(): print("Hello")
- Decorator with Arguments: def repeat(n): def decorator(func): def wrapper(*args, **kwargs): for _ in range(n): func(*args, **kwargs); return wrapper; return decorator

25. Context Managers

- Using with Stαtement: with open('file.txt', 'r') as f: print(f.read())
- Creating a Context Manager: from contextlib import contextmanager;
 @contextmanager; def my_context(): print('Enter'); yield 'example';
 print('Exit')

26. Modules and Packages

- Importing α Module: import math; math.sqrt(4)
- Selective Import: from math import sqrt; sqrt(4)

- Importing with Aliαs: import numpy as np; np.array([1, 2, 3])
- Creating a Package: Create a directory with an __init__.py file and other module files.

27. Regular Expressions

- Matching Strings: import re; re.match('p', 'python')
- Search Within Strings: re.search('n', 'python')
- Replacing Strings: re.sub('python', 'cython', 'I love python')
- Compiling Patterns: pattern = re.compile('python'); pattern.findall('I love python')

28. Data Serialization

- JSON Serialization: import json; json.dumps({'name': 'John', 'age': 30})
- JSON Deserialization: json.loads('{"name": "John", "age": 30}')
- Pickle Serialization: import pickle; pickle.dumps(obj)
- Pickle Deserialization: pickle.loads(pickled_data)

29. Multithreading and Multiprocessing

- Creating Threads: from threading import Thread; t = Thread(target=function_name); t.start()
- Creating Processes: from multiprocessing import Process; p = Process(target=function_name); p.start()
- Joining Threads: t.join()
- Joining Processes: p.join()

30. Asynchronous Programming

- Basic Coroutine: import asyncio; async def main(): await asyncio.sleep(1); print('done')
- Running Async Code: asyncio.run(main())
- Async/Await with Functions: async def fetch_data(): data = await some_async_operation(); return data