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## **Extended Kalman filter implementation**

```
function [xhat, meas] = Myfilter(calAcc, calGyr, calMag)
% FILTERTEMPLATE Filter template
% This is a template function for how to collect and filter data
% sent from a smartphone live. Calibration data for the
% accelerometer, gyroscope and magnetometer assumed available as
% structs with fields m (mean) and R (variance).
% The function returns xhat as an array of structs comprising t
% (timestamp), x (state), and P (state covariance) for each
% timestamp, and meas an array of structs comprising t (timestamp),
% acc (accelerometer measurements), gyr (gyroscope measurements),
% mag (magnetometer measurements), and orint (orientation quaternions
% from the phone). Measurements not availabe are marked with NaNs.
% As you implement your own orientation estimate, it will be
% visualized in a simple illustration. If the orientation estimate
% is checked in the Sensor Fusion app, it will be displayed in a
% separate view.
% Note that it is not necessary to provide inputs (calAcc, calGyr,
  % Setup necessary infrastructure
  import('com.liu.sensordata.*'); % Used to receive data.
  load flat_data
  % Filter settings
  t0 = []; % Initial time (initialize on first data received)
          % Assuming that you use q as state variable.
  % Add your filter settings here.
 Rw = cov_gyr;
 Ra = cov acc;
  q0 = mean acc;
  accOut = 0;
 magOut = 0;
 m0 = [0; sqrt(mean_mag(1)^2 + mean_mag(2)^2); mean_mag(3)];
```

```
Rm = cov_mag;
 alpha = 0.01;
 L = norm(mean_mag);
 gyr_bool = false;
 acc bool = false;
 mag_bool = false;
 % Current filter state.
 x = [1; 0; 0; 0];
 P = eye(nx, nx);
 % Saved filter states.
 xhat = struct('t', zeros(1, 0), ...
               'x', zeros(nx, 0),...
               'P', zeros(nx, nx, 0));
 meas = struct('t', zeros(1, 0), ...
               'acc', zeros(3, 0),...
               'gyr', zeros(3, 0),...
               'mag', zeros(3, 0),...
               'orient', zeros(4, 0));
 try
   % Create data link
   server = StreamSensorDataReader(3400);
   % Makes sure to resources are returned.
   sentinel = onCleanup(@() server.stop());
   server.start(); % Start data reception.
   % Used for visualization.
   figure(1);
   subplot(1, 2, 1);
   ownView = OrientationView('Own filter', gca); % Used for
visualization.
   googleView = [];
   counter = 0; % Used to throttle the displayed frame rate.
   % Filter loop
   while server.status() % Repeat while data is available
     % Get the next measurement set, assume all measurements
     % within the next 5 ms are concurrent (suitable for sampling
     % in 100Hz).
     data = server.getNext(5);
     if isnan(data(1)) % No new data received
       continue;
                       % Skips the rest of the look
     t = data(1)/1000; % Extract current time
     if isempty(t0) % Initialize t0
       t0 = t;
```

```
xhat.t(end+1) = 0;
     end
     acc = data(1, 2:4)';
     if ~any(isnan(acc)) % Acc measurements are available.
       acc bool = true;
     end
     qyr = data(1, 5:7)';
     if ~any(isnan(gyr)) % Gyro measurements are available.
       gyr_bool = true;
     end
     mag = data(1, 8:10)';
     if ~any(isnan(mag)) % Mag measurements are available.
      mag bool = true;
     end
     if gyr_bool == true
         dt = t - t0 - xhat.t(end);
         [x, P] = tu_qw(x, P, gyr, dt, Rw);
                                             % Time update of
EKF
         [x, P] = mu\_normalizeQ(x, P);
         gyr bool = false;
     else
         dt = t - t0 - xhat.t(end);
         [x, P] = tu_q(x, P, dt, Rw);
         [x, P] = mu\_normalizeQ(x, P);
     end
     if acc_bool == true
         if abs(9.81 - norm(acc)) <= 0.2
             [x, P] = mu_acc(x, P, acc, Ra, g0);
             [x, P] = mu normalizeQ(x, P);
             accOut = 0;
         else
             accOut = 1;
         ownView.setAccDist(accOut)
         acc bool = false;
     end
     if mag_bool == true
         L = (1-alpha)*L + alpha*norm(mag);
         if abs(L - norm(mag)) <= 1.5
           [x, P] = mu_m(x, P, mag, m0, Rm);
           [x, P] = mu\_normalizeQ(x, P);
           magOut = 0;
         else
             magOut = 1;
         end
         ownView.setMagDist(magOut);
         mag_bool = false;
```

```
% Visualize result
     if rem(counter, 10) == 0
       setOrientation(ownView, x(1:4));
       title(ownView, 'OWN', 'FontSize', 16);
       if ~any(isnan(orientation))
         if isempty(googleView)
           subplot(1, 2, 2);
           % Used for visualization.
           googleView = OrientationView('Google filter', gca);
         end
         setOrientation(googleView, orientation);
         title(googleView, 'GOOGLE', 'FontSize', 16);
     end
     counter = counter + 1;
     % Save estimates
     xhat.x(:, end+1) = x;
     xhat.P(:, :, end+1) = P;
     xhat.t(end+1) = t - t0;
     meas.t(end+1) = t - t0;
     meas.acc(:, end+1) = acc;
     meas.gyr(:, end+1) = gyr;
     meas.mag(:, end+1) = mag;
     meas.orient(:, end+1) = orientation;
   end
  catch e
     rethrow(e)
     fprintf(['Unsuccessful connecting to client!\n' ...
       'Make sure to start streaming from the phone *after*'...
              'running this function!']);
  end
end
% Time update
function [x, P] = tu_qw(x, P, omega, T, Rw)
% Task 4: Time update function of the EKF
% x
          Last time step mean
% P
           Last time step covariance matrix
% omega
          Measured angular rate
           Time since last measurement
% T
% Rw
           Process noise covariance matrix
S_w = Somega(omega);
S_q = Sq(x);
F = (eye(4) + (T/2)*(S_w));
G = (T/2)*(S_q);
```

end

```
x = F*x;
P = F*P*F.' + G*Rw*G.';
end
```

### Random walk

```
function [x, P] = tu_q(x, P, T, Rw)
% Task 4: Time update function of the EKF
           Last time step mean
           Last time step covariance matrix
% omega
          Measured angular rate
% T
           Time since last measurement
           Process noise covariance matrix
% Rw
S_q = Sq(x);
F = eye(4);
G = (T/2)*(S_q);
x = F*x;
P = F*P*F.' + G*Rw*G.';
end
```

## Accelerometer measurement update

```
function [x, P] = mu_acc(x, P, yacc, Ra, g0)
% EKF update using the accelerometer measurements
% yacc
            measured acceleration vector
            Measurement noise covariannce matrix
% q0
            nominal gravity vector
Q = Qq(x);
[dQ0, dQ1, dQ2, dQ3] = dQqdq(x);
hx = Q'*q0;
Hx = [dQ0'*g0, dQ1'*g0, dQ2'*g0, dQ3'*g0];
S = Hx*P*Hx.' + Ra;
S = (S + S')/2;
K = P*Hx.'*inv(S);
x = x + K*(yacc - hx);
P = P - K*S*K.';
```

end

# Magnetometer measurement update

```
function [x, P] = mu_m(x, P, mag, m0, Rm)
% EKF update using the magnetometer measurements
% mag
            Measured magnetic field vector
           Measurement noise covariannce matrix
% m0
           nominal magnetic field
Q = Qq(x);
[dQ0, dQ1, dQ2, dQ3] = dQqdq(x);
hx = Q'*m0;
Hx = [dQ0'*m0, dQ1'*m0, dQ2'*m0, dQ3'*m0];
S = Hx*P*Hx.' + Rm;
S = (S + S')/2;
K = P*Hx.'*inv(S);
x = x + K*(mag - hx);
P = P - K*S*K.';
end
```

Published with MATLAB® R2020a