



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

Karthik patil

Roll Number

3BR23EE045

EXPERIMENT

Title

SUM OF NUMBERS AT PRIME FACTORS

Description

Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.

Given an array arr of n integers and a positive integer num.

Let's suppose prime factorization of num is: $p^a \times q^b \times r^c \times \dots \times z^f$, where p,q,r...z are prime numbers.

Sum of numbers in array arr at indices of prime factors of number num is: $a \times arr[p] + b \times arr[q] + c \times arr[r] + \dots + f \times arr[z]$.

You are given an array arr of size n and a positive integer num. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in arr as mentioned above, and print the same.

Note:

- If arr is empty, print -1.
- If prime factor of num not found as indices, print 0.

Input Format:

The input consists of three lines:

- The first line contains an integer, i.e. n.
- The second line contains an array arr of length of n.
- The third line contains an integer num

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.

Output Format:

Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.

Example:

Input:

6

11 21 32 45 1 23

6

Output:

77

Explanation:

$$6=2^1 \times 3^1$$

$$\text{sum}=1*\text{arr}[2]+1*\text{arr}[3]=1*32+1*45=77$$

Source Code:

```
def is_prime(num):
    if num < 2:
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if num % i == 0:
            return False
    return True

N = int(input())
if N <= 0:
    print(-1)
    exit()

A = list(map(int, input().strip().split()))[:N]
P = int(input())
numsp = {}
for i in range(2, P + 1):
    if is_prime(i) and P % i == 0:
        count = 0
        while P % i == 0:
            P //= i
            count += 1
        numsp[i] = count

answer = 0
for key, value in numsp.items():
    if key < N:
        answer += value * A[key]
    else:
        answer -= 0

print(answer)
```

RESULT

4 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 80 %