

1. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following Array operations
 - a. Creating an Array of N Integer Elements
 - b. Display of Array Elements with Suitable Headings
 - c. Inserting an Element (ELEM) at a given valid Position (POS)
 - d. Deleting an Element at a given valid Position(POS)
 - e. Exit.

Support the program with functions for each of the above operations.

Algorithm:

Step 1: Start the Program

Step 2: Declare the Variables

Step 3: Declare the functions with the prototypes

Step 4: Get the value of 'n' using scanf() function.

Step 5: Use switch case for each function

Step 6: Case 1: Create an array with 'n' elements

Step 7: Using for loop scan 'n' elements of an array

Step 8: Case 2: Display 'n' elements of an array using printf() function in the for loop

Step 9: Case 3: Insert the element into an array

Step 10: Check whether the element position is equal to or greater than 'n'. If so, then display the array is full.

Step 11: Otherwise, get the element position and its value to be inserted. Then display the array

Step 12: Case 4: Check the condition whether 'n' is equal to '0'. If so, then display the array is empty.

Step 13: Otherwise, get the position of the element to be deleted. Then display the array

Step 14: Case 5: Quit the Switch case program by calling exit() function.

Step 15: Stop the Program execution.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
int a[10], pos, elem;
```

```
int n = 0;
```

```
void create();
```

```
void display();
```

```
void insert();
```

```
void del();
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int choice;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("\n\n~~~~~MENU~~~~~");
```

```

printf("\n=>1. Create an array of N integers");
printf("\n=>2. Display of array elements");
printf("\n=>3. Insert ELEM at a given POS");
printf("\n=>4. Delete an element at a given POS");
printf("\n=>5. Exit");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1: create();
break;
case 2: display();
break;
case 3: insert();
break;
case 4:del();
break;
case 5:exit(1);
break;
default:
printf("\nPlease enter a valid choice:");
}
}
}

void create()
{
int i;

printf("\nEnter the number of elements: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\nEnter the elements: ");

```

```

for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
scanf("%d", &a[i]);
}
}

void display()
{
int i;
if(n == 0)
{
printf("\nNo elements to display");
return;
}
printf("\nArray elements are: ");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
printf("%d\t", a[i]);
}

void insert()
{
int i;
if(n == 5)
{
printf("\nArray is full. Insertion is not possible");
return;
}
do
{
printf("\nEnter a valid position where element to be inserted: ");
scanf("%d", &pos);
}while(pos > n);

```

```

printf("\nEnter the value to be inserted: ");
scanf("%d", &elem);
for(i=n-1; i>=pos ; i--)
{
a[i+1] = a[i];
}
a[pos] = elem;
n = n+1;
display();
}
void del()
{
int i;
if(n == 0)
{
printf("\nArray is empty and no elements to delete");
return;
}
do
{
printf("\nEnter a valid position from where element to be deleted: ");
scanf("%d", &pos);
}while(pos>=n);
elem = a[pos];
printf("\nDeleted element is : %d \n", elem);
for( i = pos; i< n-1; i++)
{
a[i] = a[i+1];
}
n = n-1;

```

```
display();  
}
```

Result :

Thus, the 'C' Program for Design, Development and implementing a menu driven Program to perform creation of an array, display, insertion and deletion is executed and the output is verified successfully.

2. Design, Develop and Implement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on STACK of Integers (Array Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)

- a. Push an Element on to Stack
- b. Pop an Element from Stack
- c. Demonstrate how Stack can be used to check Palindrome
- d. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Stack
- e. Display the status of Stack
- f. Exit

Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <conio.h>
```

```
int s[5],top=-1;
```

```
void push()
```

```
{
```

```
    if(top==4)
```

```
        printf("\nStack overflow!!!!");
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\nEnter element to insert:");
```

```
        scanf("%d",&s[++top]);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void pop()
```

```
{
```

```
    if(top== -1)
```

```

        printf("\nStack underflow!!!");
    else
        printf("\nElement popped is: %d",s[top--]);
}

void disp()
{
    int t=top;
    if(t==-1)
        printf("\nStack empty!!!");
    else
        printf("\nStack elements are:\n");
    while(t>=0)
        printf("%d ",s[t--]);
}

void pali()
{
    int num[5],rev[5],i,t;
    for(i=0,t=top;t>=0;i++,t--)
        num[i]=rev[t]=s[t];
    for(i=0;i<=top;i++)
        if(num[i]!=rev[i])
            break;
    if(i==top+1)
        printf("\nIt is a palindrome");
    else
        printf("\nIt is not a palindrome");
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int ch;

    do
    {
        printf("\n...Stack operations.....\n");
        printf("1.PUSH\n");
        printf("2.POP\n");
        printf("3.Palindrome\n");
        printf("4.Display\n");
        printf("5.Exit\n_____ \n");
        printf("Enter choice:");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:push();break;
            case 2:pop();break;
            case 3:pali();break;
            case 4:disp();break;
            case 5:exit(0);
            default:printf("\nInvalid choice");
        }
    }
    while(1);
    return 0;
}

```