Dashboard / My courses / CS23331-DAA-2023-CS / Divide and Conquer / 1-Number of Zeros in a Given Array

Status	Finished
Started	Saturday, 12 April 2025, 11:59 AM
Completed	Saturday, 12 April 2025, 12:01 PM
Duration	2 mins 29 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Problem Statement

Given an array of 1s and 0s this has all 1s first followed by all 0s. Aim is to find the number of 0s. Write a program using Divide and Conquer to Count the number of zeroes in the given array.

Input Format

First Line Contains Integer m – Size of array

Next m lines Contains m numbers - Elements of an array

Output Format

First Line Contains Integer - Number of zeroes present in the given array.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int count_zeros(int arr[], int low, int high) {
3 ▼
4
        if (low > high) {
5
            return 0;
7
8
        int mid = (low + high) / 2;
9
10
        if (arr[mid] == 0) {
            return (high - mid + 1) + count_zeros(arr, low, mid - 1);
11
12
            return count_zeros(arr, mid + 1, high);
13
14
15
16
    int main() {
17 🔻
18
        int m;
        scanf("%d", &m);
19
20
        int arr[m];
21
22
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
23 •
24
            scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
25
26
27
        int zero_count = count_zeros(arr, 0, m - 1);
28
        printf("%d\n", zero_count);
29
30
31
        return 0;
32
33
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	2	2	~
	1			
	1			
	1			
	0			
	0			

025, 12:11							
	Input	Expected	Got				
~	10	0	0	~			
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
~	8	8	8	~			
	0						
	0						
	0						
	0						
	0						
	0						
	0						
~	17	2	2	~			
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	1						
	0						
	0						

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

→ Problem 5: Finding Complexity using counter method

Jump to...

2-Majority Element ►