#### BMI CAI CUI ATOR

### INTRODUCTION

A Body Mass Index (BMI) calculator is a practical tool designed to evaluate an individual's body weight in relation to their height, providing an indication of whether they are underweight, normal weight, overweight, or obese. By entering basic information such as height and weight, the calculator generates a BMI value that helps assess overall health.

This metric is widely used by healthcare professionals, fitness trainers, and individuals to monitor and manage weight-related health risks. Although BMI does not directly measure body fat, it serves as a simple and quick screening tool to identify potential issues such as obesity or malnutrition.

Accessible through apps, websites, or even built-in health devices, BMI calculators promote awareness of healthy weight ranges and encourage proactive health management. While valuable, it is important to pair BMI assessments with other health indicators for a more comprehensive understanding of one's physical well-being.

#### **ABSTRACT**

A BMI calculator evaluates body weight relative to height, providing a quick health assessment by categorizing individuals as underweight, normal, overweight, or obese. It aids in monitoring weight-related health risks and promoting awareness of healthy ranges. While simple and accessible, it's best used alongside other health indicators for accuracy.

## **SOURCECODE**

```
from tkinter import *
import tkinter as tk
from tkinter import ttk
from PIL import Image, ImageTk

root=Tk()
root.title("BMI Calculator")
```

```
root.geometry("470x580+300+200")
root. resi zabl e (Fal se, Fal se)
root.confi gure(bg="#f0f1f5")
def BMI():
    h=float(Height.get())
    w=float(Weight.get())
    m = h/100
    bmi =round(float(w/m**2), 1)
    print(bmi)
    label 1. confi g(text=bmi )
    if bmi <= 18.5:
        l abel 2. confi g(text="underweight")
        label3.config(text="You have lower weight then normal body!")
    elif bmi > 18.5 and bmi < = 25:
        label 2. confi g(text="Normal")
        label 3. config(text="It Indicates that You are heal thier!")
    elif bmi > 25 and bmi <= 30:
        label 2. confi g(text="overweight")
        label 3. config(text="It Indicates You are slightly overweight")
    el se:
        label 2. confi g(text="obes")
        label 3. config(text="health may be at risk please visit doctor!")
i mage_i con=Photol mage(file="Images/i con. png")
root.iconphoto(False,image_icon)
top=PhotoI mage(file="Images/top.png")
top_i mage=Label (root, i mage=top, background="#f0f1f5")
top_i mage. pl ace(x=-10, y=-10)
Label (root, width=72, height=18, bg="lightblue").pack(side=BOTTOM)
box=PhotoI mage(file="Images/box.png")
Label (root, image=box).pl ace(x=20, y=100)
Label (root, image=box).place(x=240, y=100)
scal e=PhotoI mage(file="I mages/scale.png")
Label (root, image=scale, bg="lightblue").place(x=20, y=310)
#slider1
current_value = tk.DoubleVar()
```

```
def get_current_value():
    return '{: .2f}'.format(current_value.get())
def slider_changed(event):
    Hei ght. set(get_current_val ue())
    si ze=i nt(fl oat(get_current_value()))
    img= (Image.open("Images/man.png"))
    resi zed_i mage=i mg. resi ze((50, 10+si ze))
    photo2=I mageTk. PhotoI mage(resi zed_i mage)
    secondi mage. confi g(i mage=photo2)
    secondi mage. pl ace (x=70, y=550-si ze)
    secondi mage. i mage=photo2
style= ttk.Style()
style.confi gure("TScale", background="white")
slider= ttk. Scale(root, from_=0, to=220, orient='horizontal', style="TScale",
command=slider_changed, variable=current_value)
slider. place(x=80, y=250)
#slider2
current_value2 = tk.DoubleVar()
def get_current_value2():
    return '{: .2f}'.format(current_value2.get())
def slider_changed2(event):
    Wei ght. set(get_current_val ue2())
style2= ttk.Style()
style2.configure("TScale", background="white")
slider2= ttk. Scale(root, from_=0, to=220, orient='horizontal', style="TScale",
command=slider_changed2, variable=current_value2)
sl i der2. pl ace(x=300, y=250)
Hei ght=Stri ngVar()
Wei ght=Stri ngVar()
height=Entry(root, textvariable=Height, width=5, font='arial 50',
bg="#fff", fg="#000", bd=0, j usti fy=CENTER)
hei ght. pl ace (x=35, y=160)
Hei ght. set(get_current_val ue())
weight=Entry(root, textvariable=Weight, width=5, font='arial 50',
bg="#fff", fg="#000", bd=0, j usti fy=CENTER)
weight. place (x=255, y=160)
Wei ght. set(get_current_val ue2())
```

```
secondi mage=Label (root, bg="lightblue")
secondi mage. pl ace(x=70, y=530)
Button(root, text="View Report", width=15, height=2, font="arial 10 bold",
bg="#1f6e68", fg="white", command=BMI).place(x=280, y=340)
label1=Label(root, font="arial 30 bold", bg="lightblue", fg="#fff")
l abel 1. pl ace (x=125, y=335)
label 2=Label (root, font="arial 20 bold", bg="lightblue", fg="#3b3a3a")
l abel 2. pl ace (x=280, y=430)
label 3=Label (root, font="arial 10 bold", bg="lightblue")
l abel 3. pl ace (x=200, y=500)
label 4=Label (root, text="Height(m)", font="arial 10 bold", bg="white"
 fg="bl ack")
l abel 4. pl ace (x=100, y=120)
label 4=Label (root, text="Weight(Kg)", font="arial 10 bold", bg="white",
fg="bl ack")
l abel 4. pl ace (x=320, y=120)
root.mainloop()
```

# **OUTPUT**



