PLSC 503 – Spring 2020 "Variances"

February 18, 2020

Variances: Why We Care

2016 ANES pilot study "feeling thermometer" toward gays and lesbians (N = 1200):

> summary(ANES\$ftgay)

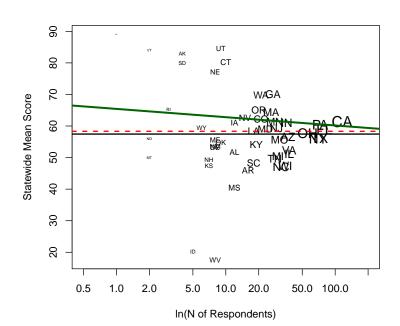
```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's 0.00 40.50 54.00 57.45 88.50 100.00 1
```

Suppose we wanted to create aggregate measures, by state (N = 51). We would get:

> summary(StateFT)

State		Nresp			meantherm	
Length:50		Min.	:	1.00	Min.	:17.62
Class	:character	1st Qu	. :	8.00	1st Qu	.:51.33
Mode	:character	Median	:	18.00	Median	:57.11
		Mean	:	24.00	Mean	:58.33
		3rd Qu	. :	30.75	3rd Qu	.:62.55
		Max.	: 1	16.00	Max.	:89.00

Variances: Why We Care



Variances: A Generalization

Start with:

$$Y_i = \mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta} + u_i$$

with:

$$Var(u_i) = \sigma^2/w_i$$

with w_{iu} known.

Weighted Least Squares

WLS now minimizes:

$$\mathsf{RSS} = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i (Y_i - \mathbf{X}_i \boldsymbol{\beta}).$$

which gives:

$$\hat{\beta}_{WLS} = [\mathbf{X}'(\sigma^2\Omega)^{-1}\mathbf{X}]^{-1}\mathbf{X}'(\sigma^2\Omega)^{-1}\mathbf{Y}$$
$$= [\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}^{-1}\mathbf{X}]^{-1}\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}^{-1}\mathbf{Y}$$

where:

$$\mathbf{W} = egin{bmatrix} rac{\sigma^2}{w_1} & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & rac{\sigma^2}{w_2} & \cdots & dots \\ dots & 0 & \ddots & 0 \\ 0 & \cdots & 0 & rac{\sigma^2}{w_N} \end{bmatrix}$$

Getting to Know WLS

The variance-covariance matrix is:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathsf{Var}(\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_{WLS}) &= \sigma^2 (\mathbf{X}' \Omega^{-1} \mathbf{X})^{-1} \\ &\equiv (\mathbf{X}' \mathbf{W}^{-1} \mathbf{X})^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

A common case is:

$$\mathsf{Var}(u_i) = \sigma^2 \frac{1}{N_i}$$

where N_i is the number of observations upon which (aggregate) observation i is based.

"Robust" Variance Estimators

Recall that, if $\sigma_i^2 \neq \sigma_i^2 \forall i \neq j$,

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \mathsf{Var}(\beta_{\mathsf{Het.}}) & = & (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}^{-1}\mathbf{X})(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \\ & = & (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\,\mathbf{Q}\,(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \end{array}$$

where $\mathbf{Q}=(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{W}^{-1}\mathbf{X})$ and $\mathbf{W}=\sigma^2\Omega$.

We can rewrite **Q** as

$$\mathbf{Q} = \sigma^{2}(\mathbf{X}'\Omega^{-1}\mathbf{X})$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma_{i}^{2}\mathbf{X}_{i}\mathbf{X}'_{i}$$

Huber's Insight

Estimate $\hat{\mathbf{Q}}$ as:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{Q}} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \widehat{u}_i^2 \mathbf{X}_i \mathbf{X}_i'$$

Yields:

$$\widehat{\mathsf{Var}(\boldsymbol{\beta})}_{\mathsf{Robust}} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}(\mathbf{X}'\widehat{\mathbf{Q}}^{-1}\mathbf{X})(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \\
= (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \left[\mathbf{X}' \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \widehat{u}_{i}^{2}\mathbf{X}_{i}\mathbf{X}_{i}' \right)^{-1} \mathbf{X} \right] (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

Practical Things

"Robust" VCV estimates:

- are heteroscedasticity-consistent, but
- are biased in small samples, and
- are less efficient than "naive" estimates when $Var(u) = \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}$.

"Clustering"

Huber / White

????????

WLS / GLS

I know very little about my error variances... I know a great deal about my error variances...

"Clustering"

A common case:

$$Y_{ij} = \mathbf{X}_{ij}\boldsymbol{\beta} + u_{ij}$$

with

$$\sigma_{ij}^2 = \sigma_{ik}^2$$
.

"Robust, clustered" estimator:

$$\widehat{\mathsf{Var}(\boldsymbol{\beta})}_{\mathsf{Clustered}} = (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} \left\{ \mathbf{X}' \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n_j} \hat{u}_{ij}^2 \mathbf{X}_{ij} \mathbf{X}'_{ij} \right) \right]^{-1} \mathbf{X} \right\} (\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}$$

Robust / Clustered SEs: A Simulation

```
url robust <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/IsidoreBeautrelet/economictheoryblog/master/robust summa
eval(parse(text = getURL(url_robust, ssl.verifypeer = FALSE)),
    envir=.GlobalEnv)
> set.seed(7222009)
> X <- rnorm(10)
> Y < -1 + X + rnorm(10)
> df10 <- data.frame(ID=seg(1:10),X=X,Y=Y)</pre>
> fit10 <- lm(Y~X.data=df10)
> summary(fit10)
Residuals:
    Min
               10 Median
                                        Max
-1.12328 -0.65321 -0.05073 0.43937 1.81661
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.8438
                        0.3020 2.794 0.0234 *
             0.3834
                        0.3938 0.974 0.3588
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Residual standard error: 0.9313 on 8 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1059, Adjusted R-squared: -0.005832
F-statistic: 0.9478 on 1 and 8 DF, p-value: 0.3588
> rob10 <- vcovHC(fit10,type="HC1")
> sqrt(diag(rob10))
(Intercept)
                     X
```

0.2932735 0.2859552

Robust / Clustered SEs: A Simulation (continued)

```
> # "Clone" each observation 100 times
> df1K <- df10[rep(seg len(nrow(df10)), each=100),]</pre>
> df1K <- pdata.frame(df1K, index="ID")
> fit1K <- lm(Y~X,data=df1K)</pre>
> summarv(fit1K)
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.84383 0.02704 31.20 <2e-16 ***
            0.38341 0.03526 10.87 <2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Residual standard error: 0.8338 on 998 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1059.Adjusted R-squared: 0.105
F-statistic: 118.2 on 1 and 998 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
> summarv(fit1K, cluster="ID")
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.8438
                        0.2766 3.050 0.00235 **
            0.3834
                        0.2697 1.421 0.15551
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Residual standard error: 0.8338 on 998 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1059.Adjusted R-squared: 0.105
F-statistic: 2.02 on 1 and 9 DF, p-value: 0.1889
```

"Real-Data" Example

- > Justices<-read.csv("Justices.csv")</pre>
- > attach(Justices)
- > summary(Justices)

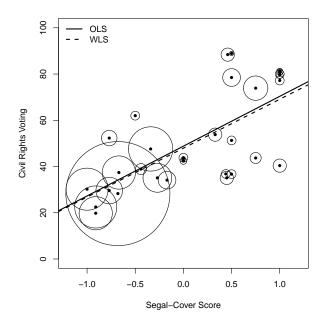
· Dummary (oub or oo.	-,			
name	score	civrts	econs	
Length:31	Min. :-1.0000	Min. :19.80	Min. :34.60	
Class :character	1st Qu.:-0.4700	1st Qu.:35.90	1st Qu.:43.85	
Mode :character	Median : 0.3300	Median :43.70	Median:50.20	
	Mean : 0.1210	Mean :51.42	Mean :55.75	
	3rd Qu.: 0.6250	3rd Qu.:75.55	3rd Qu.:66.65	
	Max. : 1.0000	Max. :88.90	Max. :81.70	
Neditorials	eratio	scoresq	lnNedit	
Min. : 2.000	Min. : 0.5000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.6931	
1st Qu.: 4.000	1st Qu.: 0.7083	1st Qu.:0.1936	1st Qu.:1.3863	
Median : 6.000	Median : 1.0000	Median :0.2500	Median :1.7918	
Mean : 8.742	Mean : 2.0242	Mean :0.4599	Mean :1.8442	
3rd Qu.:11.500	3rd Qu.: 2.5000	3rd Qu.:0.8281	3rd Qu.:2.4414	
Max. :47.000	Max. :11.7500	Max. :1.0000	Max. :3.8501	

```
> OLSfit<-with(Justices, lm(civrts~score))
> summary(OLSfit)
Call:
lm(formula = civrts ~ score)
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 48.810 2.852 17.113 < 2e-16 ***
             21.544 4.206 5.122 1.81e-05 ***
score
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Residual standard error: 15.63 on 29 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.475, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4569
F-statistic: 26.24 on 1 and 29 DF, p-value: 1.806e-05
```

WLS, Weighting by ln(N of Editorials)

```
> WLSfit<-with(Justices, lm(civrts~score,weights=lnNedit))
> summarv(WLSfit)
Call:
lm(formula = civrts ~ score, weights = lnNedit)
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 47.936 2.600 18.439 < 2e-16 ***
             21.158 3.797 5.572 5.18e-06 ***
score
Signif. codes: 0 *** 0.001 ** 0.01 * 0.05 . 0.1 1
Residual standard error: 19.59 on 29 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.5171, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5004
F-statistic: 31.05 on 1 and 29 DF, p-value: 5.179e-06
```

Figure: Plot of civrts Against score, Weighted by Neditorials



"Robust" Standard Errors

```
> library(car)
> hccm(OLSfit, type="hc1")
          (Intercept)
                         score
(Intercept) 6.963921 2.929622
score
             2 929622 13 931212
> library(rms)
> OLSfit2<-ols(civrts~score, x=TRUE, v=TRUE)
> RobSEs<-robcov(OLSfit2)
> RobSEs
Linear Regression Model
ols(formula = civrts ~ score, x = TRUE, y = TRUE)
       n Model L.R. d.f. R2
                                            Sigma
       31 19.97
                                           15.63
Residuals:
   Min
          1Q Median
                                Max
-29 954 -8 088 -2 120 9 396 29 680
Coefficients:
        Value Std. Error t Pr(>|t|)
Intercept 48.81
                  2.552 19.123 0.000e+00
score 21.54
                  3.610 5.968 1.739e-06
Residual standard error: 15.63 on 29 degrees of freedom
Adjusted R-Squared: 0.4569
```