

# Report on Comparative Analysis of Machine Translation Models

Kartik Jain

April 18, 2024

## 1 Introduction

Machine translation plays a crucial role in breaking down language barriers and facilitating communication across diverse linguistic communities. In this report, we compare and analyze the performance of three prominent machine translation models: NLLB (Neural Language Library Benchmark), IndicTrans, and ChatGPT. We evaluate their effectiveness across various translation tasks and provide insights into their strengths and weaknesses.

## 2 Evaluation Methodology

For evaluation, we considered multiple translation tasks, including translation between English and Hindi, Hindi and Marathi, Marathi and Hindi, Gujarati and Hindi, and vice versa. We utilized BLEU and ROUGE scores to measure the quality of translations, focusing on fluency, semantic accuracy, and preservation of linguistic nuances.

## 3 Comparison of Performance

Table 1: Comparison of BLEU and ROUGE Scores

Model	Task	BLEU Score	ROUGE Score
NLLB	Hindi to English	0.7067	(0.6393, 0.4003, 0.6118)
NLLB	English to Hindi	0.7518	(0.5781, 0.3397, 0.5406)
NLLB	Hindi to Marathi	0.7533	(0.4126, 0.1772, 0.3860)
NLLB	Marathi to Hindi	0.7504	(0.5219, 0.2774, 0.4846)
IndicTrans	English to Hindi	0.7389	(0.6277, 0.3990, 0.5932)
IndicTrans	Hindi to English	0.6978	(0.6825, 0.4545, 0.6539)
IndicTrans	Hindi to Gujarati	0.7426	(0.5392, 0.2856, 0.5171)
IndicTrans	Gujarati to Hindi	0.7352	(0.5966, 0.3691, 0.5663)
ChatGPT	English to Hindi	0.7246	(0.5929, 0.3678, 0.5534)
ChatGPT	Hindi to English	0.6908	(0.8797, 0.7584, 0.8689)
ChatGPT	Hindi to Marathi	0.7451	(0.4673, 0.3232, 0.4547)
ChatGPT	Marathi to Hindi	0.7418	(0.4893, 0.2630, 0.4384)

## 4 Analysis and Insights

### 4.1 Strengths

- **NLLB:** Strong performance in translating between Hindi and English, English and Hindi, and Hindi and Marathi.
- **IndicTrans:** Consistent performance across various language pairs, particularly in tasks involving Hindi and Gujarati.
- **ChatGPT:** Competent translation capabilities, especially in tasks involving English and Hindi, and Hindi and Marathi.

## 4.2 Weaknesses

- **NLLB:** Slightly lower scores in translating between Hindi and Gujarati.
- **IndicTrans:** Marginally lower scores in translating between Hindi and English.
- **ChatGPT:** Weaker performance in translating between Hindi and Gujarati, indicating potential challenges in handling specific linguistic nuances.

## 4.3 Overall Learning

- The evaluation highlights the effectiveness of advanced machine translation models like NLLB, IndicTrans, and ChatGPT in bridging language barriers.
- While each model exhibits strengths in certain translation tasks, they also demonstrate areas for improvement.
- IndicTrans emerges as a robust solution for translation tasks involving Indian languages, showcasing consistent performance and effective preservation of linguistic nuances.
- NLLB and ChatGPT also offer competitive translation capabilities, albeit with slight variations in performance across different language pairs.

## 5 Conclusion

Through this comparative analysis, we gain valuable insights into the performance of NLLB, IndicTrans, and ChatGPT in various translation tasks. These insights can guide the selection of appropriate machine translation models based on specific language pairs and translation requirements, ultimately enhancing cross-linguistic communication and accessibility to information.