# BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE, PILANI HYDERABAD

# CAMPUS,

# Data Structures and Algorithms CS F211

# Homework Assignment – 9

1. Your friend is writing characters on a paper, but he keeps forgetting the previous characters he has written. So he doesn't know if he has written a particular character in past or not. This results in many duplicate characters. You are allowed only two pass through this text and you have to remove the duplicate characters and get the expected text which your friend have intended to write.

Ex:

text is : agha#jijk!lgk!kkagg

output is : agh#jik!l

2. Suppose you are given a text without spaces. You are asked to find the length and the substring representing the longest substring without repeating characters in it in O(n) time. If there are multiple substring print any one (even printing all substrings is fine).

For ex:

text : abcddaabdccfg

output: max length is 4 and strings are abcd and abdc

3. In Japan lot of people in morning while drinking tea solve the Sudoku puzzle. One morning when Japanese Prime Minister came to India, he was solving Sudoku and after solving it he gave it to our Prime Minister and asked to verify whether he has solved it correctly or not. And now Prime Minister of India needs your help. This is a matter of pride for you and you have pledged to help him to find out if Sudoku solved is correctly or not.

**Input**: 9 X 9 2D array representing the solution of Sudoku

**Output:** YES or NO

4. You are given a text **T** with no spaces and separate list of **n** words w<sub>1</sub>, w<sub>2</sub>, ... w<sub>n</sub> that are of **same** length. Words can repeat. You have to find and print all the smallest substrings along with starting and ending indexes in T which contains all the n words in any order and there should not be any characters between those words in the substring i.e no intervening character between words.

For ex:

Text : indiabaratgreatwelldonebaratgreatindiacountry

Words: 3 words: great, india, barat

**Output:** substring are:

 $indiabaratgreat\ ,\ startIndex:0\ endIndex:14\\ baratgreatindia\ ,\ startIndex:23\ endIndex:37$ 

5. Karna was fighting a great war and has to break N big mayavi walls coming one by one to him as he was moving ahead to win the war. These mayavi walls can only be broken by arrows of specific type  $W_i$ . But as soon as Karna reaches the Wall, a Demi-God appears and presents him an arrow of some type  $A_i$ . If this arrow  $A_i$  is same as the arrow type  $W_j$  needed to break the Wall he will use it and break the wall else he will keep it with himself.

Help Karna find the minimum number of arrows he must carry with himself at the beginning to be able to win the war.

#### Input:

N is the number of walls followed by N lines containing A<sub>i</sub> W<sub>i</sub>.

Ai: Number representing Arrow Type given by Demi-God just before every wall.

Wi: Number representing Arrow Type which can break the i<sup>th</sup> Wall.

#### **Constraints:**

 $\begin{array}{l} 1 \leq N \leq 1000 \\ 0 \leq Ai \;, \, Wi \leq 10000 \end{array}$ 

## For ex:

## **Input:**

6

105

5 10

44

13

23

3 1

## **Output:**

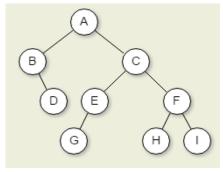
3

6. You are given in-order and post-order of a tree in form of character arrays. Using these two, you need to construct the tree from it. After constructing the tree print the pre-order of the tree.

Ex:

In-order : BDAGECHFI Post-order: DBGEHIFCA

For this constructed tree is:



Pre-order: ABDCEGFHI

7. Olympics 2020 will be held in Tokyo. In a sporting event there are N groups and each group has M teams in it. Points table is stored as 2D array of N X M size where N rows represents N groups and M elements in a row represents points scored by each team in that group. At the end of this event you are given the 2D array (Points table) where each row is in decreasing order. You have to print the final standing of teams showing score and index positions (row and column) where team scoring highest point will appear first. You have to solve this problem using heap. And the space complexity of it should be O (n).

**Example:** N = 3, M = 2

#### **Input:**

## **Output:**

Final Ranking list:

40 0 0

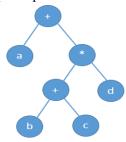
35 1 0 30 0 1

27 2 0

26 2 1

25 1 1

8. Expression tree is a binary tree in which each internal node corresponds to operator and each leaf node corresponds to operand. For example expression tree for a+((b+c)\*d) would be:



Write a menu drive C program that supports the following operations.

- a. Creating an expression tree (user input will be an expression as above)
- b. Print the postfix of the given expression (i.e., expression given in option a)
- c. Print the prefix of the given expression (i.e., expression given in option a)
- d. Exit
- 9. You are given a string **s**. Now if it is not a palindrome you have to split it in to palindromes in such a way that their concatenation gives **s**. Also Splitting has to be done in such a way that minimum number of palindromes are formed.

#### Input-1:

**MALAYALAM** 

### **Output:**

1, MALAYALAM

#### **Input-2:**

WHAATRAALOL

Output:

7, W, H, AA, T, R, AA, LOL

### **Explanation:**

Splitted strings are W + H + AA + T + R + AA + LOL = WHATRAALOL

10. You have a dictionary of English words and are asked to find anagrams of a given word. Anagrams are dictionary words that contain same letters but in different permutations. e.g.one, eon, neo are anagrams.

#### A word is not considered anagram of itself.

Your task is to write a program using hash table, which, when run, will ask the user continuously to enter a word as input, and will print output in format given in example below, until the user wants to quit by pressing 'q'. The output is: "given word: number of anagrams followed by the words that are anagrams of the given word".

So in the above example, if 'one' is given as input by the user the output should exactly be:

one: 2 eon neo

The **program** should take as its **argument** the **word file and the size of hash table**. The **size** of hash table given as argument to the program can be any **positive integer**. Experiment with different values.

A sample run of the program:

| \$./a.out DictionaryFile.txt 100000                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Enter a word(q to exit): <b>one</b> one: 2 eon neo                                               |
| Enter a word(q to exit): bgggg<br>bgggg: 0                                                       |
| Enter a word(q to exit): <b>neo</b> neo: 2 eon one                                               |
| Enter a word(q to exit): q  \$ Note: Use the dictionary file DictionaryFile.txt provided on CMS. |
|                                                                                                  |
| XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX                                                                 |