

When Should You Pick A Relational Database?

In this lesson, we will discuss when to choose a relational database for our project.

WE'LL COVER THE FOLLOWING ^

- Transactions & Data Consistency
- Large Community
- Storing Relationships
- Popular Relational Databases

If you are writing a stock trading, banking or a Finance-based app or you need to store a lot of relationships, for instance, when writing a social network like *Facebook*. Then you should pick a relational database. Here is why –

Transactions & Data Consistency

If you are writing a software which has anything to do with money or numbers, that makes *transactions*, *ACID*, *data consistency* super important to you.

Relational DBs shine when it comes to transactions & data consistency. They comply with the ACID rule, have been around for ages & are battle-tested.

Large Community

Also, they have a larger community. Seasoned engineers on the tech are easily available, you don't have to go too far looking for them.

Storing Relationships

If your data has a lot of relationships like which friends of yours live in a particular city? Which of your friend already ate at the restaurant you plan to visit today? etc. There is nothing better than a relational database for storing

visit today: etc. There is nothing better than a relational database for storing this kind of data.

Relational databases are built to store relationships. They have been tried & tested & are used by big guns in the industry like [Facebook as the main user-facing database](#).

Popular Relational Databases

Some of the popular relational databases used in the industry are *MySQL* - it's an open-source relationship database written in C, C++ been around since 1995.

Others are *Microsoft SQL Server*, a proprietary RDBMS written by Microsoft in C, C++. *PostgreSQL* an open-source RDBMS written in C. *MariaDB*, *Amazon Aurora*, *Google Cloud SQL* etc.

Well, that's all on the relational databases. Moving on to non-relational databases.