

1. (a) The active power(P) and reactive power(Q) flow between nodes a and b (from a to b) :

$$P = \text{Re}\{S\} = \frac{I}{2}(V_a \cos(\theta_a - \phi_i) - V_b \cos(\theta_b - \phi_i))$$

$$Q = \text{Im}\{S\} = \frac{I}{2}(V_a \sin(\theta_a - \phi_i) - V_b \sin(\theta_b - \phi_i))$$

- (b) The active power(P) and reactive power(Q) flow between nodes a and b (from b to a) :

$$P = \text{Re}\{S\} = \frac{I}{2}(V_a \cos(\theta_a - \phi_i) - V_b \cos(\theta_b - \phi_i))$$

$$Q = \text{Im}\{S\} = \frac{I}{2}(V_a \sin(\theta_a - \phi_i) - V_b \sin(\theta_b - \phi_i))$$

- (c) The condition under which the active power flow between a to b is positive :

$$V_a \cos(\theta_a - \phi_i) - V_b \cos(\theta_b - \phi_i) > 0$$

2. The time difference between the positive peaks of the two signals:

$$\Delta t = 5ms$$

3. The phasor representation of the time-shifted signal is $10\angle\pi/2$

4. The time reference must be shifted $1.67ms$ towards the left

5. The expressions for V_c and θ_c are:

$$V_c = \sqrt{(V_a \cos\theta_a + V_b \cos\theta_b)^2 + (V_a \sin\theta_a + V_b \sin\theta_b)^2} = \sqrt{V_a^2 + V_b^2 + 2V_a V_b \cos(\theta_a - \theta_b)}$$

$$\theta_c = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{V_a \sin\theta_a + V_b \sin\theta_b}{V_a \cos\theta_a + V_b \cos\theta_b}\right)$$