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Experiment –8: AngularJS

1) **Aim:** To study AngularJS 2)

Problem Statement:

- a) Demonstrate with an AngularJS code one way data binding and two way data binding in AngularJS
- b) Implement a basic authentication system for a web application using AngularJS. Create a simple login page that takes a username and password, and upon submission, checks for a hardcoded set of credentials. If the credentials are valid, display a success message; otherwise, show an error message. Demonstrate AngularJS controller, module and form directives.
- c) Users want to search for books by title, author, or genre. To accomplish this, develop an AngularJS custom filter named bookFilter and include it into the application.
- d) Create a reusable and modular custom AngularJS service to handle user authentication. Include this service into an application.
- 1. What are directives?

Directives are special tokens in the HTML that tell AngularJS to do something (like attach behavior or manipulate DOM elements).

Common directives:

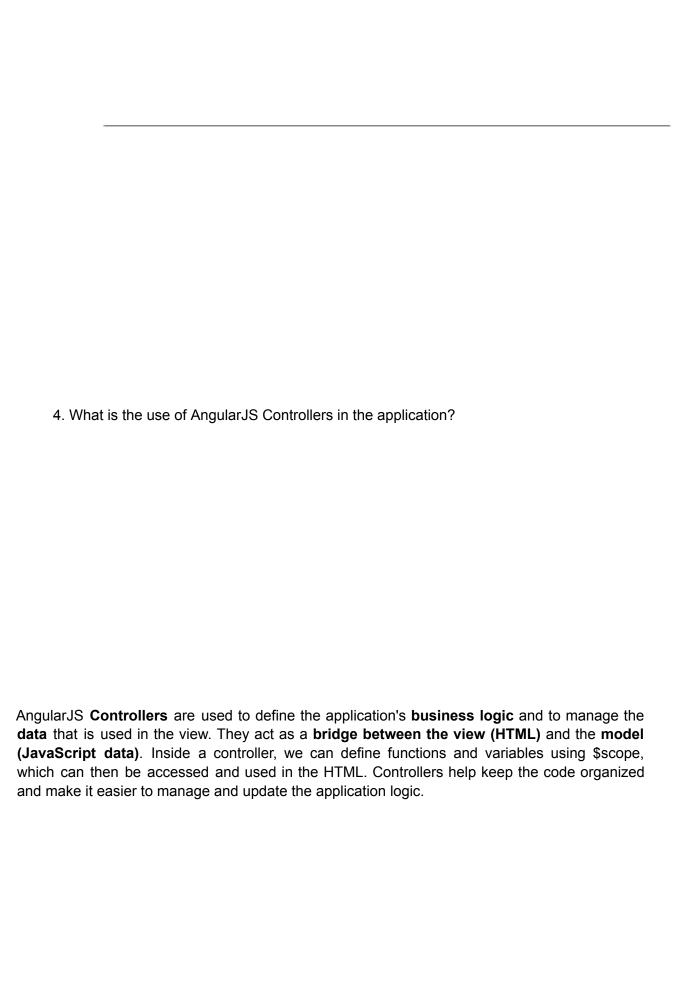
• ng-model

• ng-bind
• ng-repeat
• ng-if
• ng-show / ng-hide
• ng-click
2. What is data binding in AngularJS?

Data binding in AngularJS is the automatic synchronization of data between the **model** (**JavaScript objects**) and the **view** (**HTML UI**). This means when the data in the model changes, the view reflects those changes instantly, and when the user updates data in the view (like input fields), the model gets updated as well. AngularJS mainly uses **two-way data**

binding, making it easier to build dynamic and interactive web applications without writing a lot
of manual DOM manipulation code.
3. How is form validation done in AngularJS?
AngularJS provides built-in validation directives like:
• required
• ng-minlength
ng-maxlengthng-pattern

It also uses \$valid, \$dirty, \$touched, and \$error to manage form validation states.



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5. What is	s the use of AngularJS Filters in the application?
Filters are used changing case	d to format and transform data in the view (e.g., filtering arrays, formatting dates,).
Common filter	rs:
• uppercas	ee ee
• lowercas	e
• currency	
• date	

• filter

orderBy

```
Code:
Auth-app.html:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>AngularJS Auth Service</title>
                                                                                <script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script> </head>
<body ng-app="authApp" ng-controller="AuthController">
  <h2>Login Page</h2>
  <form ng-submit="login()">
     <label>Username:</label>
     <input type="text" ng-model="user.username" required><br><br>
     <label>Password:</label>
     <input type="password" ng-model="user.password" required><br>
```

<button type="submit">Login

```
</form>
  {{ message }}
  {{ error }}
  <script> var app =
angular.module("authApp",
[]);
    // Authentication Service app.service("AuthService", function () {
var validCredentials = { username: "admin", password: "1234" };
      this.authenticate = function (user) { return
user.username === validCredentials.username &&
user.password === validCredentials.password;
      };
    });
    // Controller app.controller("AuthController", function
($scope, AuthService) {
      scope.user = {};
      $scope.login = function () { if
(AuthService.authenticate($scope.user)) {
           $scope.message = "Login successful!";
```

```
$scope.error = "";
         } else {
            $scope.error = "Invalid credentials!";
            $scope.message = "";
         }
      };
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
Book-app.html:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>AngularJS Book Filter</title>
                                                                                   <script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script> </head>
<body ng-app="bookApp" ng-controller="BookController">
```

<h2>Search for Books</h2>

```
<input type="text" ng-model="searchText" placeholder="Search books...">
  ng-repeat="book in books | bookFilter:searchText">
       <strong>{{ book.title }}</strong> by {{ book.author }} ({{ book.genre }})
     <script> var app =
angular.module("bookApp", []);
     // Custom filter app.filter("bookFilter", function () {
return function (books, searchText) { if (!searchText) return
books; searchText = searchText.toLowerCase(); return
books.filter(function (book) { return
book.title.toLowerCase().includes(searchText) ||
book.author.toLowerCase().includes(searchText) ||
book.genre.toLowerCase().includes(searchText);
         });
       };
     });
    // Controller app.controller("BookController",
function ($scope) {
       $scope.books = [
          { title: "Harry Potter", author: "J.K. Rowling", genre: "Fantasy" },
```

```
{ title: "The Hobbit", author: "J.R.R. Tolkien", genre: "Fantasy" },
         { title: "1984", author: "George Orwell", genre: "Dystopian" }
       ];
    });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
Index.html:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>AngularJS Data Binding</title>
                                                                                  <script
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.8.2/angular.min.js"></script> </head>
<body ng-app="myApp" ng-controller="myController">
  <h2>One-Way Data Binding</h2>
  {{ message }} <!-- One-way binding (only displays the value) -->
  <h2>Two-Way Data Binding</h2>
  <input type="text" ng-model="message"> <!-- Two-way binding -->
```

```
Updated Message: {{ message }}
<script> var app = angular.module("myApp",
[]); app.controller("myController", function
($scope) {
          $scope.message = "Hello, AngularJS!";
       });
    </script>
</body>
```

3) Output:

One-Way Data Binding

Hello, AngularJS!

Two-Way Data Binding

Hello, AngularJSI

Updated Message: Hello, AngularJS!