# Endpoint Being Tested: http://127.0.0.1:5000/clarification

Case: Successful clarification generation

**Request Method: POST** 

Inputs:

```
{
   "user_id": 125,
   "quest": "What are variables and literals in Python?"
}
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 200 and JSON with 'response'
```

#### **Actual Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 200

JSON: {"query": "What are variables and literals in Python?", "response": "In

Python, a variable is a named storage location that holds a value. The value can

be changed during the program's execution. A literal, on the other hand, is a

fixed value directly written into the code. For example, `name = \"Alice\"`

declares a variable named `name` and assigns it the literal string value

\"Alice\". The variable `name` can later be assigned a different literal value,

such as `\"Bob\"`. Literals are the actual values stored in variables. Variables

can store different literal values, and these values can be modified as needed.

Literals are typically used on the right-hand side of an assignment, whereas

variables can be used on either side. The choice between using a variable or a

literal depends on whether the value is expected to change during the program's

execution. If the value is constant, a literal is appropriate; if the value might

change, a variable is preferred."}
```

**Result: Success** 

### **Pytest Code:**

```
def test_clarification_success(client):
    payload = {
        "user_id": 125,
        "quest": "What are variables and literals in Python?"
    }
    response = client.post("/clarification", json=payload)
```

```
data = response.get_json()
   expected_status = 200
   result = "Success" if response.status_code == expected_status and "response"
in data else "Failed"
   write_test_doc(
       title="***Case:*** *Successful clarification generation*",
        endpoint="http://127.0.0.1:5000/clarification",
       method="POST",
        inputs=json.dumps(payload, indent=2),
        expected="HTTP Status Code: 200 and JSON with 'response'",
        actual=f"HTTP Status Code: {response.status_code}\nJSON:
{json.dumps(data)}",
        result=result
   )
   assert response.status_code == 200
   assert "response" in data
```

**Case:** Missing query in request payload

**Request Method: POST** 

Inputs:

```
{
    "user_id": 125,
    "quest": ""
}
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 400 and error message
```

#### **Actual Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 400
JSON: {"Error": "A query is required"}
```

**Result: Success** 

**Pytest Code:** 

```
def test_missing_query(client):
   payload = {
        "user_id": 125,
        "quest": ""
    response = client.post("/clarification", json=payload)
    data = response.get_json()
   expected_status = 400
    result = "Success" if response.status_code == expected_status and "Error" in
data else "Failed"
   write_test_doc(
        title="***Case:*** *Missing query in request payload*",
        endpoint="http://127.0.0.1:5000/clarification",
        method="POST",
        inputs=json.dumps(payload, indent=2),
        expected="HTTP Status Code: 400 and error message",
        actual=f"HTTP Status Code: {response.status_code}\nJSON:
{json.dumps(data)}",
        result=result
    )
    assert response.status_code == 400
    assert data and "Error" in data
```

**Case:** Internal server error during clarification generation

**Request Method: POST** 

## Inputs:

```
{
   "user_id": -999,
   "quest": "This should trigger a server-side failure"
}
```

#### **Expected Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 500 and error message
```

#### **Actual Output:**

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
JSON: {"query": "This should trigger a server-side failure", "response": "I can
```

```
only answer syllabus-related questions. Please ask something relevant to the syllabus."}
```

Result: Failed

#### **Pytest Code:**

```
def test_clarification_server_error(client):
   # This should be an ID or input that forces some kind of internal failure
during agent processing.
    payload = {
        "user_id": -999, # Invalid or corrupted user session to simulate internal
error
        "quest": "This should trigger a server-side failure"
    response = client.post("/clarification", json=payload)
        data = response.get_json()
    except Exception:
       data = None
    expected_status = 500
    result = "Success" if response.status_code == expected_status else "Failed"
    write_test_doc(
        title="***Case:*** *Internal server error during clarification
generation*",
        endpoint="http://127.0.0.1:5000/clarification",
        method="POST",
        inputs=json.dumps(payload, indent=2),
        expected="HTTP Status Code: 500 and error message",
        actual=f"HTTP Status Code: {response.status_code}\nJSON:
{json.dumps(data)}",
        result=result
    )
    assert response.status_code == 500
    assert data and "Error" in data if isinstance(data, dict) else True
```